

Attrition Assignment

Step1 - Launching

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
import numpy as np
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
dataset1=pd.read_excel('C:/group_Folder/TheDataScience/Dinesh/Group 1- HR Analytics - Employee  
Attrition rate analysis/Working_sheet.xlsx', sheet_name=0)
```

```
dataset1.head()
```

Out[41]:

```
Age Attrition ... YearsSinceLastPromotion YearsWithCurrManager
```

0	51	No ...	0	0
1	31	Yes ...	1	4
2	32	No ...	0	3
3	38	No ...	7	5
4	32	No ...	0	4

[5 rows x 18 columns]

```
dataset1.columns
```

Out[42]:

```
Index(['Age', 'Attrition', 'BusinessTravel', 'Department', 'DistanceFromHome',  
      'Education', 'EducationField', 'Gender', 'JobRole', 'MaritalStatus',  
      'MonthlyIncome', 'NumCompaniesWorked', 'PercentSalaryHike',  
      'TotalWorkingYears', 'TrainingTimesLastYear', 'YearsAtCompany',  
      'YearsSinceLastPromotion', 'YearsWithCurrManager'],  
      dtype='object')
```

```
dataset1
```

Out[45]:

```
Age Attrition ... YearsSinceLastPromotion YearsWithCurrManager
```

0	51	No ...	0	0
1	31	Yes ...	1	4
2	32	No ...	0	3
3	38	No ...	7	5

4	32	No ...	0	4
...
4405	42	No ...	0	2
4406	29	No ...	0	2
4407	25	No ...	1	2
4408	42	No ...	7	8
4409	40	No ...	3	9

[4410 rows x 18 columns]

Step 2 - Data Treatment:

`dataset1.isnull()`

Out[47]:

	Age	Attrition	...	YearsSinceLastPromotion	YearsWithCurrManager
0	False	False	...	False	False
1	False	False	...	False	False
2	False	False	...	False	False
3	False	False	...	False	False
4	False	False	...	False	False
...
4405	False	False	...	False	False
4406	False	False	...	False	False
4407	False	False	...	False	False
4408	False	False	...	False	False
4409	False	False	...	False	False

[4410 rows x 18 columns]

`dataset1.duplicated()`

Out[50]:

0	False
1	False
2	False
3	False
4	False

4405 True

4406 True

4407 True

4408 True

4409 False

Length: 4410, dtype: bool

`dataset1.drop_duplicates()`

Out[53]:

	Age	Attrition	...	YearsSinceLastPromotion	YearsWithCurrManager
0	51	No	...	0	0
1	31	Yes	...	1	4
2	32	No	...	0	3
3	38	No	...	7	5
4	32	No	...	0	4
...
3818	28	Yes	...	0	0
3910	41	No	...	1	2
4226	36	No	...	0	0
4395	40	No	...	4	7
4409	40	No	...	3	9

[1498 rows x 18 columns]

Step 3 – Univariate Analysis:

```
dataset3=dataset1[['Age','DistanceFromHome','Education','MonthlyIncome',  
'NumCompaniesWorked','PercentSalaryHike','TotalWorkingYears','TrainingTimesLastYear',  
'YearsAtCompany','YearsSinceLastPromotion','YearsWithCurrManager']].describe()
```

`dataset3`

Index	Age	DistanceFromHome	Education	MonthlyIncome	NumCompaniesWorked	PercentSalaryHike	TotalWorkingYears	TrainingTimesLastYear	YearsAtCompany	YearsSinceLastPromotion	YearsWithCurrManager	Manager
count	4410	4410	4410	4410	4391	4410	4401	4410	4410	4410	4410	
mean	36.0	9.19252	2.91293	65029.3	2.69483	15.2095	11.2799	2.79932	7.00816	2.18776	4.12313	
std	9.1...	8.10503	1.02393	47068.9	2.49889	3.65911	7.78222	1.28898	6.12514	3.2217	3.56733	
min	18	1	1	10090	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	
25%	30	2	2	29110	1	12	6	2	3	0	2	
50%	36	7	3	49190	2	14	10	3	5	1	3	
75%	43	14	4	83800	4	18	15	3	9	3	7	
max	60	29	5	199990	9	25	40	6	40	15	17	

```
dataset3=dataset1[['Age','DistanceFromHome','Education','MonthlyIncome',
'NumCompaniesWorked','PercentSalaryHike','TotalWorkingYears','TrainingTimesLastYear',
'YearsAtCompany','YearsSinceLastPromotion','YearsWithCurrManager']].median()
```

dataset3

Out[67]:

Age	36.0
DistanceFromHome	7.0
Education	3.0
MonthlyIncome	49190.0
NumCompaniesWorked	2.0
PercentSalaryHike	14.0
TotalWorkingYears	10.0
TrainingTimesLastYear	3.0
YearsAtCompany	5.0
YearsSinceLastPromotion	1.0
YearsWithCurrManager	3.0

dtype: float64

```
dataset3=dataset1[['Age','DistanceFromHome','Education','MonthlyIncome',
'NumCompaniesWorked','PercentSalaryHike','TotalWorkingYears','TrainingTimesLastYear',
'YearsAtCompany','YearsSinceLastPromotion','YearsWithCurrManager']].mode()
```

dataset3

Out[69]:

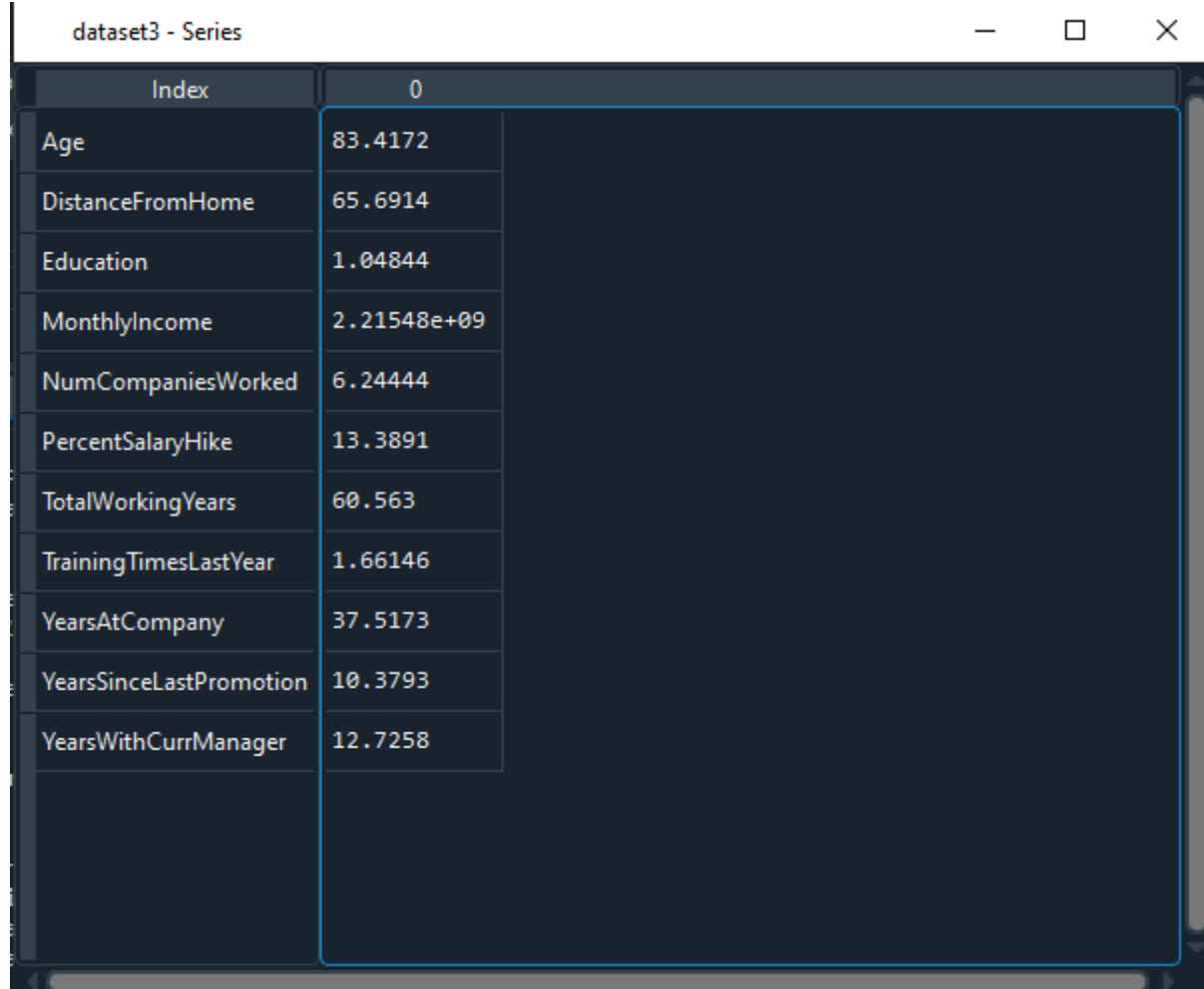
Age	35
DistanceFromHome	2
Education	3
MonthlyIncome	23420
NumCompaniesWorked	1
PercentSalaryHike	11
TotalWorkingYears	10
TrainingTimesLastYear	2
YearsAtCompany	5.0
YearsSinceLastPromotion	0
YearsWithCurrManager	2

dtype: float64

```
dataset3=dataset1[['Age','DistanceFromHome','Education','MonthlyIncome',  
'NumCompaniesWorked','PercentSalaryHike','TotalWorkingYears','TrainingTimesLastYear',  
'YearsAtCompany','YearsSinceLastPromotion','YearsWithCurrManager']].var()
```

dataset3

1



Index	0
Age	83.4172
DistanceFromHome	65.6914
Education	1.04844
MonthlyIncome	2.21548e+09
NumCompaniesWorked	6.24444
PercentSalaryHike	13.3891
TotalWorkingYears	60.563
TrainingTimesLastYear	1.66146
YearsAtCompany	37.5173
YearsSinceLastPromotion	10.3793
YearsWithCurrManager	12.7258

```
dataset3=dataset1[['Age','DistanceFromHome','Education','MonthlyIncome',  
'NumCompaniesWorked','PercentSalaryHike','TotalWorkingYears','TrainingTimesLastYear',  
'YearsAtCompany','YearsSinceLastPromotion','YearsWithCurrManager']].skew()
```

```
dataset3
```

Index	0
Age	0.413005
DistanceFromHome	0.957466
Education	-0.289484
MonthlyIncome	1.36888
NumCompaniesWorked	1.02677
PercentSalaryHike	0.820569
TotalWorkingYears	1.11683
TrainingTimesLastYear	0.552748
YearsAtCompany	1.76333
YearsSinceLastPromotion	1.98294
YearsWithCurrManager	0.832884

```
dataset3=dataset1[['Age','DistanceFromHome','Education','MonthlyIncome',  
'NumCompaniesWorked','PercentSalaryHike','TotalWorkingYears','TrainingTimesLastYear',  
'YearsAtCompany','YearsSinceLastPromotion','YearsWithCurrManager']].kurt()
```

```
dataset3
```

dataset3 - Series	
Index	0
Age	-0.405951
DistanceFromHome	-0.227045
Education	-0.560569
MonthlyIncome	1.00023
NumCompaniesWorked	0.00728748
PercentSalaryHike	-0.302638
TotalWorkingYears	0.912936
TrainingTimesLastYear	0.491149
YearsAtCompany	3.92386
YearsSinceLastPromotion	3.60176
YearsWithCurrManager	0.167949

	Mean	Median	Mode	Variance	Std Deviation	IQR	Skewness	Kurtosis
Mean Age (Yrs)	36	36	35	83.14	9.1	13	0.418	-0.4
Mean Distance from Home (Kms)	9	7	2	65.69	8.1	2	0.957	-0.22
Mean Monthly Income (Rs)	65000	49190	23420	2215480000	47068	54000	1.36	1
Mean Work Experience (Yrs)	11.29	10	10	60	7.72	9	1.11	0.91
Mean Years at Company (Yrs)	7	5	5	37.51	6.12	6	1.76	3.92
Mean Years since last promotion (Yrs)	2	1	0	10.37	3.22	3	1.98	1.6
Mean Years with Current Manager (Yrs)	4	3	2	12.72	3.56	5	0.83	0.16

Inference from the analysis:

- All the above variables show positive skewness; while Age & Mean_distance_from_home are leptokurtic and all other variables are platykurtic.
- The Mean_Monthly_Income's IQR is at 54K suggesting company wide attrition across all income bands
- Mean age forms a near normal distribution with 13 years of IQR

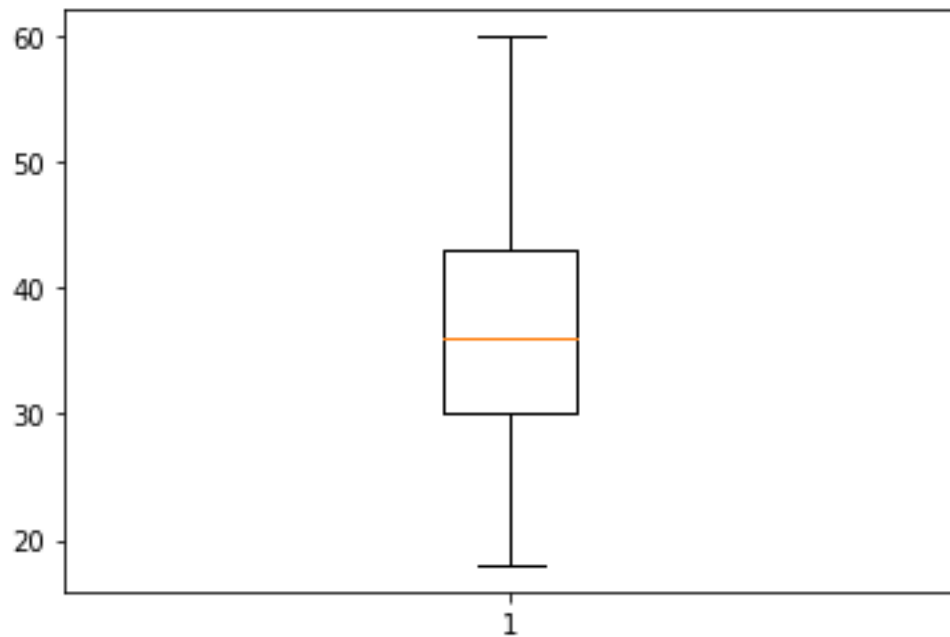
Outliers:

There's no regression found while plotting Age, MonthlyIncome, TotalWorkingYears, YearsAtCompany, etc., on a scatter plot

`box_plot=dataset1.Age`


```
plt.boxplot(box_plot)
```

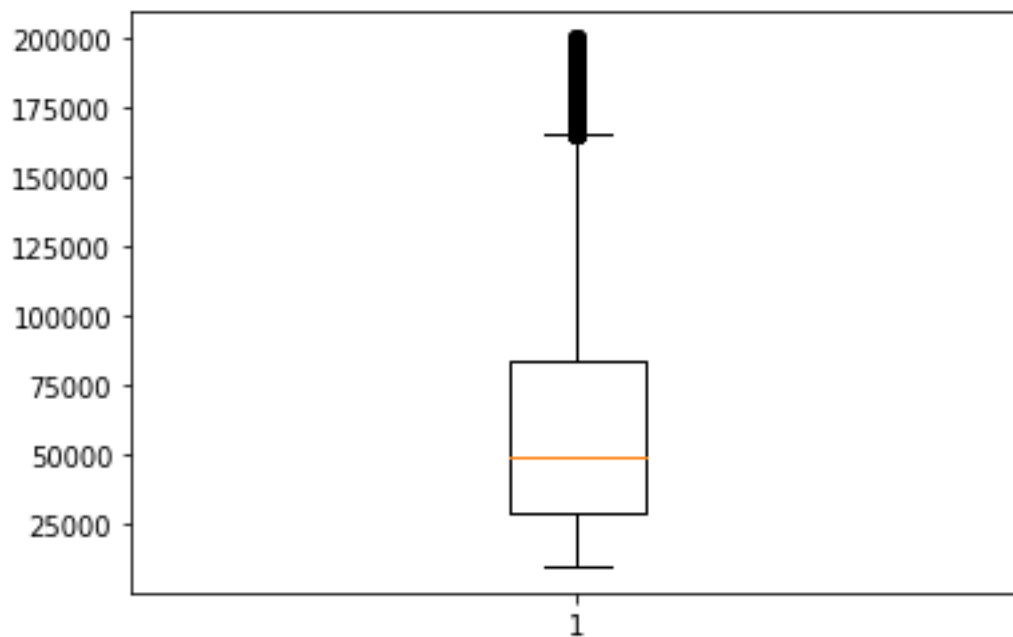
Out[23]:



Age is normally distributed without any outliers

```
box_plot=dataset1.MonthlyIncome
```

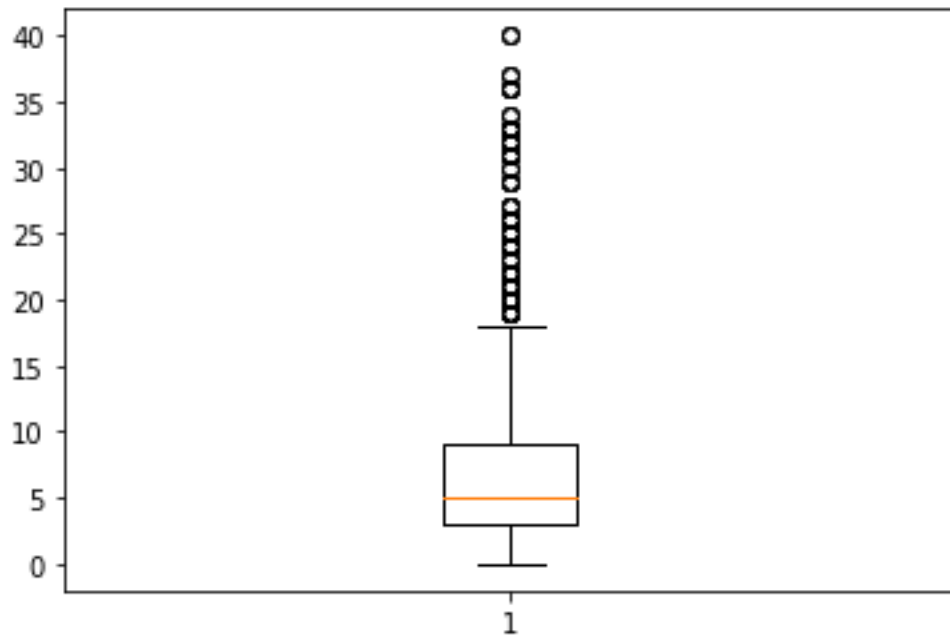
```
plt.boxplot(box_plot)
```



Monthly Income is Right skewed with several outliers

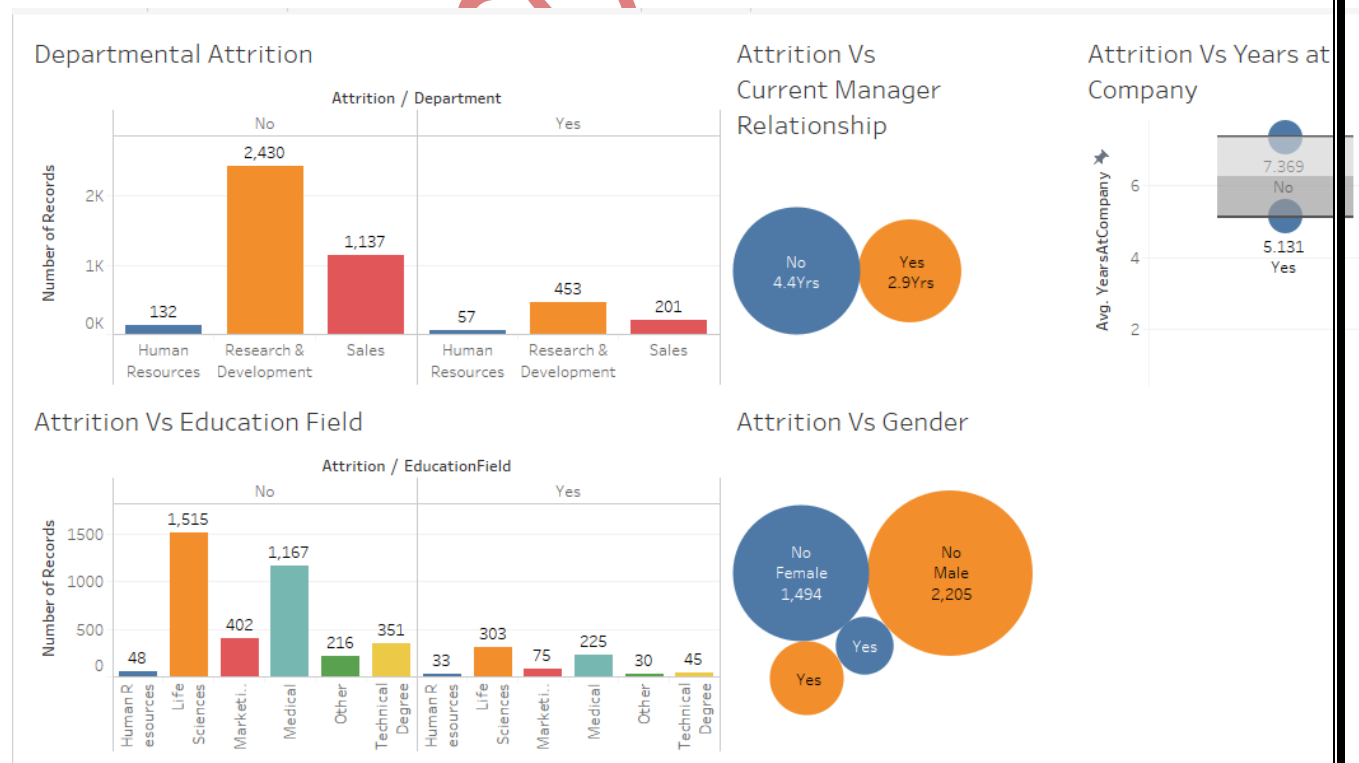
```
box_plot=dataset1.YearsAtCompany
```

plt.boxplot(box_plot)



Years at company is also Right Skewed with several outliers observed.

Step 4 – Visualisation:



Step 5 – Statistical Tests (Mann-Whitney)

Attrition Vs Distance from Home

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
dataset=pd.read_excel('C:/Group_Folder/TheDataScience/Dinesh/Group 1- HR Analytics - Employee  
Attrition rate analysis/Working_sheet.xlsx', sheet_name=1)
```

```
dataset.head()
```

```
Out[3]:
```

```
DistanceFromHome_Yes ... YearsWithCurrManager_No  
0          0 ...          0  
1         10 ...          0  
2          0 ...          3  
3          0 ...          5  
4          0 ...          4
```

```
[5 rows x 10 columns]
```

```
dataset.columns
```

```
Out[4]:
```

```
Index(['DistanceFromHome_Yes', 'DistanceFromHome_No', 'MonthlyIncome_Yes',  
      'MonthlyIncome_No', 'TotalWorkingYears_Yes', 'TotalWorkingYears_No',  
      'YearsAtCompany_Yes', 'YearsAtCompany_No', 'YearsWithCurrManager_Yes',  
      'YearsWithCurrManager_No'],  
      dtype='object')
```

```
from scipy.stats import mannwhitneyu
```

```
a1=dataset.DistanceFromHome_Yes
```

```
a2=dataset.DistanceFromHome_No
```

```
stat, p=mannwhitneyu(a1,a2)
```

```
print(stat, p)
```

```
3132625.5 0.0
```

As the P value of 0.0 is < 0.05 , the H_0 is rejected and H_a is accepted.

H_0 : There is no significant differences in the Distance From Home between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

H_a : There is significant differences in the Distance From Home between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

Attrition Vs Income

```
a1=dataset.MonthlyIncome_Yes
```

```
a2=dataset.MonthlyIncome_No
```

```
stat, p=mannwhitneyu(a1,a2)
```

```
print(stat, p)
```

```
3085416.0 0.0
```

As the P value is again 0.0, which is < than 0.05, the H0 is rejected and ha is accepted.

H0: There is no significant differences in the income between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

Ha: There is significant differences in the income between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

Attrition Vs Total Working Years

```
a1=dataset.TotalWorkingYears_Yes
```

```
a2=dataset.TotalWorkingYears_No
```

```
stat, p=mannwhitneyu(a1,a2)
```

```
print(stat, p)
```

```
2760982.0 0.0
```

As the P value is again 0.0, which is < than 0.05, the H0 is rejected and ha is accepted.

H0: There is no significant differences in the Total Working Years between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

Ha: There is significant differences in the Total Working Years between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

Attrition Vs Years at company

```
a1=dataset.YearsAtCompany_Yes
```

```
a2=dataset.YearsAtCompany_No
```

```
stat, p=mannwhitneyu(a1,a2)
```

```
print(stat, p)
```

```
2882047.5 0.0
```

As the P value is again 0.0, which is < than 0.05, the H0 is rejected and ha is accepted.

H0: There is no significant differences in the Years At Company between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

Ha: There is significant differences in the Years At Company between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

Attrition Vs YearsWithCurrentManager

```
a1=dataset.YearsWithCurrManager_Yes
```

```
a2=dataset.YearsWithCurrManager_No
```

```
stat, p=mannwhitneyu(a1,a2)
```

```
print(stat, p)
3674749.5 0.0
```

As the P value is again 0.0, which is < than 0.05, the H0 is rejected and ha is accepted.

H0: There is no significant differences in the Years With Current Manager between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

Ha: There is significant differences in the Years With Current Manager between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

Step 6 – Statistical Tests (Separate T Test)

Attrition Vs Distance From Home

```
from scipy.stats import ttest_ind
```

```
dataset.columns
```

```
Out[49]:
```

```
Index(['DistanceFromHome_Yes', 'DistanceFromHome_No', 'MonthlyIncome_Yes',
      'MonthlyIncome_No', 'TotalWorkingYears_Yes', 'TotalWorkingYears_No',
      'YearsAtCompany_Yes', 'YearsAtCompany_No', 'YearsWithCurrManager_Yes',
      'YearsWithCurrManager_No'],
      dtype='object')
```

```
z1=dataset.DistanceFromHome_Yes
```

```
z2=dataset.DistanceFromHome_No
```

```
stat, p=ttest_ind(z2,z1)
```

```
print(stat, p)
```

```
44.45445917636664 0.0
```

As the P value is again 0.0, which is < than 0.05, the H0 is rejected and ha is accepted.

H0: There is no significant differences in the Distance From Home between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

Ha: There is significant differences in the Distance From Home between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

Attrition Vs Income

```
z1=dataset.MonthlyIncome_Yes
```

```
z2=dataset.MonthlyIncome_No
```

```
stat, p=ttest_ind(z2, z1)
```

```
print(stat, p)
```

```
52.09279408504947 0.0
```

As the P value is again 0.0, which is $<$ than 0.05, the H_0 is rejected and h_a is accepted.

H_0 : There is no significant differences in the Monthly Income between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

H_a : There is significant differences in the Monthly Income between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

Attrition Vs Yeats At Company

```
z1=dataset.YearsAtCompany_Yes
```

```
z2=dataset.YearsAtCompany_No
```

```
stat, p=ttest_ind(z2, z1)
```

```
print(stat, p)
```

```
51.45296941515692 0.0
```

As the P value is again 0.0, which is $<$ than 0.05, the H_0 is rejected and h_a is accepted.

H_0 : There is no significant differences in the Years At Company between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

H_a : There is significant differences in the Years At Company between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

Attrition Vs Years With Current Manager

```
z1=dataset.YearsWithCurrManager_Yes
```

```
z2=dataset.YearsWithCurrManager_No
```

```
stat, p=ttest_ind(z2, z1)
```

```
print(stat, p)
```

```
53.02424349024521 0.0
```

As the P value is again 0.0, which is $<$ than 0.05, the H_0 is rejected and h_a is accepted.

H_0 : There is no significant differences in the Years With Current Manager between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

H_a : There is significant differences in the Years With Current Manager between attrition (Y) and attrition (N)

Step 8 – Unsupervised Learning - Correlation Analysis

In order to find the interdependency of the variables DistanceFromHome, MonthlyIncome, TotalWorkingYears, YearsAtCompany, YearsWithCurrManager from that of Attrition, we executed the Correlation Analysis as follows.

```
dataset=pd.read_excel('C:/Group_Folder/TheDataScience/Dinesh/Group 1- HR Analytics - Employee Attrition rate analysis/Working_sheet.xlsx', sheet_name=0)
```

```
from scipy.stats import pearsonr
```

```
dataset['TotalWorkingYears']=dataset['TotalWorkingYears'].fillna(11.28)
```

```
dataset.columns
```

```
Out[258]:
```

```
Index(['Age', 'Attrition', 'BusinessTravel', 'Department', 'DistanceFromHome',  
      'Education', 'EducationField', 'Gender', 'JobRole', 'MaritalStatus',  
      'MonthlyIncome', 'NumCompaniesWorked', 'PercentSalaryHike',  
      'TotalWorkingYears', 'TrainingTimesLastYear', 'YearsAtCompany',  
      'YearsSinceLastPromotion', 'YearsWithCurrManager'],  
      dtype='object')
```

```
stats, p=pearsonr(dataset.Attrition, dataset.DistanceFromHome)
```

```
print(stats, p)
```

```
-0.009730141010179438 0.5182860428049617
```

```
stats, p=pearsonr(dataset.Attrition, dataset.MonthlyIncome)
```

```
print(stats, p)
```

```
-0.031176281698114025 0.0384274849060192
```

```
stats, p=pearsonr(dataset.Attrition, dataset.TotalWorkingYears)
```

```
print(stats, p)
```

```
-0.17011136355964646 5.4731597518148054e-30
```

```
stats, p=pearsonr(dataset.Attrition, dataset.YearsAtCompany)
```

```
print(stats, p)
```

```
-0.13439221398997386 3.163883122493571e-19
```

```
stats, p=pearsonr(dataset.Attrition, dataset.YearsWithCurrManager)
```

```
print(stats, p)
```

```
-0.15619931590162422 1.7339322652951965e-25
```

The inference of the above analysis are as follows:

Attrition & DistanceFromHome:

As $r = -0.009$, there's low negative correlation between Attrition and DistanceFromHome

As the P value of 0.518 is > 0.05 , we are accepting H_0 and hence there's no significant correlation between Attrition & DistanceFromHome

Attrition & MonthlyIncome:

As $r = -0.031$, there's low negative correlation between Attrition and MonthlyIncome

As the P value of 0.038 is < 0.05 , we are accepting H_a and hence there's significant correlation between Attrition & MonthlyIncome

Attrition & TotalWorkingYears:

As $r = -0.17$, there's low negative correlation between Attrition and TotalWorkingYears

As the P value is < 0.05 , we are accepting H_a and hence there's significant correlation between Attrition & TotalWorkingYears

Attrition & YearsAtCompany:

As $r = -0.1343$, there's low negative correlation between Attrition and YearsAtCompany

As the P value is < 0.05 , we are accepting H_a and hence there's significant correlation between Attrition & YearsAtCompany

Attrition & YearsWithCurrManager:

As $r = -0.1561$, there's low negative correlation between Attrition and YearsWithCurrManager

As the P value is < 0.05 , we are accepting H_a and hence there's significant correlation between Attrition & YearsWithCurrManager