1. Memunculkan ukuran garis tepi

```
Private Sub PictureBox1_MouseUp(ByVal sender As Object, ByVal e As System.Windows.Forms.MouseEventArgs) Handles PictureBox1.MouseUp
```

```
SimpanKeHistory()
Select Case modegambar
  Case "garis"
    Using g As Graphics = Graphics.FromImage(PictureBox1.Image)
      g.DrawLine(tepi, titik, e.Location)
    End Using
  Case "kotak"
    Dim rect As New Rectangle(titik.X, titik.Y, e.X - titik.X, e.Y - titik.Y)
    Using g As Graphics = Graphics.FromImage(PictureBox1.Image)
      g.DrawRectangle(tepi, rect)
    End Using
  Case "elips"
    Dim rect As New Rectangle(titik.X, titik.Y, e.X - titik.X, e.Y - titik.Y)
    Using g As Graphics = Graphics.FromImage(PictureBox1.Image)
      g.DrawEllipse(tepi, rect)
    End Using
  Case "kotakisi"
    Dim rect As New Rectangle(titik.X, titik.Y, e.X - titik.X, e.Y - titik.Y)
    Using g As Graphics = Graphics.FromImage(PictureBox1.Image)
      g.FillRectangle(isian, rect)
    End Using
  Case "elipsisi"
```

```
Dim rect As New Rectangle(titik.X, titik.Y, e.X - titik.X, e.Y - titik.Y)
              Using g As Graphics = Graphics.FromImage(PictureBox1.Image)
                g.FillEllipse(isian, rect)
              End Using
         End Select
         PictureBox1.Invalidate()
         dipencet = False
         dipencet = False
         If (titik.X <> e.X And titik.Y <> e.Y) Then
           TextBox1.AppendText("o" + "warnatepi" + "" + warnatepi.R.ToString + "" +
warnatepi.G.ToString + " " + warnatepi.B.ToString & vbNewLine)
           TextBox1.AppendText("o" + "warnaisian" + "" + warnaisian.R.ToString + "" +
warnaisian.G.ToString + " " + warnaisian.B.ToString & vbNewLine)
           TextBox1.AppendText("o" + modegambar + "" + titik.X.ToString + "" +
titik.Y.ToString + " " + e.X.ToString + " " + e.Y.ToString & vbNewLine)
           TextBox1.AppendText("o" + "ukuran garis tepi" + "" + tepi.Width.ToString() &
vbNewLine) Kode ini yang dibuat untuk memunculkan ukuran garis tepi di textbox
         End If
       End Sub
```

```
Kemudian ini untuk bagian menyimpan:
       Private Sub SimpanToolStripMenuItem_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs)
Handles SimpanToolStripMenuItem.Click
         Dim sfd As New SaveFileDialog
         sfd.Filter = "Text Files (*.txt)|*.txt"
         sfd.DefaultExt = "txt"
         sfd.AddExtension = True
         If sfd.ShowDialog = DialogResult.OK Then
           File.WriteAllText(sfd.FileName, TextBox1.Text)
         End If
       End Sub
       Kemudian ini untuk bagian membuka:
Private Sub BukaToolStripMenuItem_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles
BukaToolStripMenuItem.Click
  Dim ofd As New OpenFileDialog
  ofd.Filter = "Text Files (*.txt)|*.txt"
  If ofd.ShowDialog = DialogResult.OK Then
    Dim isi As String = File.ReadAllText(ofd.FileName)
    TextBox1.Text = isi
    btnGbrUlang.PerformClick() 'Gambar ulang setelah file dibuka
  End If
End Sub
```

2. Bagian undo

Private Sub btnUndo_Click(sender As Object, e As EventArgs) Handles btnUndo.Click

If TextBox1.Lines.Length = 0 Then

```
MessageBox.Show("Tidak ada aksi yang bisa di-undo.", "Undo", MessageBoxButtons.OK,
MessageBoxIcon.Information)
    Return
  End If
  ' Deteksi jumlah baris yang perlu dihapus
  Dim lines As List(Of String) = TextBox1.Lines.ToList()
  Dim jumlahBarisDihapus As Integer = 0
  ' Mundur dari bawah untuk mencari baris mode gambar terakhir
  For i As Integer = lines.Count - 1 To 0 Step -1
    jumlahBarisDihapus += 1
    Dim baris = lines(i)
    If baris.StartsWith("o") Then
      Dim kata() = baris.Split(" "c)
      If kata.Length > 1 Then
        Select Case kata(1)
           Case "garis", "kotak", "kotakisi", "elips", "elipsisi"
             Exit For 'selesai, karena sudah ketemu aksi utama terakhir
        End Select
      End If
    End If
  Next
  ' Hapus sejumlah baris tersebut
  lines.RemoveRange(lines.Count - jumlahBarisDihapus, jumlahBarisDihapus)
```

TextBox1.Lines = lines.ToArray()

'Bersihkan dan gambar ulang btnBersihkan.PerformClick() btnGbrUlang.PerformClick()

End Sub