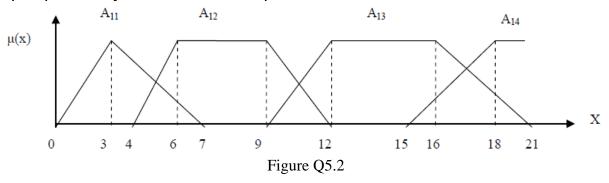
## CZ3005 Tutorial 5 – Default Logic & Fuzzy Logic

**5.1** Find all extensions of the following default theories  $T = \langle \Delta, \Phi \rangle$ 

$$\begin{split} &1. \ \ T = \langle \Delta = \left\{\frac{R(x): \neg P(x)}{\neg P(x)}, \frac{Q(x): P(x)}{P(x)}\right\}, \Phi = \left\{R(N) \land Q(N)\right\} \rangle \\ &2. \ \ T = \langle \Delta = \left\{\frac{Summer: \neg Rain}{Sun\_Shining}\right\}, \Phi = \left\{\neg Sun\_Shining \land Summer\right\} \rangle \end{split}$$

**5.2** The fuzzy variable X is described by a set of fuzzy labels over the interval [0, 24] as shown in the Figure Q5.1. Describe the fuzzy labels using the trapezoidal membership function denoted by: TPMF[a, b, c, d] for each of the labels. State the type of fuzzy partitioning of the space provided by these four membership functions over the interval.



**5.3** A set of fuzzy variables s-quality, f-quality and t-payment are defined by the respective set of membership functions:

s-quality:	fuzzy term/label "poor" μ <sub>sq1</sub> :	tpmf[0, 0, 4, 5]
	fuzzy term/label "good" μ <sub>sq2</sub> :	tpmf[4, 5, 6, 7]
	fuzzy term/label "excellent" μ <sub>sq3</sub> :	tpmf[6, 7, 10, 10]
f-quality:	fuzzy term/label "lousy" μ <sub>fq1</sub> :	tpmf[0, 0, 2, 3]
	fuzzy term/label "delicious" μ <sub>fq2</sub> :	tpmf[7, 8, 10, 10]
t-quality:	fuzzy term/label "cheap" μ <sub>tq1</sub> :	tpmf[0, 2, 2, 3]
	fuzzy term/label "average" μ <sub>tq2</sub> :	tpmf[3, 4, 4, 5]
	fuzzy term/label "generous" $\mu_{tq3}$ :	tpmf[4, 5, 5, 9]

- (i) Draw the fuzzy partitions for each of the fuzzy variable over the domain [0, 10]. State the type of fuzzy partitioning for each of the dimensions.
- (ii) The above fuzzy labels are used in the formulation of an fuzzy expert rule system for tipping. The amount of tips (t-quality) derived from the fuzzy rules are based on the service quality (s-quality) and the food quality (f-quality). Here are 4 fuzzy rules:
  - R1. If service is poor then tip is cheap.
  - R2. If service is excellent and food is delicious then tip is generous.
  - R3. If food is lousy then tip cheap.
  - R4. If service is good and food is delicious then tip is average.

Determine the membership for the resultant tip if the scores for s-quality is 3 and f-quality is 7.

(iii) Linguistic modifiers or hedges are used to change the semantics of the linguistic labels. What will the fuzzy memberships for s-quality and t-quality be like if a rule is given as: R1'. If service is very poor then tip is very cheap.