

## PROGRAM:

```
#include <LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>
#include <DHT.h>;
LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd(0x27, 16, 2);
#define DHTPIN 2
#define DHTTYPE DHT22
DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);
int chk;
float H;
float T;
int buzzer = 12;
void setup(){
    lcd.init(); lcd.backlight(); dht.begin(); pinMode(buzzer, OUTPUT);
    Serial.begin(9600); Serial.println("DHT22 sensor with Arduino Uno
R3!");
    pinMode(9, OUTPUT); pinMode(10, OUTPUT); pinMode(11, OUTPUT);
}
void loop(){
    delay(2000);
    H = dht.readHumidity();
    T = dht.readTemperature();
    Serial.print("Humidity: ");
    Serial.print(H);
    Serial.println(" %; ");
    Serial.print("Temperature: ");
    Serial.print(T);
    Serial.println(" Fehernheat.\n");

    if(H >= 30.00 && T >= 30.00){
        digitalWrite(9, HIGH);
        digitalWrite(10, LOW);
        digitalWrite(11, LOW);
        lcd.println("    Too warm!    ");
        lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
        lcd.println("    Cool down!    ");
        lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
        digitalWrite(buzzer, 1); tone(buzzer, 900, 100);
        delay(400);
        digitalWrite(buzzer, 0); tone(buzzer, 900, 100);
        delay(400);
        digitalWrite(buzzer, 1); tone(buzzer, 900, 100);
        delay(400);
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        delay(400);
    }else{

        digitalWrite(9, LOW);
```

```
digitalWrite(10, LOW);  
digitalWrite(11, HIGH);  
lcd.println("Temp. & hum. are"); lcd.setCursor(0, 1);  
lcd.println("in normal limits"); lcd.setCursor(0, 0);  
digitalWrite(buzzer, 0);  
}  
}
```

# CIRCUIT:

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34 Serial.print(T);
35 Serial.println(" Fehernheat.\n");
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38 if(H >= 30.00 && T >= 30.00){
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59   digitalWrite(buzzer, 0);
60 }
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Simulation

Humidity: 40.00 %;  
Temperature: 24.00 Fehernheat

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