

# PurePath™ Smart Amp for Laptops

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#### **ABSTRACT**

Laptop computers have special time requirements and memory restrictions that are not usually present on other device form factors. This report discusses methods to configure the Smart Amp device in a basic mode during the computer Power-on Self-test (POST) to overcome these limitations. Download times and memory requirements are also presented for each configuration.

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#### **General Overview** 1

This document was developed to help the software and hardware engineer:

- Understand the problem by providing background information (Chapter 2)
- Understand the Basic and Smart Amp configuration modes (Chapter 3)
- Explore the configuration options (Chapter 5)

#### 1.1 **Tips**

When selecting a code snippet for copy-paste, select the entire block not just the text, as the following image shows:



### 1.2 Supported Smart Amp Devices

This document pertains to the following Smart Amp devices:

- 1. <u>TAS5766M</u>
- 2. TAS5768M

## 2 Background Information

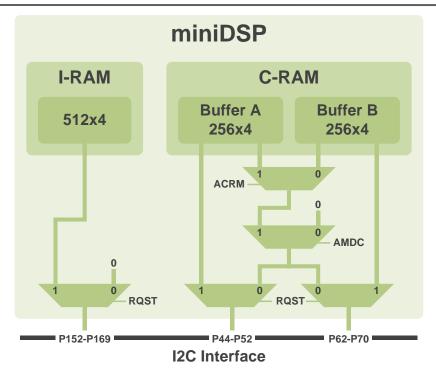
Laptop computers have special time requirements and memory restrictions that are not usually present on other device form factors:

- 1. The computer *Power-on Self-test* (POST) must complete within a defined time, which depends on the hardware configuration of the computer [1]. This limits the time available to download the Smart Amp code into the Smart Amp device.
- 2. The Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) of the computer might limit how much Smart Amp code can be stored.

There are several methods that can be employed to mitigate these restrictions which are explained in the following sections.

The TAS5766M has an integrated miniDSP with volatile memory for instructions (I-RAM) and coefficients (C-RAM). Figure 1 shows a high-level overview of this architecture.





**TAS5766M miniDSP Memory Access** Figure 1.

Looking at Figure 1 and Table 1, it can be concluded that I-RAM and C-RAM are fully accessible through I<sup>2</sup>C during Standby Mode and C-RAM is partially available in Adaptive Mode.

| Name Page / Register / Bit(s) |           | Description           |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|
| RQST                          | P0_R2_D4  | Standby Request       |
| AMDC                          | P44_R1_D2 | Adaptive Mode Control |
| ACRM                          | P44_R1_D3 | Active CRAM Monitor   |

Table 1. **Memory Access Control Bits** 

#### In summary:

- 1. When the TAS5766M is in Standby Mode (RQST = 1), I-RAM is available through P152-P169, C-RAM Buffer A is available through P44-P52 and C-RAM Buffer B is available through P62-70 via the I<sup>2</sup>C interface.
- 2. When the TAS5766M is in Active Mode (RQST = 0) and in Non-adaptive Mode (AMDC = 0), I-RAM and C-RAM cannot be accessed via the I<sup>2</sup>C interface.
- 3. When the TAS5766M is in Active Mode (RQST = 0) and in Adaptive Mode (AMDC = 1), only one of the C-RAM buffers can be accessed via the I2C interface based on the ACRM bit status.

An important detail is that the I-RAM contents are retained even if the device is reset. Only a power cycle of the 3.3-V supplies will clear the I-RAM contents. C-RAM is set to its default when reset.



Refer to the *PurePath™ Smart Amp Design Guide* for additional details on accessing C-RAM. See [2] for information on how to obtain this document.

Table 2 shows the worst-case download time and memory requirements for the TAS5766M. The Smart Amp code itself may take a little less time to download since it may consume less I-RAM and C-RAM resources but should be close these numbers. The download time row assumes no time between  $I^2C$  transactions (that is,  $t_{BUF} = 0$ ). However, the minimum time allowed between STOP and START commands by the  $I^2C$  specification should not impact these numbers significantly.

Table 2. TAS5766M Worst-Case Download Time and Memory Requirements

|                                     | miniDSP I-RAM | miniDSP C-RAM | Configuration | Total  |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------|
| Words                               | 512           | 512           | -             | 1024   |
| Data Bytes                          | 2048          | 2048          | 21            | 4117   |
| Overhead Bytes                      | 90            | 90            | 42            | 222    |
| Total Bytes                         | 2138          | 2138          | 63            | 4339   |
| I <sup>2</sup> C Download Time (ms) |               |               |               |        |
| 400 kHz                             | 48.11         | 48.11         | 1.42          | 97.63  |
| 100 kHz                             | 192.42        | 192.42        | 5.67          | 390.51 |

Note that it takes approximately 18 ms for the output to produce a pulse-width modulation (PWM) signal once the TAS5766M is configured in *Active Mode* or the *Audio Serial Interface* (ASI) is provided in *Active Mode*.



### Configuration Modes

As shown in the accompanying diagram, the TAS5766M can be configured into a Basic Mode during POST to reduce the size and download time at this stage. Basic Mode remains active during MS-DOS® Mode or an operating system (OS) installation.

If the computer boots the operating system, it can load Smart Amp Mode through the audio driver through the Chipset or the Embedded Controller (EC). The Smart Amp Mode code can reside on the driver itself or the EC.

Once the OS has completed the booting process, it is considered Active.

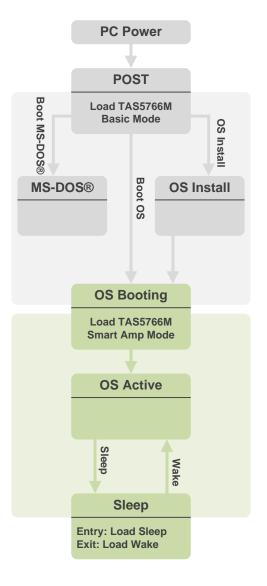
If the OS issues a sleep event, the audio driver can issue a Sleep command to the TAS5766M.

Once the OS issues a wake event, the audio driver can issue a Wake command to the TAS5766M.

If the system does not have any restrictions on size and download time during POST, then there is no need to load Basic Mode. Smart Amp Mode could be loaded directly in such case.

The following subsections discuss details on:

- 1. Basic Mode
- 2. Smart Amp Mode
- Sleep
- 4. Wake



The actual implementation options for these configurations are presented in Chapter 5.

#### **Basic Mode** 3.1

Basic Mode allows playback to the laptop loudspeaker without exceeding its power handling specification. It simply configures the TAS5766M with no processing and a fixed output level.

As explained in the PurePath™ Smart Amp Design Guide, the peak amplitude corresponding to a particular loudspeaker power handling level can be calculated by the following equation:

$$V_{pk,basic} = \sqrt{2P_{ave,spk} \times Z_L}$$



For example, an 8-ohm speaker rated for 5 W can withstand a 9  $V_{pk}$  sinusoid. The goal is to configure the TAS5766M *Digital Volume* control in Basic Mode such that the calculated peak level is never exceeded. The *Digital Volume* control is available on *Page 0 / Registers 61* and 62, as shown in the following tables.

Table 3. Page 0 / Register 61

| Dec   | Hex   | b7    | b6    | b5    | b4    | b3    | b2    | b1    | b0    |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 61    | 3D    | VOLL7 | VOLL6 | VOLL5 | VOLL4 | VOLL3 | VOLL2 | VOLL1 | VOLL0 |
| Reset | Value | 0     | 0     | 1     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     |

| VOLL[7:0] | Left Digital Volume   |
|-----------|---|
|           | These bits control the left channel digital volume. The digital volume is 0 dB to −103 dB in −0.5 dB steps. |
|           | Default value: 00110000   |
|           | 00000000: Reserved  |
|           | 00000001: Reserved  |
|           |   |
|           | 00101111: Reserved  |
|           | 00110000: 0.0 dB  |
|           | 00110001: −0.5 dB   |
|           |   |
|           | 11111110: −103 dB   |
|           | 11111111: Mute  |

Table 4. Page 0 / Register 62

| Dec   | Hex   | b7    | b6    | b5    | b4    | b3    | b2    | b1    | b0    |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 62    | 3E    | VOLR7 | VOLR6 | VOLR5 | VOLR4 | VOLR3 | VOLR2 | VOLR1 | VOLR0 |
| Reset | Value | 0     | 0     | 1     | 1     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     |

| VOLR[7:0] | Right Digital Volume   |
|-----------|--|
|           | These bits control the right channel digital volume. The digital volume is 0 dB to −103 dB in −0.5 dB steps. |
|           | Default value: 00110000  |
|           | 00000000: Reserved   |
|           | 00000001: Reserved   |
|           |  |
|           | 00101111: Reserved   |
|           | 00110000: 0.0 dB   |
|           | 00110001: −0.5 dB  |
|           |  |
|           | 11111110: −103 dB  |
|           | 1111111: Mute  |



Refer to the Calibrating the System Gain in the End-System section of the PurePath™ Smart Amp Design Guide document for details on obtaining the System Gain. Once the System Gain is known, the TAS5766M Digital Volume level can be calculated as follows:

$$G_{digital} = 20 \times \log_{10} \frac{V_{pk,basic}}{G_{system}}$$

As an example, if 9 V is the peak voltage to keep the loudspeaker within specifications and the system gain is 28, then the digital gain setting must be configured as -10dB (or 0x44) for both channels. This value should be entered in the Basic Mode block (see Appendix C).

#### 3.2 **Smart Amp Mode**

Smart Amp Mode simply configures the TAS5766M into Smart Amp mode. In this mode, the tuning performed with the PurePath™ Console software should be implemented.

#### 3.3 **Sleep Commands**

The TAS5766M should be set into sleep when the computer goes to sleep to save power. During this time, all 3.3-V supplies should be present in order to keep the device configuration intact.

#### 3.4 Wake Commands

Once the PVCC supply is stable, the device status can be restored when the computer wakes from Sleep.



#### 4 Audio Driver

Texas Instruments does not provide audio drivers to implement this functionality. However, this application report does provide recommendations on its implementation.

Once the final Smart Amp tuning is complete, the resulting header files generated by the PurePath™ Console software (see Chapter 6) can be compiled into the driver. This may seem straightforward; however, audio engineers might want to work with several tunings before considering these final. To assist with this tuning process, a pipe in the driver to parse .cfg text files could be used during development (DEBUG = 1), as shown in Figure 2. This allows the developer to tune without having to recompile the driver code.

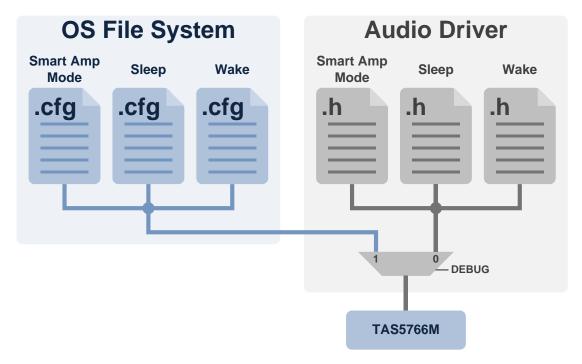


Figure 2. Audio Driver with .cfg File Pipe

## **5 Configuration Options**

This chapter describes several configuration options and their size and download time requirements. To create a *Mode*, simply copy and paste the *Blocks* from the Appendix sections into a custom .reg file. These files and how to generate output cfg and header files are described in Chapter 6.



#### 5.1 **Configuration 1**

This configuration writes the Smart Amp Mode I-RAM in Basic Mode.

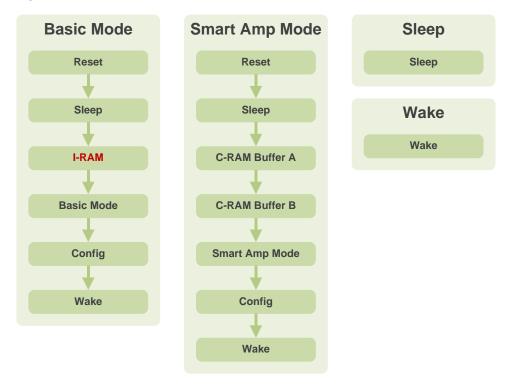


Figure 3. Configuration 1

**Configuration 1 Download Time and Memory Requirements** Table 5.

|                                     | Basic Mode | Smart Amp Mode | Sleep | Wake |
|-------------------------------------|------------|----------------|-------|------|
| Data Bytes                          | 2069       | 2063           | 3     | 3    |
| Overhead Bytes                      | 132        | 120            | 6     | 6    |
| Total Bytes                         | 2201       | 2183           | 9     | 9    |
| I <sup>2</sup> C Download Time (ms) |            |                |       |      |
| 400 kHz                             | 49.52      | 49.12          | 0.20  | 0.20 |
| 100 kHz                             | 198.09     | 196.47         | 0.81  | 0.81 |



## 5.2 Configuration 2

This configuration removes the C-RAM Buffer B configuration. This should only be used if Smart Amp parameters (for example, volume) are **not** changed on-the-fly.

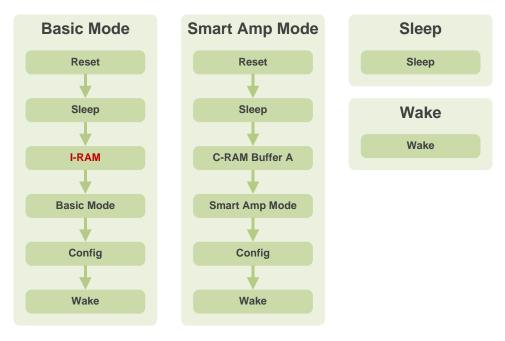


Figure 4. Configuration 2

Table 6. Configuration 2 Download Time and Memory Requirements

|                                     | Basic Mode | Smart Amp Mode | Sleep | Wake |
|-------------------------------------|------------|----------------|-------|------|
| Data Bytes                          | 2069       | 1039           | 3     | 3    |
| Overhead Bytes                      | 132        | 75             | 6     | 6    |
| Total Bytes                         | 2201       | 1114           | 9     | 9    |
| I <sup>2</sup> C Download Time (ms) |            |                |       |      |
| 400 kHz                             | 49.52      | 25.07          | 0.20  | 0.20 |
| 100 kHz                             | 198.09     | 100.26         | 0.81  | 0.81 |



#### 5.3 **Configuration 3**

This configuration reduces code size and download times during POST.

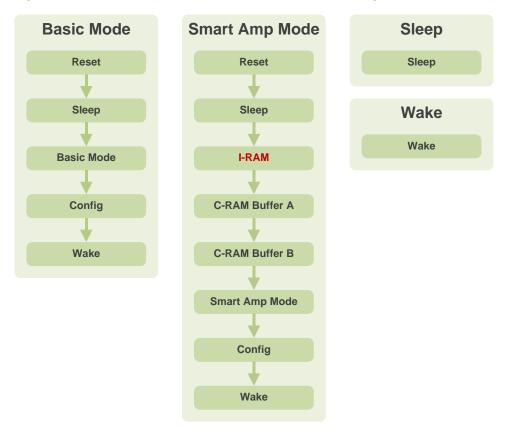


Figure 5. Configuration 3

**Configuration 3 Download Time and Memory Requirements** Table 7.

|                                     | Basic Mode | Smart Amp Mode | Sleep | Wake |
|-------------------------------------|------------|----------------|-------|------|
| Data Bytes                          | 21         | 4111           | 3     | 3    |
| Overhead Bytes                      | 42         | 210            | 6     | 6    |
| Total Bytes                         | 63         | 4321           | 9     | 9    |
| I <sup>2</sup> C Download Time (ms) |            |                |       |      |
| 400 kHz                             | 1.42       | 97.22          | 0.20  | 0.20 |
| 100 kHz                             | 5.67       | 388.89         | 0.81  | 0.81 |



### 5.4 Configuration 4

This configuration reduces code size and download times during POST and removes the C-RAM Buffer B configuration. This should only be used if Smart Amp parameters (for example, volume) are **not** changed on-the-fly.

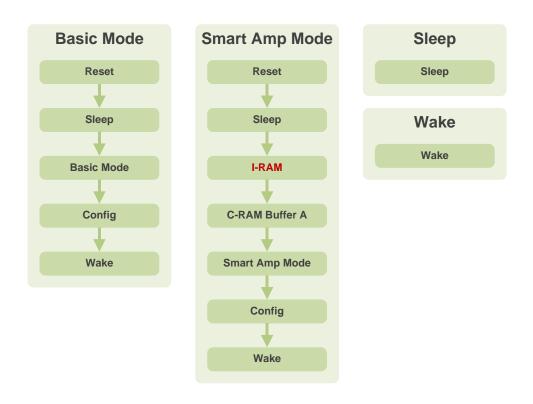


Figure 6. Configuration 4

 Table 8.
 Configuration 4 Download Time and Memory Requirements

|                                     | Basic Mode | Smart Amp Mode | Sleep | Wake |
|-------------------------------------|------------|----------------|-------|------|
| Data Bytes                          | 21         | 3087           | 3     | 3    |
| Overhead Bytes                      | 42         | 165            | 6     | 6    |
| Total Bytes                         | 63         | 3252           | 9     | 9    |
| I <sup>2</sup> C Download Time (ms) |            |                |       |      |
| 400 kHz                             | 1.42       | 73.17          | 0.20  | 0.20 |
| 100 kHz                             | 5.67       | 292.68         | 0.81  | 0.81 |



### Generating Output Files

As explained in the PurePath™ Smart Amp Design Guide and the PurePath Console Quick Start User Guide documents, Dump Definition Files (.reg extension) define how the output .cfg or .h file will be generated based on the contents of the device. This process should be performed once the desired Smart Amp tuning is performed and requires having the TAS5766M EVM connected to the *PurePath™ Console* software.

In the .reg snippet below, the first command will generate a write command in the header file that writes 0x2C to Register 0.

```
# Select Page 44
0 = 0x2C
# Enable miniDSP D Adaptive Mode
1 = 0 \times 04
# Select Page 0
0 = 0x00
```

Figure 7. Example .reg file

Figure 8 contains the generated header file snippet.

```
// Select Page 44
    { 0x00, 0x2C },
// Enable miniDSP_D Adaptive Mode
    { 0x01, 0x04 },
// Select Page 0
    { 0x00, 0x00 },
```

Figure 8. Output .h file

A 'xx' in a .reg file instructs the header file generator to dump the contents of a particular register or range of registers. In Figure 9, registers 0x08 to 0x7F of Page 44 are dumped from the TAS5766M EVM into a header file.

```
# Coefficient Memory A
# page 44 (0x2C)
0x00, 0x2C, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x2C, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 45 (0x2D)
0x00, 0x2D, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x2D, 0x08-0x7F = xx
```

**Example .reg File Using the Dump Feature** 



Figure 10 shows the resulting header file.

Figure 10. Output .h File Using the Dump Feature

To minimize code size, a special command CFG\_META\_BURST is generated if the Burst field in the Register Dump configuration window is greater than 1. This will repurpose the register offset field in the header file for data bytes of consecutive register writes. The Burst value **must** be set to either 1 or 120 for PurePath™ Console 1.16 revision 32169 or earlier.



Figure 11. Burst Size Configuration

The snippet in Figure 12 shows the output when Burst is 120.

Figure 12. Output .h File Using the Dump Feature (Burst = 128)



## References

[1] Windows Hardware Certification Requirements: Client and Server Systems. http://download.microsoft.com/download/A/D/F/ADF5BEDE-C0FB-4CC0-A3E1-B38093F50BA1/windows8-hardware-cert-requirements-system.pdf

[2] http://www.ti.com/lit/pdf/slaa625



# Appendix A. Reset Block

Reset

```
# Command Dump Configuration
#------
# Project: PurePath™ Smart Amp for Laptops
# SA Plug-in Version: TAS5766MDCAEVM v4.0010
# Block: Reset
# Version: 20141008
#------
# Reset
#------
# Select Page 0
0 = 0x00
# Set the device into Powerdown
2 = 0x11
# Reset Device
1 = 0x11
```

Figure 13. Reset Block Code



# Appendix B. Sleep Block

Sleep

```
# Command Dump Configuration
# Project: PurePath™ Smart Amp for Laptops
# SA Plug-in Version: TAS5766MDCAEVM v4.0010
# Block: Sleep
# Version: 20141008
# Select Page 0
0 = 0x00
# Mute Left and Right Channels
3 = 0x11
# Set the device into Standby
2 = 0 \times 10
```

Figure 14. Sleep Block Code



## **Appendix C. Basic Mode Block**

**Basic Mode** 

```
# Command Dump Configuration
# Project: PurePath™ Smart Amp for Laptops
# SA Plug-in Version: TAS5766MDCAEVM v4.0010
# Block: Basic Mode
# Version: 20141008
# Select DSP Mode 1
# Select Page 0
0 = 0 \times 00
# DSP Program = Mode 1
43 = 0 \times 01
# Digital Volume Control
# *Configure based on speaker power handling*
# See Smart Amp Design Guide
61 = 0x30
62 = 0 \times 30
# Select Page 44
0 = 0x2C
# Disable miniDSP_D Adaptive Mode
1 = 0 \times 00
```

Figure 15. Basic Mode Block Code



# Appendix D. Config Block

Config

```
# Command Dump Configuration
# Project: PurePath™ Smart Amp for Laptops
# SA Plug-in Version: TAS5766MDCAEVM v4.0010
# Block: Config
# Version: 20141008
# Post-configuration
# Select Page 1
0 = 0 \times 01
# Charge Pump Delay = 165ns
3 = 0x04
# Select Page 0
0 = 0 \times 00
# PLL reference clock = BCK (no SCK present)
13 = 0 \times 10
# Ignore SCK halt detection (no SCK present)
37 = 0 \times 08
# Fast BG ramp-up
8 = 0 \times 10
```

Figure 16. Config Block Code



# Appendix E. Wake Block

Wake

Figure 17. Wake Block Code



# Appendix F. Smart Amp Mode Block

**Smart Amp Mode** 

```
# Command Dump Configuration
# Project: PurePath™ Smart Amp for Laptops
# SA Plug-in Version: TAS5766MDCAEVM v4.0010
# Block: Smart Amp Mode
# Version: 20141008
# Smart Amp Mode
# Select Page 0
0 = 0 \times 00
# DSP Program = miniDSP
43 = 0x1F
# Digital Volume Control = 0dB
61 = 0x30
62 = 0 \times 30
# Select Page 44
0 = 0x2C
# Disable miniDSP_D Adaptive Mode
1 = 0 \times 00
# Enable miniDSP_D Adaptive Mode
1 = 0x04
```

Figure 18. Smart Amp Mode Block Code



## **Appendix G. I-RAM Block**

**I-RAM** 

```
# Instruction Memory
# page 152 (0x98)
0x00, 0x98, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x98, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 153 (0x99)
0x00, 0x99, 0x00 = xx

0x00, 0x99, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 154 (0x9A)
0x00, 0x9A, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x9A, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 155 (0x9B)
0x00, 0x9B, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x9B, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 156 (0x9C)
0x00, 0x9C, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x9C, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 157 (0x9D)
0x00, 0x9D, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x9D, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 158 (0x9E)
0x00, 0x9E, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x9E, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 159 (0x9F)
0x00, 0x9F, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x9F, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 160 (0xA0)
0 \times 00, 0 \times A0, 0 \times 00 = xx
0x00, 0xA0, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 161 (0xA1)
0x00, 0xA1, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0xA1, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 162 (0xA2)
0x00, 0xA2, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0xA2, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 163 (0xA3)
0x00, 0xA3, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0xA3, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 164 (0xA4)
0x00, 0xA4, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0xA4, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 165 (0xA5)
0x00, 0xA5, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0xA5, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 166 (0xA6)
0x00, 0xA6, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0xA6, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 167 (0xA7)
0 \times 00, 0 \times A7, 0 \times 00 = \times \times
0x00, 0xA7, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 168 (0xA8)
0x00, 0xA8, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0xA8, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 169 (0xA9)
0x00, 0xA9, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0xA9, 0x08-0x7F = xx
```

Figure 19. I-RAM Block Code



### Appendix H. C-RAM Buffer A Block

**C-RAM Buffer A** 

```
# Command Dump Configuration
# Project: PurePath™ Smart Amp for Laptops
# SA Plug-in Version: TAS5766MDCAEVM v4.0010
# Block: C-RAM Buffer A
# Version: 20141008
#-----
# Begin C-RAM D, Buffer A Dump
#-----
# Coefficient Memory A
# page 44 (0x2C)
0x00, 0x2C, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x2C, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 45 (0x2D)
0x00, 0x2D, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x2D, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 46 (0x2E)
0x00, 0x2E, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x2E, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 47 (0x2F)
0x00, 0x2F, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x2F, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 48 (0x30)
0x00, 0x30, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x30, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 49 (0x31)
0x00, 0x31, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x31, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 50 (0x32)
0x00, 0x32, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x32, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 51 (0x33)
0x00, 0x33, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x33, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 52 (0x34)
0x00, 0x34, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x34, 0x08-0x7F = xx
```

Figure 20. C-RAM Buffer A Block Code



### **Appendix I. C-RAM Buffer B Block**

C-RAM Buffer B

```
# Command Dump Configuration
# Project: PurePath™ Smart Amp for Laptops
# SA Plug-in Version: TAS5766MDCAEVM v4.0010
# Block: C-RAM Buffer B
# Version: 20141008
# Begin C-RAM D, Buffer B Dump
#-----
# Coefficient Memory B
# page 62 (0x3E)
0 \times 00, 0 \times 3E, 0 \times 00 = xx
0x00, 0x3E, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 63 (0x3F)
0x00, 0x3F, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x3F, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 64 (0x40)
0 \times 00, 0 \times 40, 0 \times 00 = xx
0x00, 0x40, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 65 (0x41)
0x00, 0x41, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x41, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 66 (0x42)
0 \times 00, 0 \times 42, 0 \times 00 = xx
0x00, 0x42, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 67 (0x43)
0x00, 0x43, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x43, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 68 (0x44)
0 \times 00, 0 \times 44, 0 \times 00 = xx
0x00, 0x44, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 69 (0x45)
0x00, 0x45, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x45, 0x08-0x7F = xx
# page 70 (0x46)
0x00, 0x46, 0x00 = xx
0x00, 0x46, 0x08-0x7F = xx
```

Figure 21. C-RAM Buffer B Block Code



# **Revision History**

This revision history highlights the changes made to this application report.

### **Revision History**

| Version  | Date         | Author(s) | Additions/Modifications/Deletions  |
|----------|--------------|-----------|--|
| 20141008 | October 2014 | J. Arbona | - Initial Release.   |
| 20141009 | October 2014 | J. Arbona | - Fixed typo, added Driver section.                                      |
| 20141010 | October 2014 | J. Arbona | - Figure 11 shows burst size of 120 I-RAM block last dump set 0x08-0x7F. |
| Rev. A   | March 2015   | J. Arbona | - Table 1 RQST is P0_R2_D4.  |

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