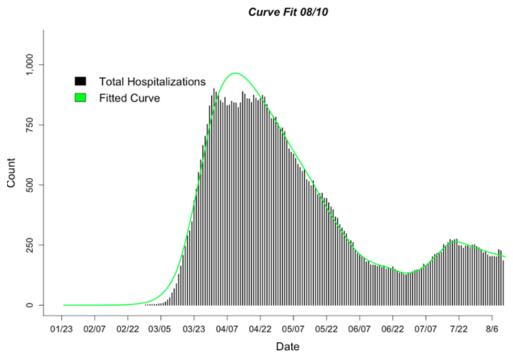
## Parameter estimates and model fit - 8/10/2020



**Figure 1.** Current model fit (green line) to count of hospitalized COVID-19 cases (black lines) using the age-structured SEIR model. Hospitalized COVID-19 cases are from CDPHE reported COVID-19 hospitalizations and EMResource (EMR) hospital census data provided by CDPHE.

**Table 1.** Current and prior estimates of the effective reproductive number (Re) in Colorado.

	Current Estimates	Estimates one week	Estimates two
	(8/10)	ago	weeks ago
		(8/03)	(7/27)
Estimate of Re, approach 1*	0.82	0.67	0.96
Estimate of Re, approach 2*	0.86	0.62	0.83
Estimate from RT-Live	0.99	1.00	1.15
covid-19-projections.com	0.96	0.98	0.97

<sup>\*</sup>Our estimates are based on hospitalization data through the date listed. Estimates from the external sites are extracted on the day listed. Because of the 13-day lag between infection and hospitalization, on average, our current estimate reflects transmission up to approximately July 28. Approach 1 uses model output to estimate the average number of new cases generated by existing cases, accounting for the latent period and duration of infectiousness. The second method uses the model structure to estimate the dominant eigenvalue for a matrix describing population flows across the model compartments.

**Table 2.** Estimated model parameters based on fitting our model output of total hospitalizations to reported hospitalizations in Colorado.

70% 50% 99% 79% 99% 80%	6 C	06/24 06/24
99% 79%	S C	•
99% 79%	S C	•
		)6/24
		06/24
99% 80%		
99% 80%		
	6 C	06/24
9% 87%	% C	06/30
9% 63%	% C	07/27
9% 61%	S C	08/10
9% 73%	6 0	08/10
50%	S A	Assumed¶
70%	S A	Assumed¶
0.8†† 0.44	1 C	06/24
- 1.0 42%	% C	08/10
0.6†† 0.48	3 0	06/24
4.0++ 1.39	9 0	06/24
	9% 879 9% 639 9% 61% 9% 73% 50% 70% 0.8++ 0.44 -1.0 429 0.6++ 0.48	9% 87% 0 9% 63% 0 9% 61% 0 9% 73% 0 50% A 70% A 0.8†† 0.44 0 0.6†† 0.48 0

<sup>\*</sup>The social distancing parameter estimates the percent decrease in effective contacts between susceptible and infectious individuals. This parameter accounts for social distancing policies intended to avoid contact altogether (e.g., through workplace and school closures) as well as policies and individual behaviors to reduce potential contact with the virus (e.g., maintaining at least 6 feet of distance between people outside of one's household, and handwashing).

<sup>†</sup>Social distancing estimated weekly and averaged over time period of interest.

<sup>¶</sup>Given the difficulty in disentangling the effect of mask wearing from social distancing in decreasing transmission, we cannot fit this parameter at this time. Survey data suggests current levels of mask wearing are approximately 70% [1].

<sup>\*\*</sup>Self-isolation by symptomatic cases is assumed to occur 1 day after the onset of infectiousness and decrease the 67% of contacts that typically occur outside of the home. This parameter jointly accounts for the percent of symptomatic individuals that self-isolate and the imperfect decline in contacts. Dividing the value in the table by 0.57 gives the proportion of symptomatic individuals that self-isolate.

<sup>††</sup>The range of potential parameter values for case isolation [2] and the rate of infectiousness for symptomatic vs. asymptomatic individuals [3, 4] are based on the literature, and for the rate of infection, were obtained from the MIDAS Online COVID-19 compilation of parameter estimates [5].

## References

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- 5. MIDAS. *MIDAS Online COVID-19 Portal*. 2020; Available from: <a href="https://github.com/midas-network/COVID-19/tree/master/parameter estimates/2019 novel coronavirus">https://github.com/midas-network/COVID-19/tree/master/parameter estimates/2019 novel coronavirus</a>.