Lab Exercise (Python Practice)

Due Date: Tuesday 13th December in Lab

Exercise 1 Write a program that reads a file, breaks each line into words, strips whitespace and punctuation from the words, and converts them to lowercase.

Hint: The string module provides strings named whitespace, which contains space, tab, newline, etc., and punctuation which contains the punctuation characters.

```
>>> import string
>>> print string.punctuation
!"#$%&'()*+,-./:;<=>?@[\]^_`{|}~
```

Also, you might consider using the string methods strip, replace and translate.

Exercise 2 Use your program from the previous exercise to write a program that reads a plain text file and counts the number of times each unique word is used. (Hint: use the dictionary data-structure)

Exercise 3 Use the program from the previous exercise to print the 20 most frequently-used words in the book.

Exercise 4 Write a class which encapsulates the functionality you implemented earlier. We should be able to create an object of the class providing it the name of a specific text file and then call methods on the object to find information about the text file. You should implement the following methods for your class:

```
1. getFrequentWord(rank)
    # Returns the word with the passed 'rank'
    # E.g. if I call getFrequentWord(10) it
    # should return the 10<sup>th</sup> most frequent word
    # in the text file

2. getUniqueWords()
    # Returns a list of all unique words in the file

3. getWordRank(word)
    # For the given argument passed, it should return
    # the rank of the word or -1 if no such word
    # exists. For instance getWordRank('Pakistan')
    # should return 10 if 'Pakistan' is the 10<sup>th</sup> most
    # frequent word in the text file
```

Here is an example use of the class you created earlier (assuming the name of the class is WordCounter):

```
var1 = WordCounter("file1.txt")
print var1.getFrequentWord(12)
print var1.getUniqueWords()

var2 = WordCounter("file2.txt")
print var2.getFrequentWord(1)
print var2.getWordRank("the")
```