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## HTML file

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
     <html>
         <head>
             <title>Hangman Game</title>
                     <link href="stylesheet.css" rel="stylesheet" />
         </head>
         <body>
     <div class="banner">
     <img src="images/logo.png" alt="This is a logo"/>
     </div>
11
     <div class="topnav">
12
13
                  <a class="active" href="index.html">Home</a>
                 <a href="ranking.html">Ranking</a>
                  <a href="register.html">Register</a>
                  <a href="login.html">Login</a>
             </div>
17
     <div>
             <!-- The sidebar -->
     <div class="sidebar">
21
                              <a>Peter- 50</a>
                              <a>Rob- 45</a>
                              <a>Alice- 18</a>
                              <a>Joanna-23</a>
25
     </div>
```

After open in the browser:



This is landing page (main). From this page we can jump to ranking, register and login ones.

On the left side we see the ranking (4 names and scores gained)

At the top it is banner with the image of hangman.

Login page (html)

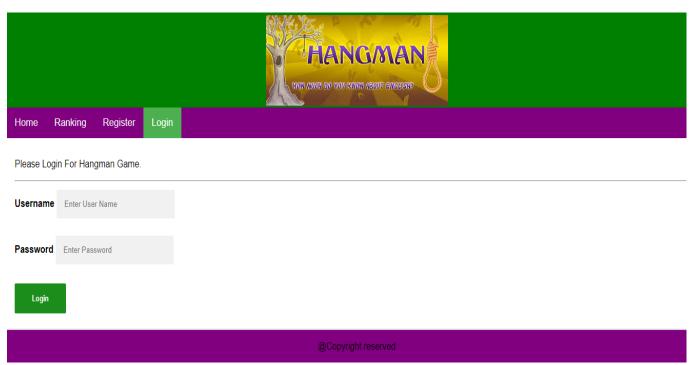
```
| County | C
```

It is similar file to the index.html but enrich in 2 fields to fill in: username and password of user.

In the class "topnav" we see that login.html is active, not index one like was in the first case. It is obviously because we need fill in 2 fields and we use this site at this time.

We use label, input and placeholder to create filling fields.

After opening in the browser:



We can see 2 fields to fill in by the user: username and password.

Ranking.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
         <head>
             <title>Hangman Game</title>
             <link href="stylesheet.css" rel="stylesheet" />
         </head>
         <body>
             <div id="container">
     <div class="banner">
     <img src="images/logo.png" alt="This is a logo"/>
10
11
     </div>
     <div class="topnav">
12
                 <a href="index.html">Home</a>
13
                 <a class="active" href="ranking.html">Ranking</a>
                 <a href="register.html">Register</a>
                 <a href="login.html">Login</a>
17
             </div>
     <div class="container">
21
         Summary of the Latest Hangman Game Users will display .
22
     </div>
       </div>
25
       <div class="footerbar">
                     @Copyright reserved
27
                 </div>
             div>
29
             </body>
31
        </html>
32
```

At this time ranking is active

After opening in the browser:



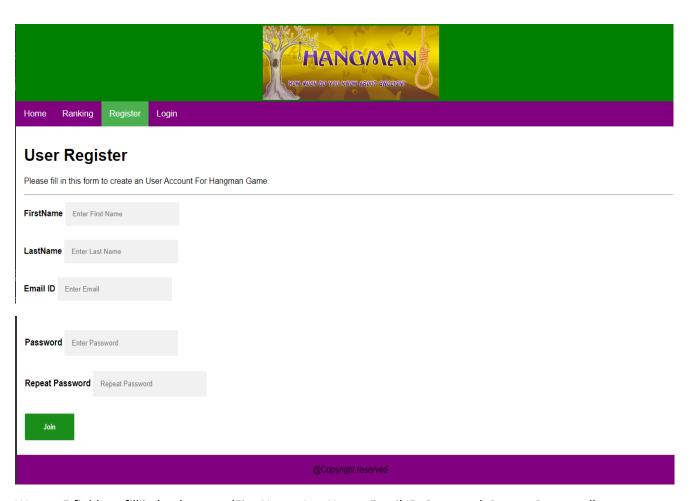
Summary of the Latest Hangman Game Users will display .

@Copyright reserved

## Register.html

In the class "topnav" we see what is active, register this time. We use input, label, placeholder like in the case of login. We need the field to fill in by the user.

After opening in the browser:



We see 5 fields to fill in by the user. (FirstName, LastName, Email ID, Password, Repeat Password)

CSS file called stylesheet.css

It is connected with all files which were mentioned before (index, register, login, ranking)

```
<link href="stylesheet.css" rel="stylesheet" />
```

We use CSS to fix the styles.

Code – view:

```
body {
    margin: 0;
    font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif;
}

banner {
    background-color: □green;
    text-align: center;
    padding: 5px;
    height:140px;

}

/* Add a purple background color to the top navigation */

topnav {
    background-color: □purple;
    overflow: hidden;
}

/* Style the links inside the navigation bar */

topnav a {
    float: left;
    display: block;
    color: ■#12f2f2;
    text-align: center;
    padding: 14px 16px;
    text-decoration: none;
    font-size: 17px;
}
```

```
.sidebar a {
  display: block;
  color: □black;
  padding: 16px;
  text-decoration: none;
.sidebar a.active {
  background-color: ■#4CAF50;
 color: □white;
.sidebar a:hover:not(.active) {
 background-color: □#555;
 color: ■white;
/* Page content. The value of the margin-left property should match the value of the sidebar's width property */
.content {
  margin-left: 200px;
  padding: 1px 1px 1px 1px;
  height: 100px;
```

```
text-align:center;
      .container {
        padding: 16px;
      /* Full-width input fields */
      input[type=text], input[type=password] {
        width: 200px;
        padding: 15px;
        margin: 5px 0 22px 0;
        display: inline-block;
        border: none;
        background: ■#f1f1f1;
      input[type=text]:focus, input[type=password]:focus {
        background-color: ■#ddd;
        outline: none;
102
103
      .btnsubmit{
104
        background-color: ☐ green;
105
        color: ☐ white;
106
        padding: 16px 20px;
```

```
margin: 8px 0;
108
        border: none;
        cursor: pointer;
        width: 100px;
110
111
        opacity: 0.9;
112
113
114
115
      .footerbar{
          background-color: purple;
116
          border-top: 2px solid ■#ddd;
117
118
          text-align: center;
119
          padding: 1px 1px 1px 1px;
120
        height: 50px;
121
      }
```

We use CSS¹ to define style. We use some parameters to define styles such as: padding, margin, border, cursor, colour, background, height, width etc.

Everything mention with dot at the beginning it is a class, for example:

.banner

.topnav

.topnav a

px. Is abbreviation for pixel<sup>2</sup>

0i131i433j0i433j0j69i60l2.4346j0j4&sourceid=chrome&ie=UTF-8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) is used to style and lay out web pages — for example, to alter the font, color, size, and spacing of your content, split it into multiple columns, or add animations and other decorative features. This module provides a gentle beginning to your path towards CSS mastery with the basics of how it works, what the syntax looks like, and how you can start using it to add styling to HTML", <a href="https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/CSS/First\_steps">https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/CSS/First\_steps</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "The term "pixel" is actually short for "Picture Element." These small little dots are what make up the images on computer displays, whether they are flat-screen (LCD) or tube (CRT) monitors. The screen is divided up into a matrix of thousands or even millions of pixels.", https://www.google.com/search?q=pixel&rlz=1C1CHWL\_en&oq=pixel&aqs=chrome..69i57j0i433i457j0i433j

PHP

The code has been used from teacher's source.

common.php

```
<?php
function outputHeader($title){
   echo '<!DOCTYPE html>';
   echo '<html>';
   echo '<head>';
   echo '<title>' . $title . '</title>';
   echo '<!-- Link to external style sheet -->';
    echo '<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="stylesheet.css">';
    echo '</head>';
   echo '<body>';
function outputBannerNavigation($pageName){
    echo '<div class="banner"><img src="images/logo.png" alt="This is a logo"/>
</div>';
    echo '<div class="navigation">';
    $linkNames = array("Home", "Ranking", "Registration", "Login");
    $linkAddresses = array("index.php", "ranking.php", "register.php", "login.php");
```

We use PHP<sup>3</sup> for:

"PHP is a server-side scripting language, which is used to manage the dynamic content of the website"<sup>4</sup>

PHP scripts do not work in the browser, there are executed on the server site.

## register.php - code

```
//Include the PHP functions to be used on the page
include('common.php');

//Output header and navigation
outputHeader("Hangman Game - Registration");
outputBannerNavigation("Registration");

//Output BannerNavigation("Registration");

//Outp
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> "PHP (recursive acronym for PHP: Hypertext Preprocessor) is a widely-used open source general-purpose scripting language that is especially suited for web development and can be embedded into HTML.", <a href="https://www.php.net/manual/en/intro-whatis.php">https://www.php.net/manual/en/intro-whatis.php</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> https://www.javatpoint.com/php-tutorial

```
cinput type="text" placeholder="Enter Email " name="email" id="email" required></br>
c/div>
cdiv>
cdiv>
clabel for="psw">
clabel for="psw"><b>Password</b></label>
cinput type="password" placeholder="Enter Password" name="psw" id="psw" required></br>
cinput type="password" placeholder="Enter Password" name="psw" id="psw" required></br>
clabel for="psw-repeat">
clabel for="psw-repeat">
clabel for="psw-repeat"><b>Repeat Password</b></label>
clabel for="psw-repeat" required></br>
clabel for="psw-repeat" placeholder="Repeat Password" name="psw-repeat" id="psw-repeat" required></br>
clabel for="psw-repeat" required></br>
clabel for="psw-repeat">
clabel for="psw-repeat">
clabel for="psw-repeat">
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clabel for="psw-repeat" required></br>
clabel>
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clab
```

register.php include connection to common.php file