

- Work

$$E = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{d}$$

↑ scalar      ↘ vectors

$$E = \int_{\text{path}} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{s}$$

never going  
to do anything  
complicated

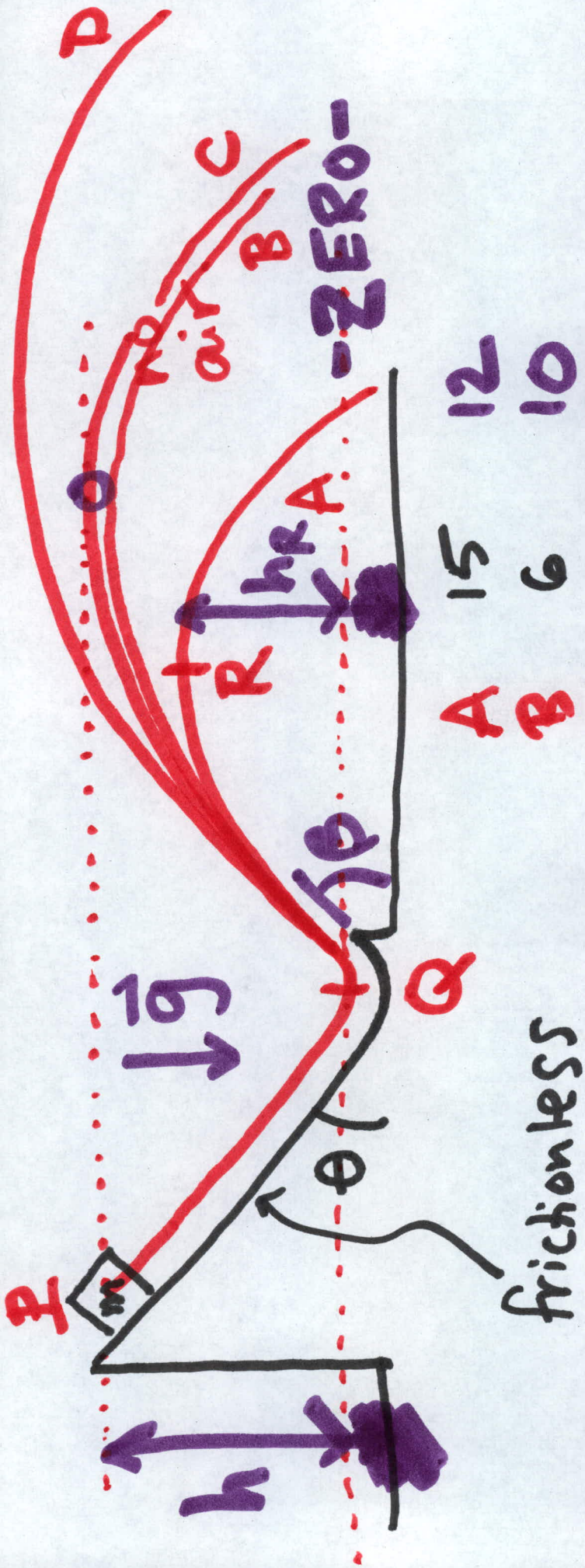
transfer of energy

work has a sign

- potential energy "by virtue of position"

- kinetic energy —  $\frac{1}{2}mv^2$   
"by virtue of velocity"





	A	B	C	D
Height (m)	15	6	250	1
Angle (°)	12	10	90	0

Potential

Kinetic

$mgh$

0

P

0

Q

$mgh_R$

R

$\frac{1}{2}mV_Q^2$

$\frac{1}{2}mV_R^2$

$= \frac{1}{2}mV_Q^2 \cos^2 \beta$

we used physics



total energy @  $E_P = mgh + 0$   
 @  $E_Q = 0 + \frac{1}{2}mv_Q^2$

Cons. of E:  $E_P = E_Q$

$mgh = \frac{1}{2}mv_Q^2 \Rightarrow |\vec{v}_Q| = \sqrt{2gh}$

