

# Assignment 2

EE24BTECH11002 - Agamjot Singh

20) Let  $a, b, c$  be such that  $b(a + c) \neq 0$  if

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & a+1 & a-1 \\ b & b+1 & b-1 \\ c & c-1 & c+1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$+ \begin{vmatrix} a+1 & b+1 & c-1 \\ a-1 & b-1 & c+1 \\ (-1)^{n+2}a & (-1)^{n+1}b & (-1)^n c \end{vmatrix} = 0, \text{ then}$$

the value of  $n$  is:

(a) any even integer (b) any odd integer

(c) any integer (d) zero

21) The number of  $3 \times 3$  non-singular matrices with four entries as 1 and all other entries as 0, is

(a) 5 (b) 6

(c) at least 7 (d) less than 4

22) Let  $A$  be a  $2 \times 2$  matrix with non-zero entries and let  $A^2 = I$ , where  $I$  is  $2 \times 2$  identity matrix. Define

$\text{Tr}(A)$  - sum of diagonal elements of  $A$  and

$|A|$  - determinant of matrix  $A$ .

**Statement - 1:**  $\text{Tr}(A) = 0$ .

**Statement - 2:**  $|A| = 1$

(a) Statement - 1 is true, Statement - 2 is true; Statement - 2 is **not** a correct explanation for Statement-1.

(b) Statement - 1 is true, Statement - 2 is false.

(c) Statement - 1 is false, Statement - 2 is true.

(d) Statement - 1 is true, Statement - 2 is true; Statement - 2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1.

23) Consider the system of linear equations;

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 3$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 = 3$$

$$3x_1 + 5x_2 + 2x_3 = 1$$

(a) exactly 3 solutions

(b) a unique solution

(c) no solution

(d) infinite number of solutions

24) The number of values of  $k$  for which the linear equations  $4x + ky + 2z = 0$ ,  $kx + 4y + z = 0$  and  $2x + 2y + z = 0$  possess a non zero solution is (2011)

(a) 2 (b) 1 (c) zero (d) 3