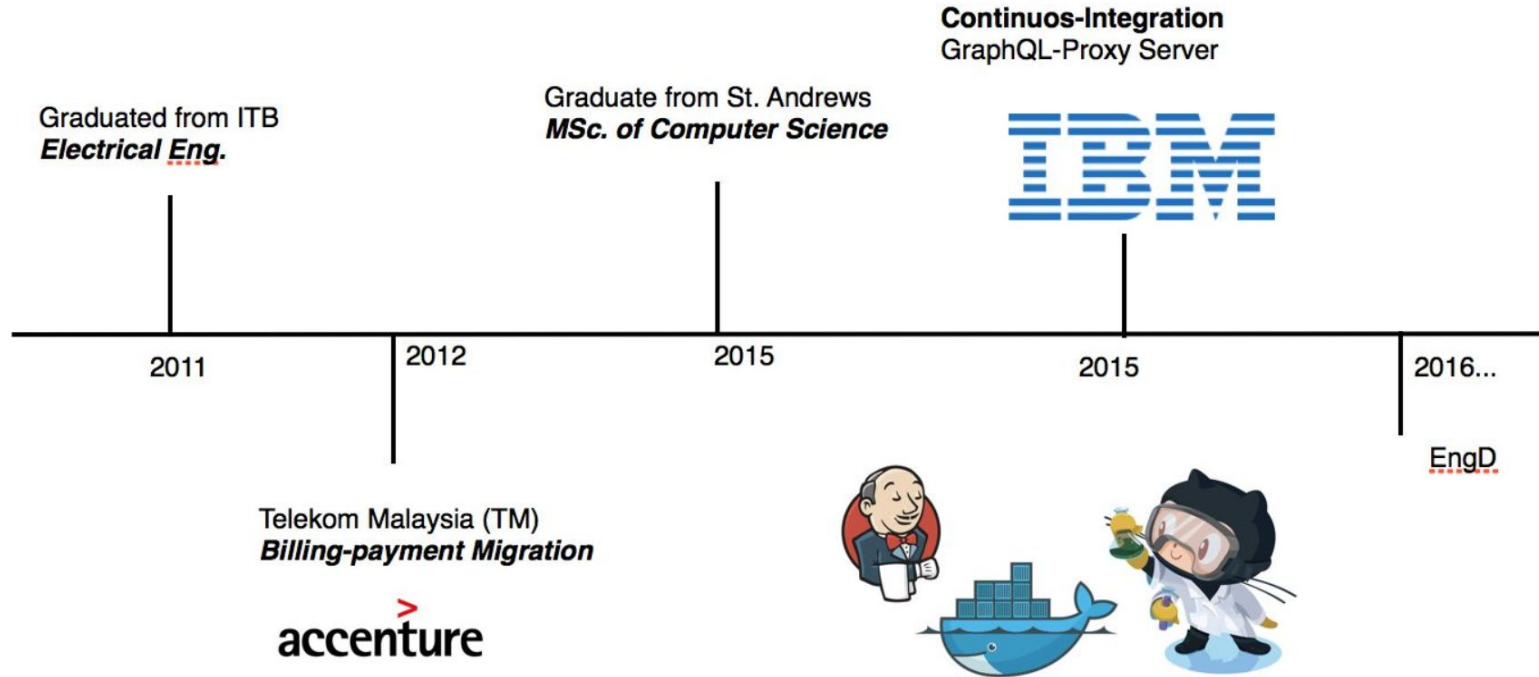


# **Research Fellow - AR2202RHM**

Agastya Silvina

# Background



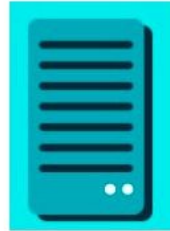
# EU H2020 SERUMS Contributions

## Front-End



Visualisation  
Reporting Service  
Dashboard

## Back-End



Migration  
API Gateway

Toxicity Predictor  
(1,2,3,4,...)  
ML, NLP, DL

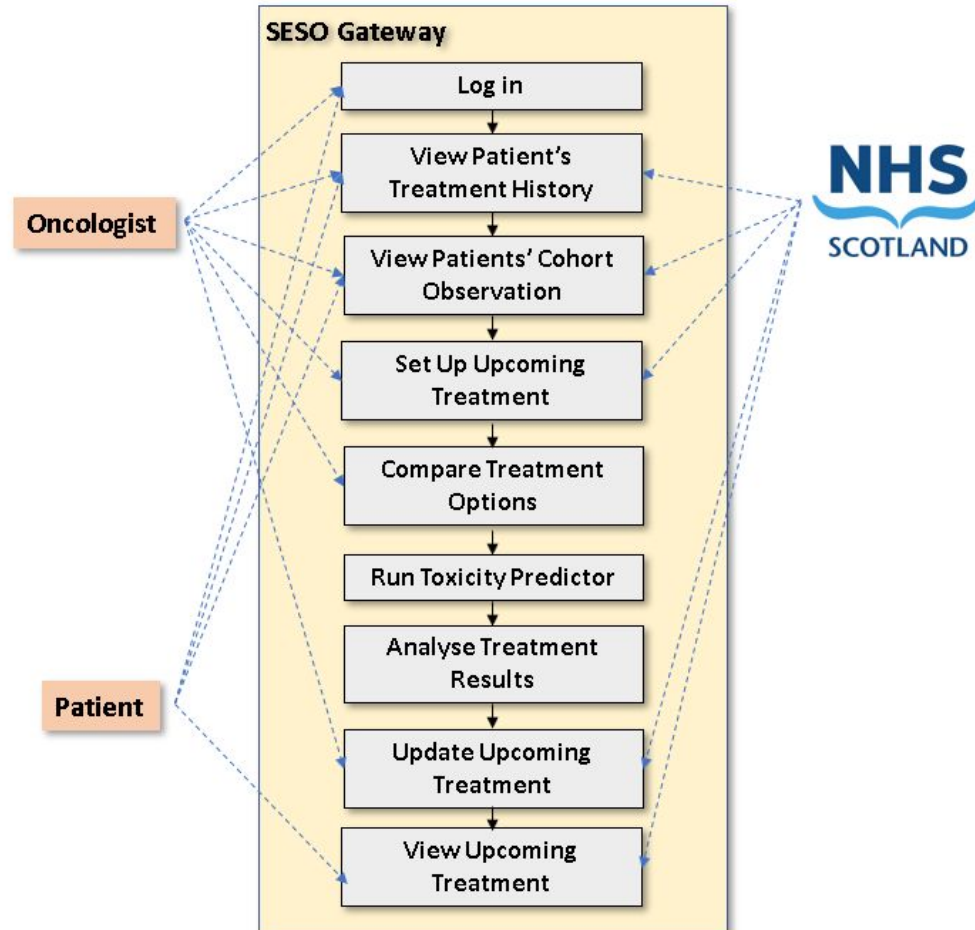
Issues...  
Issues...



Synthetic Data



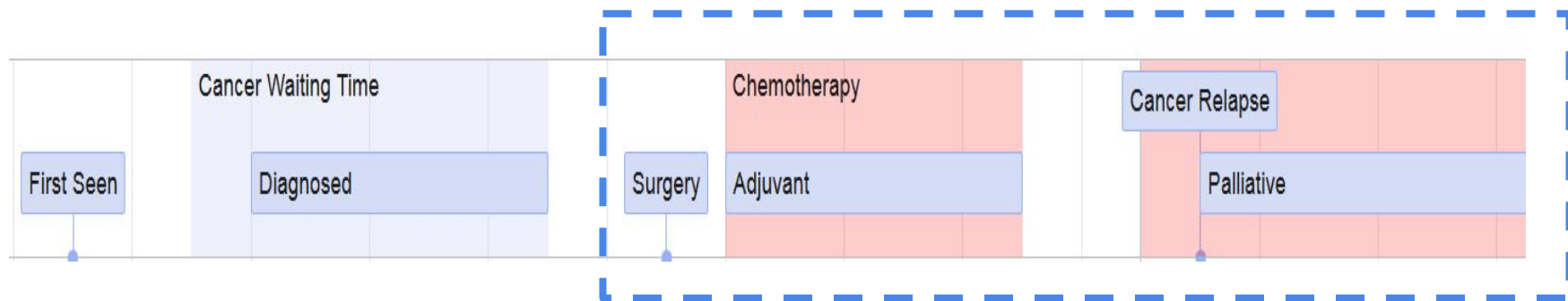
# Toxicity Predictor



# Synthetic Data

- We use IBM Constraint Solver
  - Determining the rules

# Patients' Treatment Pathway



- A patient can only be treated with one intention at a time (e.g., Adjuvant)
- After a specific time has passed, the patient might be treated with other treatments with different intentions (e.g., Palliative, Curative)

# Treatment Regimes

- Each intention has different regimes.
- Each regime has several different drugs.
- The treatment may last for several weeks or months
- A patient may be treated with several regimes at time.
- Each regime has one or more treatment cycles.
- Several different regimes may belong to one protocol.



# How does the table represent the treatment?

CHI	APPOINTMENT DATE	INTENTION	REGIME	DRUG	CYCLE
patient1	1/12/2019	Adjuvant	Regime A	drug1	1
patient1	1/12/2019	Adjuvant	Regime A	drug2	1
patient1	7/12/2019	Adjuvant	Regime A	drug1	2
patient1	7/12/2019	Adjuvant	Regime A	drug2	2
patient1	14/12/2019	Adjuvant	Regime A	drug1	3
patient1	14/12/2019	Adjuvant	Regime A	drug2	3



- First Appointment Date

```
currentDate - (5*365) < first_appointment_date <=  
currentDate - 250
```

- Unique CHI

```
allDiff(from(general), chi)
```

- Each regime may have more than one cycles

```
numOf(from(smr01),cycle.regime = regimen.regime) =  
randomWeightedNumber(8)
```

# Synthetic data validation

- How to differentiate real and fabricated data?
- We need **tools to differentiate between the real and fabricated data.**
- We are working with the researchers from UCL to determine the quality of our fabricated data.

Solution:  
ML?

**THANK YOU**