#### Anita Gantner

## The Economics of Information

# Master Program Experimental and Empirical Economics SS 2025

#### **General Remarks**

The course "The Economics of Information" consists of a weekly 3-hour lecture with integrated tutorial, yielding a total of 7.5 ECTS. This course is an elective course in the Master Program "Experimental and Empirical Economics".

#### **Prerequisites**

Knowledge of basic concepts in graduate-level microeconomics and basic game theory are of advantage.

#### **Time and Place**

Classes will be regularly on Monday, 11:30-14:00 in SR 9.

Class starts on Monday, March 3, 2025.

#### **Requirements for successful completion:**

- Attendance: Regular attendance and participation in class is expected.
- *Problem sets:* There will be several problem sets assigned. You may work in groups on these assignments and hand in one homework per group. A maximum of 20% of the overall grade is assigned for completeness and presentation of homework problems in class.
- *Presentation:* Each student will have to present a paper, which accounts for 20% of the overall grade. More information to the presentation (topics, dates) will be given in the first week of class.
- Written exams: Exam 1 on May 5, 2025 Exam 2 on June 23, 2025

Please keep these dates free from any other obligations. Alternative exam dates can be offered only in exceptional circumstances.

#### **Grading:**

20% homework assignment, 20% paper presentation, 30% exam 1, 30% exam 2.

#### **Registration:**

Registration is via computer. Registered students who decide to unregister must do so by notifying the lecturer no later than March 20, 2025.

### **Topics of this course:**

We look into situations with information asymmetries: on markets, in one-to-one relations, in small groups of economic agents. We consider theoretical approaches to resolve the informational problem, such as optimal contracts or mechanism design, and experimental evidence on the application of theoretical solution concepts.

**Contract theory (Principle-Agent-Theory)** designs the strategic environment (i.e. a contract with given rules) with the goal to induce players to behave in the desired way. We consider

- market failure with asymmetric information (e.g. Akerlof's lemons market)
- optimal contracts with asymmetric information (mainly adverse selection problems)
- screening and signaling models (e.g. Spence's education model)

#### **Social Information and Information Updating**

- Bayesian updating Examples
- Information cascades
- Experimental evidence on how people process information

#### **Mechanism Design:**

- incentives in voting schemes: strategic voting and manipulation
- incentives to provide public goods (socially efficient allocations)
- solutions to allocate indivisible objects (Solomon's dilemma)
- incentives and mechanisms for fair division
- Experimental Evidence on the performance of these mechanisms

#### **Bargaining Theory and Applications**

- models with complete information (delay, outside options)
- models with incomplete information (one-sided, two-sided)
- bargaining when agents have (non-equal) claims

Room will be given for students' own ideas for presentation topics.