

Forecasting Wind Farm Energy Outputs

General Assembly
DSI Capstone

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Outline

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------------|
| PART 1 | Background & Problem Statement |
| PART 2 | EDA |
| PART 3 | Models |
| PART 4 | App Showcase |
| PART 5 | Conclusion & Next Steps |

Advantages

- Wind IS solar power
- Cost-effective
- Creates jobs and supplements income
- Turbines can be built on existing farmed land and ranches
- Blade lifespan is 25-30 years max

Disadvantages

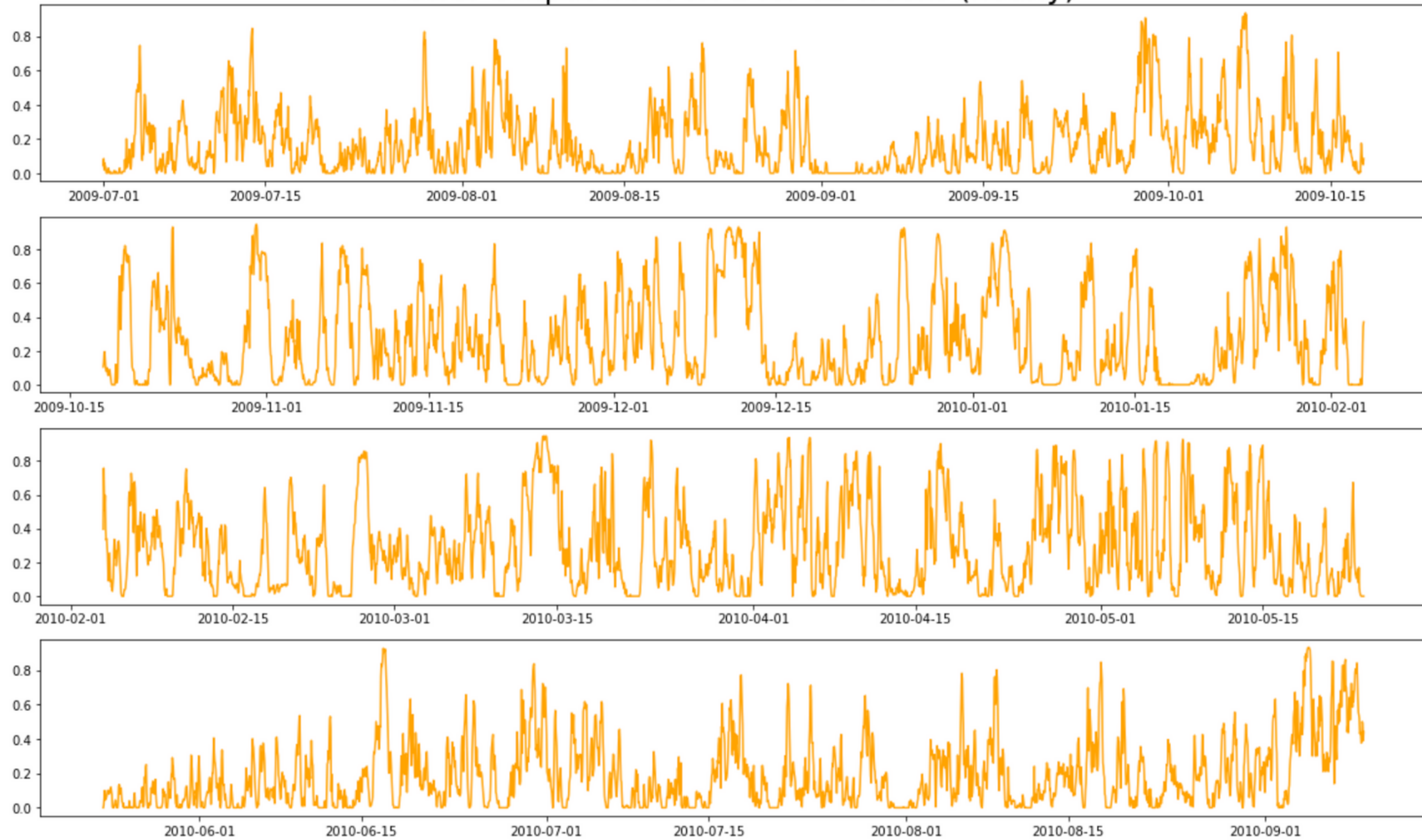
- Weather-dependent
- Noise pollution & habitat alteration
- Far from urban areas that would benefit most
- Only recently more focused on recyclable components
 - ex. Siemens Gamesa claims its RecyclableBlades are “the world’s first recyclable wind turbine blades ready for commercial use offshore.”

Problems:

How do I forecast wind energy output for wind farms?

Which timeseries model and forecast is most accurate?

Power Output from WP1 for 62 weeks (hourly)

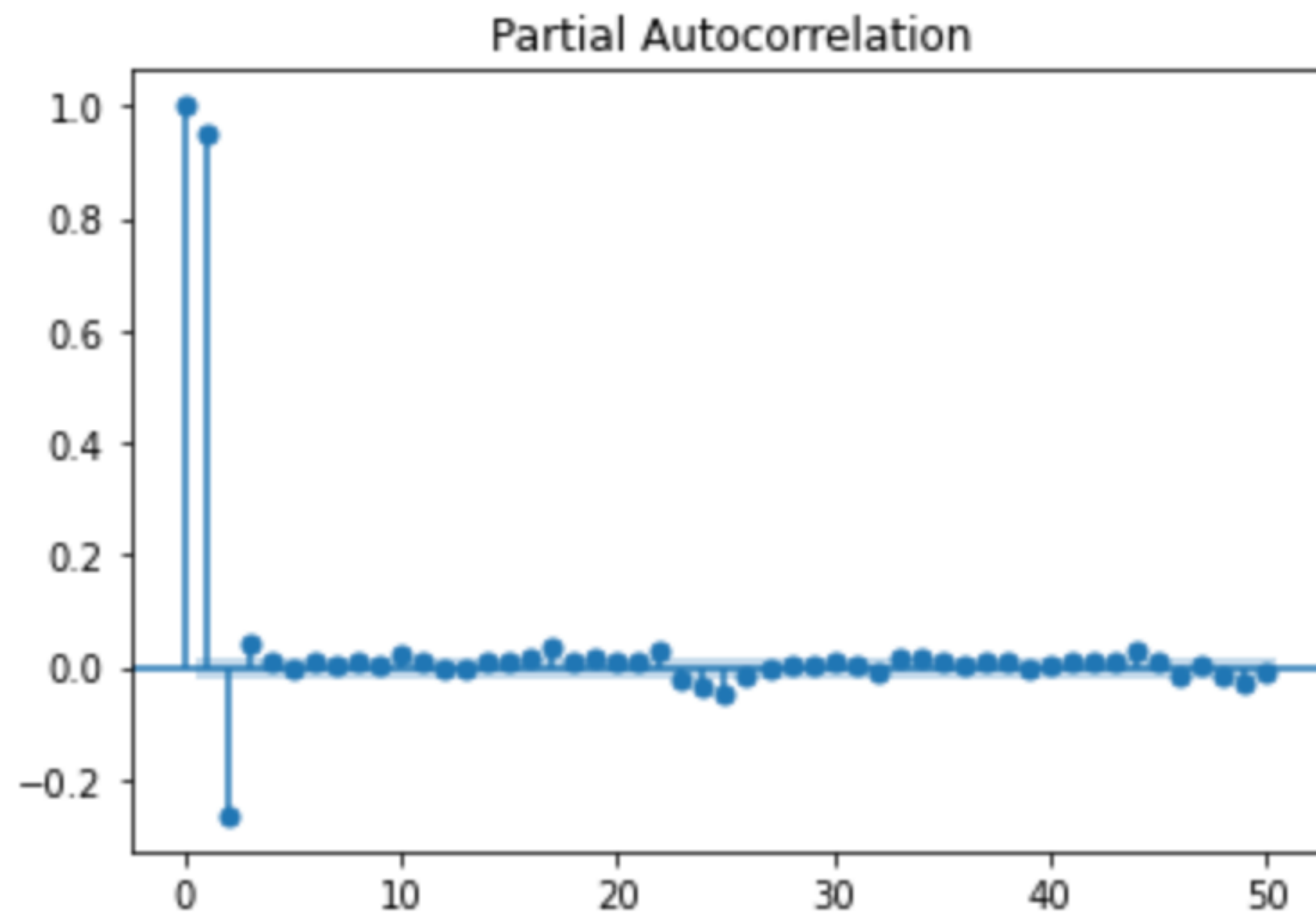


Model Comparison

AR2 and LSTM were used for comparison against the baseline of 0.31

| MODEL | PARAMETERS | RMSE |
|-------|-------------------------------|-------|
| ARIMA | P=1 D=0 Q=2 | 0.269 |
| AR1 | P=1 D=0 Q=0 | 0.261 |
| AR2 | P=2 D=0 Q=0 | 0.27 |
| LSTM | nodes=2 lags=2 epochs=9 | 0.21 |

AR2 PACF



This is a classic AR2 model signature. It cuts off after 2 lags and leveling out over time.

App Showcase

Next Steps

MODELS

- adding layers to LSTM
- Tuning other hyperparameters
- generating forecasts for all windfarms in dataset

FORECASTS

- Larger scale
- Trying Monte Carlo
- Incorporating weather conditions
- Adding confidence intervals for LSTM

APP

- Deploying remotely