

Introduction to Bare Metal Programming in Arduino Uno with Assembler

Components and supplies



Introduction

In this tutorial, we are going to see how to program the Arduino Uno without using the Arduino IDE. We will see how the Arduino IDE works under the hood.

How Arduino IDE works

The Arduino IDE uses the `avr-gcc` compiler and `avrdude` to upload our program in the microcontroller. So, we are going to compile using `avr-gcc` the source code (written in C) to obtain the corresponding object file.

Then through `avr-gcc`, we link the system libraries to the object file to produce the executable or the ELF file. Using `avr-objcopy`, we can translate the executable into a binary file that can be uploaded in the Arduino board using `avrdude`.

Install the tools

The commands to install the tools are for Ubuntu/Debian machine.

```
>$ sudo apt-get update  
>$ sudo apt-get upgrade -y
```

And then we install the package required by `avr` and `avrdude`.

```
>$ sudo apt-get install avra avrdude
```

The code

Here's the code to blink the built-in led (**led_on.asm**).

source:

<https://www.instructables.com/Command-Line-Assembly-Language-Programming-for-Ard/>

```
;name:          led_on.asm
;assemble:      avra led_on.asm
;flash:         avrdude -F -V -c arduino -p ATMEGA328P -P /dev/ttyACM0 -b 115200 -U
;              flash:w:led_on.hex
;description:   turns led on port 13 on.
;              slightly modified for my own needs and coding style.
;              It turns on the LED which is connected to PB5 (digital out 13).

.nolist
;next line is commented.  If you like to use DDRB and PortB from the include file then
;comment out the next line.
;
;.include "./m328Pdef.inc"

.list

start:
    ldi r16,0b00100000        ;r16 = 0b00100000
    out 0x04,r16              ;out DDRB,r16
    out 0x05,r16              ;out PortB,r16

loop:
    rjmp loop
```

Assemble and upload

Attach the Arduino Rev3 to your USB port. At my system here it's default mounted on `/dev/ttyACM0` so I use this in the next commandlines.

Unlike C we don't need to compile and link the program. We just assemble it with

```
avra led_on.asm -l led_on.lst
```

The command creates a `led_on.hex` file which can be uploaded to the ATMEGA328P microcontroller on the Arduino Uno Rev3 .

```
avrdude -F -V -c arduino -p ATMEGA328P -P /dev/ttyACM0 -b 115200 -U flash:w:led_on.hex
```

A look at the microcontroller board shows that the led on digital out port 13 is on.

List file

I've additionally created a list file with the commandline option `-l led_on.lst`. A simple `cat led_on.lst` reveals the created listing:

```
AVRA    Ver. 1.3.0 led_on.asm Wed Nov  3 16:55:09 2021
```

```
      ; name:          led_on.asm
      ; assemble:      avra led_on.asm
      ; flash:         avrdude -F -V -c arduino -p ATMEGA328P -P /dev/ttyACM0 -b 115200 -U
flash:w:led_on.hex
      ; description:   turns led on port 13 on.
      ;               this is an example from https://www.instructables.com/Command-Line-
Assembly-Language-Programming-for-Ard/
      ;               slightly modified for my own needs and coding style.
      ;               It turns on the LED which is connected to PB5 (digital out 13).
```

```
      .list
```

```
      start:
C:000000 e200          ldi r16,0b00100000          ;r16 = 0b00100000
C:000001 b904          out 0x04,r16                ;out DDRB,r16
C:000002 b905          out 0x05,r16                ;out PortB,r16
      loop:
C:000003 cfff          rjmp loop
```

```
Segment usage:
Code       :          4 words (8 bytes)
Data       :          0 bytes
EEPROM     :          0 bytes
```

Assembly completed with no errors.