

Date - 14/2/24

-: Humanities :-

Unit - 2.

-Human Behaviour:-

- Human Behaviour and social thoughts are influenced by
- By the actions or characteristics of people around us
- By our cultural trends or belief.

Biological basis of behaviour:-

Whether behaviour is influenced by biological process or genetic factors -

it has different views.

There is a field called Evolutionary psychology which sheds light on this issue. Through the process of evolution.

There are three basic components:-

- 1. Variation
- 2. Inheritance
- 3. Selection

1. Variation :- The different organisms belonging to different species behave in many different ways.

2. Inheritance :- That which is passed on one generation to another.

3. Selection :- Some individual select some traits or qualities to give edge to others.

: Methods for understanding human psychology :-

(psychology + physiology)

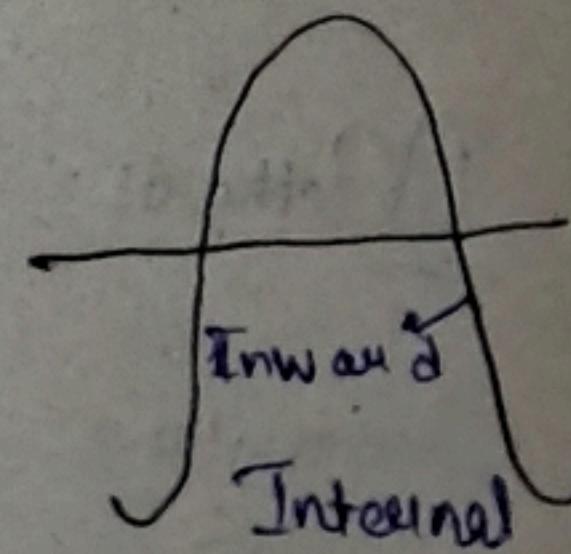
Human behaviour is like iceberg

Brain mapping

Body language

Psychology test.

- ① Basic Nature.
- ② Perception
- ③ Projection



Freud believes behaviour is not always consciously explained. He feels that the individual behaviour depends on three factors -

- 1. Id → Id means pleasure to certain degree of having. Id is constructive but sometimes it may lead to destructive tendencies like aggression, domination, fighting

on destroying. It is more dominating in childhood.
It is always unconscious. Throughout the life Id becomes important source of thinking and behaving.

2. Ego → Ego represents conscious state in one's behaviour though if Id comes in conflict with Ego, Ego depends on the super Ego.
3. Super Ego → Super Ego is also a part of conscience. The conscience is defended on two factors - the cultural values and moral of a society. There is always a tussle between Id, ego and super ego. and the degree varies from one person to another.
- According to J.B. Watson, everything depends on association, environment and these things are responsible for learning, memory and emotions.

Men's temperament, nature, extraversion and sociability, aggression, agreeableness all this depend on conscious, subconscious state of mind.

According to J.B. Watson - learning, memory & emotions are highly influenced by association, peers & environment.

Methods

for dealing with these things

1. Understand the energy within and out.
2. Motivational Factor.
3. education in all sense.
4. psychoanalysis
5. Complete personality development.

Concept of good life
1. Normal concept 2. Ambitious concept 3. Depressed concept

Happiness

Happiness depends on the way of thinking.

- 1.) Happy way of thinking.
- 2.) Pensive way of thinking.
- 3.) Pettedice way of thinking.

Q How do you attain Happiness.

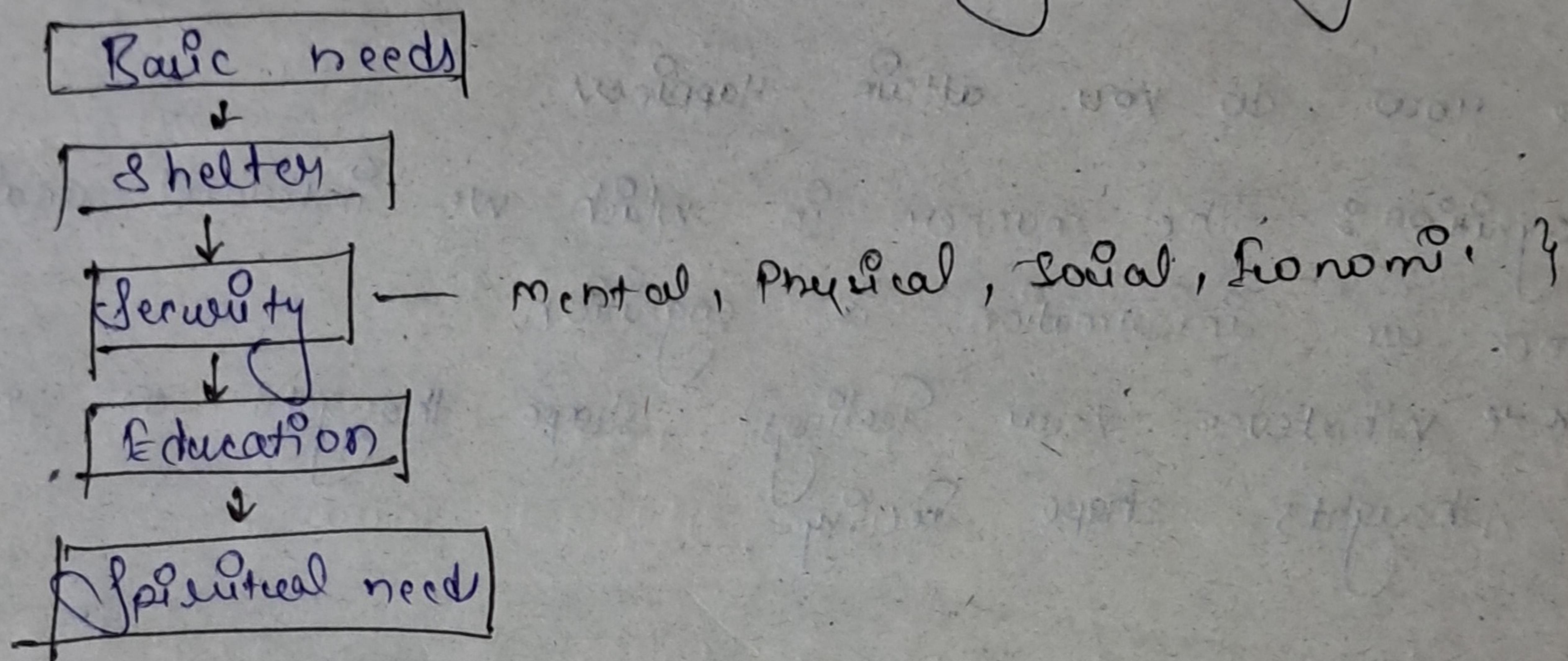
Cognition - The manner in which we interpret analytic remarks and use information is cognition.

= whatever your feelings shape thoughts or your thoughts shape feeling.

Unit - 1
Man and Society

Man is a social animal by needs and
 necessity. society makes arrangement for
 his living and gratification of his needs.

Maslow Need Hierarchy Theory



Q - If all needs are fulfilled then can be
 stop come in society

Characteristics of society

1. Abstractness :- society is abstract not concrete.
 It is a concept so it cannot be seen.

2. Everyone is dependent :-

3. Well organised :- Every work is systematically
 allocation and proper division of work
 full of both alikness & differences

4. Both conflicts and cooperation: It is
 said that society is coop, crossed
 by conflict.

Social Institutions :- It means the components which influence our life and our closely related threats to our social life and behaviour. There is no institution which is permanent in nature.

(i) Family - It has great impact on child. Each family whether joint or nuclear is a self sufficient unit according to the social norms & it is a place of teaching value which build the character and it is a cradle of social virtues.

(ii) Religion - It has a great impact on human mind. Everything which has to be taught can be tucked with religion and people will do it and it is deeply rooted in human mind.

(iii) School -

(iv) Marriage - It provides social harmony and responsibilities.

Date → 6/3/04

starts stand.

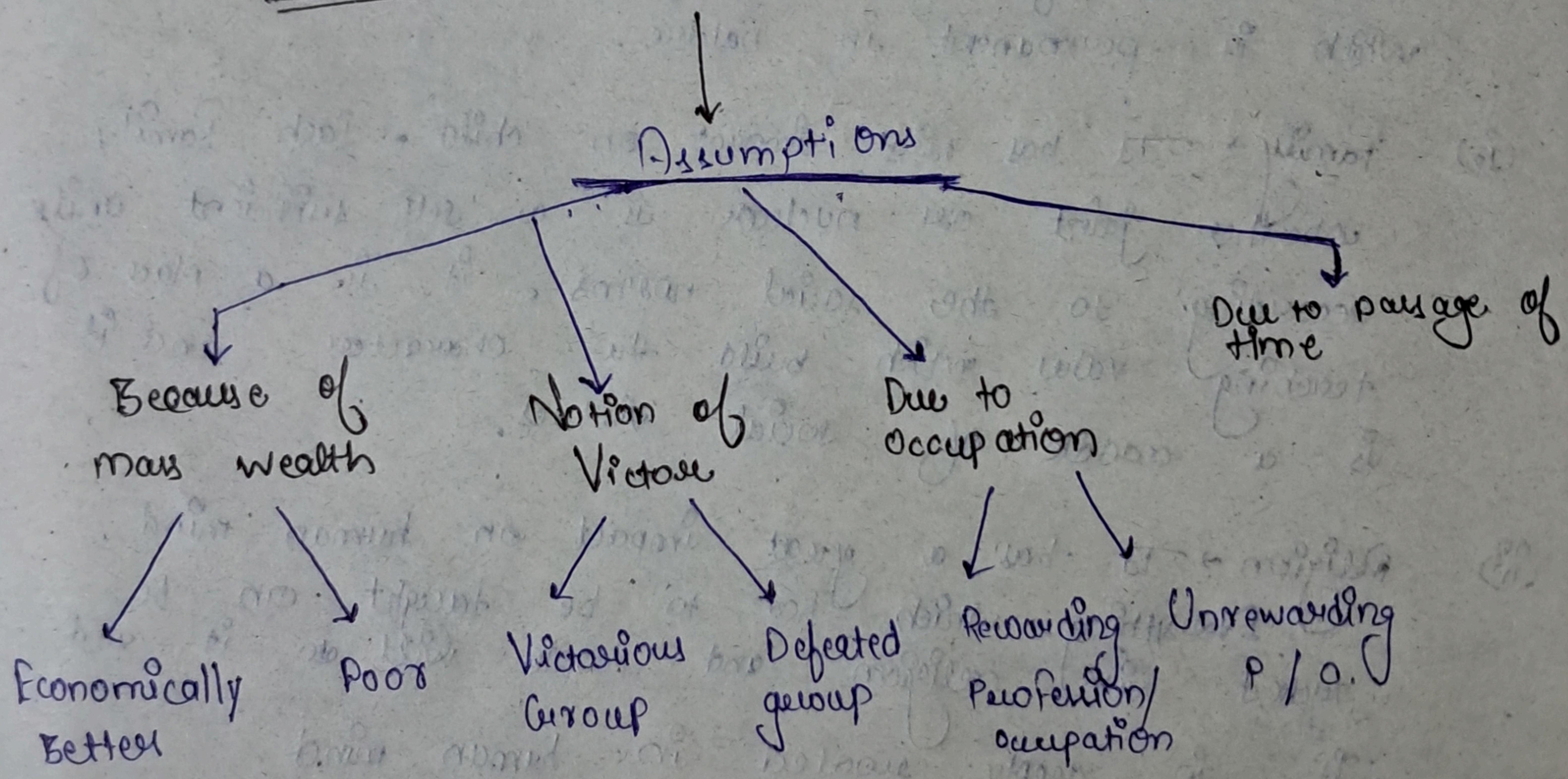
Social Stratification and change :-

According to Gilbreth, social stratification is division of society into permanent groups or categories linked with each other by relationship of superiority or subordination.

It is based on the concept of inequality. As long as there is social inequality, there will be social stratification. The other factors responsible for this are ^{cast} class, religion, economy, politics etc.

Date → 7/3/04

Reasons for Social Stratification :-



Social change :-

1. If it is not uniform.
2. Evolution of social competition
3. Helps in valuation of social structure.
4. Influence by technology.
5. Influence by governmental policies.
6. Struggle is inherent characteristics.