2025年

GRE原版真题

逐鹿GRE汇编组编写

◇最新考场原版真题汇编

◇单项精准练习,考前冲刺模考

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公众号: 逐鹿留学

▶ 微信号: CD_Ada CDD_Lily

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GRE 真题/高频题/考前预测机经

GRE 真题:

ETS 实时更新的考场原版原题,所有题目均为考场原题截屏(拍照),后经由逐鹿专业老师校对整理,每一份均为考场原版考题(Issue+VQVQ/QVQV+标答),文档标题即为当前考试时段。

GRE 高频题:

精选自近半年的 GRE 原版真题,针对经常出现的考点和易考题目,根据不同类题型在考试中出现的频率,精心汇编整理出的不同类高频题,旨在帮助同学们在相应题型上高效、精准地刷题备考,快速提分。

GRE 考前预测机经:

针对每月的 GRE 线下考试场次和线上考试时间(Test at Home),我们的教学团队和考试专家结合最新考场原版真题,通过对 GRE 最新版题库和考题自适应规律加以研究,精编出 4 套左右考前预测题(套题),旨在对目标考试场次进行预测和押题。

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CDD Lily (Lily 老师) CD Ada (Ada 老师)

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The best way to solve environmental problems caused by consumer-generated waste is for towns and cities to impose strict limits on the amount of trash they will accept from each household.

Write a response in which you discuss the extent to which you agree or disagree with the claim. In developing and supporting your position, be sure to address the most compelling reasons and/or examples that could be used to challenge your position.

Mathematical knowledge has long been regarded as being essentially stable and hence rooted in a world of ideas only superficially ______ to historical forces.

indifferent
superior
susceptible
extraneous
oblivious

gie.	ONES Selleral Test		i i		0	
Section 2 of 5	Question 2 of 12				00:16:	57 ⊝ H
	For each blank select one er best completes the text.	ntry from the correspon	ding column of choices.	Fill all blanks in	the way that	
	Gutiérrez is the only one whappetite for scientific (ii)			sy sparked by g with age.	his article: his	
		Blank (i)	Blank (ii)			
		relishing	altercation	IS		
		quelling	conundrun	ns		
	w	hitewashing	breakthroug	ghs		

Select one entry from each column.

For each blank select one entry from the corresponding column of choices. Fill all blanks in the way that best completes the text.

Kennedy's novels have a baffling way of engaging us as readers and then (i) _____ our involvement. It is not that she gives us wooden characters or poor writing or foolish plots. Rather, her books seem so adroitly written and carefully conceived, they strike us as so (ii) _____ as we read them, that it comes as a surprise to reach the end and find them ultimately so (iii) _____.

Blank (i)

Blank (ii)

Blank (iii)

Blank (iii)

Blank (iii)

Blank (iii)

Blank (iii)

Blank (iii)

technically accomplished

redundantly detailed

squandering

off-puttingly genteel

eloquent

GRE® General Test

Section 2 of 5 | Question 10 of 12

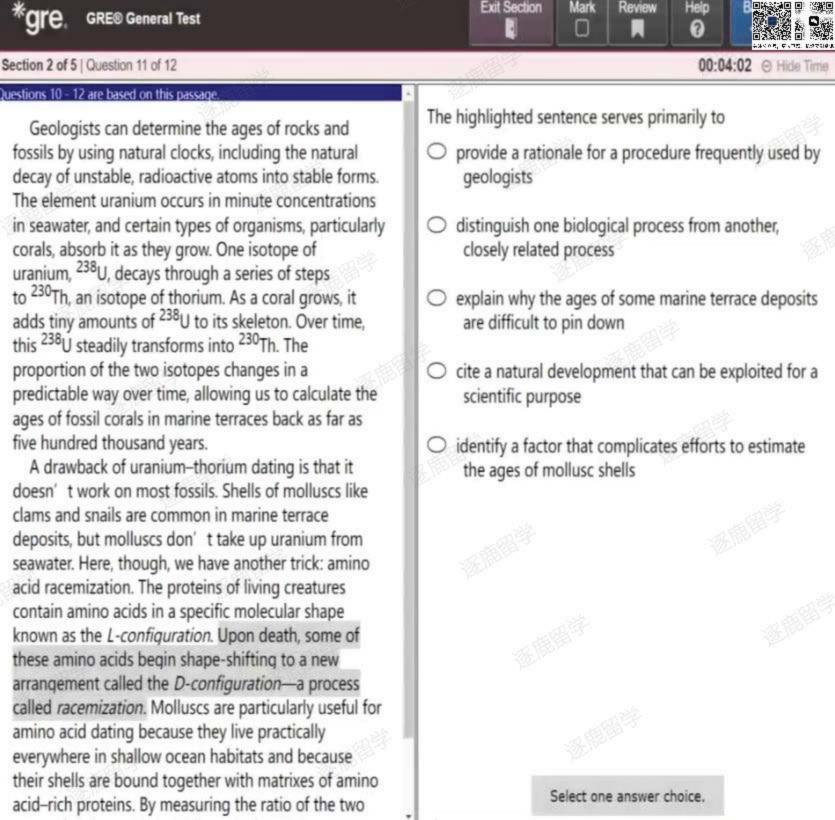
Questions 10 - 12 are based on this passage.

The element uranium occurs in minute concentrations in seawater, and certain types of organisms, particularly corals, absorb it as they grow. One isotope of uranium, ²³⁸U, decays through a series of steps to ²³⁰Th, an isotope of thorium. As a coral grows, it adds tiny amounts of ²³⁸U to its skeleton. Over time, this ²³⁸U steadily transforms into ²³⁰Th. The proportion of the two isotopes changes in a predictable way over time, allowing us to calculate the ages of fossil corals in marine terraces back as far as five hundred thousand years.

A drawback of uranium-thorium dating is that it doesn' t work on most fossils. Shells of molluscs like clams and snails are common in marine terrace deposits, but molluscs don't take up uranium from seawater. Here, though, we have another trick: amino acid racemization. The proteins of living creatures contain amino acids in a specific molecular shape known as the L-configuration. Upon death, some of these amino acids begin shape-shifting to a new arrangement called the *D-configuration*—a process called racemization. Molluscs are particularly useful for amino acid dating because they live practically everywhere in shallow ocean habitats and because their shells are bound together with matrixes of amino acid-rich proteins. By measuring the ratio of the two types of amino acids in mollusc shell proteins, we can estimate the time since death.

The author of the passage would most likely agree with which of the following statements about ²³⁸U?

- Prior to five hundred thousand years ago, its concentrations in seawater were probably less than they are today.
- It is absorbed in different amounts by corals in different ocean habitats.
- Its rate of decay prior to five hundred thousand years ago cannot be determined.
- It is useful in dating corals that lived more than five hundred thousand years ago.
- It is not useful in dating shells of clams or snails.



il corals contain amino acids that a

rate than fossil molluscs do.

differences between fossil molluscs and fossil corals?

Fossil corals can be dated to a greater age than fossil molluscs can.

The passage implies which of the following about

00:02:02 @ Hida Tim

Fossil molluscs are more commonly found to have absorbed ²³⁰Th directly from seawater.

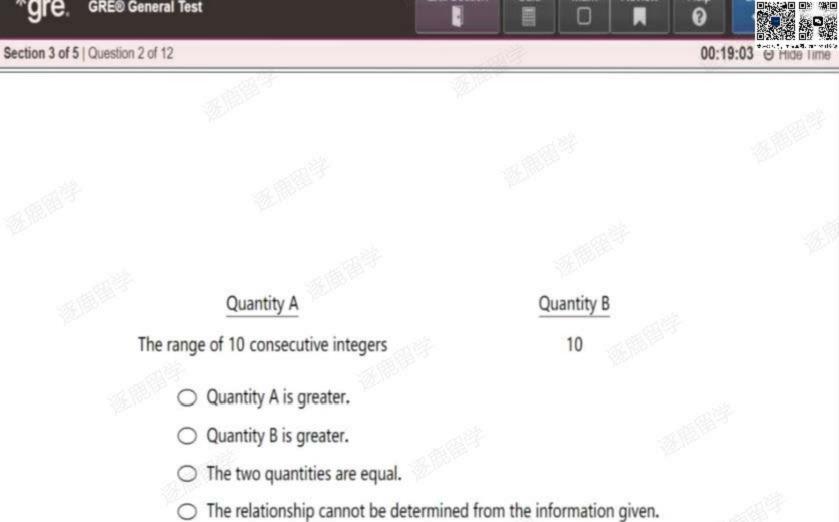
Fossil corals undergo racemization at a less predictable

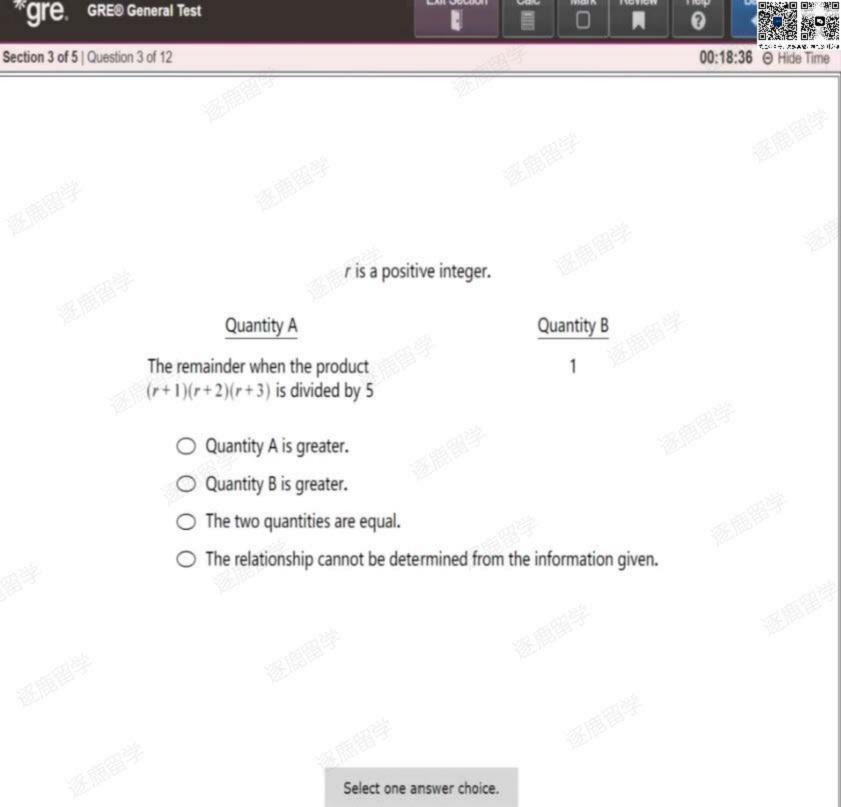
Possil molluscs are found in some marine terrace deposits that do not contain fossil corals.

Fossil corals contain amino acids that are not found in fossil molluscs.

The two quantities are equal.

The relationship cannot be determined from the information given.

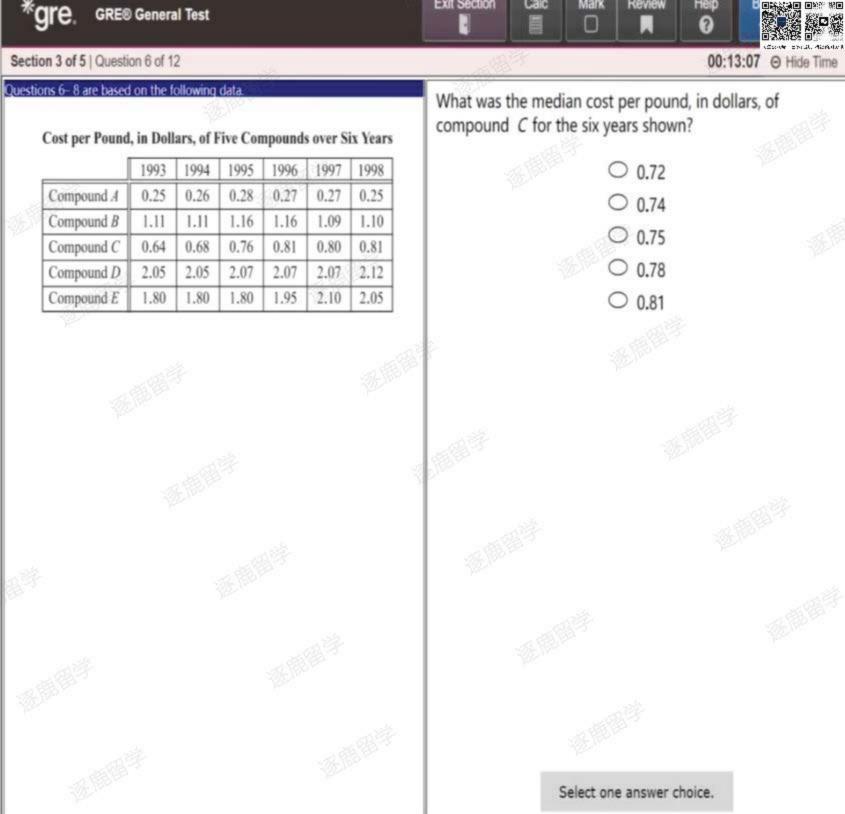


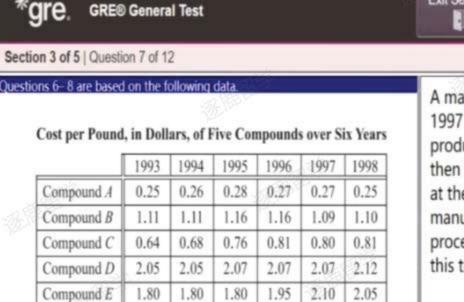


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Section 3 of 5	5 Question 4 of 12	- 1000	00:17:26 ⊖ Hide Time
	The rate x kilometers per hour is equal to the	ne rate 10 centimeters per second.	
	Quantity A	Quantity B	
	x	0.36	
	 Quantity A is greater. 		
	 Quantity B is greater. 		
	 The two quantities are equal. 		
	 The relationship cannot be determined 	ed from the information given.	
	Select one answe	r choice.	

A flat rectangular garden has a diagonal that measures 10 feet. If the length of the garden is 3 times the width of the garden, which of the following is closest to the width of the garden, in feet?

- 3
- 0 4
- 0 5
- \bigcirc 6
- 01







A manufacturer bought 500 pounds of compound *C* in 1997 and, through a process costing a total of \$50, produced from it 450 pounds of compound *B*, which was then sold in 1998. If the compounds were bought and sold at the rates shown in the table and if the only costs to the manufacturer were the cost of the compound *C* and the processing, what was the manufacturer's total profit from this transaction?

\$35\$40\$45

O \$50

O \$55

· 45.

Section 3 of 5 | Question 8 of 12

00:09:23 ⊝ Hide Time

Questions 6-8 are based on the following data.

Cost per Pound, in Dollars, of Five Compounds over Six Years

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
Compound A	0.25	0.26	0.28	0.27	0.27	0.25
Compound B	1.11	1.11	1.16	1.16	1.09	1.10
Compound C	0.64	0.68	0.76	0.81	0.80	0.81
Compound D	2.05	2.05	2.07	2.07	2.07	2.12
Compound E	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.95	2.10	2.05

Compounds A, B, and E are the only materials used to make a certain product. In this product, compounds A, B, and E are used in the ratio of 3 to 2 to 5, respectively, by weight. In 1998, what was the cost of the materials used to make one pound of this product?

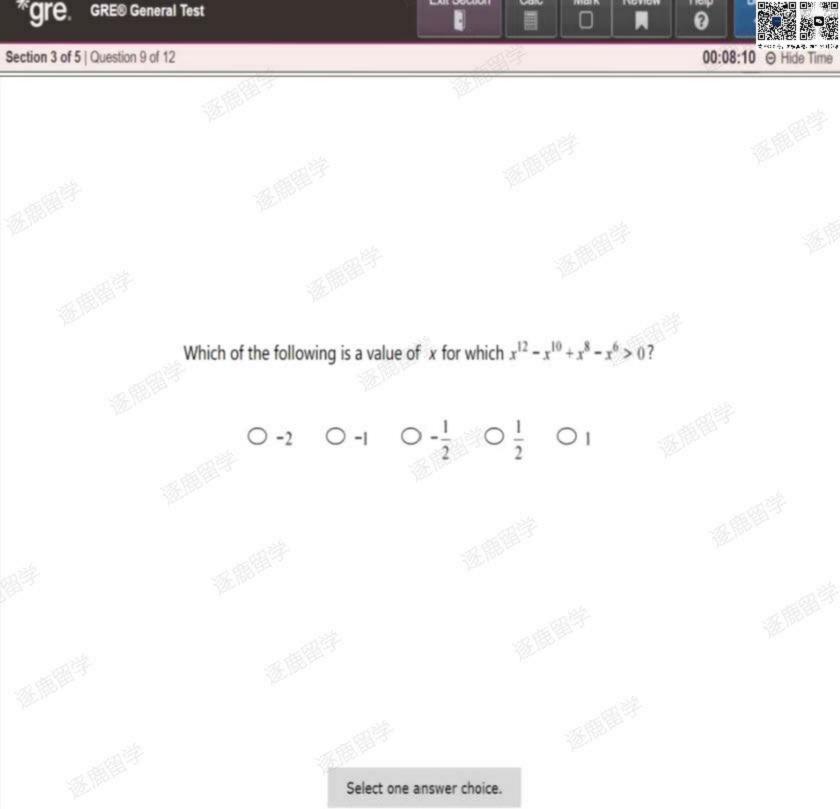
O \$1.13

O \$1.32

O \$1.45

O \$1.50

O \$1.57



Section 3 of 5 | Question 10 of 12

Consider the numbers q, r, and s, where 0 < q < r < 1 < s. Which of the following shows the five numbers r-q, $\sqrt{r-q}$, $\sqrt{s+q}$, $(r-q)^2$, and $(s+r)^2$ listed in order from least to greatest?

$$\bigcirc \sqrt{r-q}, (r-q)^2, r-q, \sqrt{s+q}, (s+r)^2$$

$$\bigcirc$$
 $r-q$, $(r-q)^2$, $\sqrt{r-q}$, $(s+r)^2$, $\sqrt{s+q}$

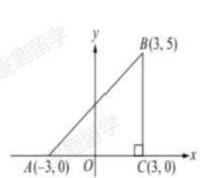
$$\bigcap r - q, \sqrt{r - q}, (r - q)^2, \sqrt{s + q}, (s + r)^2$$

$$\bigcirc (r-q)^2, r-q, \sqrt{r-q}, (s+r)^2, \sqrt{s+q}$$

$$(r-q)^2$$
, $r-q$, $\sqrt{r-q}$, $\sqrt{s+q}$, $(s+r)^2$

Section 3 of 5 | Question 11 of 12

Hide Tir



What is the perimeter of triangle ABC in the figure above?

Give your answer to the nearest integer.

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Section 3 of 5 Q	uestion 12 of 12					00:03:18 🖯	Hide Time
			18 100°				182
							E Barry
	Carlos owns twice 10 more books tha	as many books as Surya and o	one-third as m	any books	as lan. lan o	wns	- B.
		wing statements <u>individually</u> p many books Carlos owns?	rovide(s) suffi	cient additi	ional informa	tion	
	Indicate <u>all</u> such st	atements.					
		☐ Emma owns 5 times as r	many books a	s Surya.			
		☐ Emma owns 50 books.					
		Emma owns 30 more bo	ooks than Carl	os.			-55
							THE PARTY

Select one or more answer choices.

Select one entry for the blank. Fill the blank in the way that best completes the text.

The mountain pine beetle is not _____ like other major pests ravaging much of the American landscape: it is native to the western pine forests.

an interloper	
a nuisance	
an anomaly	
a mystery	
a predator	
	a nuisance an anomaly a mystery

For each blank select one entry from the corresponding column of choices. Fill all blanks in the way that best completes the text.

Few consumers think of food as having a production history. Rather, our food seems (i)______those who grow, process, and serve it. Our food supply system encourages us to ignore connections between what we eat and its past, and, until recently, such (ii)_____ on our part scarcely impacted consumer health.

Blank (i) Blank (ii)

disconnected from insistence
reflective of unawareness
overwhelming to ambivalence

Question 3 of 15	200	00:21:
For each blank select one entri best completes the text.	y from the corresponding column	of choices. Fill all blanks in the way that
Experience suggests that (i)		are by no means (iii)
	t well-performing companies p	are by no means (iii) possess a keen business sense, but also
for corporations: executives at	t well-performing companies p	
for corporations: executives at tend to have oversized person	t well-performing companies p nalities.	possess a keen business sense, but also
for corporations: executives at tend to have oversized person Blank (i)	t well-performing companies p nalities. Blank (ii)	Blank (iii)

GRE® General Test

Questions 7 to 9 are based on this passage

To assess the impact of severe drought and droughtrelated fire on rain-forest vegetation, Leighton and Wirawan studied eastern Borneo following the 1982-1983 drought (when rainfall was nearly 70 percent below normal) by comparing postdrought data from various rain-forest plots with 1977-1979 data from the same plots. Some of the plots had been burned; others were only affected by drought. The large, normally evergreen canopy trees had begun shedding their leaves in February 1983 and were leafless when fires began in April 1983. The study revealed that canopy trees suffered more from drought than from fire: there was no difference in mortality between burned and unburned plots. Drought impact was greatest (37 to 71 percent of canopy trees killed) on steep slopes and ridges due to the limited water reserves of the shallow soil in such sites, while drought damage was least (11 percent of canopy trees killed) in a valley-bottom plot, which had deeper soil. Small trees and vines were largely unaffected by drought but were more easily killed by fire than were canopy trees. Thus, areas affected by drought alone witnessed a decline in larger trees' importance, whereas areas affected by drought and fire saw an increase in their relative importance because of their greater survival rate.

The primary purpose of the passage is to

- discuss the causes of the severe drought that struck eastern Borneo in 1982–1983
- assess the validity of data concerning the 1982–1983 drought in eastern Borneo by comparing it with data from 1977–1979
- examine the causal relationship between drought and fire in rain-forest environments
- evaluate the relative effects of drought and fire on plant life in rain-forest environments
- compare the relative importance of soil depth and water reserves to the survival of plant life in rainforest environments

plots. Some of the plots had been burned; others were only affected by drought. The large, normally evergreen

canopy trees had begun shedding their leaves in

more from drought than from fire: there was no

February 1983 and were leafless when fires began in

April 1983. The study revealed that canopy trees suffered

difference in mortality between burned and unburned plots. Drought impact was greatest (37 to 71 percent of canopy trees killed) on steep slopes and ridges due to the limited water reserves of the shallow soil in such sites, while drought damage was least (11 percent of canopy trees killed) in a valley-bottom plot, which had deeper soil. Small trees and vines were largely unaffected by drought but were more easily killed by fire than were

canopy trees. Thus, areas affected by drought alone witnessed a decline in larger trees' importance, whereas areas affected by drought and fire saw an increase in their relative importance because of their

greater survival rate.

research suggests that which of the following was required

- A wide range of soil depths and water reserves
- Evidence of impact by both drought and fire
- Ease of access for gathering postdrought data
- Availability of data on predrought conditions

Questions 7 to 9 are based on this passage

To assess the impact of severe drought and droughtrelated fire on rain-forest vegetation, Leighton and Wirawan studied eastern Borneo following the 1982-1983 drought (when rainfall was nearly 70 percent below normal) by comparing postdrought data from various rain-forest plots with 1977-1979 data from the same plots. Some of the plots had been burned; others were only affected by drought. The large, normally evergreen canopy trees had begun shedding their leaves in February 1983 and were leafless when fires began in April 1983. The study revealed that canopy trees suffered more from drought than from fire: there was no difference in mortality between burned and unburned plots. Drought impact was greatest (37 to 71 percent of canopy trees killed) on steep slopes and ridges due to the limited water reserves of the shallow soil in such sites, while drought damage was least (11 percent of canopy trees killed) in a valley-bottom plot, which had deeper soil. Small trees and vines were largely unaffected by drought but were more easily killed by fire than were canopy trees. Thus, areas affected by drought alone witnessed a decline in larger trees' importance, whereas areas affected by drought and fire saw an increase in their relative importance because of their greater survival rate.

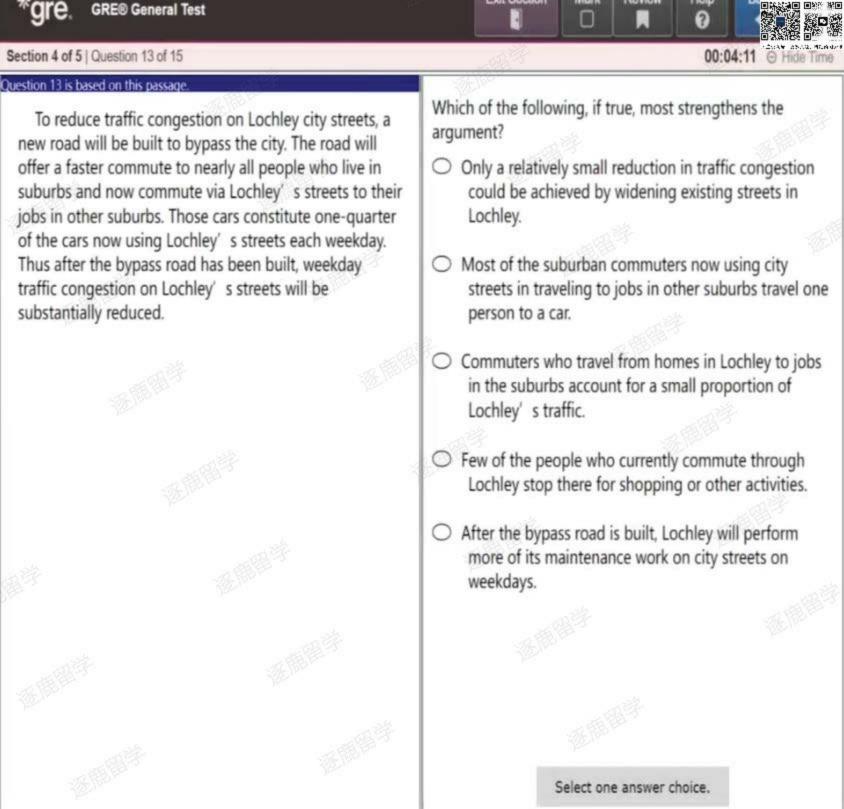
According to the passage, the conclusion that "canopy trees suffered more from drought than from fire" is based on data indicating that

- small trees and vines were largely unaffected by drought but were more easily killed by fire than were canopy trees
- canopy trees had already begun to shed their leaves when fires began in April 1983
- canopy trees that were affected by both drought and fire were no more likely to die than were those that were only affected by drought
- canopy trees that grew on steep slopes and ridges were more likely to die than were those that grew at the bottom of a valley
- canopy trees were more likely to be found growing in shallow soil with limited water reserves than in deep soil

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Section 4 of 5	Question 10 of 15		- C - F		00:08:	22 O Hide Time
	Select the <u>two</u> answer choices that sentence as a whole <u>and</u> produce of				he	
	In a field of egotists, Bloomfie punctuating her corresponder		The state of the s	ompetitors and		
		unassuming				
		compliment	ary			
		acerbic				
		☐ ingenuous				
		cutting				
		☐ modest				

Select two answer choices.

*gre.	GRE® General Test		E	F	0	
Section 4 of 5	Question 11 of 15				00:06:	33 ⊝ Hide Tim
	Select the <u>two</u> answer choices that, sentence as a whole <u>and</u> produce co			ing of the	•	
	The apparent simplicity of a savereal effort to because underground.	anna or a prairie landso se much of what actual				
		dispel				
		acknowledge	!			
		confirm				
		disavow				
		dismiss				
		perceive				
		Select two answer cho	pices.			



Section 4 of 5 | Question 14 of 15 00:02:38 ⊙ Hide Tim

Questions 14 and 15 are based on this passage

The fact that certain musical qualities were shared by African American and White jazz musicians in the mid-1950s was sometimes explained by claiming that jazz was "color-blind." Yet a look at how the discourse of color blindness was deployed in 1950s jazz periodicals helps explain why many African American jazz musicians began to emphasize differences, rather than similarities, between the aesthetic styles of Black and White musicians. The discourse of "color blindness" tended to exaggerate the permeability of racial boundaries by failing to address the power relationships involved in a social climate where evasiveness about race was often used to silence African American perspectives on the meaning of jazz. While the expression of color-blind sentiments was not necessarily disingenuous, structural racial stratification remained powerful beyond the bandstand.

The passage suggests that some authors writing in 1950s jazz periodicals

- promoted a view of jazz that would remain influential well beyond the 1950s
- failed to grasp the full extent of the similarities between Black and White jazz musicians
- were sincere in their belief that race played no role in shaping the aesthetic aspects of jazz
- criticized the general public's obliviousness to the reality of racial boundaries within jazz
- claimed that the differences between Black and White musicians had been underestimated

Section 5 of 5 | Question 1 of 15

A piece of rope x feet long is cut into 2 pieces. One piece is 3 feet longer than the other.

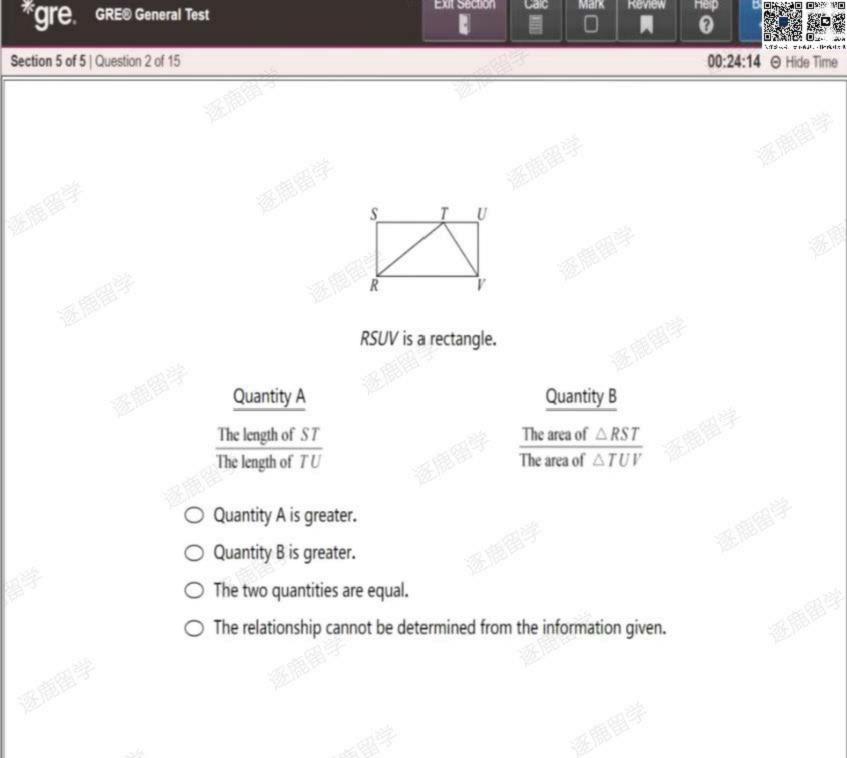
Quantity A

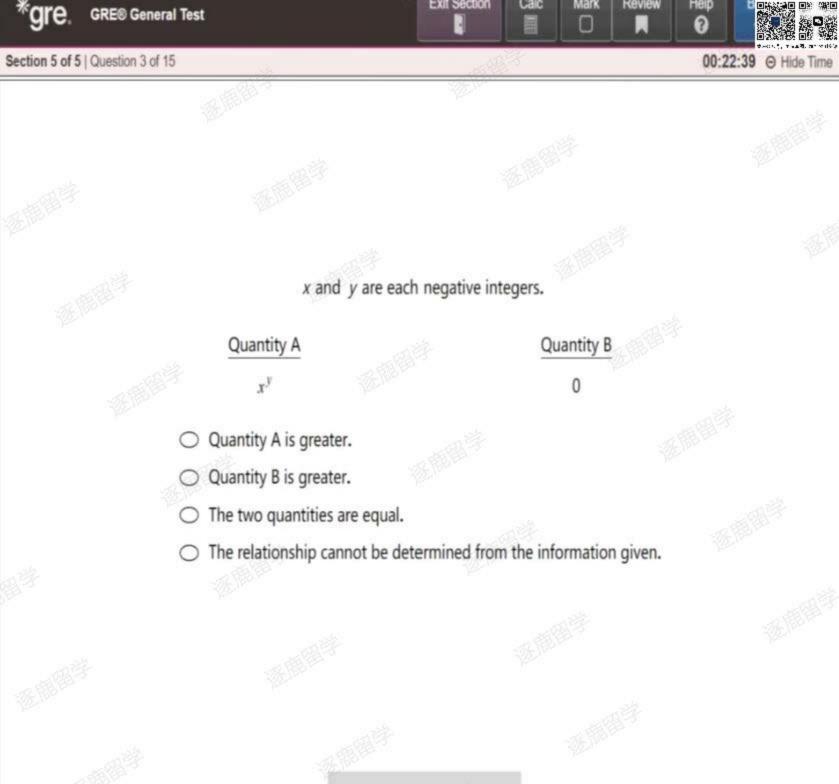
The length of the longer piece

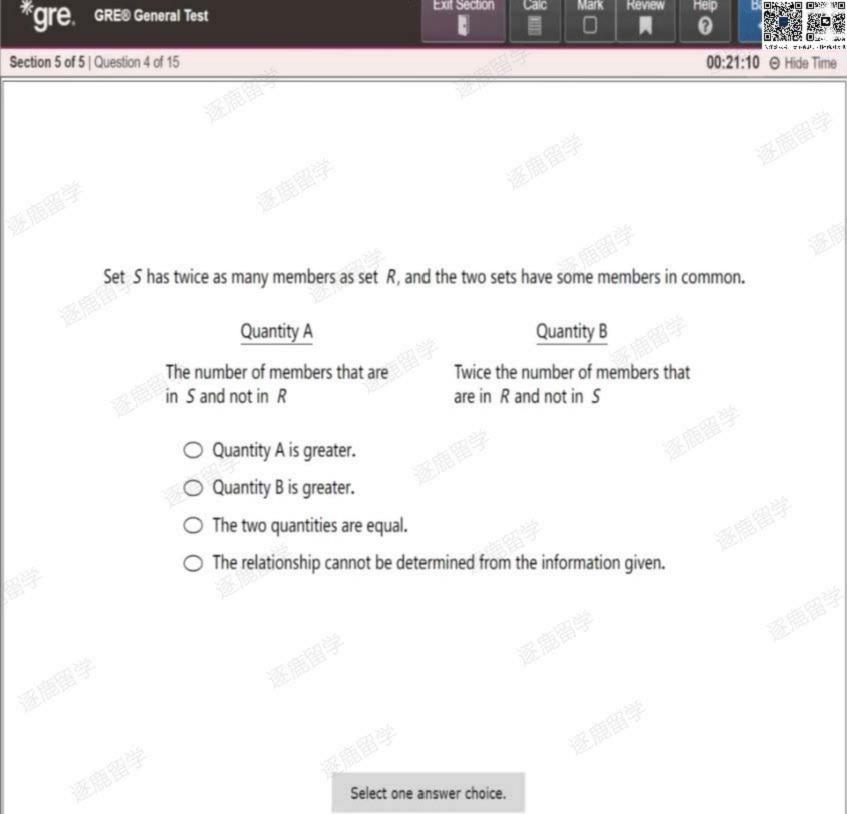
Quantity B

$$\frac{x+3}{2}$$
 feet

- O Quantity A is greater.
- Quantity B is greater.
- The two quantities are equal.
- The relationship cannot be determined from the information given.

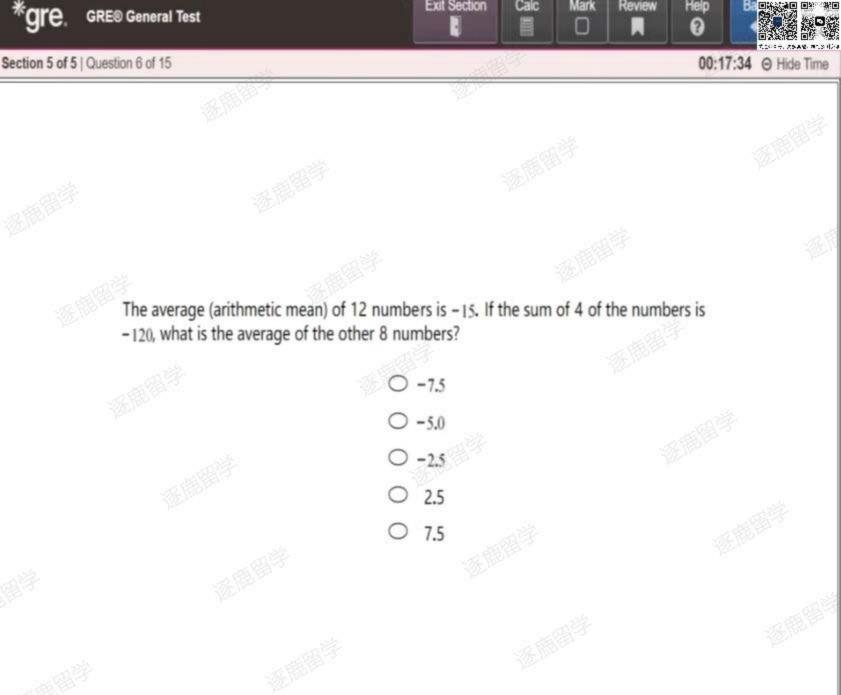


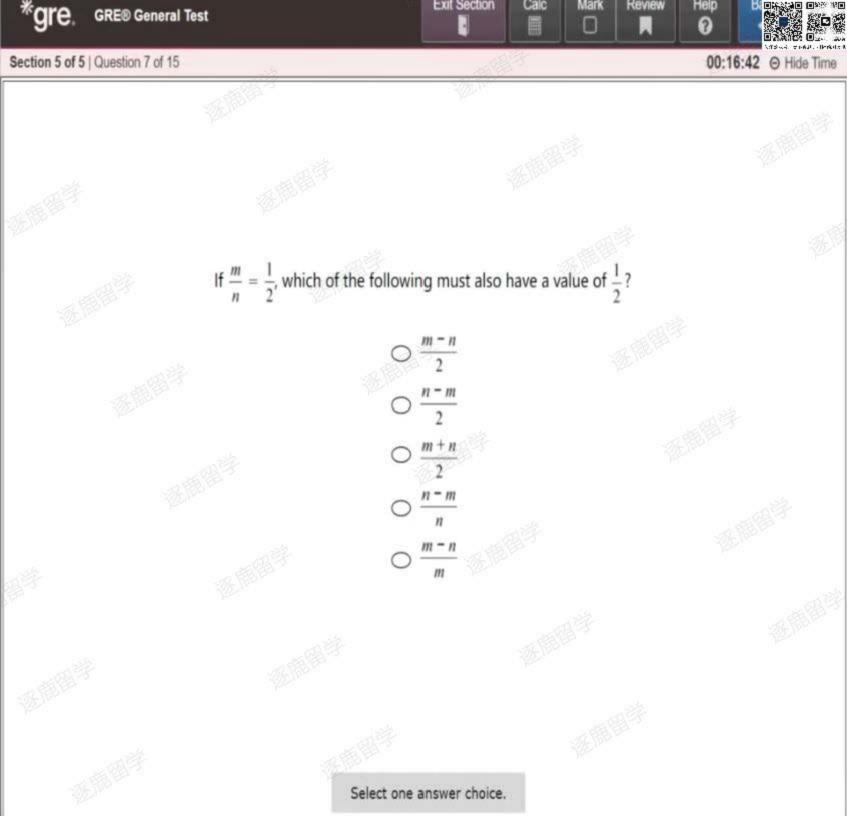


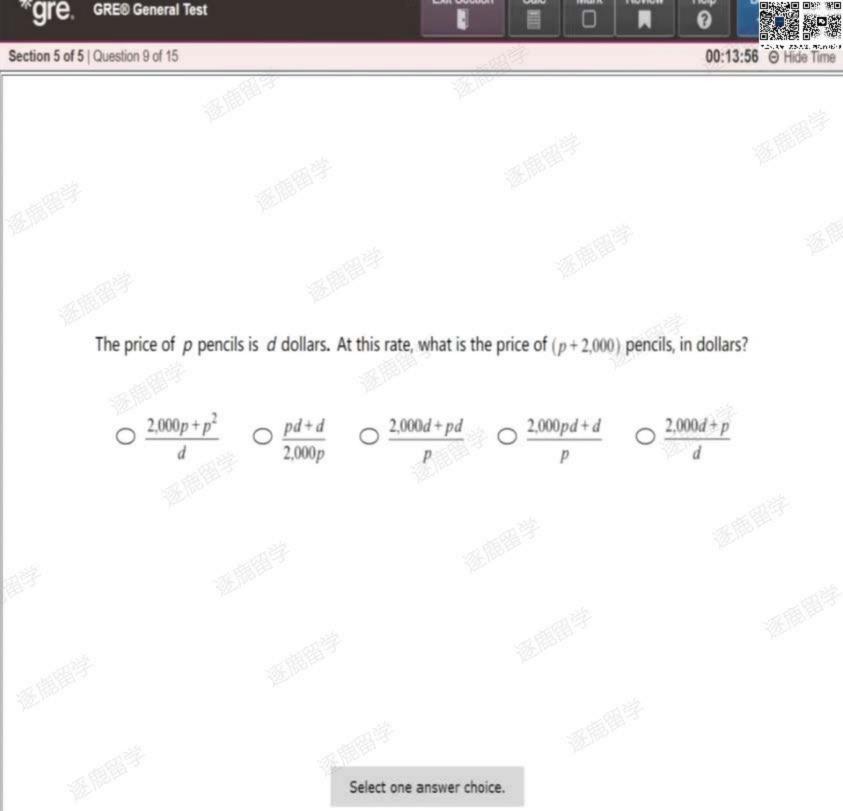


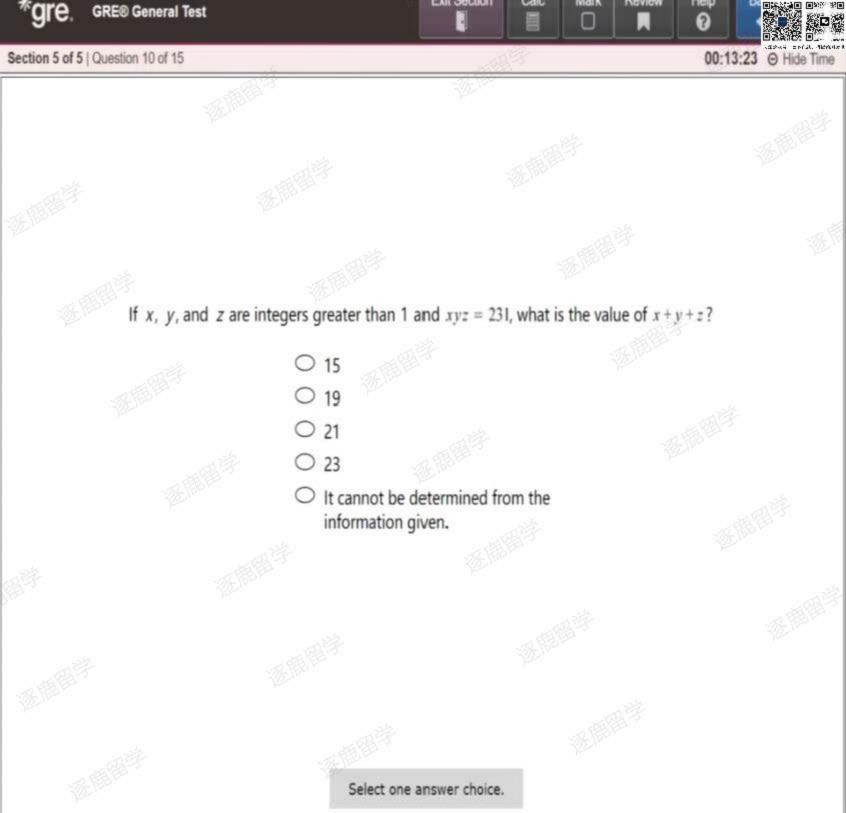
The two quantities are equal.

The relationship cannot be determined from the information given.









The closing price of a stock on a certain day was *P* dollars. For the next 8 consecutive trading days, the closing price changed as follows. For the 1st, 3rd, 5th, and 7th days, the closing price of the stock was 10 percent less than its closing price on the preceding day. For the 2nd, 4th, 6th, and 8th days, the closing price of the stock was 10 percent greater than its closing price on the preceding day. Which of the following represents the closing price, in dollars, of the stock on the 8th day?

 $\bigcirc 4(0.99)P$ $\bigcirc 8(0.99)P$ $\bigcirc (0.99^4)P$ $\bigcirc (0.99^8)P$ $\bigcirc P$

Section 5 of 5 | Question 12 of 15

0:08:15 G PINGE III

In a local election there are 2 candidates for mayor, 4 candidates for sheriff, and 5 candidates for dogcatcher on the ballot. In each of the three categories a voter may vote for exactly one candidate or none. How many different ways can a voter fill out the ballot?

-) 11
- 0 14
- 0 40
- 80
- $\supset 90$

Select one answer choice.

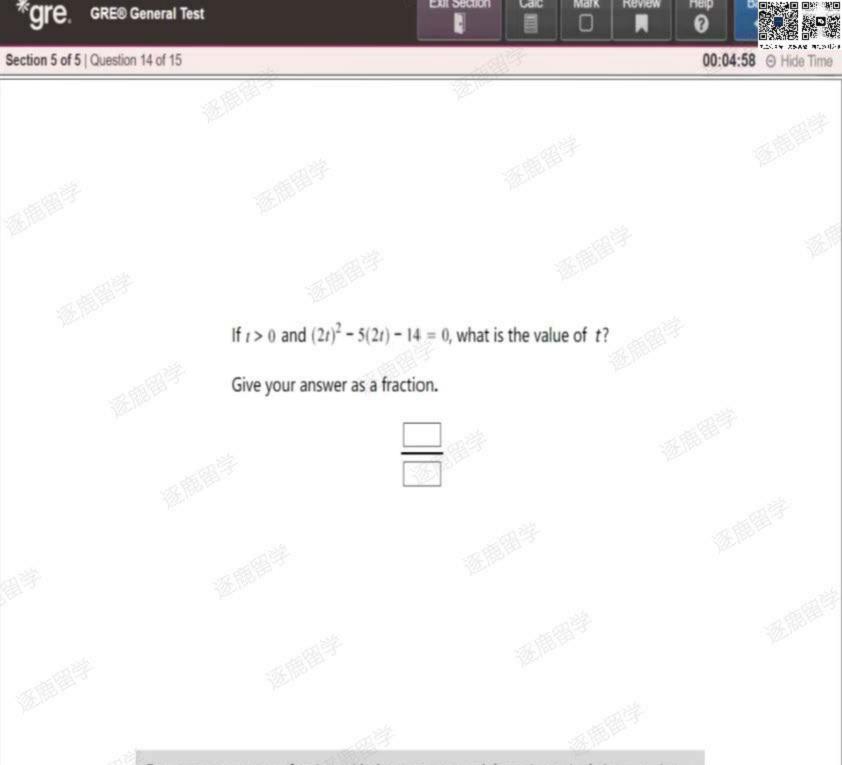
Section 5 of 5 | Question 13 of 15

00:07:27 ⊙ Hide Time

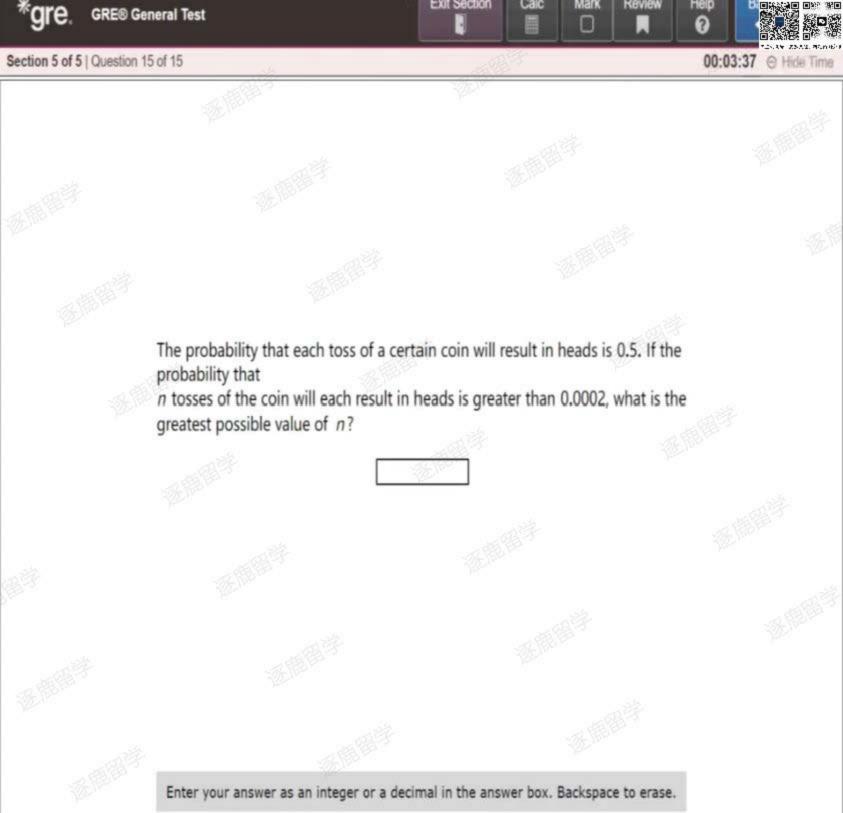
At a certain company, employees who earn \$20.00 per hour will be given an increase of \$1.00 per hour. For each of the other employees, either the employee will be given an increase of \$1.00 per hour or the employee will be given a percent increase equal to the percent increase that will be given to the employees who earn \$20.00 per hour, whichever results in a larger increase for that employee. Which of the following statements are true?

Indicate all such statements.

- An employee who earns less than \$20.00 per hour will be given a percent increase that is greater than the percent increase that will be given to the employees who earn \$20.00 per hour.
- An employee who earns \$22.00 per hour will be given an increase of \$1.10 per hour.
- An employee who earns \$24.00 per hour will earn \$25.20 per hour after the increase.



Enter your answer as a fraction, with the numerator and denominator in their respective answer boxes. Backspace to erase.



Section2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	n	12	, x		
答案	С	AA	CAA	В	D	CD	AD	CD	BE	E	D	D			
Section3	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	n	12			
答案	A	В	D	c	A	D	C	В	A	E	19	ABC			
Section4	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
答案	A	AB	AAB	CAB	D	A	D	E	c	AF	AE	AC	D	C	В
Section5) i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
答案	c	C	D	A	D	A	D	D	c	С	C	E	ABC	7/2	12