

Johnson Johnson

# **Johnson & Johnson - Executive Summary**



## **Key Facts & Recommendations**

- Span range of 1 25 is very wide. Lower layers have less managers and upper layers have more managers than required. Layer 9 has no manager at all.
- Potential savings can be achieved by re-organizing spans and layers. Best-in-class companies
  have average spans ranging between 10 and 15 direct reports and no more than seven layers.
- 23% Managers are managing less than 2 people. They should be assigned more people who report directly to them.
- Average salary of contract worker is 43% less than that of employees. So, hiring more contract workers will help to save money. Average salary in India is 23% of average salary in the US.

# **Workforce Structure**





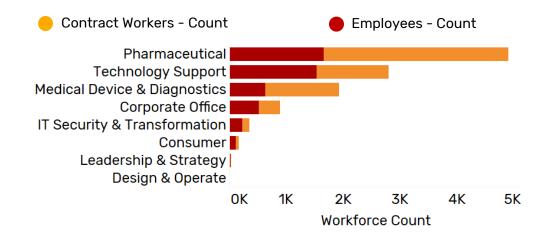
#### US & India, each have 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of the total 11k Workforce

US has 47% of total employees & E:CW ratio of 60:40 (same as overall) India has 55% of total contract workers and an E:CW ratio of 2:98 Japan, Vietnam, Ireland, & Thailand have 25% of workforce



#### Count of Employees & Contract Workers by Department

45% of the Workforce belong to Pharmaceutical department



#### Avg. Salary of Employees & Contract Workers by Department

Employees take an Avg. Salary which is 74% higher than Contract Workers



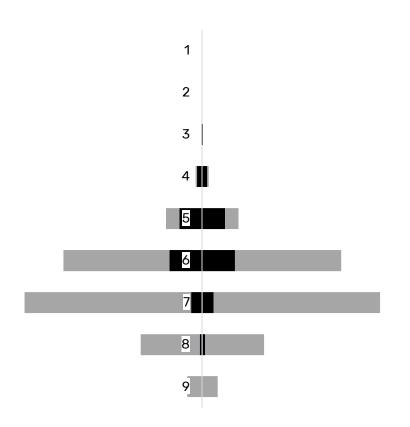
# **Organizational Structure**





### Inconsistencies in Spans & Layers must be Corrected

Layers 5 & 6 have a span less than 4 which must be increased Layers 7 & 8 have a span more than 15 which must be decreased Layers 8 & 9 can be merged to reduce the number of layers



### 45% of the Managers are managing 4 or less People

Number of managers for 5 or more people shows a decreasing linear trend 12% of managers are managing more than 10 people

