Using Increased Learning Time for Individualized Instruction and Tiered Academic Support

School Turnaround Learning Community
August 2, 2011

National Center on Time & Learning: Who are we?

In ten years at least one million children in high poverty communities will attend schools that have redesigned their school day or year to expand learning time to support academic improvement and offer a well-rounded education.







Generating Knowledge

Influencing Policy

Affecting Practice

Knowledge Management

Federal Policy

School Transformation

Research

National Movement Building

Massachusetts ELT Initiative

State and District Engagement

On-going support to SEAs, districts & schools in MA, DE, OK, MI, CO, HI



Webinar Objectives

ILT Group Objectives



A framework for expanding learning time



Assessing the quality of instructional time



Using existing time and resources more effectively



Improving teacher collaboration



Aligning in-school and afterschool programming (tiered intervention, add'l blocks of time, communication)

Our Approach



To help you understand how schools can effectively use Increased Learning Time



Checking the Boxes or Creating Results?

Use this understanding to help you learn how SEAs and LEAs can best support their SIG schools in implementing effective practices



NCTL Webinar Series Overview

WEEKLY TOPICS:

July 18-July 22: Overview & Making Every Minute Count

July 25-July 29: Resource Allocation – Making Choices to Prioritize Learning Time for Students

August 1-August 5: Using Increased Learning Time for Personalizing Instruction and Tiered Interventions

August 8-August 12: Using Increased Learning Time to Strengthen Instruction



Opening Webinar: Session Agenda

Today's Agenda:

Framework and Key Principles

School Examples and Lessons Learned

SEA/LEA Guidance – From Checking Boxes to Creating Results

Coming Tomorrow:

Practitioner Webinar: Craig Chalifoux Longsjo Middle School (MA)



Remember to:

Keep An Open Mind

- Resist drawing firm conclusions. Fight the urge to think "we can't do that because . . ."
- Use the examples we share as a **starting point** in figuring out what works best for your state or district and the schools with which you work.
- Creativity is the key. This is still a new field; your state, district, or school can create the next breakthe-mold strategy.

What do we mean by Increased Learning Time?

Increased Learning Time Means:

At least 300 hours of additional learning time for all students

A balanced approach to the school day more time for core academics, engaging enrichment activities & teacher collaboration

A catalyst for school redesign and turnaround

Enabling deeper implementation of school-wide and district priorities

Better integration of community partnerships into the school day



Interpreting Federal ILT Guidance for States

A-32d.

... An LEA has the flexibility to determine how to precisely meet the requirements to establish schedules that provide increase learning time, and should do so with an eye toward *the goal of increasing learning time enough to have a meaningful impact* on the academic program in which the model is being implemented.

What school/district ILT practices create "a meaningful impact"?

What else can SEAs do to support ILT efforts so they create "a meaningful impact"?



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Lessons Learned: High Performing ELT Schools

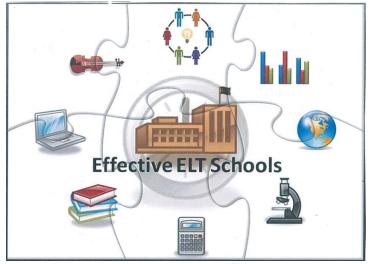


6. ENGAGING ENRICHMENT **Provide high quality enrichment** activities that support school wide academic goals, deepen student engagement and build towards mastery

1.STRENGTHENING INSTRUCTION **Ensure added time for teacher** collaboration is highly structured and focused so that it can be used effectively to improve instruction



5. FOCUS **Focus and narrow** in on specific academic goals and making every minute count





2. DATA DRIVEN Use data relentlessly to identify improvements to core instruction



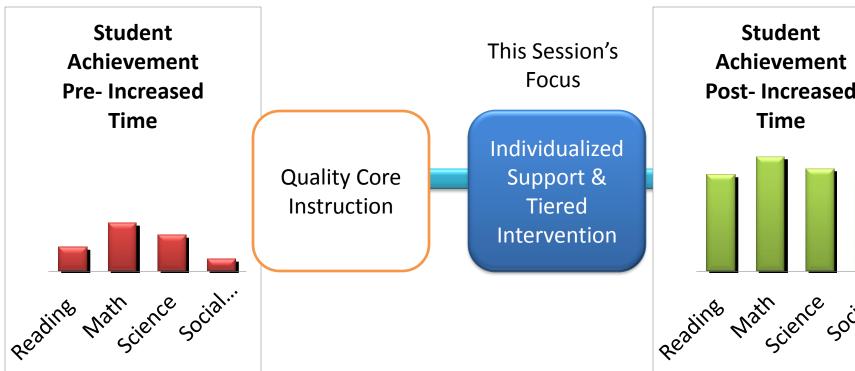
4. HIGH PERFORMING CULTURE Build a school culture based on high standards for learning and behavior that is reinforced daily

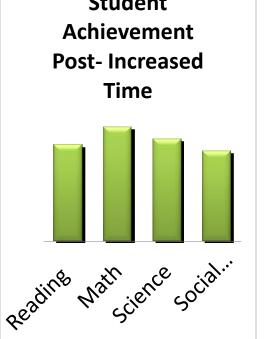


Match each student with the instructional supports they need to succeed at high levels with more time

Increased Learning Time Needs to be Driven by School-wide Achievement Goals

More time can accelerate learning by improving the *quality of core instruction* and providing the supports and interventions that allow all students to achieve.







Tiered Academic Support: Key Principles

Academic support is most effective when:

Teaching complements core instruction by previewing, reviewing, re-teaching, and providing additional practice on specific standards

Careful selection and flexible grouping of students takes place based on student needs and assessment data

Classes are staffed with trained and experienced individuals who have the specific expertise to meet student needs

Continuous monitoring of student progress takes place to evaluate impact and adjust content and instructional strategies

Opportunities for communication and collaboration among teachers are built into the school schedule to discuss instructional practices and student needs

Sufficient time is provided for struggling students to receive additional academics while maintaining a balance of academics and enrichment



School Profiles

Expanded School Day Supports:

Academic Leagues (Edwards Middle School)

Technology-based Intervention (Sheridan Public Schools)

Modular Scheduling for Intervention (Kuss Middle School)

Beyond the School Day Supports:

Summer Academies (Aurora & Cincinnati Schools)

In-School & Weekend Tutoring (MATCH School & Dever McCormack School)

Vacation Academies (Boston Turnaround Schools)



Poll Question:

Which type of interventions are you seeing the most in your schools/districts?

- Intervention blocks
- Adaptive, tech-based learning
- Tutoring
- Vacation Academies
- Summer learning academies

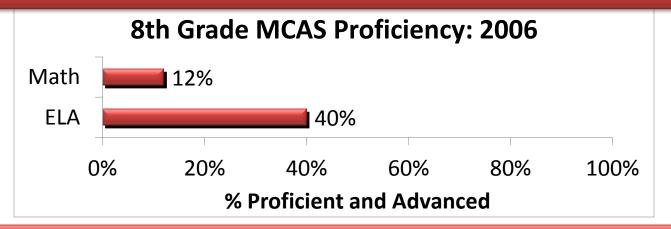


Clarence Edwards Middle School

Edwards School Facts					
Location Grades Start/End Time Student Pop. % Low Income					
Boston, MA	6 – 8	7:25 – 3:45	496	76	

Student Achievement Challenges at Edwards in 2006

Low student achievement in ELA and Math



School in danger of being closed



Edwards Middle School Academic Leagues

What is it?

Small group (15:1 student teacher ratio) academic support in math, ELA, or science

Target specific standards and strands

Who participates?

All Edwards students grouped by similar skill sets

7th and 8th grade taught by Edwards teachers

Citizen School (partner organization) teachers w/ 6th grade

How much time?

Every week (36 weeks)

Every student: 60 minutes each class, 4 times/week

Targeted students: 2 more classes of academic support

144+ hours each year

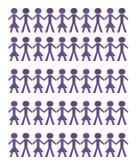
Edwards Middle School Student Schedule					
7:25-12:12					
Core Classes (4 periods)	Lunch	PE/Music/Art	Acad. League	Elective	



Technology to Support Reading in Sheridan, CO



Fort Logan Elementary School (Sheridan, CO)



50 Struggling 3rd Grade Readers—split into two groups of 25 students



3 Teachers—2 Literacy
Specialists, 1 Long Term Sub



1 Librarian

Reading Intervention: 45 min, 3x/week

2 separate supports alternate weekly

1st Support: Small Group Instruction



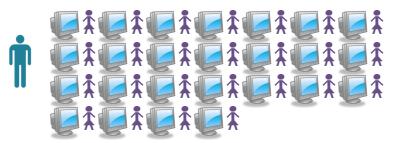




25 students receive 45 min. small group instruction in groups of 8 to 9

- Vocabulary, Reading, Spelling, Phonics

2nd Support: Adaptive Online Content



25 students receive 45 min. targeted practice in reading at their specific level



Matthew J Kuss Middle School Ramp Ups

Kuss School Facts			
Location	Fall River, MA		
Grades	6 – 8		
Start/End Time	7:18 – 3:30		
# of Students	648		
% Low Income	82		

Designated "Chronically Underperforming" in 2004

Expanded School Day in 2006

Made AYP past two years in 2009 and 2010

What is it?

Small group ELA and/or math support

Students placed and monitored based on interim assessments

Electives, Intervention or Acceleration

Supports taught by content teachers

How much time?

45 minutes, 1 to 6 times per week

27 to 162 total additional hours, depending on student needs

Schedule can be adjusted to each individual student as need identified



Matthew J Kuss Middle School Ramp Ups

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
7:18-8:06	Core:	Core:	Core:	Core: Math	Elective
8:08-8:52	Science	Science	ELA		Math Ramp Up
8:54-9:38	Specialty	ELA Ramp Up	Core: Math	Core:	Core: SS
9:40-10:24	Core: Math	Science Elec.		Science	Core:
10:28-11:12		Core: SS	Specialty	Math Ramp Up	ELA
11:14-12:26			LUNCH		
	Core: SS	Specialty	Core: SS	ELA Ramp Up	Specialty
12:28-1:12	Core:	Core:	ELA Ramp Up	Core:	Core:
1:14-1:58	ELA	Math	Math Ramp Up	ELA	Science
2:00-2:44	Elective	Core:	Core:	Core:	Core: Math
2:46-3:30	Science Elec.	ELA	Science	SS	

Core
Subjects
Additional
Academics
Specialty
(art, PE,
health)

Enrichment Elective

SAMPLE 7th GRADE TIER 3 STUDENT SCHEDULE

Open Response Question:

What types of in-school supports are being offered in the schools and districts with which you are working?

School Profiles

Expanded School Day Supports:

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Modular Scheduling for Intervention (Kuss Middle School)

Beyond the School Day Supports:

Summer Academies (Aurora & Cincinnati Schools)

In-School & Weekend Tutoring (MATCH School & Dever McCormack School)

Vacation Academies (Boston Turnaround Schools)



Looking Beyond the Expanded School Day



Student Achievement

Lower Achievemen For many students, an expanded school day provides the academic supports they need to be successful...



...but some require more supports







Successful schools also find time beyond the school calendar to provide these supports



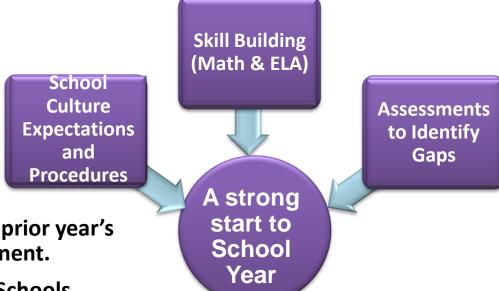
Summer Programming

Aurora Public Schools

- Students nearing proficiency in Math and/or ELA
- 23 days, May June
- 5.5 hours per day, 126.5 total hours per student
- 25: 1 student-teacher Ratio

Cincinnati Public Schools

- Prep for following year & reinforcing prior year's content. Includes enrichment component.
- 4,000 students at 16 Elem. Initiative Schools
- Staffed by students' teachers and community organizations
- 4 five-session weeks from June 1-25



	Sample Aurora Fifth Block					
8:30 -9:00	9:10 – 11:30	11:30 – 11:45	11:50 – 12:30	12:35 – 12:50	12:50 – 3:10	
Breakfast	Math & ELA	Enrichment	Lunch	Enrichment	Math & ELA	

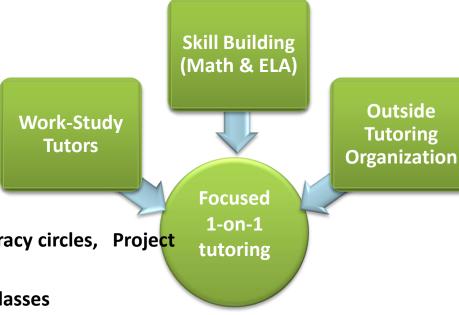
In-School & Weekend Tutoring

MATCH School

- State testing Math & ELA prep
- Required, graded course for 65 10th grade students
- Staffed by 50 hired work-study tutors from BC, BU, and MIT.
- 1:1 student-tutor ratio
- 1 four-hour session per week from Sept- May

Dever McCormack School

- Part-time tutors teach reading interventions (literacy circles, Project Read, etc) based on students' needs
- Embedded ELL and Spec. Ed support in tutoring classes
- One tutoring class per student per day (50 mins each day)
- Small groups of anywhere from 10-15 students depending on needs of each grade level

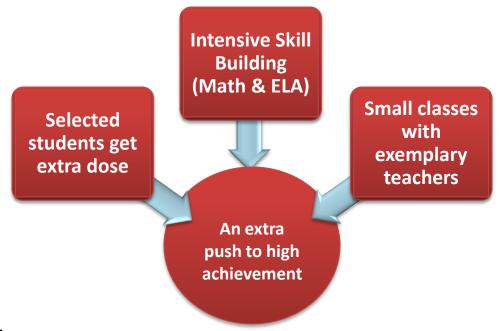


Sample MATCH Weekend Tutoring (September – May)				
9:00 – 11:15				
MCAS Math Prep Break MCAS ELA Prep				

Vacation Academies

Boston Turnaround Schools

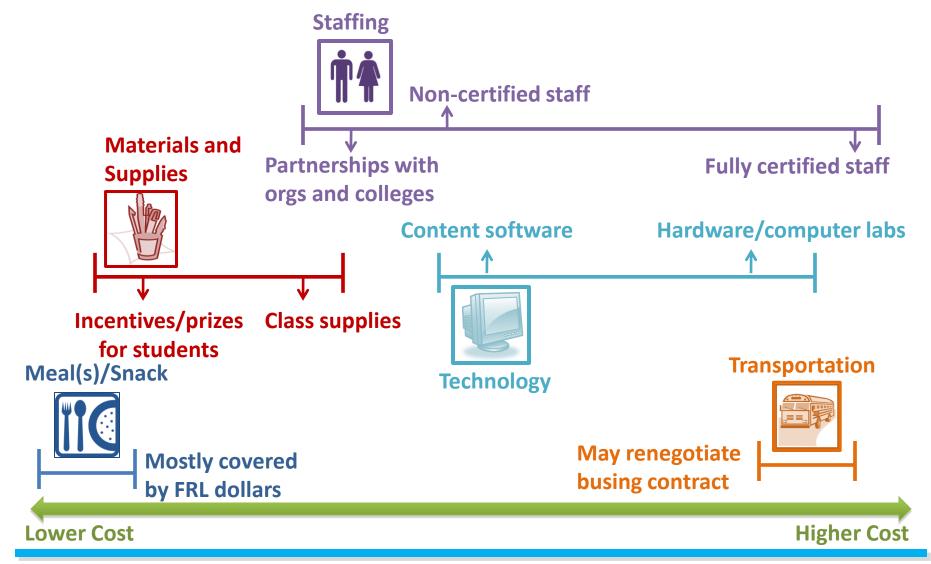
- Intensive ELA support in February and math in April during week-long school vacations
- Targets students on cusp of jumping to next performance level
- 919 3rd 8th grade students from 9 schools
- 12:1 student-teacher ratio
- 5 six-hour sessions during one-week vacations, twice a year
- Teachers recruited from around district and across country



Boston Acceleration Academies: February (ELA), April (Math)				
7:30 – 8:00	8:00 - 11:40	11:40 – 12:15	12:15 – 1:30	
Breakfast	English/Math (3 periods)	Lunch	Enrichment	



Range of Costs to Consider

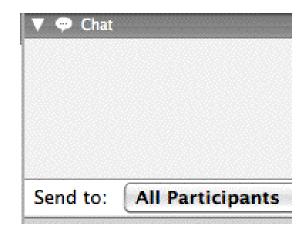


Poll Question:

What types of out-of-school supports are being offered in the schools and districts with which you are working?

Questions & Reflections

Please type your questions and comments into the chat box





Today's Agenda:

Framework and Key Principles



School Examples and Lessons Learned

SEA/LEA Guidance – From Checking Boxes to Creating Results

Coming Tomorrow:

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NCTL's Framework for SEA/LEA Guidance on SIG-ILT

	Questions to Ask	What To Look For or Require	Red Flags
Quantity of Increased Learning Time		SHARED IN	
Goals & Purpose of Increased Learning Time		WEEK 1	
Effective Use of Time	SHARED IN WEEK 1		
Allocating Resources to Increase Learning Time	SHARED LAST WEEK		
Using Increased Learning Time for Personalizing Instruction and Tiered Interventions	SHARING IN 10 SECONDS		OS
Using Increased Learning Time to Strengthen Instruction	WEEK 4		



NCTL's Framework for SEA/LEA Guidance Personalizing Instruction and Tiered Interventions

Questions to Ask	What To Look For or Require	Red Flags
How will your school use its	Evidence that students receive	Longer instructional blocks with
additional time so students can	sufficient core instruction plus	little or no mention that they
receive targeted academic	additional time for personalized,	will be used for personalized
support based on their need	targeted instruction.	instruction or tiered intervention
for remediation or		(especially elementary school)
acceleration?	• Student schedules that show a variety	
	of levels of academic intervention	No defined process for student
How will student progress be	based on need for intervention or	placement in academic support
assessed during the school	acceleration and can be adjusted	or acceleration classes.
year and how will teachers	based on students' changing needs	
and administrators adjust		No purposeful matching of
schedules and classes to	• A defined process for how teachers	students and teachers in support
provide remediation and	will analyze interim assessment data,	classes.
acceleration as needed?	create interventions based on	
	identified areas of need, and match	Plans that suggest that targeted
If your school is using time	teachers with the students they are	intervention will happen in
outside of the school day	best suited to teach.	classes or groups that are the
(Saturdays, vacations, summer,		same size as standard classes
etc), what are your goals for	A blend of teachers, partners, and	
these programs? How will you	adaptive technology used to provide	
select students to participate?	additional practice and targeted	
	interventions for struggling students.	

First Steps

What steps can SEAs/LEAs take now to support schools in this area?

MESSAGING:

- The continuous use of data plays a key role in providing individualized and targeted support to students
- Stress that all supports should complement core instruction and be used to preview, review, re-teach, or provide practice on specific standards

APPLICATIONS:

- Require or include guidelines on need for targeted interventions
- Require multi-pronged approach (expanded day for all students, additional summer and vacation academies for targeted students)

WORKING WITH LEAS/SCHOOLS:

- Share examples of schools that are using interim assessments to target student needs and adjust instruction
- Ask districts how they are supporting schools' use of resources for programs outside of the school day



Upcoming Weeks

	Questions to Ask	What To Look For or Require	Red Flags
Effective Use of Time		July 19	
Allocating Resources to Increase Learning Time		July 26	
Using Increased Learning Time for Personalizing Instruction and Tiered Interventions		Shared Today	
Using Increased Learning Time to Strengthen Instruction		August 9	



Questions & Reflections

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