Project Plan

TTK4530: AUV and pipeline following

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1 Introduction

1.1 Background

The fall project at NTNU is one of the ways to prepare the master student for the challenge of a master thesis. It is a project on how to write a project. The project will teach how to structure the work and research that have to be done by the student throughout the semester. In addition, the project is relevant to the education of the student.

1.2 Project description

The quality of an underwater pipeline is of great importance for both environmental and economical reasons. The pipeline should not leak which could cause damage to the environment around and economical loss for the pipeline owner. Today, inspection to ensure these qualities are done using Remotely Operated Vehicles, which requires an human operator. This pipeline inspection missions are dull and enduring and would be suiting to be replace by autonomous vehicles which could operate with minimum human intervention.

The Autonomous Vehicle in question is the Kongsberg Maritime HUGIN 1000. This AUV should have some kind of guidance system able to take initial input form the user on where the pipeline, scheduled for inspection, is positioned. It should then from this *a priori* information be able to find the pipeline and then track and inspect it. This should be done by visual means, meaning a camera with image processing software that supply the guidance system with actual data on where the pipeline is, relatively to the AUV.

1.3 Project goal

As stated above the goal is to design and implement a guidance system and demonstrate the performance, designed specifically for the HUGIN 1000 AUV. The guidance system should be able to detect pipelines and should be robust enough to deal with buried pipelines and other anomalies. The system should have a search procedure which is used for initial acquisition of the pipeline and for reacquiring a temporarily lost one.

If the initial position of the pipeline supplied by the user is erroneous the real position found by the vessel, should be updated.

The system is based on visual identification of the pipeline, but the use of other pipeline sensing equipment should also be looked into.

2 Organization of project

2.1 Individual work

The project is purely individual work. It will mostly consist of literature study and theoretical work, but also programming to test and demonstrate how the guidance system will perform.

2.2 Supervision

There will be meetings with a supervisor and co-supervisors every 2 weeks to check up on the project progression. The meeting frequency can be changed as the semester approaches the end, or if the progress of the project is not met.

2.3 Final Product

The work and discoveries of this project will be presented in a formal report to be handed in at the end of the semester. There will be a presentation of the results and a demonstration on how the guidance system works and performs.

3 Milestones

No	Activity	Deadline
1	Literaturestudy	Sep 15
	 Get an overview of the various pipeline following schemes Study how pipelines are laid. Develope an understanding on the properties of pipelines, max curvature and tolerances etc. Get an overview of various search algorithms and theire effectiveness 	
2	Model of AUV	Sep 25
	 Develop a model of the vehicle in question. Identify the dynamics of the system and determine maximum and minimum performance of the vehicle. Make a vessel simulator, to test dynamics and performance of guidance system. 	
3	Camera Simulator	Oct 10
	- Develop a simulator for the camera sensor which provides the guidance system with data on heading and position of the pipeline. There will be a lot of image processing involved so the sampling interval will probably be around 10-20 seconds.	
4	Guidance system	Dec 1
	 Design a waypoint following system, with input from the camera and absolute position from the GPS and INS, together with a priori data of where the pipeline is initially laid. Design search pattern and algorithms for acquiring and reacquiring of pipelines. Maintain a given height directly over the pipeline, and mark the postion. If necessary update the position of the pipeline if the a priori information on the pipeline position is erroneous or inaccurate. 	
5	Simulation, demonstration and final report	Dec 19
	 Test the system in various scenarios, like buried pipeline and offset in the a priori information about the pipeline position. Look at the possibilities to include other sensing equipment like Side Scan Sonar (SSS) and Multibeam Echo Sounders (MES). Finalize the report and demonstrate the guidance system. 	