STROBE Statement—checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Item No. | Recommendation | Page  No. | Relevant text from manuscript |
| **Title and abstract** | 1 | (*a*) Indicate the study’s design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract | 1 |  |
| (*b*) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done and what was found | 1 |  |
| Introduction | | | |  |
| Background/rationale | 2 | Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported | 1 to 2 | First three paragraphs in introduction |
| Objectives | 3 | State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses | 2 | “We had two research questions: …” |
| Methods | | | |  |
| Study design | 4 | Present key elements of study design early in the paper |  | Study design section |
| Setting | 5 | Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection |  | Journal selection section |
| Participants | 6 | (*a*) *Cohort study*—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up  *Case-control study*—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of case ascertainment and control selection. Give the rationale for the choice of cases and controls  *Cross-sectional study*—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants |  | Journal selection and Data extraction sections |
| (*b*)*Cohort study*—For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and unexposed  *Case-control study*—For matched studies, give matching criteria and the number of controls per case |  | “We matched on article and version to control for confounding by any characteristics of the article” |
| Variables | 7 | Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable |  |  |
| Data sources/ measurement | 8\* | For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is more than one group |  |  |
| Bias | 9 | Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias |  |  |
| Study size | 10 | Explain how the study size was arrived at |  |  |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Quantitative variables | 11 | Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why |  |  |
| Statistical methods | 12 | (*a*) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding |  | Statistical methods section |
| (*b*) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions | N/A |  |
| (*c*) Explain how missing data were addressed | N/A |  |
| (*d*) *Cohort study*—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed  *Case-control study*—If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed  *Cross-sectional study*—If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling strategy |  | “We matched on article and version” |
| (*e*) Describe any sensitivity analyses |  | Supplement x |
| Results | | | | |
| Participants | 13\* | (a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed |  | Figure S.1 |
| (b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage |  | Figure S.1 |
| (c) Consider use of a flow diagram |  | Figure S.1 |
| Descriptive data | 14\* | (a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders |  | Table 1 |
| (b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest | N/A |  |
| (c) *Cohort study*—Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount) | N/A |  |
| Outcome data | 15\* | *Cohort study*—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time | N/A |  |
| *Case-control study—*Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures of exposure |  | Table 1 |
| *Cross-sectional study—*Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures | N/A |  |
| Main results | 16 | (*a*) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included |  | Supplement x |
| (*b*) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized | N/A |  |
| (*c*) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period | N/A |  |

Continued on next page

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Other analyses | 17 | Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses |  |  |
| Discussion | | | | |
| Key results | 18 | Summarise key results with reference to study objectives |  | First paragraphs of discussion |
| Limitations | 19 | Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias |  |  |
| Interpretation | 20 | Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence |  |  |
| Generalisability | 21 | Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results |  |  |
| Other information | |  | | |
| Funding | 22 | Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based | N/A |  |

\*Give information separately for cases and controls in case-control studies and, if applicable, for exposed and unexposed groups in cohort and cross-sectional studies.