Tuesday, April 21, 15

### Launchpad

Data Structures Trees - 1

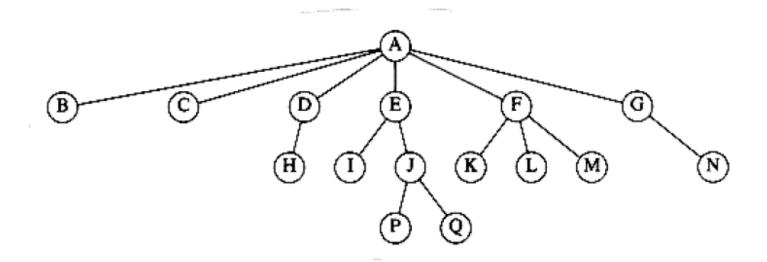
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## Assignment doubts?



#### Trees!





#### What is a tree?

In computer science, a tree is an abstract model of a hierarchical structure

A tree consists of nodes with a parent-child relation

#### Applications:

- Organization charts
- File systems
- Programming environments



#### Tree Terminologies

- Node
- Root
- Children
- Parent
- Ancestor (grandparent, etc..)
- Descendants (grandchild, etc..)
- Sibling
- Leaves



#### How to Implement a Node of a Tree

```
class node {
       int data:
       node **children;
       int children_count;
       node *parent; //Optional
       public:
              int getData();
              node * getParent();
              node ** getChildren();
              void setChildren(node **);
              void setChildrenCount(int count);
              void setParent(node *);
              void setData(int d);
};
```



#### Tree Class

```
class Tree {
    private:
        node * root;
    public:
        int size();
        boolean isEmpty();
        node * getRoot();
};
```



# Lets see the implementation!



#### Tree Important Properties

- 1. Degree of a Node
- 2. Depth of a Node
- 3. Height of Tree



#### Lets discuss few problems

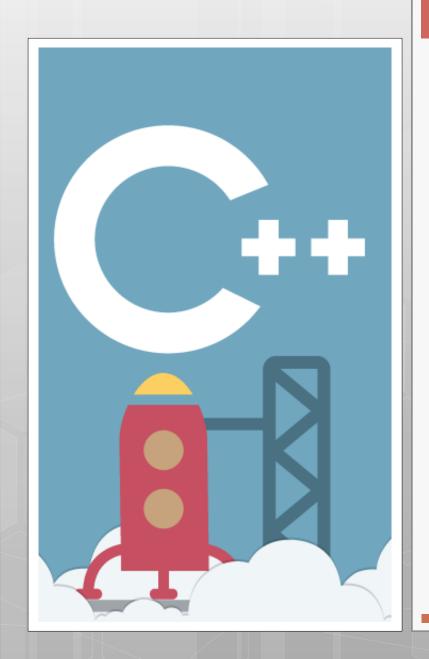
- 1. Find the node with largest data in a tree
- 2. Print all the elements at depth K.



#### Your Turn

- Find number of Nodes greater than the root
- Find the node for which sum of the data of all children and the node itself is maximum





#### Thank You!

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