

Introduction to High Performance Computing

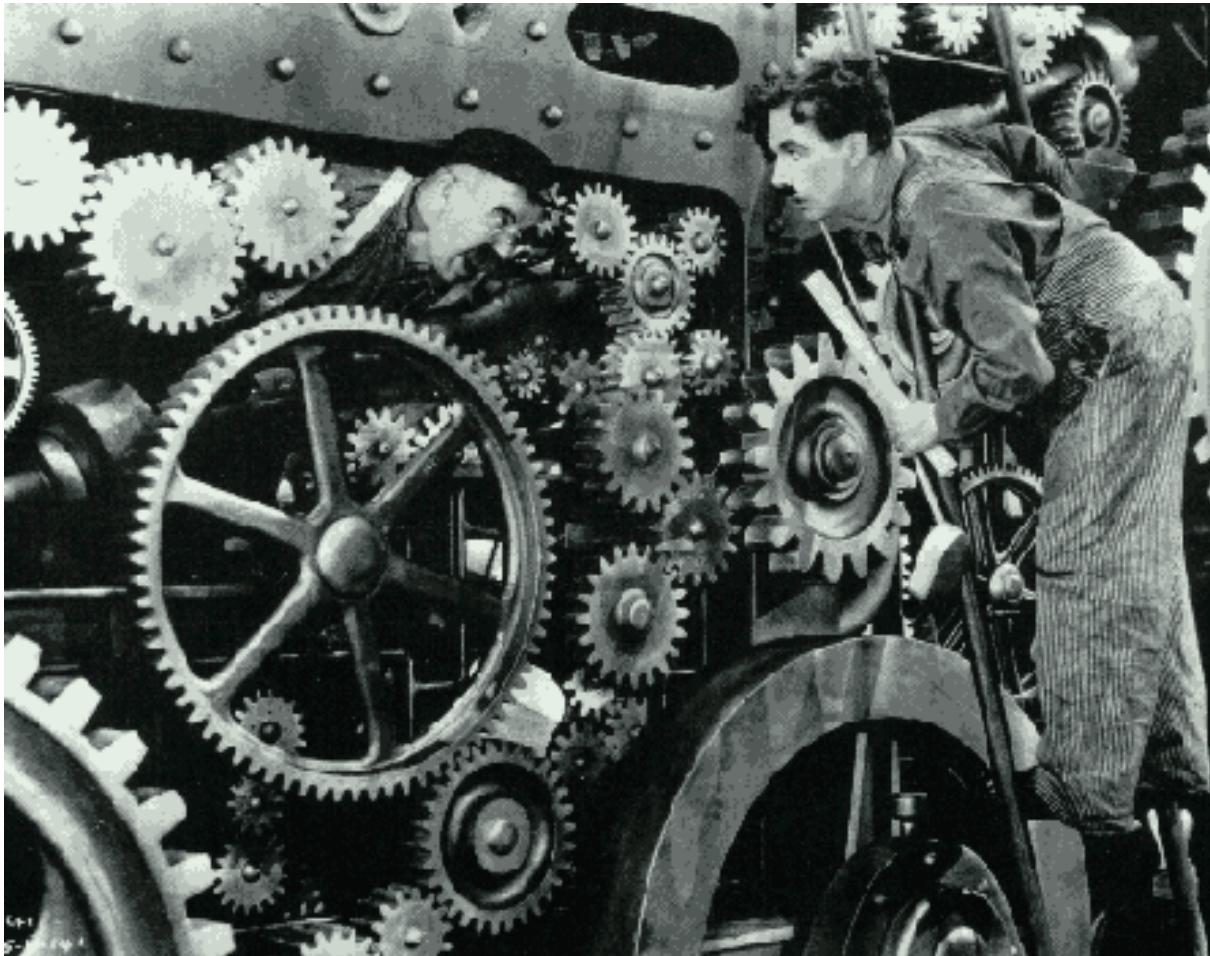
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July 2014

HPC Has a Lot of Moving Parts

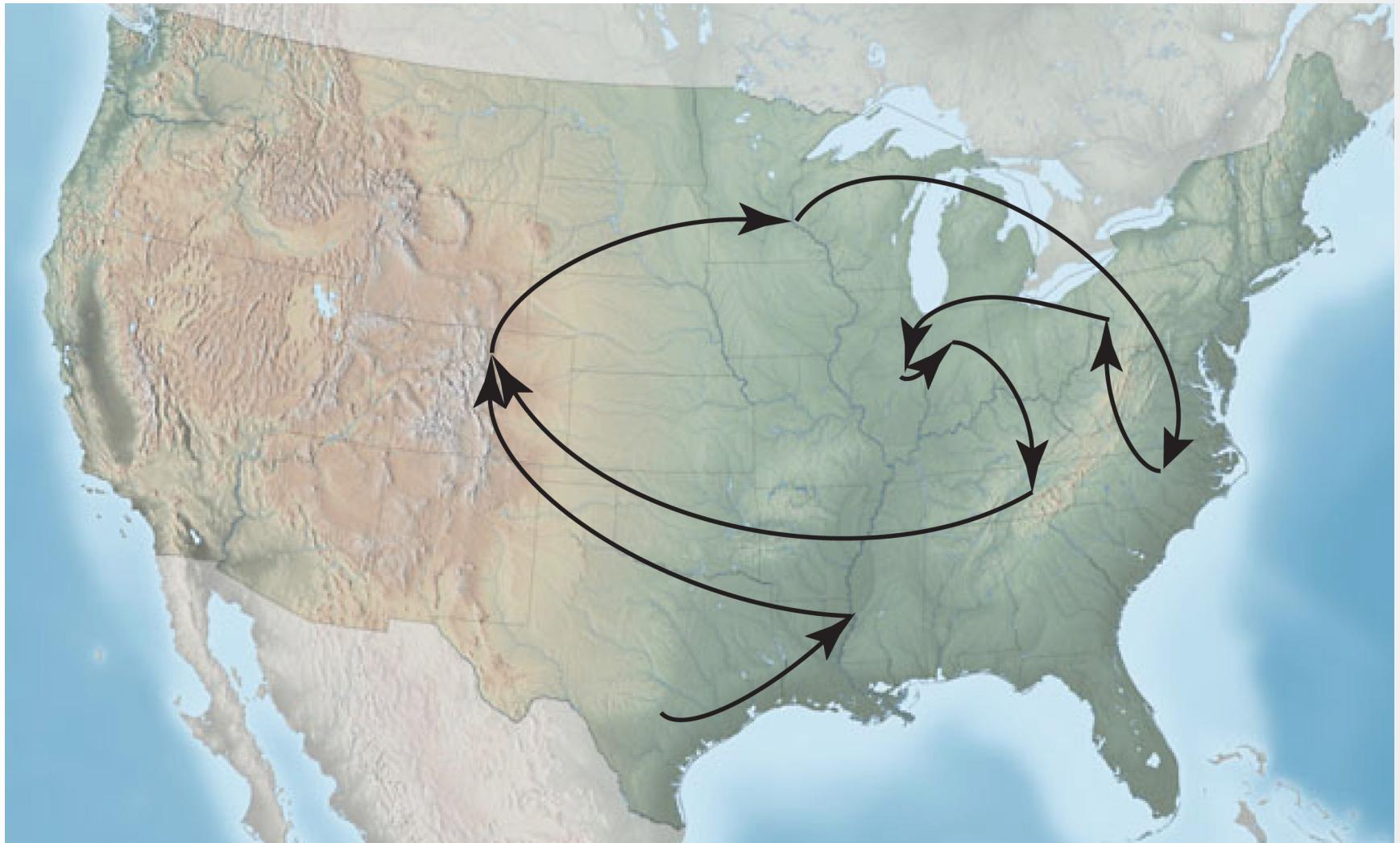


From Charlie Chaplin's movie Modern Times

Agenda

- Greetings, Goals, ...**
- Quick Look at HPC**
- How to Use a Supercomputer**
- Transferring Data**
- Managing Source Code**
- Python for Scientific Computing**
- Visualization and Data Analysis**
- Architecture, Performance, Parallel Computing**
- What Else Should I Know?**
- Survey**
- Participant-Presenter Interactions**

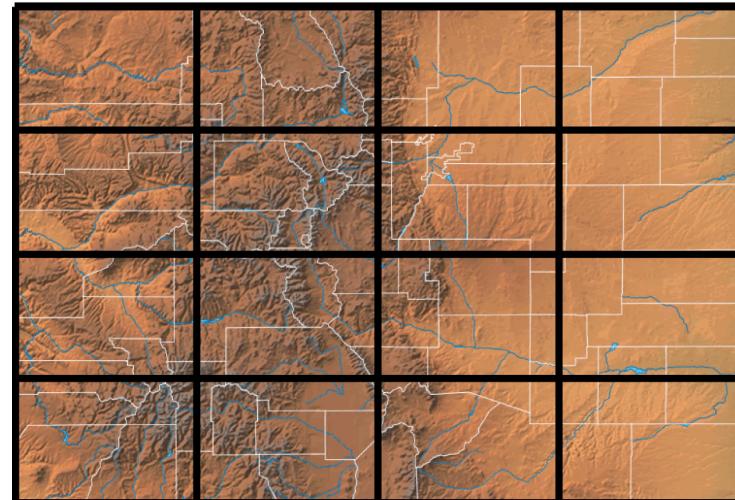
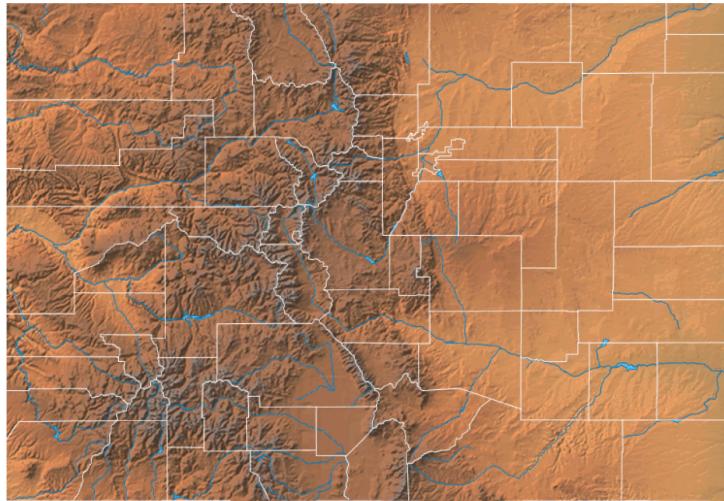
A Professional Odyssey



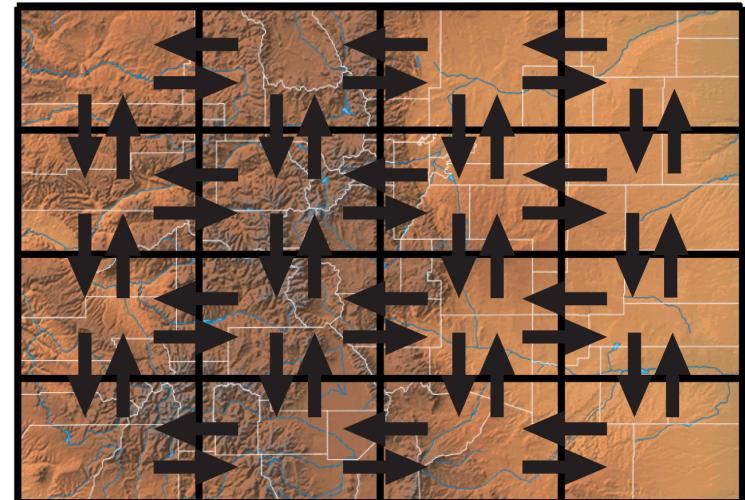
High Performance Computing

**Time Was Invented To Keep Everything
from Happening All at Once**

— **Anonymous**



A Quick Look at Parallel Computing



Why Do Parallel Computing?

Limits of single CPU computing

- Available memory, performance



Parallel computing allows

- Solve problems that do not fit on a single CPU
- Solve problems that cannot be solved in a reasonable time
- Larger problems, faster turn-around, more cases



Writing effective parallel application is difficult

- Communication can limit parallel efficiency
- Serial time can dominate
- Application load balance is important
- Do the CPU requirements justify parallelization?
- Will the code be used enough times?

Supercomputers are good at solving large coupled systems of PDE's

HPC Use Models

- Tightly-Coupled MPI**
- Embarrassingly Parallel**
- Work Flow**
- Compute and Store (or Visualize) in Different Places**
- Science Gateways**
- Access to Databases, Instruments, ...**

What Is Petascale ?

- ❑ FLOPS – Floating Point Operations per Second
 - Measures performance of a supercomputer
 - ❑ Megaflops 1,000,000 operations per second
 - ❑ Gigaflops 1,000,000,000
 - ❑ Teraflops 1,000,000,000,000
 - ❑ Petaflops 1,000,000,000,000,000
 - ❑ Exaflops 1,000,000,000,000,000,000
-
- ❑ ... peta, exa, zetta, yotta,
xona, weka, vunda, uda, treda,
 - ❑ googol, ... googolplex

Top500 for June 2014

www.top500.org

Rank	System	Vendor	Cores	Rmax (PFlops)	Rpeak (PFlops)	Power (mW)
1	Tianhe-2 (MilkyWay-2) National University of Defense Technology- China	Intel Xeon and Xeon Phi	3,120,000	33.8	54.9	17.8
2	Titan ORNL	Cray XK7 NVIDIA K20x	560,640	17.6	27.1	8.2
3	Sequoia LLNL	IBM BlueGene/Q	1,572,864	16.3	20.1	7.9
4	K Computer Riken - Japan	Fujitsu	705,024	10.5	11.3	12.7
5	Mira Argonne National Lab	IBM BlueGene/Q	786,432	8.2	10.1	3.9
7	Stampede U of Texas	Dell Xeon Intel Xeon Phi	462,462	5.2	8.5	4.5

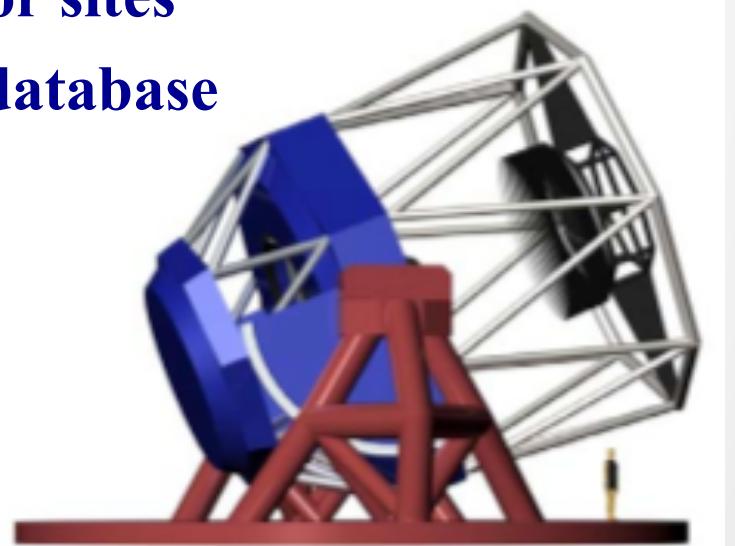
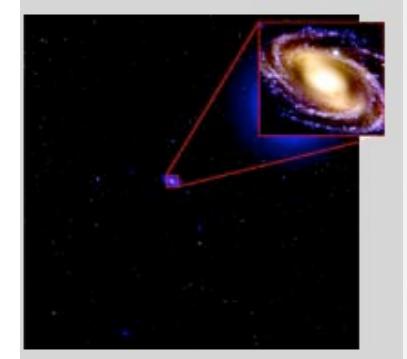
Some Research Areas that Use HPC

- Climate Modeling
- Weather Forecasting
- Storm Modeling
- Computational Nanotechnology
- Astrophysics
- Cosmology
- Numerical Relativity
- High Energy Physics
- Quantum Chromodynamics
- Condensed Matter Physics
- Molecular Dynamics
- Proteomics
- BioInformatics
- Ion Channel Simulations
- Virus Structure
- Biomedical Informatics
- Biomedical Engineering
- Drug Design
- Geophysics
- Seismic Modeling
- Oil Reservoir Simulations
- Earthquake Engineering
- Groundwater Modeling
- Nuclear Engineering
- Computational Fluid Dynamics
- Numerical Wind Tunnel – Aircraft Design
- Aeronautical Engineering
- Computational Chemistry
- Automotive Crash Testing

LSST – Large Synoptic Survey Telescope

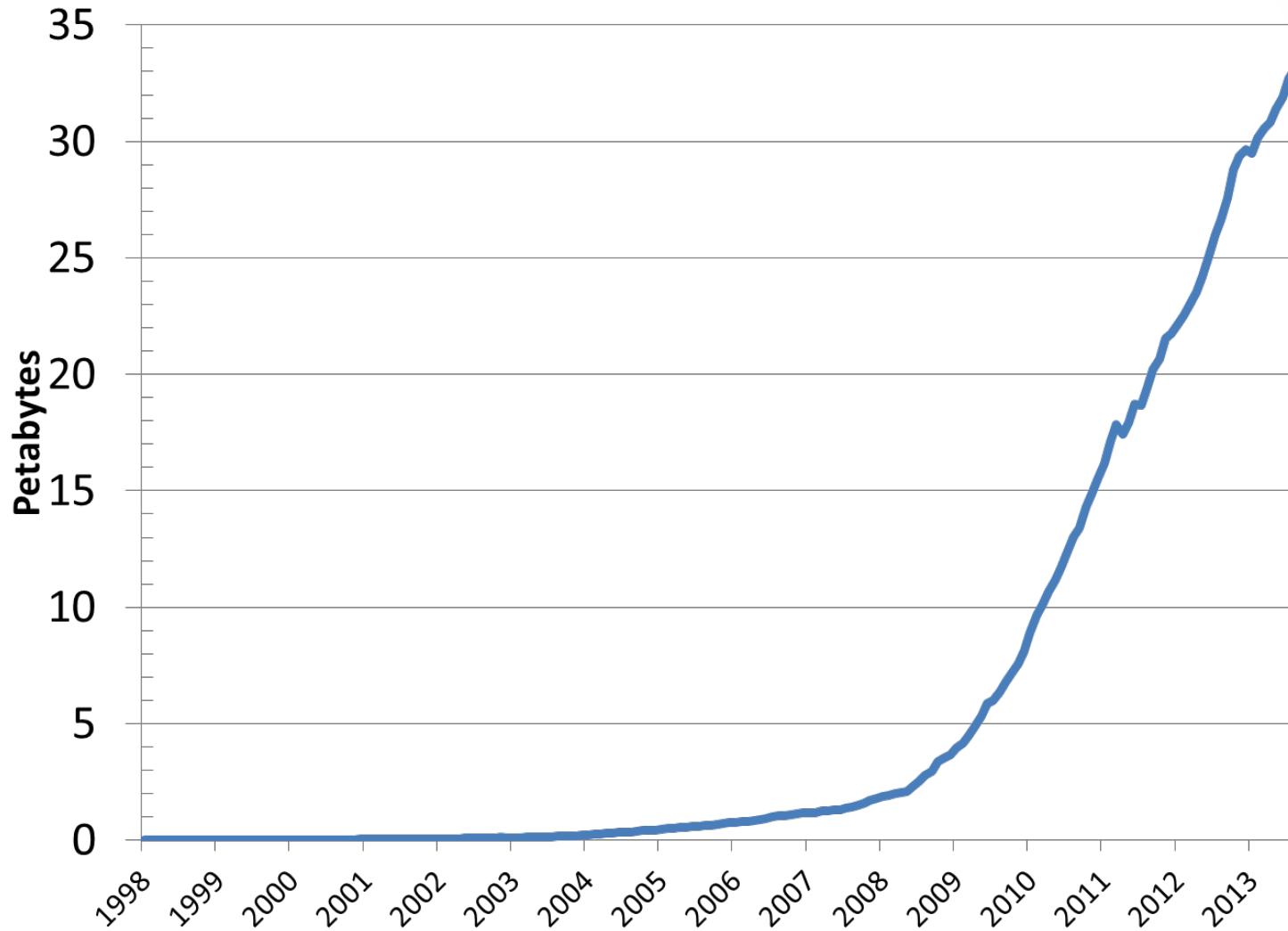
www.lsst.org

- Observe data on Chilean mountain top
- 3200 megapixel camera - 3 Tbytes per night
- Photograph entire sky every few nights
- Down the mountain to base station
- Across network to NCSA and mirror sites
- Validate data and populate public database
- Index and manage results
- Enable multiple pipelines
- LSST has a lot of moving parts



Pictures are from the LSST website

Managing Exponential Growth in Storage



HPSS at ORNL is managing 30+ PB and growing at more than 30 TB per day.

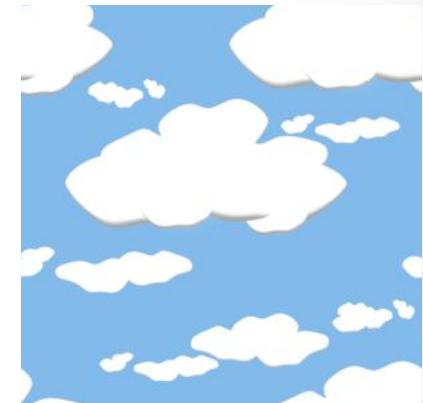
New, Interesting, (Maybe) Important CyberInfrastructure Technologies

- ❑ Science Gateways
- ❑ Distributed Computing

- Clouds
- Grids
- Condor

- ❑ Accelerators

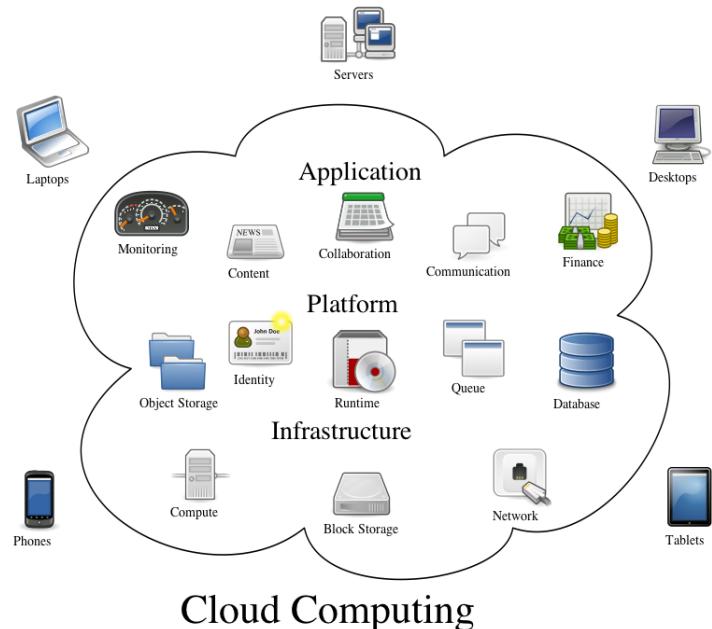
- GPGPU
- Xeon Phi
- FPGA



Cloud Computing

□ What Is the Cloud?

- Buncha computers hooked to a network
- What's the big deal?
- Larry Ellison Rant:
 - We've defined cloud computing to include everything we currently do
 - The computer industry is the only industry that is more fashion-driven than women's fashion
- Computing resources (hardware and software) delivered as a service over a network – software-as-a-service
- Users' data are stored on servers at a remote location
- Business can reallocate IT operations costs away from hardware/software spending and personnel expenses
- 235,000,000 Google entries for *cloud computing*
- Does it make sense for scientific computing?



Challenges / Opportunities at Campus HPC Centers

- **Staffing — Work-force development**
- **Adapting scientific codes to use new technologies**
- **Storing, moving, analyzing, visualizing mass quantities of data**
- **Space, power, and cooling**
- **Developing research partnerships in academia, government, for-profits, non-profits**

What Is XSEDE ??



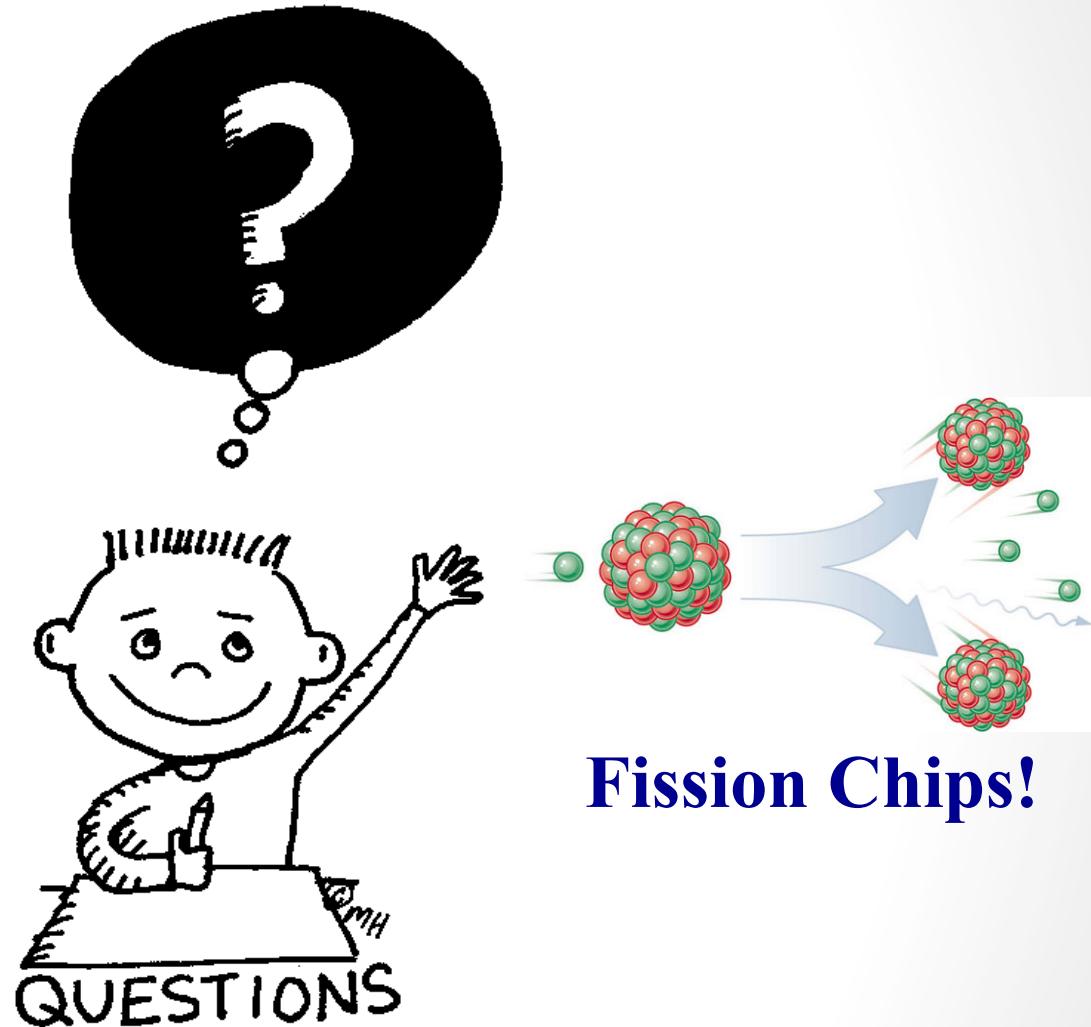
- ❑ www.xsede.org
- ❑ **Extreme Science and Engineering Discovery Environment**
 - (No one *ever* remembers this name)
- ❑ **Funded by the National Science Foundation**
 - ~\$120M over 5 years
 - Not for hardware
 - Renewal anticipated
- ❑ **Rah-Rah:** *Most powerful integrated advanced digital resources and services in the world*
- ❑ **Makes computational resources available to researchers in academia, government, non-profits, for-profits**
 - Includes: computing, visualization, storage, data collections, software and tools, advanced support services, ...

XSEDE Computing Resources

Stampede	Texas Advanced Computing Center	Large Dell cluster with Xeon Phi – capability computing
Keeneland	NICS and GaTech	GPU's
Lonestar	TACC	Visualization and GPU programming
Gordon	San Diego Supercomputing Center	Data intensive applications
Trestles	SDSC	High-throughput, science gateways, small core counts
Blacklight	Pittsburgh Supercomputing Center	SGI – large shared memory
	Open Science Grid	High-throughput computing
Quarry	Indiana U	Support for web services
	Storage and Extended Support	
Jan 2015	Systems at TACC and SDSC	

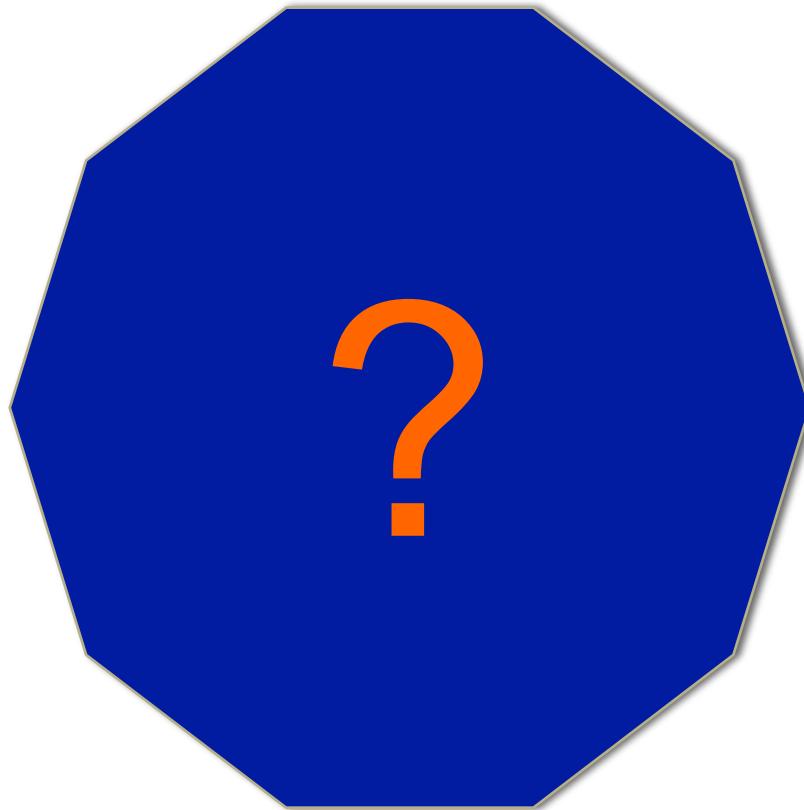
Questions?

What does a
nuclear physicist
eat for lunch?



Fission Chips!

From a presentation by Hai Ai Nam of Oak Ridge National Lab



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