OOP Lab: Experiment 5

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Exercise 1: Write a program to create interface named test. In this interface the member function is square. Implement this interface in arithmetic class. Create one new class called ToTestInt. In this class use the object of arithmetic class.

Code:

```
LAB > Experiment 5 > Baahri Maal > 💻 Exp1 ToTestInt.java > ધ ToTestInt >
       //Write a program to create interface named test. I
       //Implement this interface in arithmetic class. Cre
       //In this class use the object of arithmetic class.
  4
       interface test
  6
           void square();
  8
  9
       class arithmetic implements test
 10
 11
       {
           public void square()
 12
 13
               System.out.println("Square!");
 14
 15
 16
 17
 18
       class ToTestInt
 19
           Run | Debug
           public static void main(String arg[])
 20
 21
               test t = new arithmetic();
 22
               t.square();
 23
 24
 25
 26
```

Output: va-OOP\LAB\Experiment 5\Baahri Maal\" ; if (\$?) Square! PS F:\UPES\Academics\2nd Year\3rd Semester\00Ps

Exercise 2: Write a program to create interface A, in this interface we have two method meth1 andmeth2. Implements this interface in another class named MyClass.

Code:

```
LAB > Experiment 5 > Baahri Maal > \( \bigcirc \) MyClass.java > \( \bigcirc \) MyClass > \( \bigcirc \) meth2()
       // Write a program to create interface A, in this interf
       // Implements this interface in another class named MyCl
       interface A
            void meth1();
            void meth2();
  8
       class MyClass implements A
 10
 11
 12
            public void meth1()
 13
                 System.out.println("meth1\n");
 14
 15
            public void meth2()
 16
 17
                 System.out.println(("meth2");
        <del>•</del>
 18
 19
            Run | Debug
            public static void main(String arg[])
 20
 21
 22
                 MyClass obj = new MyClass();
                 obj.meth1();
 23
                 obj.meth2();
 24
 25
 26
       }
 27
```

Output:

```
PS F:\UPES\Academics\2nd Year\3rd Semester\OOPs va-OOP\LAB\Experiment 5\Baahri Maal\"; if ($?) meth1

meth2
PS F:\UPES\Academics\2nd Year\3rd Semester\OOPs
```

Exercise 3: Write a program in Java to show the usefulness of Interfaces as a place to keep constant value of the program

Code:

```
LAB > Experiment 5 > Baahri Maal > 💆 Exp3.java > ધ Exp3 > 🏵 main(String[])
       // Write a program in Java to show the usefulness of Interfaces as a place
      interface compute
           int operation(int x, int y);
      class Addition implements compute
           public int operation(int x, int y)
           {
 10
               return x+y;
 11
           }
 12
 13
       class Multiplication implements compute
 14
           public int operation(int x, int y)
          {
 17
               return x*y;
           }
 19
 20
      class Exp3{
           public static void main(String arg[]){
 22
               Addition a = new Addition();
 23
               Multiplication m = new Multiplication();
 24
               compute InterfaceVar;
               InterfaceVar = a;
               System.out.println(|"Add: "+InterfaceVar.operation(9,3) + "\n");
 26
               InterfaceVar = m;
               System.out.println("Multiply: "+InterfaceVar.operation(9,3));
 28
 29
```

Output:

```
PS F:\UPES\Academics\2nd Year\3rd Semester\OOPs
va-OOP\LAB\Experiment 5\Baahri Maal\"; if ($?)
Add: 12

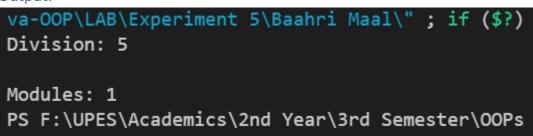
Multiply: 27
PS F:\UPES\Academics\2nd Year\3rd Semester\OOPs
```

Exercise 4: Write a program to create an Interface having two methods division and modules. Create a class, which overrides these methods.

Code:

```
LAB > Experiment 5 > Baahri Maal > 星 Exp4.java > 😭 Exp4 > 😚 main(String[])
  4 ∨ interface subject
           void division(int x, int y);
           void modules(int a, int b);
  8
  9 ∨ class sub implements subject
 10
           int VarDiv, VarMod;
 11
 12 🗸
           public void division(int x, int y)
 13
 14
               VarDiv = x/y;
 15
           public void modules(int a, int b)
 16 🗸
 17
           {
               VarMod = a\%b;
 18
 19
           void print(){
 20 🗸
               System.out.println("Division: "+VarDiv + "\n");
 21
 22
               System.out.println("Modules: "+VarMod);
 23
 24
 25 ∨ class Exp4
      ſ
 26
           Run | Debug
           public static void main(String arg[])
 27 🗸
 28
 29
               sub Interface = new sub();
 30
               Interface.division(20,4);
               Interface.modules(15,7);
 31
               Interface.print();
 32
 33
 34
```

Output:



Exercise 5: Write program to create an interface Stack Interface having methods push (), pop () and display (). Stack Class implements Stack Interface. Class Stack Class contains the main method which is having a switch case for selecting the particular operation of the stack.

Code:

```
LAB > Experiment 5 > Baahri Maal > 星 Band.java > ધ Band > 🕅 main(String[])
      import java io.*;
      import java.util.Scanner;
      class stack {
           static int ch;
           int element, maxsize, top;
           int[] st;
           public stack() {
               Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
               System.out.print("Stack size? ");
 10
               maxsize = sc.nextInt();
               st = new int[maxsize];
 11
 12
               top = -1;
              System.out.println("-----
 13
 14
           public void push(int element) {
 15
               if(top ==maxsize-1) {
 17
                   System.out.println("\n0verflow!!\n");
               } else {
 19
                   try {
 20
                       st[++top] = element;
 21
                   } catch (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e) {
 22
                       System.out.println(e);
 23
                   }
               }
 25
           public int pop() {
 27
               if (top == -1) {
                   System.out.println("\nUnderFlow!!\n");
 29
                   return (-1);
               }
 30
               else {
                   System.out.print("\nPopped: " +(st[top--]));
 32
```

```
return 0;
             }
         }
         public void display(int[] st, int max_size) {
             int i;
             System.out.print("\nStack Elements: ");
             for (i = 0; i <= max_size; i++)
40
                 System.out.print(st[i] + "\t");
             System.out.print("\n");
43
             new Band();
44
         }
      class Band {
         static int ch;
         public static void main(String[] args) {
             stack obj = new stack();
50
             while (true) {
51
                 System.out.println("\n1) PUSH\n2) POP\n3) Display\n4) EXIT");
                 System.out.print("Enter option: ");
                 Scanner integer = new Scanner(System.in);
                  ch = integer.nextInt();
                  switch (ch) {
                      case 1:
                          System.out.print("Enter Element: ");
                          obj.element = integer.nextInt();
                          obj.push(obj.element);
                          break;
```

```
case 2:
    obj.pop();
    break;
case 3:
    obj.display(obj.st, obj.top);
    break;
case 4:
    System.exit(0);
default:
    System.out.println("Wrong option!");
}

73
    }

74

75
  }

76
}
```

```
va-OOP\LAB\Experiment 5\Baahri Maal\" ; if ($?) {
Stack size? 5
1) PUSH
2) POP
3) Display
4) EXIT
Enter option: 1
Enter Element: 34
1) PUSH
2) POP
3) Display
4) EXIT
Enter option: 1
Enter Element: 65
1) PUSH
2) POP
3) Display
4) EXIT
Enter option: 1
Enter Element: 64
1) PUSH
2) POP
Display
4) EXIT
Enter option: 1
Enter Element: 67
```

```
Enter option: 1
Enter Element: 67
1) PUSH
2) POP
Display
4) EXIT
Enter option: 1
Enter Element: 68
1) PUSH
2) POP
3) Display
4) EXIT
Enter option: 1
Enter Element: 23
Overflow!!
1) PUSH
2) POP
Display
4) EXIT
Enter option: 3
Stack Elements: 34 65 64 67
                                             68
1) PUSH
2) POP
3) Display
4) EXIT
Enter option: 2
```

Stack Elements: 34 65 64 67 68

1) PUSH
2) POP
3) Display
4) EXIT
Enter option: 2

Popped: 68
1) PUSH
2) POP
3) Display
4) EXIT
Enter option: 3

Stack Elements: 34 65 64 67