The plari document class Type setting stageplay scripts with LATEX $2\varepsilon^*$

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Abstract

A document class for typesetting stageplay scripts is described.

1 Usage

The document class plari behaves like the standard document class report except that (a) the sectioning commands \section et cetera do not work and (b) paragraphs are separated, not indented.

In addition the following macros are defined: \newact starts a new Act, \newace starts a new scene, $\setting{\langle describe setting \rangle}$ starts a new scene and describes the new setting, \newace begins a new line of dialogue, spoken by $\langle speaker \rangle$, and \newace typesets a parenthetical note.

2 Implementation

First we warm up.

- 1 (*class)
- ${\tt 3 \ ProvidesClass\{plari\}[\filedate\space\fileversion\space\fileinfo]}$
- 4 \typeout{plari <\filedate:\fileversion> typesetting stageplay scripts}

 Currently we don't take any special arguments. We just let report handle them
- $\label{lem:constraint} \begin{tabular}{l} 5 \label{lem:constraint} \begin{tabular}{l} End of the constraint of the con$
- 6 \ProcessOptions

We steal most of our code from report.cls.

7 \LoadClass{report}

^{*}This document describes plari.dtx version number 19981102-CTAN dated 1998/11/02.

Now we get to the point. Acts are numbered individually, scenes are numbered within acts. When referenced, act numbers are Roman, and scenes are of the form $\langle Act \rangle$: $\langle Scene \rangle$, where $\langle Scene \rangle$ is the current scene in Arabic.

```
8 \newcounter{act}
9 \newcounter{scene}[act]
10 \renewcommand{\theact}{\Roman{act}}
11 \renewcommand{\thescene}{\Roman{act}:\arabic{scene}}
```

Acts start a new page. Their numbers are typeset bold Huge. Scenes do not start a page, and their numbers are typeset medium Large.

```
12 \newcommand{\newact}{%
    \refstepcounter{act}%
13
    \newpage{\centering\bfseries\Huge--- \Roman{act} ---\par}%
14
    \vspace{1.5cm plus .5cm minus .5cm}%
15
16
17 \newcommand{\newscene}{%
    \refstepcounter{scene}%
    \bigskip%
    {\centering\mdseries\Large\arabic{scene}\par}%
20
21
    \medskip%
    }
22
```

Most scenes come with a change of scenery. The setting is typeset with normal size italic, but with reduced canavas. Describing a setting changes scene.

```
23 \newcommand{\setting}[1]{%
    \newscene%
    \begingroup%
25
      \left\{ \right\} 
26
         \listparindent=\parindent%
27
         \parsep=\parskip%
28
         \tau=\z@%
29
         \rightmargin=\leftmargin%
30
31
         }%
      \item%
32
      \let\item\@undefined%
33
      {\normalsize\itshape\mdseries#1\par}%
34
35
      \endlist%
36
    \endgroup%
    }
37
```

Every line in dialogue is preceded by a name. The name is typeset centered, in normal size medium series small caps. The next paragraph should not be indented.

```
38 \newcommand{\repl}[1]{%
39 \medskip%
40 {\centering\normalsize\mdseries\scshape#1\par}%
41 % \smallskip%
42 }
```

Sometimes parenthetical notes must be inserted within dialogue. These notes are typeset in italic.

```
43 \end{\mathrm{paren}} [1] {\texttt{\#1}}
```

We do not want indents. Instead, we'll have a skip between paragraphs.

- 44 \parindent=\z0
- $45 \verb|\parskip=\medskipamount\relax| \\$

We don't want the user to use LATEX standard sectioning.

 $46 \ensuremath{ \mbox{\sc let}\mbox{\sc gundefined} }$

We are done for good.

 $47 \langle / class \rangle$