Problems 4: Liveness analysis

1. In the following code (a sequence of quadruples), show which variables are live after each quadruple. You can assume that no variables are live at the end.

```
w = 0
x = 1
y = 2
L1: z = y + 3
w = w + z
y = x
y = z + 4
if (y < 10) goto L1
write(w)</pre>
```

1st iteration:

```
Live-out
   w = 0
                        { w }
   x = 1
                       \{x, w\}
                       \{x,y,w\}
   y = 2
L1: z = y + 3
                       \{x,z,w\}
   w = w + z
                       \{x,z,w\}
                       {z,w}
   y = x
    y = z + 4
                        {y,w}
    if (y < 10) goto L1 \{w\}
   write(w)
```

2nd iteration:

```
Live-out
    w = 0
                        { w }
    x = 1
                        \{x,w\}
    y = 2
                        {x,y,w}
L1: z = y + 3
                        \{x,z,w\}
    w = w + z
                       \{x,z,w\}
                        \{x, z, w\}
    y = x
    y = z + 4
                        \{x,y,w\}
    if (y < 10) goto L1 \{x, y, w\}
    write(w)
```

2. Show the interference graph for the program of Q1, explaining how you construct it.

Edges are added whenever a variable v is defined, between v and every liveout variable, except a in the case of a move instruction v=a.

Graph contains edges x-y, x-z, w-x, y-z, w-y, w-z (fully connected).

3. Without coalescing nodes, use any graph colouring algorithm to colour the interference graph. Show how this can be used to allocate the program's variables to registers.

A different colour is needed for each variable:

```
Colour w 1
Colour x 2
Colour y 3
Colour z 4
```

Need 4 registers. E.g., use R0 for w, R1 for x, R2 for y, R3 for z.