## EE24BTECH11002 - Agamjot Singh

## **Question:**

Sketch the region (x,0):  $y = \sqrt{4-x^2}$  and x-axis. Find the area of the region using integration.

## **Solution:**

Variable	Description
0	Center of the circle
r	Radius of the circle
u	-0
f	$  \mathbf{u}  ^2 - r^2$
A	Area of the region

TABLE 0: Variables Used

The general equation of a circle is given by

$$\|\mathbf{x}\|^2 + 2\mathbf{u}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{x} + f = 0 \tag{1}$$

The given curve  $y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$  is that of a semicircle, since  $y \ge 0$ . The equation of the curve can be written as

$$x^2 + y^2 - 4 = 0, y \ge 0 (2)$$

The parameters of the circle are

$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, f = -4 \implies r = 2, \mathbf{O} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (3)

The area between the curve and x-axis can be given by

$$A = \int_{-2}^{2} \sqrt{4 - x^2} \, dx \tag{4}$$

Substituting 
$$x = 2\sin\theta$$
, (5)

$$A = \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} 4\cos^2\theta \, d\theta \tag{6}$$

$$A = 8 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^2 \theta \, d\theta \tag{7}$$

$$A = 8 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^2 \theta \, d\theta \tag{8}$$

$$\implies 2A = 8\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \tag{9}$$

$$\implies A = 2\pi \tag{10}$$

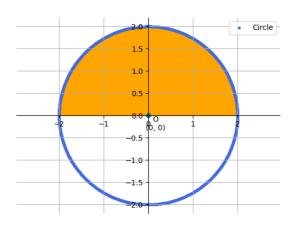


Fig. 0: Shaded area representing area of region given