CX2101 Algorithm Design and Analysis

Tutorial 2: Graphs

School of Computer Science and Engineering

Nanyang Technological University

Week 6 (Q1-Q3):

Q1 Apply the Dijkstra's algorithm on the graph represented by the following adjacency matrix to find the shortest distances and the shortest paths from vertex 1 to the other vertices. Show the contents of arrays S, d and pi after each iteration of the while loop.

- **Q2** Let G = (V, E, W) be a weighted graph, and let s and z be distinct vertices. In the graph, there may be more than one shortest path from s to z. Explain how to modify Dijkstra's shortest-path algorithm to determine the number of distinct shortest paths from s to z. Assume all edge weights are positive.
- Q3 Dijkstra's algorithm requires that the input graph has all edges being non-negative. Give an example where Dijkstra's algorithm does not work correctly with negative weights.

Week 7 (Q4-Q6):

Q4 Execute by hand the Prim's algorithm for finding minimum spanning tree (MST) on the graph in Figure 2.1, starting from vertex G. Show the contents of arrays S, d and pi after each iteration of the while loop when a vertex is added to the MST.

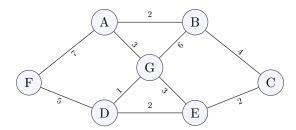


Figure 2.1: Graph for Q4

- Q5 In a weighted undirected graph, is the path between two vertices in a minimum spanning tree always the shortest path (i.e. a path with the minimum weight) between the two vertices in the graph? If your answer is yes, give a proof; otherwise, give a counterexample.
- Q6 Draw a connected graph with five nodes, six edges of respective weights 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and a minimum spanning tree of weight 28. Is it possible to have an MST of weight 29? If yes, draw the graph; otherwise, provide your justification.

Week 8 (Q7-Q9):

- **Q7** Execute by hand the Kruskal's algorithm (with the weighted QuickUnion algorithm for Union-Find) for finding minimum spanning tree (MST) on the graph in Figure 2.1. Show the contents of arrays *id* and *sz* at each step when an edge is added to the MST.
- **Q8** If the input graph to the Kruskal's algorithm is given in an adjacency matrix, what is the time complexity of the algorithm?
- **Q9** Design an algorithm to check whether a given undirected graph G = (V, E) contains a cycle or not. Analyze the complexity of the algorithm in terms of |V| and |E|.