EE24BTECH11002 - Agamjot Singh

Ouestion:

Draw a triangle **ABC** in which **AB** = 5cm, **BC** = 6cm and \angle **ABC** = 60° . **Solution:**

Variable	Description
A	Point to be found
В	(0,0) point
С	(6,0) point
∠ABC	60°

TABLE 0: Variables Used

The rotation matrix (P) is given by,

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

where θ is the angle rotated in anti-clockwise direction.

The coordinates of $\triangle ABC$ can then be expressed as

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

$$\mathbf{A} = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\| \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \frac{(\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B})}{\|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B}\|}$$
(3)

$$\implies \mathbf{A} = 5 \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{2} \\ \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{5}$$

1

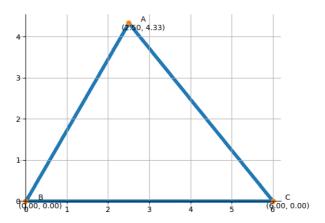


Fig. 0: Graph representing △ABC