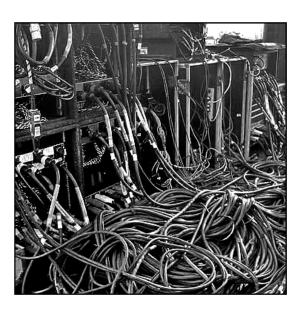
# Concurrent Computing

Lecturers: Prof. Majid Mirmehdi (majid@cs.bris.ac.uk)

> Dr. Tilo Burghardt (tilo@cs.bris.ac.uk) Dr. Daniel Page (page@cs.bris.ac.uk)

Web: http://www.cs.bris.ac.uk/Teaching/Resources/COMS20001



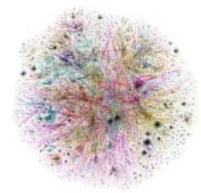
#### LECTURE 4

DATA EXCHANGE FOR PROCESSES IN xC

## Recap: The natural world is not serial ... ©

- ...NATURE is massively concurrent!
  - natural networks tend to be continuously evolving, yet they are robust, efficient and long-lived
  - Concurrency is one of nature's core design mechanisms and one of ours!







- in many cases computing models phenomena of the real world
  - > computers are built as part of the physical world and can harvest natural concurrency for their own performance
  - > concurrency can often help simplifying the modelling of systems

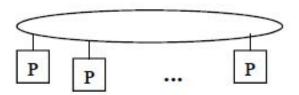
## Recap: Multiprocessors & Multi-Core Revolution

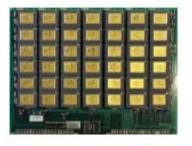
#### Multiprocessors

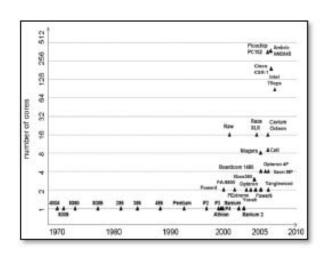
(collection of communicating processors)

speed advantage by physically parallelised

computation

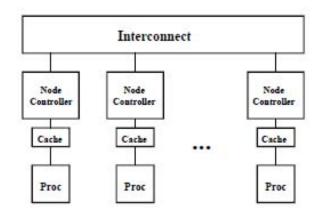






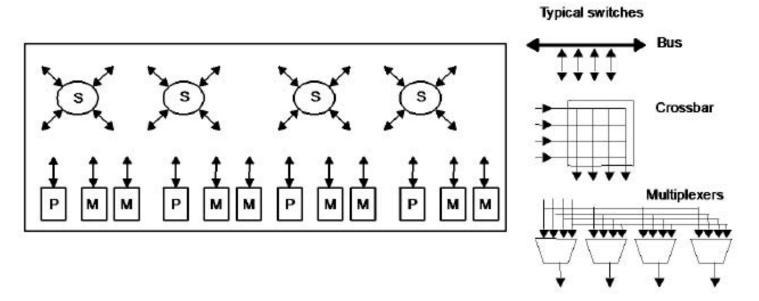
#### Multi-Memory Systems

- local, CPU-associated memory essential regardless of programming model
- however, connectivity model affects specific performance tradeoffs

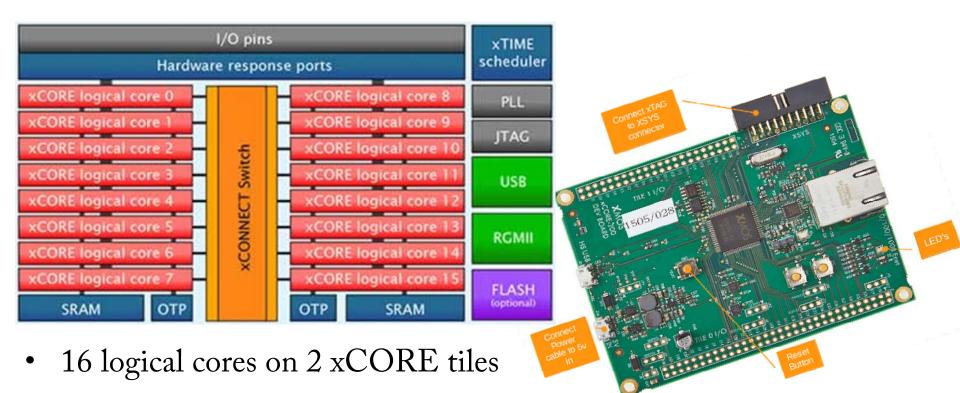


### Connectivity is Critical: Bus or Point-to-Point?

- traditional design: front-side-bus (FSB)
  - each processor has to compete for access
  - multitude of processors/resources result in bottleneck
- ways forward: localised memory and on-chip networks (switch)
  - multiple simultaneous point-to-point (P2P) connections between cores & resources (much like end-to-end 'channels')



# Example: XMOS xCore200 Explorer Kit



- 32 channels for cross-core communication
- 512KB internal single-cycle SRAM (max 256KB per tile)
- 6 servo interfaces, 3D accelerometer, Gigabit Ethernet interface, 3-axis gyroscope, USB interface, xTAG debug adaptor, ...

## Recap: Interfaces for Single Client-Server Setups

```
//interface.xc
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdio.h>
//define a communication interface i
typedef interface i {
 void f(int x);
 void g();
} i;
//server task providing functionality of i
void myServer(Serve) i myInterface) {
  int serving = 1;
  while (serving)
   select {
     Case myInterface.f(int x):
        printf("f got data: %d \n", x);
        break;
     case myInterface.g():
        printf("g was called\n");
        serving = 0;
        break;
```

```
//client task calling function
//of task 2
void myClient(client) i myInterface) {
 myInterface.f(2);
 myInterface.f(1);
 myInterface.g();
//main starting two threads
//calling over an interface
int main() {
  interface i myInterface;
  par {
    myServer(myInterface);//only1server
    myClient(myInterface);//only1client
  return 0;
```

```
Console Description Problems Task Viewer <a href="terminated">terminated</a> test1.xe [xCORE Application] xrun f got data: 2 f got data: 1 g was called
```

#### Example: Multiple Interfaces – One Server select

```
//interface2.xc
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdio.h>
//define a communication interface i
typedef interface i {
 void f(int x);
 void g();
} i;
//server task providing functionality of two IFs
void myServer(server i myInterface,
              server i myInterface2) {
  int serving = 1;
 while (serving)
    select { //SINGLE select statement for two IFs!!!
      case myInterface2.f(int x):
        printf("f got data in IF2: %d \n", x);
        break;
      case myInterface2.g():
        printf("g was called in IF2\n");
        break;
      case myInterface.f(int x):
        printf("f got data in IF1: %d \n", x);
        break;
      case myInterface.g():
        printf("g was called in IF1\n");
        serving = 0;
        break;
```

```
//client task calling function of task 2
 void myClient(client i myInterface,
               client i myInterface2) {
   myInterface.f(2);
   myInterface.f(1);
   myInterface2.f(3);
   myInterface2.f(4);
   myInterface2.q();
   myInterface.q();
 //main starting two threads calling
 //over two interfaces
 int main() {
   interface i myInterface;
   interface i myInterface2;
   par
     on tile[0]: myServer(myInterface,
                           myInterface2);
     on tile[1]: myClient(myInterface,
                           myInterface2);
   return 0;
f got data in IF1: 2
f got data in IF1: 1
f got data in IF2: 3
```

f got data in IF2: 4 g was called in IF2 q was called in IF1

### Example: Spot the possible Deadlock!

```
//deadlockpossible.xc
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdio.h>
//define a communication interface i
typedef interface i {
 void f(int x);
 void g();
} i;
//server task providing functionality of i
void myServer(server i myInterface,
              server i myInterface2) {
  int serving = 1;
 while (serving)
    select {
      case myInterface2.f(int x):
        printf("f got data in IF2: %d \n", x);
        break;
      case myInterface2.g():
        printf("g was called in IF2\n");
        break;
      case myInterface.f(int x):
        printf("f got data in IF1: %d \n", x);
        break;
      case myInterface.g():
        printf("g was called in IF1\n");
        serving = 0;
        break;
```

```
//client task calling functions
void myClient(client i myInterface) {
  myInterface.f(2);
  myInterface.f(1);
 myInterface.g();
//main starting three threads calling
//over two interfaces
int main() {
  interface i myInterface;
  interface i myInterface2;
  par {
    on tile[0]: myServer(myInterface,
                         myInterface2);
    on tile[1]: myClient(myInterface2);
    on tile[1]: myClient(myInterface);
  return 0;
```

DEADLOCK POSSIBLE!

#### Example: Mixed Use of Channels and Interfaces

```
//mix.xc
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdio.h>
//define a communication interface i
typedef interface i {
 void f(int x);
 void g();
} i;
//server providing interface and channelend
void myServer(server i myInterface,
              chanend c) {
  int serving = 1;
  int data;
  while (serving)
    select {
      case c :> data:
        printf("Channel has %d \n", data);
        c <: data;
        break;
      case myInterface.f(int x):
        printf("f got data: %d \n", x);
        break;
      case myInterface.q():
        printf("g was called\n");
        serving = 0;
        break;
```

```
//client task calling functions + doing channel com
void myClient(client i myInterface, chanend c) {
  int value;
 myInterface.f(1);
  c <: 5;
  c :> value;
 printf("Channel returned %d \n", value);
 myInterface.q();
//main starting two threads calling over interfaces
and channel
int main()
  interface i myInterface?
  chan ci
 par {
    on tile[0]: myServer(myInterface,c);
    on tile[1]: myClient(myInterface,c);
 return 0;
```

```
Value Return
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdio.h>
//define a communication interface i
typedef interface i {
  int f(int x);
 void g();
} i;
//server task providing functionality of i
void myServer(server i myInterface) {
  int serving = 1;
  while (serving)
    select {
      case myInterface.f(int x) -> int returnval:
        printf("f receives: %d \n", x);
        returnval = x * 2;
        break;
      case myInterface.g():
        printf("g was called\n");
        serving = 0;
        break:
} }
//client task calling functions
void myClient(client i myInterface) {
  printf("f returns: %d \n", myInterface.f(1));
  myInterface.g();
//main starting two threads
int main() {
  interface i myInterface;
  par {
    on tile[0]: myServer(myInterface);
    on tile[1]: myClient(myInterface);
 return 0;
```

//dataexchange.xc

```
//dataexchange2.xc
#include <platform.h>
                       Array References
#include <stdio.h>
//define a communication interface i
typedef interface i {
  int f(int a[]);
  void g();
} i;
//server task providing functionality of i
void myServer(server i myInterface) {
  int serving = 1;
  while (serving)
    select {
      case myInterface.f(int a[]) -> int returnval:
        printf("f receives: %d \n", a[0],a[1]);
        a[1] = a[0]*2;
        returnval = a[0];
        break;
      case myInterface.g():
        printf("g was called\n");
        serving = 0;
        break;
//client task calling functions
void myClient(client i myInterface) {
  int a[2] = {1,0};
 printf("f returns: %d \n", myInterface.f(a));
  printf("a[1] set to: %d \n", a[1]);
  myInterface.g();
//main starting two threads
int main() {
  interface i myInterface;
  par
    on tile[0]: myServer(myInterface);
    on tile[1]: myClient(myInterface);
  return 0;
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
                          (REMOTE!)
#include <string.h>
//define a communication interface i
typedef interface i {
  int f(int a[]);
  void g();
} i;
//server task providing functionality of i
void myServer(server i myInterface) {
  int serving = 1;
  int data[2] = {10,11};
  while (serving)
    select {
      case myInterface.f(int a[]) -> int returnval:
        printf("setting buffer \n");
      memcpy(a, data , 2*sizeof(int));
        returnval = a[0];
        break;
      case myInterface.g():
        printf("g was called\n");
        serving = 0;
        break;
} }
//client task calling functions
void myClient(client i myInterface) {
  int a[2] = \{0,0\};
  printf("f returns: %d \n", myInterface.f(a));
  printf("a set to: [%d,%d] \n", a[0], a[1]);
  myInterface.g();
//main starting two threads
int main() {
  interface i myInterface;
  par {
    on tile[0]: myServer(myInterface);
    on tile[1]: myClient(myInterface);
  return 0;
```

Memory Copy

//memcopy.xc

#include <platform.h>

```
//interfacearrays.xc
                          Interface Arrays
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
//define a communication interface i
typedef interface i {
  int f(int a[]);
  void g();
} i;
//server task providing functionality of i
void myServer(server i myInterface[n], unsigned n) {
  int serving = 1;
  int data[2] = {10,11};
  while (serving)
    select {
      case myInterface[int j].f(int a[]) -> int returnval:
        printf("f called from %d \n",j);
        memcpy(a, data , 2*sizeof(int));
        returnval = a[0];
        break;
      case myInterface[int j].q():
        printf("g was called from %d\n",j);
        serving = 0;
        break;
} }
//client task calling functions
void myClient(client i myInterface, int j) {
  int a[2] = \{0,0\};
  printf("f returns: %d \n", myInterface.f(a));
 printf("a set to: [%d,%d] \n", a[0], a[1]);
  if (j==1) myInterface.g();
//main starting two threads
int main() {
  interface i myInterface[2];
    on tile[0]: myServer(myInterface,2);
    on tile[1]: {
                  myClient(myInterface[0],0);
                  myClient(myInterface[1],1);
  return 0;
```

```
//channelarray.xc
                                                        //deadlock2.xc
                        Channel Array
                                                                              Spot the Problem!
                                                       #include <platform.h>
#include <platform.h>
                                                       #include <stdio.h>
#include <stdio.h>
                                                       void taskA(chanend c[n], unsigned n) {
void taskA(chanend c[n], unsigned n) {
                                                         int serving = 1;
  int serving = 1;
                                                         while (serving)
  while (serving)
                                                           select {
    select {
                                                             case c[int j] :> int data:
      case c[int j] :> int data:
                                                               printf("channel %d gets %d\n",j,data);
        printf("channel %d receives %d\n",j,data);
                                                               c[j] <: data;</pre>
        c[j] <: data;
                                                               if (data == 0) serving = 0;
        if (data == 0) serving = 0;
                                                               break;
                                                       } }
        break;
                                                       void taskB(chanend c, chanend d, int terminate) {
                                                         int data;
void taskB(chanend c, chanend d, int terminate) {
                                                         c <: 1;
  int data;
                                                         c :> data;
  c <: 1;
                                                         c <: 2i
  c :> data;
                                                         c :> data;
  c <: 2;
                                                         if (terminate == 1) {
                                                                                DEADLOCK !!!
  c :> data;
                                                             d :> data;
  if (terminate == 1) {
                                                             c <: 0;
      d :> data;
                                                             c :> data;
                                                          } else d <: 0;
      c <: 0;
      c :> data;
  } else d <: 0;
                                                       int main() {
                                                         chan c[4],d,e;
                                                         par {
int main() {
                                                           on tile[0]: taskA(c,4);
chan c[2],d;
                                                           on tile[0]: taskB(c[0],e,1);
  par {
                                                           on tile[0]: taskB(c[1],e,0);
    on tile[0]: taskA(c,2);
                                                           on tile[1]: taskB(c[2],d,1);
    on tile[1]: taskB(c[0],d,1);
                                                           on tile[1]: taskB(c[3],d,0);
    on tile[1]: taskB(c[1],d,0);
                                                         return 0;
  return 0;
```

```
//nestedpar.xc
//shutdowncounter.xc
                                                                             Nested par
                        Shutdown Count
                                                       #include <platform.h>
#include <platform.h>
                                                       #include <stdio.h>
#include <stdio.h>
                                                       void taskA(chanend c[n], unsigned n) {
void taskA(chanend c[n], unsigned n) {
                                                         int serving = 1;
  int serving = 1;
                                                         int counter = 0;
  int counter = 0;
                                                         while (serving)
  while (serving)
                                                           select {
    select {
                                                             case c[int j] :> int data:
      case c[int j] :> int data:
                                                               printf("channel %d gets %d\n",j,data);
        printf("channel %d receives %d\n",j,data);
                                                               c[j] <: data;</pre>
        c[j] <: data;
                                                               if (data == 0) counter++;
                                                               if (counter == n) serving = 0;
        if (data == 0) counter++;
                                                               break;
        if (counter == 4) serving = 0;
                                                       } }
        break;
                                                       void taskB(chanend c, chanend d) {
                                                         int data1, data2;
void taskB(chanend c) {
                                                         par
  int data;
                                                             d <: 1; d :> data1; }
  c <: 1;
                                                           { c <: 2; c :> data2; }
  c :> data;
  c <: 0;
                                                         par
  c :> data;
                                                            d <: 0; d :> data1; }
                                                           { c <: 0; c :> data2; }
int main() {
  chan c[4];
 par {
                                                       int main() {
    on tile[0]: taskA(c,4);
                                                         chan c[4];
    on tile[0]: taskB(c[0]);
    on tile[0]: taskB(c[1]);
                                                         par {
    on tile[1]: taskB(c[2]);
                                                           on tile[0]: taskA(c,4);
                                                           on tile[0]: taskB(c[0],c[1]);
    on tile[1]: taskB(c[3]);
                                                           on tile[1]: taskB(c[2],c[3]);
  return 0;
                                                         return 0;
```

#### Some Common Errors Part I

```
//problem.xc
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdio.h>
int a[2] = \{1,2\};
void taskA(chanend c, int a[]) {
  c <: a[0];
void taskB(chanend c, int a[]) {
  c :> a[1];
int main() {
  chan c;
 par {
    on tile[0]: taskA(c,a);
    on tile[1]: taskB(c,a);
  return 0;
                      DOES NOT COMPILE
```

```
//problem.xc
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdio.h>
int a = 2i
void taskA(chanend c, int a) {
  c <: a;
void taskB(chanend c) {
  c :> int i;
int main() {
  chan c;
 par {
    on tile[0]: taskA(c,a);
    on tile[1]: taskB(c);
                      DOES NOT
COMPILE
    on tile[1]: taskB(c);
 return 0;
```

#### Some Common Errors Part II

```
//problem.xc
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdio.h>
int a = 2i
void taskA(chanend c) {
  c <: 2;
void taskB(chanend c) {
  c :> int i;
 a = ii
int main() {
  chan ci
  par {
    on tile[0]: taskA(c);
    on tile[1]: taskB(c);
                      DOES NOT COMPILE
  return 0;
```

```
//problem.xc
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdio.h>
void taskA(chanend c) {
  c <: 2;
void taskB(chanend c) {
  c :> int i;
int main() {
  chan c;
  par
    on tile[0]: taskA(c);
    on tile[1]: taskB(c);
  par {
    on tile[0]: taskA(c);
    on tile[1]: taskB(c);
  return 0;
```

### Some Common Errors Part III

```
//problem.xc
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdio.h>
void taskA(chanend c) {
  c <: 2;
void taskB(chanend c) {
  chan d;
  par {
      on tile[0]: taskA(d);
      on tile[1]: d :> int j;
  c :> int i;
int main() {
  chan c;
  par {
    on tile[0]: taskA(c);
    on tile[1]: taskB(c);
  return 0;
```

```
//problem.xc
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdio.h>
void taskA(chanend c) {
 c <: 2;
void taskB(chanend c) {
  chan d;
 par {
     taskB(d);
     d :> int j;
 c :> int i;
int main() {
  chan c;
 par {
   on tile[0]: taskA(c);
                 RUN TIME ERROR:
   on tile[1]: taskB(c);
 return 0;
                          RESOURCE
```

# Looking ahead...



....Replication and Pipelining