Class 10 Structural Bioinformatics

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Section 1 Intro to RCSB Protein Data Bank

Here we examine the size and composition of the main database of biomolecular structures- the PDB.

```
pdbstats <- read.csv("datasummary.csv", row.names=1)
head(pdbstats)
```

	X.ray	EM	NMR	Multiple.methods	Neutron	Other
Protein (only)	161,663	12,592	12,337	200	74	32
Protein/Oligosaccharide	9,348	2,167	34	8	2	0
Protein/NA	8,404	3,924	286	7	0	0
Nucleic acid (only)	2,758	125	1,477	14	3	1
Other	164	9	33	0	0	0
Oligosaccharide (only)	11	0	6	1	0	4

	Total
Protein (only)	186,898
Protein/Oligosaccharide	11,559
Protein/NA	12,621
Nucleic acid (only)	4,378
Other	206
Oligosaccharide (only)	22

> Q1. What percentage of structures in the PDB are solved by X-ray and electron microscopy?

My pdb stats data has numbers with commas in them which may cause problems. Testing it out:

```
pdbstats$X.ray
```

```
[1] "161,663" "9,348"   "8,404"   "2,758"   "164"     "11"
```

```
as.numeric(pdbstats$X.ray)
```

```
Warning: NAs introduced by coercion
```

```
[1]  NA  NA  NA  NA 164  11
```

Found a function called `gsub()` so now we figure out how it works

```
x <- "49,234"
sum(as.numeric(gsub(",", "", x)))
```

```
[1] 49234
```

Can use this function for every column

```
commasum <- function(x) {
sum(as.numeric(gsub(",", "", x)))
}

commasum(pdbstats$X.ray)
```

```
[1] 182348
```

```
totals <- apply(pdbstats,2,commasum)
```

```
round(totals/totals["Total"] * 100, 2)
```

```
          X.ray              EM             NMR Multiple.methods
          84.54            8.72            6.57            0.11
        Neutron           Other           Total
           0.04            0.02          100.00
```

With X.ray 84.54 percent and EM 8.72 percent

```
# Percentage of Xray and EM
84.54 + 8.72
```

```
[1] 93.26
```

Q2. What proportion of structures in the PDB are protein?

```
proteintotal <- as.numeric(gsub(",", "", pdbstats[1,7]))

round(proteintotal/totals["Total"] * 100, 2)
```

```
Total
86.65
```

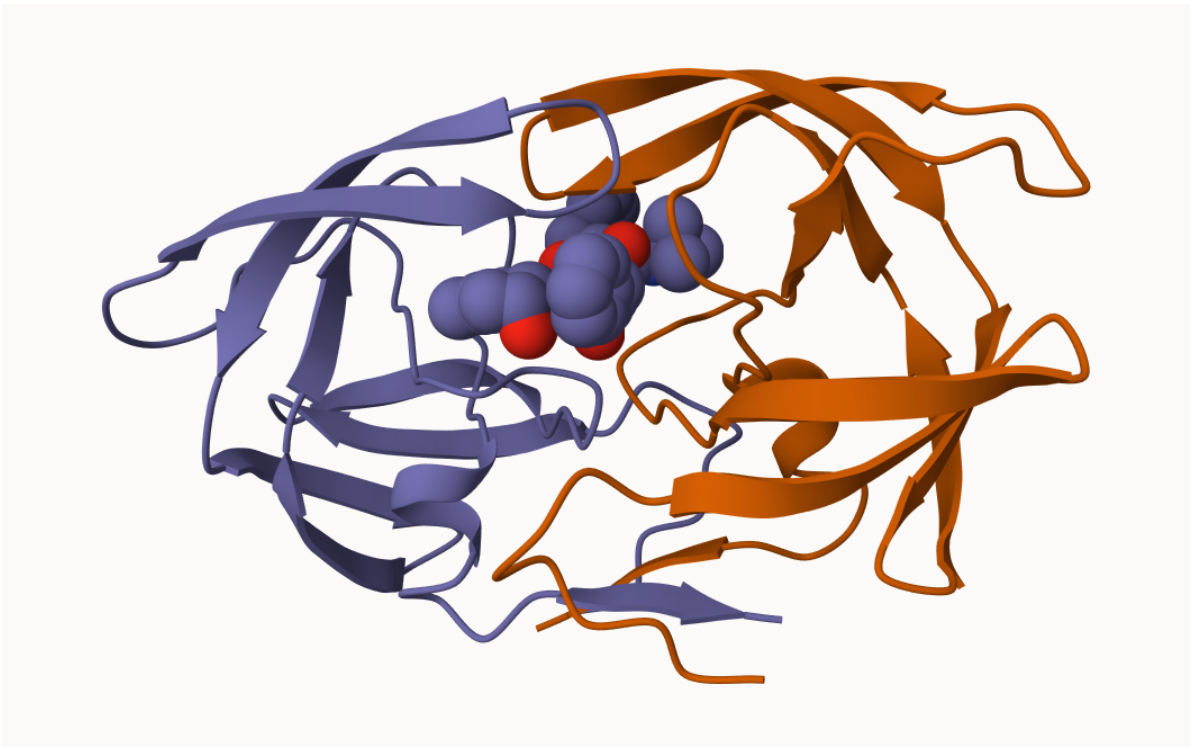
```
(215684/249751891 * 100)
```

```
[1] 0.08635931
```

Section 2 Visualizing Protein Structure

learning the basis of Mol* (mol-star)

PDB code with 1HSG



PDB with Asp 25's showing

Predict the dynamics or flexibility of an important protein:

```
library(bio3d)

hiv <- read.pdb("1hsg")
```

```
 Note: Accessing on-line PDB file
```

```
hiv
```

```
Call:  read.pdb(file = "1hsg")

  Total Models#: 1
    Total Atoms#: 1686,  XYZs#: 5058  Chains#: 2  (values: A B)
```

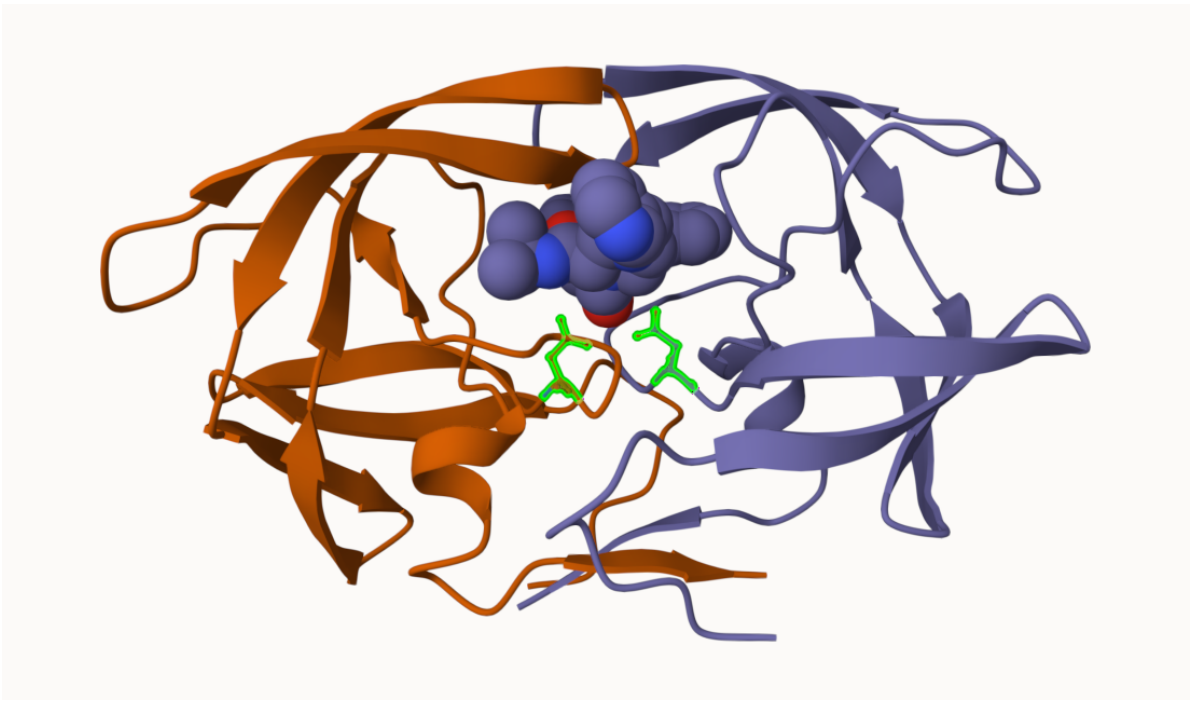


Figure 1: HIV-Pr with a bound inhibitor showing two crucial Asp 25 amino acids

```
    Protein Atoms#: 1514  (residues/Calpha atoms#: 198)
    Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0  (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)

    Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 172  (residues: 128)
    Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ HOH (127), MK1 (1) ]

  Protein sequence:
     PQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKEALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYD
     QILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTPVNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNFPQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKE
     ALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYDQILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTP
     VNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNF

+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,
        calpha, remark, call
```

```
head(hiv$atom)
```

```
  type eleno elety  alt resid chain resno insert      x      y     z o     b
```

```
1 ATOM     1     N <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 29.361 39.686 5.862 1 38.10
2 ATOM     2    CA <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 30.307 38.663 5.319 1 40.62
3 ATOM     3     C <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 29.760 38.071 4.022 1 42.64
4 ATOM     4     O <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 28.600 38.302 3.676 1 43.40
5 ATOM     5    CB <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 30.508 37.541 6.342 1 37.87
6 ATOM     6    CG <NA>   PRO     A     1   <NA> 29.296 37.591 7.162 1 38.40
  segid elesy charge
1  <NA>     N   <NA>
2  <NA>     C   <NA>
3  <NA>     C   <NA>
4  <NA>     O   <NA>
5  <NA>     C   <NA>
6  <NA>     C   <NA>
```

```
pdbseq(hiv)
```

```
  1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9  10  11  12  13  14  15  16  17  18  19  20
"P" "Q" "I" "T" "L" "W" "Q" "R" "P" "L" "V" "T" "I" "K" "I" "G" "G" "Q" "L" "K"
 21  22  23  24  25  26  27  28  29  30  31  32  33  34  35  36  37  38  39  40
"E" "A" "L" "L" "D" "T" "G" "A" "D" "D" "T" "V" "L" "E" "E" "M" "S" "L" "P" "G"
 41  42  43  44  45  46  47  48  49  50  51  52  53  54  55  56  57  58  59  60
"R" "W" "K" "P" "K" "M" "I" "G" "G" "I" "G" "G" "F" "I" "K" "V" "R" "Q" "Y" "D"
 61  62  63  64  65  66  67  68  69  70  71  72  73  74  75  76  77  78  79  80
"Q" "I" "L" "I" "E" "I" "C" "G" "H" "K" "A" "I" "G" "T" "V" "L" "V" "G" "P" "T"
 81  82  83  84  85  86  87  88  89  90  91  92  93  94  95  96  97  98  99   1
"P" "V" "N" "I" "I" "G" "R" "N" "L" "L" "T" "Q" "I" "G" "C" "T" "L" "N" "F" "P"
  2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9  10  11  12  13  14  15  16  17  18  19  20  21
"Q" "I" "T" "L" "W" "Q" "R" "P" "L" "V" "T" "I" "K" "I" "G" "G" "Q" "L" "K" "E"
 22  23  24  25  26  27  28  29  30  31  32  33  34  35  36  37  38  39  40  41
"A" "L" "L" "D" "T" "G" "A" "D" "D" "T" "V" "L" "E" "E" "M" "S" "L" "P" "G" "R"
 42  43  44  45  46  47  48  49  50  51  52  53  54  55  56  57  58  59  60  61
"W" "K" "P" "K" "M" "I" "G" "G" "I" "G" "G" "F" "I" "K" "V" "R" "Q" "Y" "D" "Q"
 62  63  64  65  66  67  68  69  70  71  72  73  74  75  76  77  78  79  80  81
"I" "L" "I" "E" "I" "C" "G" "H" "K" "A" "I" "G" "T" "V" "L" "V" "G" "P" "T" "P"
 82  83  84  85  86  87  88  89  90  91  92  93  94  95  96  97  98  99
"V" "N" "I" "I" "G" "R" "N" "L" "L" "T" "Q" "I" "G" "C" "T" "L" "N" "F"
```

Doing NMA:

```
adk <- read.pdb("6s36")
```

```
 Note: Accessing on-line PDB file
  PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
```

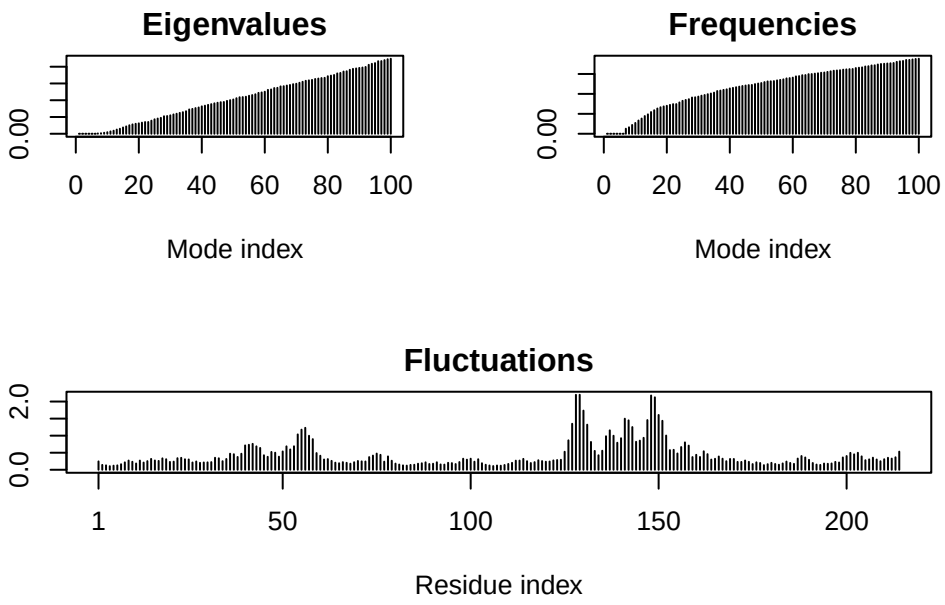
```
adk
```

```
 Call:  read.pdb(file = "6s36")

   Total Models#: 1
     Total Atoms#: 1898,  XYZs#: 5694  Chains#: 1  (values: A)

     Protein Atoms#: 1654  (residues/Calpha atoms#: 214)
     Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0  (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)

     Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 244  (residues: 244)
     Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ CL (3), HOH (238), MG (2), NA (1) ]

   Protein sequence:
      MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQISTGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVT
      DELVIALVKERIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFDVPDELIVDKI
      VGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTGEELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIG
      YYSKEAEAGNTKYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG

+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,
        calpha, remark, call
```

```
modes <- nma(adk)
```

```
 Building Hessian...        Done in 0.04 seconds.
 Diagonalizing Hessian...   Done in 0.38 seconds.
```

```
plot(modes)
```



There are certain regions of the sequence that is more flexible.

Make a "movie" called a trajectory to predict motions:

```
mktrj(modes, file = "adk_m7.pdb")
```

Then we can open it in Mol*