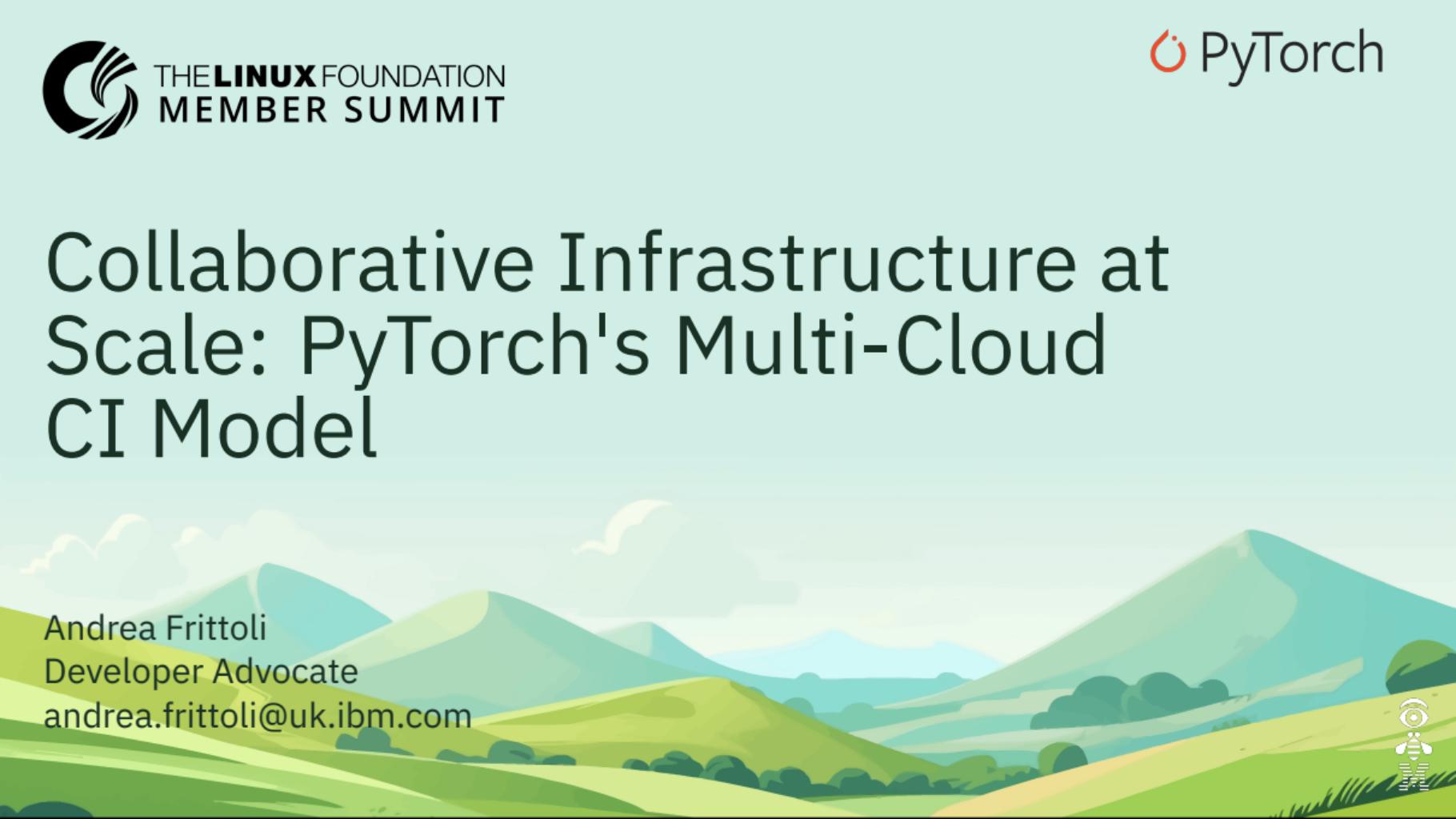


Collaborative Infrastructure at Scale: PyTorch's Multi-Cloud CI Model



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The Infrastructure Challenge

An aerial photograph of a massive highway interchange during sunset. The complex system of elevated roads, ramps, and overpasses is illuminated by the warm orange and yellow light of the setting sun, creating a dramatic contrast against the darkening sky. The interchange is surrounded by a dense urban landscape of houses, trees, and other infrastructure. The perspective is from above, looking down the length of the highways.

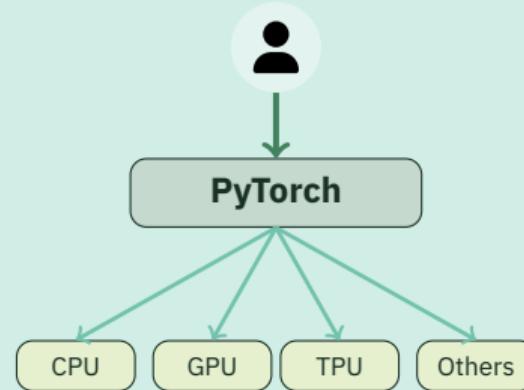
Photo by Denys Nevozhai, CC0



What is PyTorch?

A Leading Open Source ML Framework:

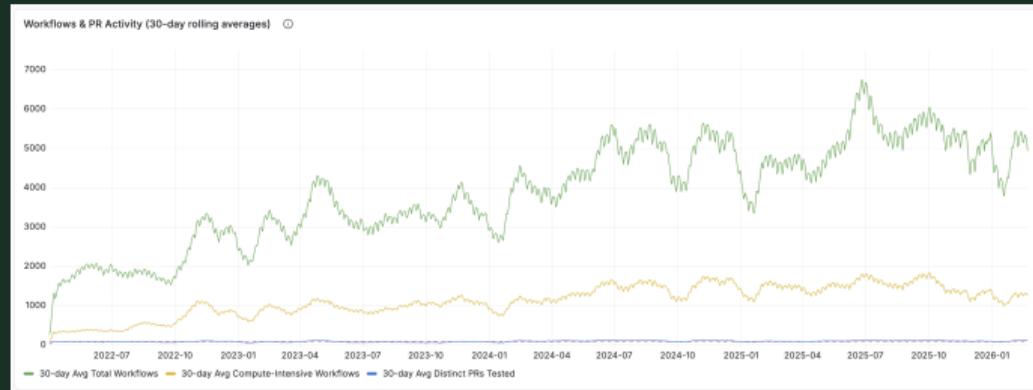
- › Researchers, data scientists, ML engineers
- › Research and production ML workloads
- › (Distributed) Training, LLM, RL, Inference
- › Python API, C++ Core (libtorch)
- › Eager and Graph Mode (Inductor)
- › Rapid growth and adoption across industry



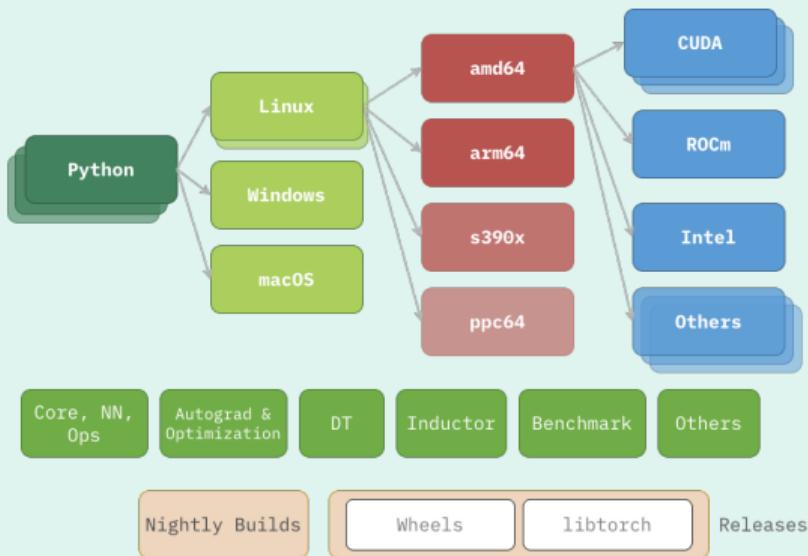
CI/CD Infrastructure Today

- ~1M\$ monthly infrastructure costs
- ~1M hours of compute per month
- ~100 distinct PRs/day
- ~1.3k Compute-intensive Workflows/day
- Growing year over year

pytorch/pytorch repo only, numbers are estimated

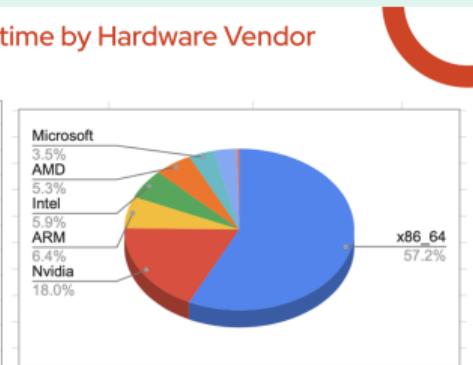


An Expanding Test Matrix



Combined Hardware Runtime by Hardware Vendor
September 2025

Combined Runtime By Hardware Vendor	
Vendor	Total
x86_64	834,085 hours
Nvidia	262,878 hours
ARM	93,000 hours
Intel	86,090 hours
AMD	77,517 hours
Microsoft	51,515 hours
Apple	46,812 hours
IBM	6,245 hours
N/A	0 hours
1,458,142 hours	



* Data from PT Foundation AWS Account + PyTorch HUD. This does not include self-hosted runner costs by member provided runners.



The Challenges

Scale Challenges:

- › **Engineering:** Managing a Diverse Fleet, Access to Platforms
- › **Financial:** Reconcile Community Wishes with Budget Constraints

Security Challenges:

- › Infrastructure from public clouds and private pool
- › Central Administration
- › Trusted Builds

Experience Challenges:

- › Maintain high-quality end-user experience
- › Preserve contributor workflow
- › Provide clear path for vendor engagement

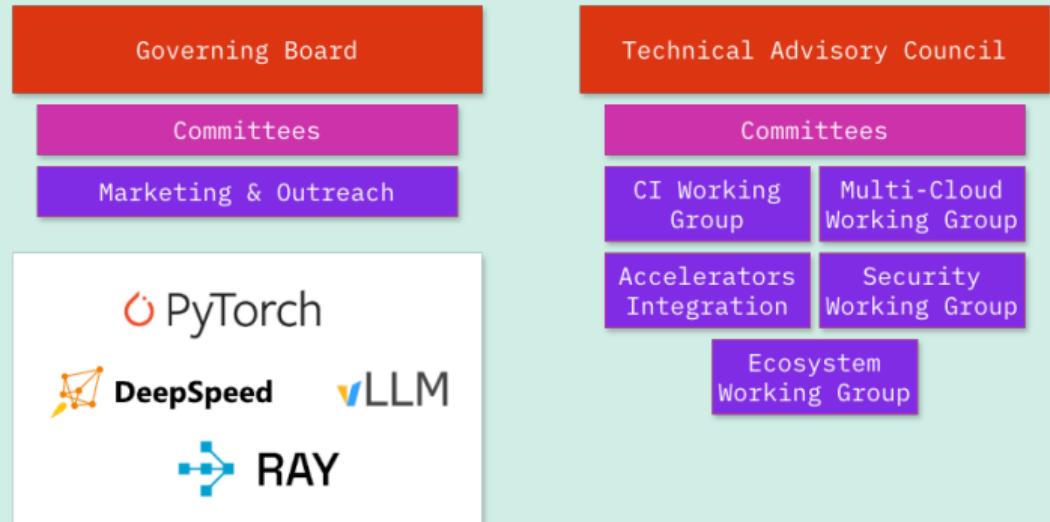


PyTorch Foundation & Working Groups



The PyTorch Foundation

- › Part of the Linux Foundation
- › Neutral home for PyTorch project
- › Hosts multiple projects
- › Thought Leadership (GB)
- › Technical Leadership (TAC)
- › Marketing & Outreach



Working Groups

Multi-Cloud CI

Cloud Agnostic Infrastructure:

- CI/CD jobs and Supporting Infra
- Metrics and Monitoring
- Fleet Management

Vendor-managed Runner Pools

CI Infra

Responsible for the CI/CD infra:

- Develop and maintain tools
- Operate the AWS/GitHub fleet
- Execute Releases

Accelerator Integration

Software Integration:

- Developer Guide
- Framework Improvement

Reference Test Framework

CI Event Relay Infrastructure

Security

- PyTorch Security Triage
- Tools and reports
- CI/CD Security



Governance Model



Personas: A Balancing Act

End Users

- Stable software
- Available on my dev platform
- Available on my prod platform
- Following the industry at speed

Platform Vendors

- PyTorch for my platform
- Demonstrate platform compatibility
- Low bar to contribution of infrastructure
- Clear guidance and processes

Project Maintainers

- Project Success
- Stay relevant for end-users
- High quality secure builds
- Manageable CI/CD System (scale)
- Smooth CI/CD experience for contributors

PyTorch Foundation

- Ensure Vendor Neutrality
- Vendor participation encouraged
- Fair representation
- Financial sustainability



Working Group Structure

Organization:

- › Regular meetings (bi-weekly/monthly)
- › Vendor representatives + maintainers
- › Technical subcommittees
- › Clear escalation paths
- › Public meeting notes



Vendor Onboarding

Standardized Process:

- › Technical requirements review
- › Security assessment
- › Pilot phase with limited workloads
- › Performance validation
- › Full integration after approval



Handling Conflicts

When Interests Diverge:

- › Clear decision-making authority
- › Project maintainers have final say
- › Vendor concerns heard but not binding
- › Documented rationale for decisions
- › Exit strategy for vendors



Technical Architecture



Vendor Contribution Models

Three Ways to Contribute:

- › **Compute Resources:** Multiple integration levels
- › **Engineering Effort:** Integration, maintenance, support
- › **Cloud Credits:** Financial contribution for shared infrastructure

Flexible & Proportional:

- › Vendors choose contribution model that fits them
- › Contribution proportional to their investment/stake



Cloud-Agnostic CI Design

Key Principles:

- › No vendor lock-in
- › Standardized runner interfaces
- › Portable CI definitions
- › Multi-cloud orchestration



Security & Isolation

Security Considerations:

- Vendor-managed runners in isolated environments
- No access to project secrets
- Network isolation and egress controls
- Audit logging for all runner activity
- Regular security reviews



Monitoring & Observability

Visibility Across Vendors:

- › Centralized metrics collection
- › Performance monitoring per vendor
- › Cost tracking and attribution
- › SLA monitoring and alerting
- › Public dashboards for transparency



Vendor-Managed Runners

Operational Model:

- Vendors provision and maintain runners
- Standard configuration templates
- Automated scaling based on demand
- Health checks and auto-remediation
- Vendor-specific optimizations allowed



Results & Lessons Learned



Platform Coverage Expansion

Achievements:

- › X% increase in platform coverage
- › New accelerator support (specific examples)
- › Reduced time-to-market for new platforms
- › Improved test reliability



Financial Impact

Sustainability Achieved:

- › Distributed infrastructure costs
- › Reduced burden on primary sponsor
- › Predictable scaling model
- › Long-term financial sustainability



Vendor Onboarding Experience

Feedback from Vendors:

- › Clear expectations and requirements
- › Reasonable onboarding timeline
- › Good technical support from maintainers
- › Fair governance model
- › Challenges: [specific examples]



Key Lessons Learned

What Worked:

- › Clear governance from day one
- › Security-first approach
- › Flexible contribution models
- › Transparent communication

What Was Hard:

- › Balancing vendor needs with project needs
- › Standardization across diverse platforms



Applicability to Other LF Projects

Shared Challenges:

- › Accepting vendor infrastructure
- › Maintaining project neutrality
- › Ensuring transparency
- › Achieving financial sustainability

This Model Can Help:

- › Proven governance framework
- › Technical architecture patterns
- › Onboarding playbook



Future Directions

What's Next:

- › Expand to more vendors
- › Improve automation and tooling
- › Share model with other projects
- › Refine governance based on experience
- › Build community of practice



Key Takeaways

- Infrastructure costs can be distributed sustainably
- Vendor contributions work with right governance
- Project autonomy and vendor participation can coexist
- Security and transparency are non-negotiable
- Model is applicable to other LF projects





Questions?



References & Contact

Resources:

- PyTorch Multi-Cloud CI Working Group: [URL]
- Documentation: [URL]
- GitHub: [URL]

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