

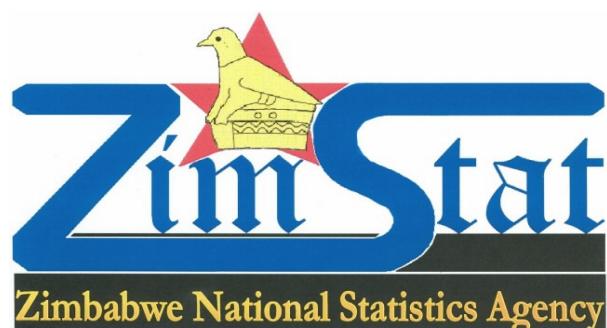


Zimbabwe



Provincial Report

Mashonaland East



ZIMBABWE POPULATION CENSUS 2012

Population Census Office

P.O. Box CY342

Causeway

Harare

Tel: 04-793971-2

04-794756

E-mail: census2012@zimstat.ac.zw

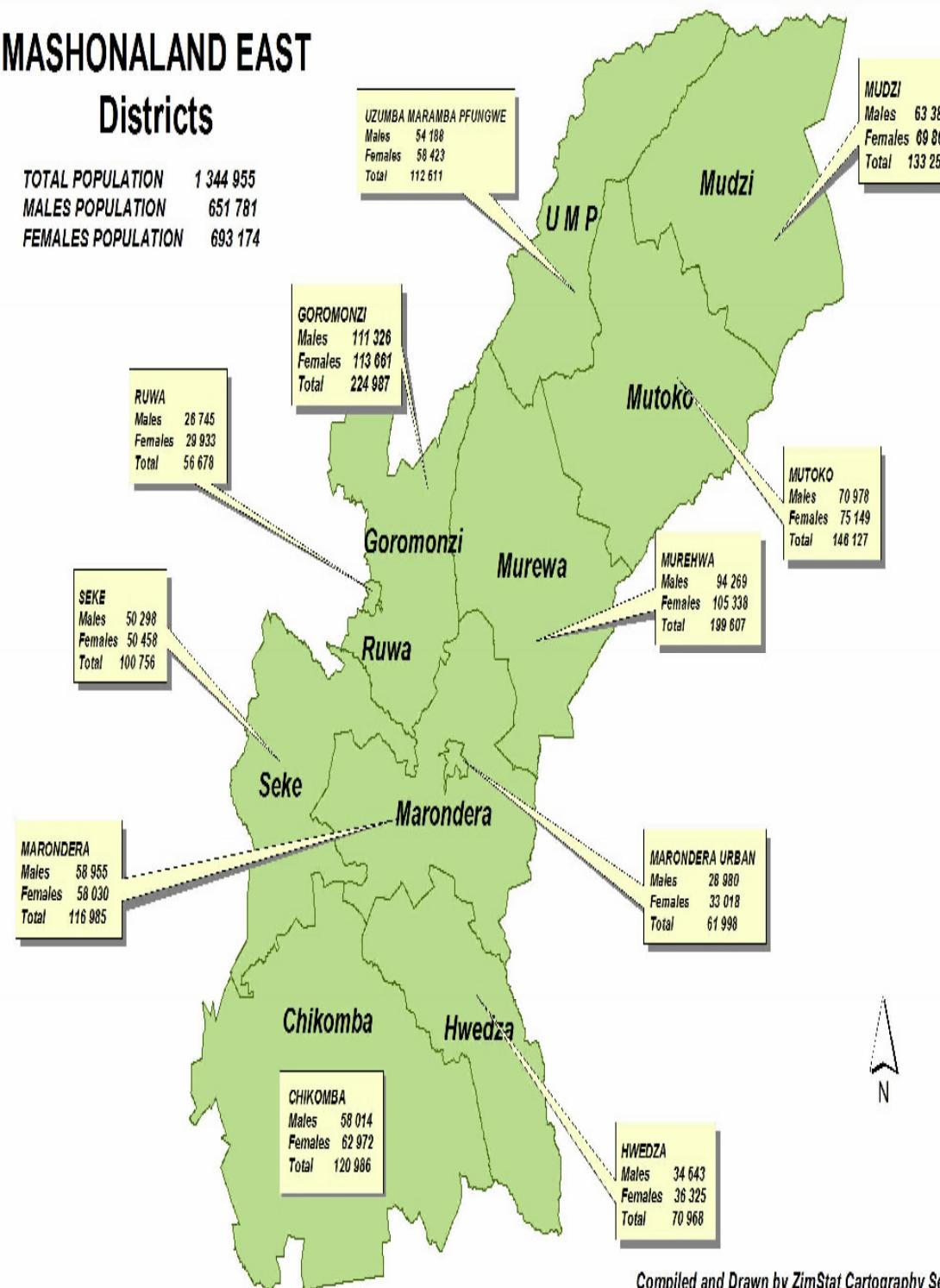


CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Male Population	:	651 781
Female Population	:	693 174
Total Population	:	1 344 955
Average rate of Natural Increase:	:	2.3
Average Size of Household (No. of Households)	:	4.1

MASHONALAND EAST Districts

TOTAL POPULATION 1 344 955
MALES POPULATION 651 781
FEMALES POPULATION 693 174



Mashonaland East Province

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Notations

- : Magnitude Zero

*: Insignificant Value

NS : Not stated

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Foreword

This Provincial Report is one of a series of reports being prepared by the Zimbabwe National Statistics Agency (ZimStat) based on the final results of the 2012 Population Census. In preparing this Provincial Report, ZimStat seeks to put at the disposal of users detailed data which will assist in evidence-based policy formulation and administration.

The Provincial Report provides more details of the census findings that were summarized in the National Report. Further reports on the results of the census will be published in the form of a population census atlas as well thematic analysis reports.

We would like to thank the following development partners and donors for their financial, material and technical assistance:-

Australian Agency for International Development, Danish International Development Agency, United Kingdom Department for International Development, European Union, Swedish International Development Agency, United Nations Development Programme, United Nations Children's Fund and United Nations Population Fund.

ZimStat is appreciative of the funding and material provisions availed to the office by the Government of Zimbabwe. ZimStat would also like to thank all persons who were engaged in 2012 Population Census operations and the general public for its cooperation.



M. Dzinotizei

Director-General, Zimbabwe National Statistics Agency

Harare, October, 2013

Executive Summary

This report summarizes the main findings of the 2012 Census for Mashonaland East Province. In most cases attempts have been made to provide highlights at both the district and provincial levels. It is believed that the information provided will meet the demands of most users. However, detailed and more specific information is available at ZimStat .

Population Size and Structure

The total population of the province was 1 344 955. There were 651 781 males and 693 174 females. This is very close to the initial figure of 1 337 059 released in the. It should be recalled that the earlier figures were compiled manually at the census districts immediately after the census count, and were therefore subject to clerical errors. The population in Mashonaland East Province was relatively young with 42 percent age below 15 years and about 5 percent age 65 years and above

The sex ratio in the province was 94.

Population Distribution

The population in this province was mostly rural with 14 percent of the total found in urban areas. All districts in the province have an urban area.

Private and Collective Households

During the census a distinction was made between private and collective households. The latter included persons who were staying in institutions of all types and constituted a population of almost two percent in the whole province. There were 329 287 private households with an average size of 4 persons per household. The largest proportion of households (18) was in the 3 to 4-person household size categories while out of all households about 87 percent had at most 6 persons. Sixty-four percent of the households were headed by males.

Marital Status

It was further observed that about 26 percent of the population had never married. This large proportion was probably due to the presence of a high percentage of young population. However, females seemed to have entered into such unions at much younger ages than the males. Around 60 percent of the population was currently married, while about 5 percent were either divorced/separated or widowed. As expected, proportionately more females than males were widowed. The same is also the case for those who were divorced/ separated.

Ethnic Origin and Citizenship

Persons of African Ethnic origin made up almost the entire population while those of non-African ethnic origin accounted for a negligible 0.3 percent. Citizens of Zimbabwe constituted nearly the whole population and far less than percent were citizens of other countries. Citizens of Mozambique and Malawi constituted 40 and 47 percent respectively of the non – Zimbabweans.

Education and Literacy

Census information on education revealed that about 12 percent of the population age 3-24 years had never been to school. Fifty nine percent of the population was currently attending school. The proportion of the population age 3-24 years that had left school at the census time was 29 percent. Of the total female population age 3-24 years, 31 percent had left school while the proportion for males was 27 percent. The literacy rate for the province was 96.

Activity and Labourforce

Activity and labour force focused on the population age at least 15 years and this constituted 42 percent of the total population. Out of these, around 72 percent were in the labour force. The proportion of those in the labour force who were unemployed was about 6 percent. Two percent of children age 10-14 years were economically active.

The proportion of those not in the labour force who were students was 42 percent, homemakers (41), and retired/sick/too old (18).

Out of those who were employed, the highest proportions (67) were engaged in agriculture related occupations, followed by services.

Housing Conditions

Information on housing conditions in the province showed that 67 percent of the households lived in their own dwelling units, either as owners or purchasers. The proportion of lodgers was 11 percent. With regard to the type of dwelling units, it was observed that about 63 percent of the households in the province lived in traditional type of dwelling units, while 31 percent occupied dwelling units which were modern.

The proportion of households not using electricity in the province was 72 percent. The proportion of households occupying dwelling units with electricity ranged from 9 percent in Mudzi to 38 percent in Seke. In urban districts the proportion of dwelling units without electricity were between 16 (Marondera Urban) and 34 (Ruwa).

With regards to the source of water for drinking and cooking, 72 percent of households had access to safe water, i.e. either piped or from boreholes/protected wells. The remaining 42 percent relied on relatively unsafe water from unprotected wells, rivers, streams and dams. It was further noted that 26 percent of the households had water on their premises, while 41 percent had water within a distance of less than 500 metres. Eight percent had to cover more than one kilometre for their water. It was further noted that households in the urban districts were better off than those in the rural districts both in terms of the quality of water and the distance to the source.

Information on the type of toilet facility mainly used by the household in the province indicated that a sizeable proportion

(23 percent) of the households had no toilet facility at all. The proportion of households without any toilet facility was highest in Mudzi 38 percent and lowest in Marondera Urban with less than 1 percent. This observation excludes the urban districts. About 14 percent of the households mainly used flush toilets, 35 percent blair toilets and 21 percent pit latrines. The proportion of households which mostly used flush toilets in UMP was about 1 percent, compared with 87 percent in Marondera.

With regard to the type of energy mainly used for cooking, it was observed that 80 percent of the households in the province used wood, while about 2 percent of them used paraffin and electricity was (15 percent). Less than one percent of the households used gas, coal and other forms of energy. Disparities were observed among the districts.

Fertility

Estimates of the level of fertility and mortality were made using the data from the census, mainly applying direct methods. In addition estimates of crude death rate, infant and maternal mortality rate, were made using direct techniques. The rate of natural increase was also calculated using direct estimates of both the birth and death rates. It was observed that the total fertility rate for the province was about 4.1 children per woman. It was further noted that this level seemed to vary with level of education of mothers.

Mortality

The infant mortality rate was estimated at 71 deaths per 1000 births for 2012. The rate was generally higher for males than for females. It was also higher in rural than in urban areas. In addition, the level of infant mortality seems to indicate a decline with increasing level of education of mothers.

The level of maternal mortality was also estimated using the data on reported deaths in the last 12 months before the census. The maternal mortality ratio was 588 deaths from maternal causes per 100 000 live

births. There were wide variations among districts.

The average rate of natural increase for the whole province was 2.1 percent in 2011/2012. This growth rate is the difference between fertility and mortality and does not take into account any growth due to migration.

Finally, it should be remembered that this report is based on the population which was enumerated in the province. However, not every person who was enumerated at a particular place was a usual resident there. About 7 percent of the population enumerated in Mashonaland East Province usually resided outside the province.

Mashonaland East Fact Sheet (Final Results)

Population Size

Total	1 344 955
Males	651 781
Females	693 174

Activity and Labour Force

Economically Active	72
Percent Employed	94
Percent Unemployed	6

Sex Ratio

Sex Ratio (Males/ 100 Females)	94
--------------------------------	----

Economically Inactive

Percent Students	42
Percent Home Makers	41
Percent Retired/ Sick/ Too Old	18

Urban Population

Population in Urban Areas	181 288
Percent	14
Population in Rural Areas	1 163 667
Percent	86

Housing Conditions

Percent of Households	
With Electricity	25
With Safe water	72
With Toilet facilities	73
Source of Energy	
Percent of Households Using Wood for Cooking	80

Age Composition/ Percent

Under 15years	42
15 – 64	53
65+ years	5

Fertility

Crude Birth Rate (Direct Method) (Births/ 1000 Population)	32.5
Total Fertility Rate (Direct Method)	4.1

Mortality (Direct Methods)

Crude Death Rate (Deaths/1000 Population)	11.6
Infant Mortality Rate	71
Maternal Mortality Ratio (Deaths from Maternal Cause per 100 000 Live Births)	588

Growth Rate of Natural Increase (The Rate of Natural Growth per 1000 Population)

2.3

Education for Population Age 3- 24 years

Percent Never been to School	12
Percent Currently at School	62
Percent Left School	30

Ethnicity

Percent African Origin	99
------------------------	----

Citizenship

Percent Zimbabwean	98
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Chapter 1:

Population Size and Structure

Introduction

This chapter looks at the population size and structure of Mashonaland East Province. The analysis is based on the population as enumerated with reference to the census night, that is August 17/18, 2012.

Population Size

Mashonaland East Province had a total population of 1 344 955 people out of the population of Zimbabwe of 13 061 239 . The proportion of male and female population was 48 and 52 percent respectively see Table 1.1. This resulted in a sex ratio of 94. Sex ratio is the average number of males per 100 females. Therefore a ratio above 100 indicates an excess of males over females while a ratio below 100 depicts the opposite.

Appendix Table A1.1 shows the distribution of the population by district, ward and sex. The distribution of the population by district, 5 year age-groups and sex is shown in Appendix Tables A1. 2.

Goromonzi's population constituted about 17 percent of the population in the province whilst the other census districts contributed between 4 and 14.8 percent each.

From Table 1.1 it can be observed that sex ratio varied among districts. The sex ratios were less than 100 in all districts except in Marondera Rural and Seke where the sex ratios were slightly over 100.

Rate of Natural Increase

Estimates of the rates of natural increase for the province and districts are presented in Table 1.2. These rates were calculated from the crude birth and death rates which were obtained using the direct method. The crude birth and death rates were obtained by dividing the number of births and deaths respectively in the last twelve months as reported by the total population. Detailed discussions on the crude birth and death

rates are presented in subsequent chapters on fertility and mortality respectively. The average rate of natural increase for the whole province was 2.3 percent for the period September 2011 to August 2012. Goromonzi, Ruwa Local Board, Chivhu Local Board and Marondera Urban had the highest rates of natural increase of 2.6 2.7, 3.3 and 2.6 percent respectively. The rest of the census districts had rates of natural increase of between 1.6 and 2.3 percent.

This rate of natural increase is the difference between the level of fertility and mortality and does not take account of any growth due to migration. Information on migration movements between provinces will be available after the completion of data processing for all the provinces and analysis will be undertaken accordingly.

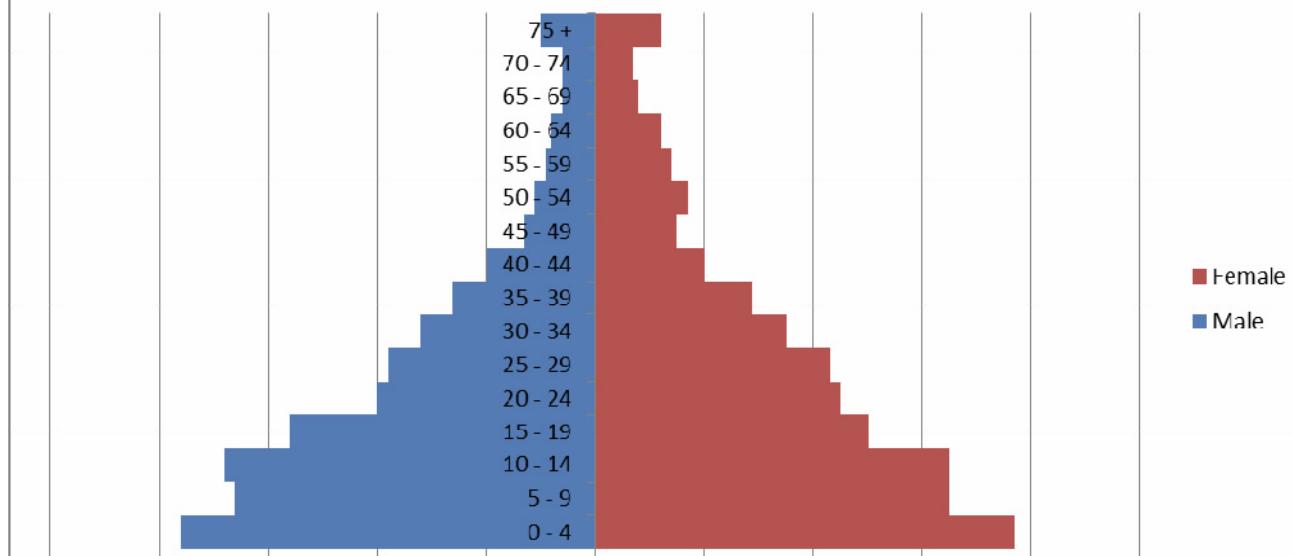
Age-Sex Structure

The composition of population by age group and sex is presented in Table 1.3. The 0-4, had a population proportion of 15% while the 5-9, 10-14 years age groups had proportions of the population each with over 13 percent. The 70-74 years age group had the least proportion (1.3 percent). It can further be observed that the proportion of the young population, that is those age under 15 years, was 42 percent while that of the old population age 65 years and above was about 5 percent.

The age-sex structure of a population can be displayed by use of a population pyramid. This has been done using data from Table 1.3 and is shown in Figure 1.1. It can be observed that the pyramid is broad-based and narrow at the top. This emphasises the fact that this population was young since a sizeable proportion of the population belonged to the younger age groups.

The sex ratios by age are also shown in Table 1.3 and in Figure 1.2. The number of males exceeded that of females for those age under 20 years. Females were more than males in the age groups above 20 years except the 40 - 44 age group.

Figure 1.1: Population Pyramid (percent), Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

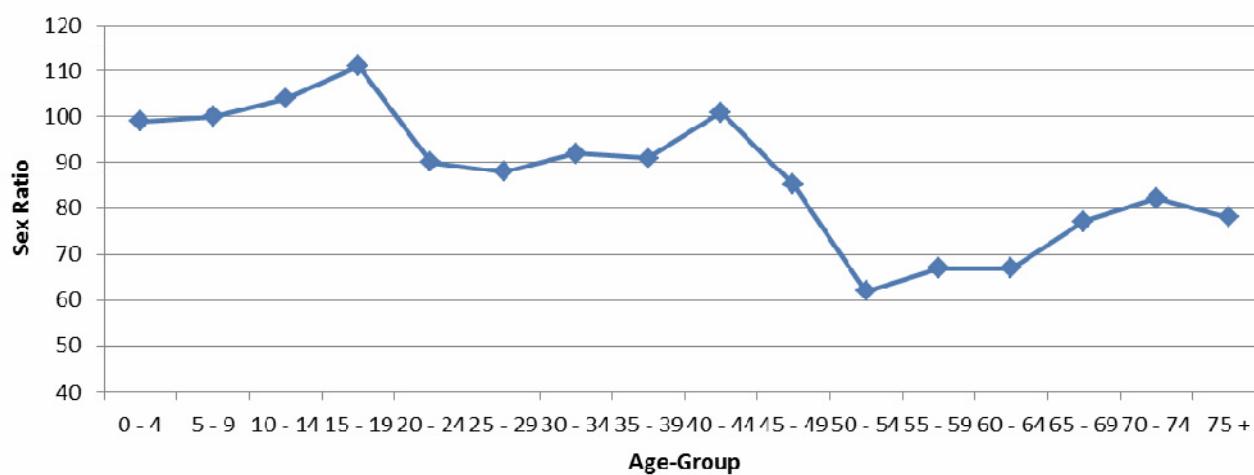


Current Marital Status

Table 1.4 reveals that a large proportion (60 percent) of the population in the province were in the "married" category, while almost 26 percent were in the "never married" group. Similar patterns were observed in all the districts. Goromonzi and Seke districts had slightly higher proportions of their respective populations in the 'married' category than the other districts.

It is observed from Tables 1.5b and 1.6b that about 36 and 16 percent of the males and females respectively had never married, while 58 and 61 percent respectively were married. Proportions divorced/separated were relatively smaller for males than for females.

Fig 1.2: Sex Ratio (Males per 100 Females by Agegroup)



Citizenship

From Tables 1.5a and 1.6a it can be observed that for those who were married, less than 1 percent of the males as compared with 7 percent of the females were under 20 years of age. This disparity is further depicted in Tables 1.5b and 1.6b, where the percentages of those who were married in the 15-19 years age group were around 2 for males and about 28 percent for females.

In the case of those who were divorced/separated, 79 of the males compared with 83 percent of the females were age 15-49 years as shown in Tables 1.5a and 1.6a. Again, a look at Tables 1.5b and 1.6b reveals that the percentages of persons in this marital category and in the age groups in this age range were relatively smaller for males than for females. Comparisons within age groups can be made using the same two Tables. From age 45 years upwards, the proportions for males ranged from 3 percent to 4 percent, while those for females ranged from 2 percent in the 75+ years age range to 8 percent in the 45-49 years age group.

Widowers made up about 2 percent of the male population, while widows were about 15 percent of the female population. Comparisons between age groups show that there were relatively higher proportions of widows than widowers in the older age groups, see Tables 1.5b and 1.6b. This phenomenon should be expected when female mortality is lower than that of males.

Ethnicity

It can be observed from Table 1.8 that almost all of the population in Mashonaland East Province was of African ethnic origin. A negligible percent accounted for persons of European, Asiatic and Mixed origin. The age distribution of the population of African ethnic origin was the same as for the whole population. The proportion of the population age 65 years and above was higher for persons of non- African ethnic origin than for African see Table 1.9 and 1.10

The distribution of the population by country of citizenship is presented in Table 1.11. It can be observed that the majority, about 98 percent of the population in the province, was made up of Zimbabweans. About 40 and 47 percent of the non-Zimbabweans were Mozambicans and Malawians, respectively.

Conclusion

Mashonaland East Province had a total population of 1 344 955 people. Sex ratio for Mashonaland East Province was about 94. The majority of the people in this province lived in Goromonzi. The majority of people in the province were Zimbabweans of African origin.

Table 1.1: Percent Distribution of Population by District and Sex,
Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

District	Male	Female	Percent	Number	Percent	Sex Ratio
Chikomba	48.0	52.0	100	120986	9.0	92
Goromonzi	49.5	50.5	100	224987	16.7	98
Hwedza	48.8	51.2	100	70968	5.3	95
Marondera Rural	50.4	49.6	100	116985	8.7	102
Mudzi	47.6	52.4	100	133252	9.9	91
Murehwa	47.2	52.8	100	199607	14.8	89
Mutoko	48.6	51.4	100	146127	10.9	94
Seke	49.9	50.1	100	100756	7.5	100
UMP	48.1	51.9	100	112611	8.4	93
Marondera	46.7	53.3	100	61998	4.6	88
Ruwa Local Board	47.2	52.8	100	56678	4.2	89
Total	48.5	51.5	100	1344955	100	94

Table 1.2: Crude Birth and Death Rate and Rate of Natural Increase by District, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

District	Crude Birth Rate (per 1000)	Crude Death Rate (per 1000)	Rate of Natural Increase (percent)
Chikomba	27.6	12.0	1.6
Goromonzi	35.4	10.3	2.5
Hwedza	27.7	12.2	1.5
Marondera Rural	31.7	12.0	2.0
Mudzi	33.3	11.4	2.2
Murehwa	31.1	13.0	1.8
Mutoko	33.1	13.3	2.0
Seke	33.6	12.0	2.2
UMP	35.0	12.5	2.2
Marondera	33.8	8.8	2.5
Ruwa Local Board	32.1	5.9	2.6
Total	32.5	11.6	2.1

Table 1.3: Percent Composition of Population by Age Group and Sex, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	Male	Female	Total	Sex Ratio
0 - 4	7.6	7.7	15.3	99
5 - 9	6.6	6.5	13.1	100
10 - 14	6.8	6.5	13.3	104
15 - 19	5.6	5	10.6	111
20 - 24	4	4.5	8.5	90
25 - 29	3.8	4.3	8.2	88
30 - 34	3.2	3.5	6.7	92
35 - 39	2.6	2.9	5.5	91
40 - 44	2	2	4	101
45 - 49	1.3	1.5	2.7	85
50 - 54	1.1	1.7	2.8	62
55 - 59	0.9	1.4	2.3	67
60 - 64	0.8	1.2	1.9	67
65 - 69	0.6	0.8	1.5	77
70 - 74	0.6	0.7	1.3	82
75 +	1	1.2	2.2	78
NS	0.1	0.1	0.2	74
Total	48.5	51.5	100	94

Table 1.4: Percent Distribution of the Population by District and Marital Status, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

District	Never Married	Married	Divorced/ separated	Widowed	Not Stated	Total	Number
Chikombra	27.7	55.0	4.6	11.9	0.9	100	71040
Goromonzi	25.2	61.7	5.2	7.1	0.8	100	134034
Hwedza	27.5	56.6	4.7	10.5	0.7	100	41239
Marondera Rural	24.9	60.3	5.6	8.5	0.7	100	69598
Mudzi	23.2	61.0	4.1	10.8	0.9	100	72777
Murehwa	25.7	58.0	5.0	10.5	0.9	100	115219
Mutoko	24.9	60.5	4.1	9.7	0.9	100	82154
Seke	25.0	61.5	5.4	7.5	0.7	100	60236
UMP	22.4	63.0	4.0	9.7	0.9	100	60816
Marondera	30.1	57.4	6.1	5.9	0.6	100	40041
Ruwa Local Board	31.9	58.8	4.5	3.7	1.1	100	36518
Total	25.7	59.7	4.8	9.0	0.8	100	783672

Table 1.5a: Percent Distribution of the Male Population by Age Group and Marital Status, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	Never Married	Married	Divorced/ separated	Widowed	Not Stated	Total
15 - 19	53.5	0.6	1.1	0.3	54.2	20.2
20 - 24	27.9	7.2	8.8	0.6	10.4	14.6
25 - 29	11.1	16	18.1	1.9	4.4	13.9
30 - 34	3.7	16.6	19.1	3.8	2.9	11.6
35 - 39	1.5	14.5	14.9	6.2	1.8	9.5
40 - 44	0.8	11.3	10.3	7.8	1.3	7.3
45 - 49	0.4	7.0	6.9	7.6	0.7	4.6
50 - 54	0.3	5.9	5.8	8.1	0.7	3.9
55 - 59	0.2	5.1	3.9	7.5	0.7	3.3
60 - 64	0.1	4.3	3.2	9.3	0.6	2.9
65 - 69	0.1	3.5	2.5	8.1	0.4	2.3
70 - 74	0.1	3.1	2.1	10.4	0.5	2.1
75 +	0.1	4.7	3.2	27.8	1.0	3.5
NS	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.7	20.4	0.3
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Number	133183	213984	10605	8232	3678	369682

Table 1.5b: Percent Distribution of the Male Population by Age Group and Marital Status, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	Never Married	Married	Divorced/ separated	Widowed	Not Stated	Total	Number
15 - 19	95.3	1.8	0.2	*	2.7	100	74785
20 - 24	69.0	28.5	1.7	0.1	0.7	100	53895
25 - 29	28.8	66.8	3.8	0.3	0.3	100	51230
30 - 34	11.6	82.8	4.7	0.7	0.2	100	43022
35 - 39	5.7	88.2	4.5	1.4	0.2	100	35198
40 - 44	3.8	89.6	4.1	2.4	0.2	100	27057
45 - 49	3.3	88.6	4.3	3.7	0.2	100	16923
50 - 54	2.9	88.0	4.3	4.7	0.2	100	14269
55 - 59	2.2	89.2	3.4	5.0	0.2	100	12275
60 - 64	1.8	87.6	3.2	7.3	0.2	100	10562
65 - 69	1.5	87.5	3.1	7.8	0.2	100	8566
70 - 74	1.5	84.4	2.9	11.0	0.2	100	7790
75 +	1.3	78.0	2.6	17.8	0.3	100	12889
NS	11.0	21.9	1.3	4.4	61.4	100	1221
Total	36.0	57.9	2.9	2.2	1.0	100	369682

Table 1.6a: Percent Distribution of the Female Population by Age Group and Marital Status, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	Never Married		Divorced/ separated		Not Stated	Total
	Married	Widowed				
15 - 19	69.1	7.1	4.8	0.1	42.6	16.3
20 - 24	17.0	17.2	15.7	0.5	7.6	14.5
25 - 29	6.1	18.9	18.9	1.7	3.7	14.1
30 - 34	2.7	15.0	16.4	3.7	3.1	11.3
35 - 39	1.6	11.8	13.3	6.1	1.6	9.3
40 - 44	1.0	7.6	8.7	7.3	1.3	6.5
45 - 49	0.6	5.3	5.6	7.5	1.1	4.8
50 - 54	0.5	5.7	5.4	11.1	1.3	5.6
55 - 59	0.3	4.1	3.8	10.7	0.9	4.4
60 - 64	0.3	3.0	2.7	11.3	1.6	3.8
65 - 69	0.2	1.8	1.8	9.3	1.4	2.7
70 - 74	0.2	1.2	1.4	9.5	1.2	2.3
75 +	0.3	1.2	1.5	20.5	3.5	4.0
NS	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.7	29.0	0.4
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Number	68073	253676	27334	62076	2831	413990

Table 1.6b: Percent Distribution of the Female Population by Age Group and Marital Status, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	Never Married		Divorced/ separated		Not Stated	Total	Number
	Married	Widowed	Divorced/ separated	Widowed			
15 - 19	69.5	26.7	1.9	0.1	1.8	100	67662
20 - 24	19.3	72.6	7.2	0.6	0.4	100	59998
25 - 29	7.2	82.0	8.8	1.8	0.2	100	58402
30 - 34	3.9	81.4	9.6	4.9	0.2	100	46644
35 - 39	2.8	77.8	9.4	9.8	0.1	100	38574
40 - 44	2.6	71.6	8.8	16.8	0.1	100	26892
45 - 49	2.0	66.9	7.6	23.4	0.2	100	19976
50 - 54	1.5	62.1	6.4	29.8	0.2	100	23130
55 - 59	1.1	57.0	5.6	36.1	0.1	100	18384
60 - 64	1.1	49.2	4.7	44.7	0.3	100	15662
65 - 69	1.0	42.1	4.3	52.2	0.4	100	11077
70 - 74	1.3	32.4	4.0	62.0	0.3	100	9497
75 +	1.4	18.2	2.4	77.4	0.6	100	16446
NS	6.6	17.0	1.8	24.7	49.9	100	1646
Total	16.4	61.3	6.6	15.0	0.7	100	413990

Table 1.7a: Percent Distribution of the Total Population by Age Group and Marital Status, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	Never Married	Married	Divorced/ separated	Widowed	Not Stated	Total
15 - 19	58.8	4.2	3.7	0.1	49.2	18.2
20 - 24	24.2	12.6	13.8	0.5	9.2	14.5
25 - 29	9.4	17.6	18.7	1.7	4.1	14.0
30 - 34	3.4	15.7	17.2	3.7	3.0	11.4
35 - 39	1.5	13.1	13.7	6.1	1.7	9.4
40 - 44	0.9	9.3	9.1	7.4	1.3	6.9
45 - 49	0.5	6.1	5.9	7.5	0.9	4.7
50 - 54	0.4	5.8	5.5	10.7	1.0	4.8
55 - 59	0.2	4.6	3.8	10.3	0.8	3.9
60 - 64	0.2	3.6	2.8	11.0	1.0	3.3
65 - 69	0.1	2.6	2.0	9.2	0.8	2.5
70 - 74	0.1	2.1	1.6	9.6	0.8	2.2
75 +	0.2	2.8	2.0	21.4	2.1	3.7
NS	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.7	24.1	0.4
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Number	201256	467660	37939	70308	6509	783672

Table 1.7b: Percent Distribution of the Total Population by Age Group and Marital Status, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	Never Married	Married	Divorced/ separated	Widowed	Not Stated	Total	Number
15 - 19		13.6		0.1	2.2	100	142447
20 - 24	42.8	51.7	4.6	0.3	0.5	100	113893
25 - 29	17.3	74.9	6.5	1.1	0.2	100	109632
30 - 34	7.6	82.1	7.3	2.9	0.2	100	89666
35 - 39	4.2	82.8	7.1	5.8	0.2	100	73772
40 - 44	3.2	80.6	6.4	9.6	0.2	100	53949
45 - 49	2.6	76.8	6.1	14.3	0.2	100	36899
50 - 54	2.1	72.0	5.6	20.2	0.2	100	37399
55 - 59	1.6	69.9	4.7	23.7	0.2	100	30659
60 - 64	1.4	64.7	4.1	29.6	0.3	100	26224
65 - 69	1.2	61.9	3.8	32.8	0.3	100	19643
70 - 74	1.4	55.8	3.5	39.0	0.3	100	17287
75 +	1.3	44.5	2.5	51.2	0.5	100	29335
NS	8.5	19.1	1.6	16.1	54.8	100	2867
Total	25.7	59.7	4.8	9.0	0.8	100	783672

Table 1.8: Distribution of Total Population by Broad Age Groups and Ethnicity,
Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Ethnic Origin	0 - 14	15 - 49	50-64	65+	Not Stated	Total	% Total
African	559977	713086	93938	65942	1675	1340680	99.7
European	244	699	224	256	2	1201	0.1
Asiatic	54	129	33	10	0	193	*
Mixed Race	117	162	27	7	0	286	*
Other	5	15	4	4	0	24	*
Not Stated	886	449	56	46	1190	2571	0.2
Total	561283	714540	94282	66265	2867	1344955	100

Table 1.9: Distribution of the Urban Population by Broad Age Groups and Ethnicity,
Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Ethnicity	0 - 14	15 - 49	50-64	65+	Not Stated	Total
African	35.2	62.1	5	2.1	0.1	99.5
European	*	0.1	*	0.1	0	0.2
Asiatic	*	*	*	*	0	*
Mixed Race	*	*	*	*	0	0.1
Other	*	*	*	0	0	*
Not Stated	0.1	*	*	*	0.1	0.2
Total	35.3	62.3	5	2.2	0.2	100

Table 1.10: Percent Distribution of the Rural Population by Broad Age Groups and Ethnicity, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Ethnicity	0 - 14	15 - 49	50-64	65+	Not Stated	Total	Number	Total
African	42.8	51.8	7.3	5.4	0.1	100	1160342	99.7
European	23.4	63.8	19.7	12.5	0.2	100	821	0.1
Asiatic	32.2	63.6	19.0	4.1	0	100	121	*
Mixed Race	44.4	54.3	8.6	1.3	0	100	151	*
Other	7.1	64.3	21.4	28.6	0	100	14	*
Not Stated	35.8	17.2	2.3	1.8	45.1	100	2218	0.2
Total	42.7	51.7	7.3	5.4	0.2	100	1163667	100

Table 1.11: Distribution of the Total Population by Citizenship, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Citizenship	Number	Percent
Zimbabwean	1323796	98.4
Botswana	147	*
Malawi	7901	0.6
Mozambique	6648	0.5
South Africa	402	*
Zambia	910	0.1
Other African Countries	260	*
United Kingdom	168	*
Other European Countries	67	*
American Countries	24	*
Asian Countries	92	*
Other Countries	49	*
Invalid Value	0	0
Not Stated	4491	0.3
Total	1344955	100

Chapter 2:

Population Distribution and Migration

Introduction

Population distribution is important for planning purposes as information is disaggregated to geographic subdivisions such as provinces, districts and wards. Another dimension of the distribution is between urban and rural areas. Also, of great interest are the factors which account for the redistribution of population in a country, province and/or district. Redistribution can occur as a result of internal migration, resettlement, geographic boundary changes, etc.

In this chapter, an analysis of population distribution on the basis of the 2012 Population Census is made. In addition to this, an attempt is made to come up with a measure of the extent of urbanisation and provide an insight into migration patterns.

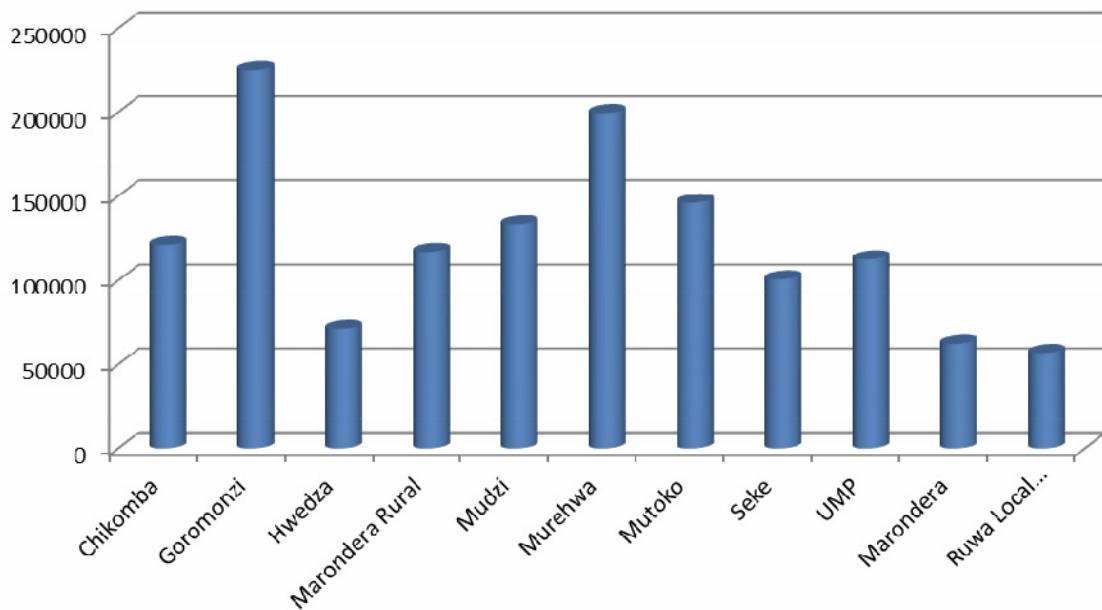
Population Size and Distribution

According to the 2012 Population Census, Mashonaland East Province had a population of 1 344 955 persons.

Mashonaland East Province is divided into eleven Census Districts, and these are Chikomba, Goromonzi, Hwedza, Marondera Rural, Mudzi, Murehwa, Mutoko, Seke, UMP, Marondera Urban and Ruwa Local Board *see Fig. 2.1* and boundary descriptions in the appendix.

Table 2.1 shows population size for the province. Goromonzi had the largest proportion of the population in the province (17 percent). This was followed by Murehwa (15 percent) Mutoko (11 percent) Mudzi (10 percent). The rest of the districts had less than 10 percent *see Fig 2.1*.

Figure 2.1: Population Distribution by District, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census



Rural and Urban Population

According to the 2012 Population Census, the definition of an urban area was based on the following criteria;

- i) designated urban areas
- ii) places which had all the following characteristics were also defined as urban areas
 - 2 500 inhabitants or more
 - a compact settlement pattern

the majority (more than 50 percent) of the employed persons engaged in non-agricultural occupations

Table 2.2 shows that two of the districts had a significant urban component. The districts considered predominantly urban are Marondera Urban and Ruwa Local Board. Marondera Urban's population of 61 998 represented the largest proportion of the province's urban population (34 percent) while Ruwa had 31 percent, see Table 2.3. About 14 percent of the total population in the province was living in the urban area. *See Fig 2.2.*

Migration

In the 2012 Census, information was solicited through questions on;

- i) place of enumeration,
- ii) place of birth
- iii) place of residence in August 2002 .

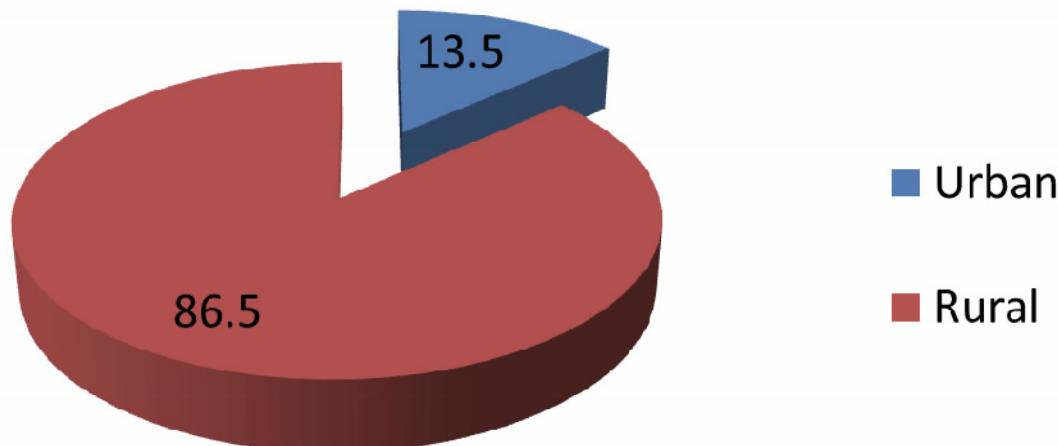
Caution must be taken when interpreting migration data between the two censuses. The boundary changes of the province may make it difficult to precisely locate the new areas, given the fragmented and haphazard transfers that took place.

In Table 2.4 the enumerated population is presented by main place of usual residence. It should be cautioned that "the usual place of residence" figures are for the population that was enumerated in the province. These are likely to change after the completion of data processing for the whole country.

Chikomba

Of the enumerated population, 81 percent usually resided in the same district. About 9 percent was from the other districts within the same province, about 10 from other provinces with Harare and Manicaland being the major contributors.

Figure 2.2: Percent Distribution of Population by Urban/Rural



Goromonzi

In Goromonzi district, about 88 percent of the enumerated population usually lived in the same district. Three percent was from other districts within the same province, another 8 percent from other provinces with being the main contributor.

Hwedza

Approximately 90 percent of the enumerated population usually resided in the same district while 2 percent usually resided in other districts within the same province. About 8 percent was from other provinces and the main contributors were Harare and Manicaland.

Marondera Rural

In Marondera Rural district, about 87 percent of the enumerated population usually lived in the same district. Five percent was from other districts within the same province, about 8 percent from other provinces with Harare being the main contributor.

Mudzi

About 93 percent of the enumerated population usually resided in the same district. Two percent usually resided in other districts while percent and a negligible proportion were from other provinces and countries respectively. Harare was the main contributor.

Murehwa

Eighty-eighty percent of the enumerated population usually resided in the same district while percent usually resided in other districts, another 8 percent in other provinces. Of the population from other provinces, Harare and Manicaland were the largest contributing provinces.

Mutoko

About 93 percent of the enumerated population usually resided in the same district, 2 percent usually resided in other districts and 5 percent in other provinces with Harare being the highest contributor.

Seke

Eighty eight percent of the enumerated population usually resided in the same district, 3 percent in other districts in the same province and 9 percent in other provinces.

UMP

About 93 percent of the population enumerated in UMP usually resided in the same district, 2 percent in other districts in the same province and 5 percent in other provinces. The major contributors were Mash Central and Harare.

Marondera Urban

Eighty seven percent of the enumerated population usually resided in the same district, 4 percent in other districts and 8 percent in other provinces. Harare and

Manicaland were the largest contributors of people from other provinces.

Ruwa

Around 83 percent of the population enumerated in Ruwa usually resided there. Four percent resided in other districts in the same province and 12 percent in other provinces. The majority of people from other provinces were from Harare.

Conclusion

About 14 percent of the population resided in urban areas. There was a sizeable movement of people from district to district and also from other provinces. About 7 percent of the population enumerated in Mashonaland East Province usually resided in other provinces and the main contributor was Harare. Overall, approximately 92 percent of the population enumerated in the province usually resided there.

Table 2.1: Distribution of Population by District, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

District	Total Population	Percent
Chikomba	120986	9
Goromonzi	224987	16.7
Hwedza	70968	5.3
Marondera Rural	116985	8.7
Mudzi	133252	9.9
Murehwa	199607	14.8
Mutoko	146127	10.9
Seke	100756	7.5
UMP	112611	8.4
Marondera	61998	4.6
Ruwa Local Board	56678	4.2
Total	1344955	100

Table 2.2: Distribution of the Population for Rural and Urban Districts, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

District	Urban	Rural	Total	Number
Chikomba	10.7	89.3	100	120986
Goromonzi	2.1	97.9	100	224987
Hwedza	4.1	95.9	100	70968
Marondera Rural	1.4	98.6	100	116985
Mudzi	3.9	96.1	100	133252
Murehwa	8.3	91.7	100	199607
Mutoko	8.4	91.6	100	146127
Seke	3.7	96.3	100	100756
UMP	2.1	97.9	100	112611
Marondera	100	0	100	61998
Ruwa Local Board	100	0	100	56678
Total	13.5	86.5	100	1344955

Table 2.3: Population in Urban Centres by District, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

District	Total Population	Percent
Chikomba	12958	7.1
Goromonzi	4732	2.6
Hwedza	2926	1.6
Marondera Rural	1680	0.9
Mudzi	5253	2.9
Murehwa	16666	9.2
Mutoko	12336	6.8
Seke	3710	2.0
UMP	2351	1.3
Marondera	61998	34.2
Ruwa Local Board	56678	31.3
Total	181288	100

Table 2.4: Total Population by District of Enumeration and District of Usual Residence, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

District	Residing in Same District	Residing in Other			Total
		Mashonaland East District	Residing in Other Provinces	Residing in Other Countries	
Chikomba	97703	11245	11733	305	120986
Goromonzi	198852	6842	18832	461	224987
Hwedza	63524	1614	5670	160	70968
Marondera Rural	101584	6259	8892	250	116985
Mudzi	124442	2796	5778	236	133252
Murehwa	174993	8561	15623	430	199607
Mutoko	135759	3604	6587	177	146127
Seke	88422	2819	9222	293	100756
UMP	104712	2373	5432	94	112611
Marondera	54085	2618	4902	393	61998
Ruwa Local Board	47185	2044	7083	366	56678
Total	1191261	50775	99754	3165	1344955

Table 2.5: Population Not Usually Residing in Mashonaland East Province by Province of Usual Residence and District of Enumeration, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Province of Usual Residence	Chikomba	Goromonzi	Hwedza	Marondera							Ruwa Local Board		% Total	
				Rural	Mudzi	Murehwa	Mutoko	Seke	UMP	Marondera	Total	% Total		
Manicaland	1926	2181	1454	1661	451	1922	628	1145	260	1362	1427	14417	14.5	
Mashonaland Central	551	3401	257	651	403	1173	373	903	856	359	861	9788	9.8	
Mashonaland West	911	2054	268	830	341	985	375	1312	299	552	766	8693	8.7	
Matabeleland North	68	89	20	26	145	95	30	35	12	19	29	568	0.6	
Matabeleland South	115	99	28	32	39	146	38	38	10	15	38	598	0.6	
Midlands	1180	764	171	230	99	391	199	349	130	224	498	4235	4.2	
Masvingo	1104	789	169	308	109	373	154	601	130	294	546	4577	4.6	
Harare	2981	8299	2694	4646	3617	9616	4065	3805	2473	1783	2350	46329	46.4	
Bulawayo	475	215	151	130	66	202	86	103	53	87	160	1728	1.7	
Not Known	238	434	114	182	261	384	308	145	229	79	252	2626	2.6	
Invalid	2184	507	344	196	247	336	331	786	980	128	156	6195	6.2	
Total	11733	18832	5670	8892	5778	15623	6587	9222	5432	4902	7083	99754	100	

Chapter 3:

Household Characteristics

Introduction

This chapter presents household characteristics of the population in Mashonaland East Province. Distinction was made between private households and collective/institutional ones. The latter included persons who were staying in hotels, hostels, holiday camps, hospitals and prisons. For census purposes, a private household was defined as a group of persons who stayed the census night together, i.e. Saturday night of August 17/18, in a dwelling unit, whether or not they were related by blood or marriage. For example, visitors who were not usual members of the household, but were present during the census night, were included. On the other hand, usual members of the household who normally live there, but had spent the census night elsewhere were excluded since they would have been counted at the place where they stayed that particular night. However, those who were temporarily absent on the census night but would be returning to the household in the morning of 18 August 2012 were counted in their usual households.

It should be realised that in a census situation a household was not the same as a family. The type of households which were covered included:

- (a) one-person household;
- (b) nuclear households whose composition was entirely single-family nucleus;
- (c) extended household which consisted of single-family nucleus and other persons related to the nucleus, and
- (d) composite household made up of at least single-family nucleus plus other persons who may or may not be related to the nucleus

The head of the household was defined as that member of the household who was regarded as such by those who stayed the census night with the household and was either male or female. She/he must have stayed the census night in the household or had returned on the morning of the 18th August 2012, and had not been counted elsewhere.

Private Households

The demographic characteristics of the population in private households did not deviate from those of the total population as given in Chapter I and are, therefore, not presented here. Table 3.1 shows the total population in private households by number of private households, average household size and by district. There were 329 287 private households in the province. These households constituted a population of 1 328 308 persons, resulting in an average household size of about 4.1 persons. The remainder of the population (16 647 persons) was in collective households.

Table 3.1 also shows that private households in Goromonzi constituted about 17 percent of the total number of households, while those in Ruwa Local Board constituted the least (about 4 percent).

Tables 3.2a and b present the distribution of private households in the province by size of household and sex of the head of the household. The largest proportion of the households (18 percent) was in the 3 and 4 person household size categories while the lowest proportion (about 6 percent) was in the 7 person household size category. About 87 percent of the total households in the province had 6 persons at most as shown in Table 3.2a. There were more male-headed households than female-headed ones in the province as shown in Table 3.2b. Sixty four percent of the private households were headed by males. The proportions of male-headed households ranged from 55 to 70 percent, while those for females ranged from 30 to 45 percent considering each household size category.

Table 3.3a-i shows the number and size of private households by sex of the head of the household for the districts. The proportion of one- person households ranged between 9 and 17 percent of the households in the districts.

The proportion in each household size category in all districts varied up to households with 5 persons and then declined thereafter. Eighty five to 90 percent of the total households in the districts had 6 persons at most.

Table 3.4 presents the distribution of heads of private households by age group and sex. About 50 percent of the households were headed by persons below 40 years of age. The proportions of male-headed households were higher than those of female-headed households for each age group . There were marked differences in the proportions between male and female-headed households from age 15 years onwards. The proportions of male-headed households ranged from 51 to 72 percent, while those of female-headed households ranged from 28 to 49 percent.

Tables 3.5a to i show the distribution of the heads of private households by age and sex in all districts in Mashonaland East Province. In both urban districts in Mashonaland East Province male headed households accounted for 63 percent in had a percentage of 79 .

Collective households

The total population of 16 647 persons in collective households constituted 1.2 percent of the total population in the province. The distribution of the collective household population by broad age groups and sex for the province is shown in Table 3.6. About 25 percent of the collective household population was under 15 years of age and about 8 percent was age 65 years and above. Males constituted 36 percent of the total population in collective households Females males in all age groups.

Table 3.7 shows that 19 percent of the population in collective households in the province had never married, while 45 percent were married, about 3 percent were divorced or separated .

Living Arrangements

Most household members in Mashonaland East Province are related to the head of household (Table 3.8). Of the 1 328 308 persons living in private households about 2 percent were not related to the head. Of the parents living with the head of households, 83 percent were females. The number of female parents relative to male parents may be reflective of the older age of widows compared with widowers.

Conclusion

Mashonaland East Province had an average household size of 4.1 persons. There were more male headed private households than female-headed ones. In collective households, there were more females than males.

Table 3.1: Population in Private Households by Number of Households and Average Household Size and District, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

District	Population	Number of Households	Percent	Average Household Size
Chikomba	120536	30245	9.3	4.0
Goromonzi	223637	55857	17.1	4.0
Hwedza	70185	17147	5.2	4.1
Marondera Rural	115777	29657	9.0	3.9
Mudzi	132150	32217	9.9	4.1
Murehwa	191336	46284	14.2	4.1
Mutoko	145224	35113	10.7	4.1
Seke	100666	24638	7.5	4.1
UMP	111402	25856	7.9	4.3
Marondera	61485	16485	5.0	3.7
Ruwa Local Board	55910	13326	4.1	4.2
Total	1328308	326825	100.0	4.1

Table 3.2(a): Distribution of Private Households by Size and Sex of Head of Household Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Household Size	Number of Households Headed by:					
	Male	Percent	Female	Percent	Total	Percent
1	27786	13.2	15508	13.3	43294	13.2
2	25223	12.0	20580	17.6	45803	14.0
3	35564	16.9	22896	19.6	58460	17.9
4	37222	17.7	20516	17.6	57738	17.7
5	31549	15.0	14605	12.5	46154	14.1
6	22021	10.5	9397	8.0	31418	9.6
7	13439	6.4	5713	4.9	19152	5.9
8+	17148	8.2	7658	6.6	24806	7.6
Total	209952	100.0	116873	100.0	326825	100.0

Table 3.2(b): Distribution of Private Households by Size and Sex of Head of Household Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Household Size	Number of Households Headed by:					
	Male	Percent	Female	Percent	Total	Percent
1	27786	64.2	15508	35.8	43294	100
2	25223	55.1	20580	44.9	45803	100
3	35564	60.8	22896	39.2	58460	100
4	37222	64.5	20516	35.5	57738	100
5	31549	68.4	14605	31.6	46154	100
6	22021	70.1	9397	29.9	31418	100
7	13439	70.2	5713	29.8	19152	100
8+	17148	69.1	7658	30.9	24806	100
Total	209952	64.2	116873	35.8	326825	100

Table 3.3: Distribution of Private Households by Size and Sex of Head of Household and by District Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Household Size	Number of Households Headed by:					
	Male	Percent	Female	Percent	Total	Percent
(a) Chikomba						
1	2723	15.2	1708	13.8	4431	14.7
2	2318	13	2272	18.4	4590	15.2
3	2895	16.2	2485	20.1	5380	17.8
4	2947	16.5	2185	17.7	5132	17
5	2641	14.8	1416	11.5	4057	13.4
6	1693	9.5	947	7.7	2640	8.7
7	1134	6.3	570	4.6	1704	5.6
8+	1540	8.6	771	6.2	2311	7.6
Total	17891	100	12354	100	30245	100
(b) Goromonzi						
1	5345	13.5	2225	13.7	7570	13.6
2	4909	12.4	2967	18.3	7876	14.1
3	6972	17.6	3174	19.5	10146	18.2
4	7300	18.4	2771	17.1	10071	18
5	6022	15.2	1995	12.3	8017	14.4
6	3992	10.1	1256	7.7	5248	9.4
7	2253	5.7	774	4.8	3027	5.4
8+	2819	7.1	1083	6.7	3902	7
Total	39612	100	16245	100	55857	100
(c) Hwedza						

Table 3.3: Distribution of Private Households by Size and Sex of Head of Household and by District Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Household Size	Number of Households Headed by:					
	Male	Percent	Female	Percent	Total	Percent
1	1467	13.8	749	11.4	2216	12.9
2	1244	11.7	1222	18.6	2466	14.4
3	1741	16.4	1273	19.4	3014	17.6
4	1815	17.1	1133	17.3	2948	17.2
5	1547	14.6	850	13	2397	14
6	1136	10.7	554	8.5	1690	9.9
7	703	6.6	335	5.1	1038	6.1
8+	941	8.9	437	6.7	1378	8
Total	10594	100	6553	100	17147	100
(d) Marondera Rural						
1	3481	16.7	1241	14	4722	15.9
2	2714	13.1	1624	18.3	4338	14.6
3	3612	17.4	1761	19.9	5373	18.1
4	3533	17	1530	17.3	5063	17.1
5	2812	13.5	1054	11.9	3866	13
6	1937	9.3	634	7.2	2571	8.7
7	1146	5.5	439	5	1585	5.3
8+	1561	7.5	578	6.5	2139	7.2
Total	20796	100	8861	100	29657	100
(e) Mudzi						
1	2105	11.8	1877	13.1	3982	12.4
2	2008	11.2	2514	17.5	4522	14
3	2891	16.2	2773	19.3	5664	17.6
4	3169	17.7	2626	18.3	5795	18
5	2815	15.7	1902	13.3	4717	14.6
6	2085	11.7	1167	8.1	3252	10.1
7	1268	7.1	664	4.6	1932	6
8+	1533	8.6	820	5.7	2353	7.3
Total	17874	100	14343	100	32217	100
(f) Murehwa						
1	3812	13.7	2332	12.7	6144	13.3
2	3261	11.7	3214	17.5	6475	14
3	4497	16.1	3468	18.9	7965	17.2
4	4814	17.3	3207	17.5	8021	17.3
5	4068	14.6	2383	13	6451	13.9
6	2937	10.5	1498	8.2	4435	9.6
7	1889	6.8	945	5.1	2834	6.1
8+	2629	9.4	1330	7.2	3959	8.6
Total	27907	100	18377	100	46284	100

Table 3.3: Distribution of Private Households by Size and Sex of Head of Household and by District Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Household Size	Number of Households Headed by:					
	Male	Percent	Female	Percent	Total	Percent
(g) Mutoko						
1	2348	11.2	1768	12.4	4116	11.7
2	2288	11	2430	17.1	4718	13.4
3	3588	17.2	2823	19.9	6411	18.3
4	3774	18.1	2523	17.7	6297	17.9
5	3292	15.8	1862	13.1	5154	14.7
6	2383	11.4	1162	8.2	3545	10.1
7	1459	7	736	5.2	2195	6.3
8+	1761	8.4	916	6.4	2677	7.6
Total	20893	100	14220	100	35113	100
(h) Seke						
1	2439	14	938	12.9	3377	13.7
2	2133	12.3	1183	16.3	3316	13.5
3	3022	17.4	1404	19.4	4426	18
4	3081	17.7	1231	17	4312	17.5
5	2555	14.7	902	12.4	3457	14
6	1688	9.7	617	8.5	2305	9.4
7	1072	6.2	388	5.3	1460	5.9
8+	1393	8	592	8.2	1985	8.1
Total	17383	100	7255	100	24638	100
(i) UMP						
1	1512	9.4	1255	12.9	2767	10.7
2	1538	9.6	1533	15.7	3071	11.9
3	2459	15.3	1923	19.7	4382	16.9
4	2968	18.4	1775	18.2	4743	18.3
5	2729	17	1241	12.7	3970	15.4
6	2023	12.6	920	9.4	2943	11.4
7	1282	8	487	5	1769	6.8
8+	1584	9.8	627	6.4	2211	8.6
Total	16095	100	9761	100	25856	100
(j) Marondera Urban						
1	1510	14.5	1005	16.6	2515	15.3
2	1573	15.1	1125	18.6	2698	16.4
3	1987	19	1245	20.6	3232	19.6
4	1931	18.5	1031	17	2962	18
5	1436	13.8	646	10.7	2082	12.6
6	959	9.2	422	7	1381	8.4
7	487	4.7	243	4	730	4.4
8+	551	5.3	334	5.5	885	5.4
Total	10434	100	6051	100	16485	100
(l) Ruwa						

Table 3.3: Distribution of Private Households by Size and Sex of Head of Household and by District Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Household Size	Number of Households Headed by:					
	Male	Percent	Female	Percent	Total	Percent
1	1044	10	410	14.4	1454	10.9
2	1237	11.8	496	17.4	1733	13
3	1900	18.1	567	19.9	2467	18.5
4	1890	18	504	17.7	2394	18
5	1632	15.6	354	12.4	1986	14.9
6	1188	11.3	220	7.7	1408	10.6
7	746	7.1	132	4.6	878	6.6
8+	836	8	170	6	1006	7.5
Total	10473	100	2853	100	13326	100

Table 3.4 Distribution of Heads of Private Households by Age Group and Sex,
Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	Number of Households Headed by:						% Total	% Total
	Male	Female	Total	% Male	% Female	% Total		
< 15	988	942	1930	51.2	48.8	100	0.6	
15 - 19	5713	3976	9689	59.0	41.0	100	3.0	
20 - 24	15807	8152	23959	66.0	34.0	100	7.3	
25 - 29	29973	11603	41576	72.1	27.9	100	12.7	
30 - 34	31766	12193	43959	72.3	27.7	100	13.5	
35 - 39	28551	12624	41175	69.3	30.7	100	12.6	
40 - 44	22851	10341	33192	68.8	31.2	100	10.2	
45 - 49	14753	8495	23248	63.5	36.5	100	7.1	
50 - 54	12504	10433	22937	54.5	45.5	100	7.0	
55 - 59	11024	8721	19745	55.8	44.2	100	6.0	
60 - 64	9503	8030	17533	54.2	45.8	100	5.4	
65 - 69	7796	5958	13754	56.7	43.3	100	4.2	
70 - 74	7107	5536	12643	56.2	43.8	100	3.9	
75 +	11393	9578	20971	54.3	45.7	100	6.4	
NS	223	291	514	43.4	56.6	100	0.2	
Total	209952	116873	326825	64.2	35.8	100	100	

Table 3.5 Distribution of Heads of Private Households by District, Age Group and Sex Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	Number of Households Headed by:					
	Male	Female	Total	% Male	% Female	% Total
(a) Chikomba						
< 15	124	117	241	51.5	48.5	100
15 - 19	680	361	1041	65.3	34.7	100
20 - 24	1147	562	1709	67.1	32.9	100
25 - 29	1787	853	2640	67.7	32.3	100
30 - 34	2183	1054	3237	67.4	32.6	100
35 - 39	2004	1111	3115	64.3	35.7	100
40 - 44	1600	1019	2619	61.1	38.9	100
45 - 49	1208	902	2110	57.3	42.7	100
50 - 54	1209	1188	2397	50.4	49.6	100
55 - 59	1201	1052	2253	53.3	46.7	100
60 - 64	1042	965	2007	51.9	48.1	100
65 - 69	1074	907	1981	54.2	45.8	100
70 - 74	980	813	1793	54.7	45.3	100
75 +	1641	1447	3088	53.1	46.9	100
NS	11	3	14	78.6	21.4	100
Total	17891	12354	30245	59.2	40.8	100
(b) Goromonzi						
< 15	91	84	175	52	48	100
15 - 19	749	500	1249	60	40	100
20 - 24	3246	1254	4500	72.1	27.9	100
25 - 29	6399	1743	8142	78.6	21.4	100
30 - 34	6652	1904	8556	77.7	22.3	100
35 - 39	5879	1929	7808	75.3	24.7	100
40 - 44	4757	1603	6360	74.8	25.2	100
45 - 49	2922	1285	4207	69.5	30.5	100
50 - 54	2339	1387	3726	62.8	37.2	100
55 - 59	1923	1174	3097	62.1	37.9	100
60 - 64	1441	1015	2456	58.7	41.3	100
65 - 69	1026	712	1738	59	41	100
70 - 74	929	667	1596	58.2	41.8	100
75 +	1230	966	2196	56	44	100
NS	29	22	51	56.9	43.1	100
Total	39612	16245	55857	70.9	29.1	100

Table 3.5 Distribution of Heads of Private Households by District, Age Group and Sex Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	Number of Households Headed by:					
	Male	Female	Total	% Male	% Female	% Total
(c) Hwedza						
< 15	68	57	125	54.4	45.6	100
15 - 19	375	170	545	68.8	31.2	100
20 - 24	681	293	974	69.9	30.1	100
25 - 29	1138	470	1608	70.8	29.2	100
30 - 34	1380	530	1910	72.3	27.7	100
35 - 39	1236	611	1847	66.9	33.1	100
40 - 44	1054	588	1642	64.2	35.8	100
45 - 49	732	478	1210	60.5	39.5	100
50 - 54	701	642	1343	52.2	47.8	100
55 - 59	666	581	1247	53.4	46.6	100
60 - 64	584	554	1138	51.3	48.7	100
65 - 69	610	427	1037	58.8	41.2	100
70 - 74	513	386	899	57.1	42.9	100
75 +	831	738	1569	53	47	100
NS	25	28	53	47.2	52.8	100
Total	10594	6553	17147	61.8	38.2	100
(d) Marondera Rural						
< 15	85	64	149	57.0	43.0	100
15 - 19	584	233	817	71.5	28.5	100
20 - 24	1849	519	2368	78.1	21.9	100
25 - 29	3101	786	3887	79.8	20.2	100
30 - 34	3108	849	3957	78.5	21.5	100
35 - 39	2674	893	3567	75.0	25.0	100
40 - 44	2178	756	2934	74.2	25.8	100
45 - 49	1446	700	2146	67.4	32.6	100
50 - 54	1283	868	2151	59.6	40.4	100
55 - 59	1169	778	1947	60.0	40.0	100
60 - 64	938	640	1578	59.4	40.6	100
65 - 69	750	540	1290	58.1	41.9	100
70 - 74	680	488	1168	58.2	41.8	100
75 +	939	741	1680	55.9	44.1	100
NS	12	6	18	66.7	33.3	100
Total	20796	8861	29657	70.1	29.9	100

Table 3.5 Distribution of Heads of Private Households by District, Age Group and Sex Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	Number of Households Headed by:					
	Male	Female	Total	% Male	% Female	% Total
(e) Mudzi						
< 15	157	180	337	46.6	53.4	100
15 - 19	715	579	1294	55.3	44.7	100
20 - 24	1277	1074	2351	54.3	45.7	100
25 - 29	2512	1412	3924	64.0	36.0	100
30 - 34	2330	1454	3784	61.6	38.4	100
35 - 39	2343	1571	3914	59.9	40.1	100
40 - 44	1663	1140	2803	59.3	40.7	100
45 - 49	1073	926	1999	53.7	46.3	100
50 - 54	970	1320	2290	42.4	57.6	100
55 - 59	924	996	1920	48.1	51.9	100
60 - 64	1008	1015	2023	49.8	50.2	100
65 - 69	715	638	1353	52.8	47.2	100
70 - 74	758	631	1389	54.6	45.4	100
75 +	1378	1304	2682	51.4	48.6	100
NS	51	103	154	33.1	66.9	100
Total	17874	14343	32217	55.5	44.5	100
(f) Murehwa						
< 15	179	134	313	57.2	42.8	100
15 - 19	899	644	1543	58.3	41.7	100
20 - 24	1890	1217	3107	60.8	39.2	100
25 - 29	3530	1640	5170	68.3	31.7	100
30 - 34	3845	1810	5655	68.0	32.0	100
35 - 39	3531	1871	5402	65.4	34.6	100
40 - 44	2889	1599	4488	64.4	35.6	100
45 - 49	2027	1322	3349	60.5	39.5	100
50 - 54	1770	1697	3467	51.1	48.9	100
55 - 59	1557	1476	3033	51.3	48.7	100
60 - 64	1419	1359	2778	51.1	48.9	100
65 - 69	1264	1090	2354	53.7	46.3	100
70 - 74	1188	927	2115	56.2	43.8	100
75 +	1901	1553	3454	55.0	45.0	100
NS	18	38	56	32.1	67.9	100
Total	27907	18377	46284	60.3	39.7	100

Table 3.5 Distribution of Heads of Private Households by District, Age Group and Sex Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	Number of Households Headed by:					
	Male	Female	Total	% Male	% Female	% Total
(g) Mutoko						
< 15	137	143	280	48.9	51.1	100
15 - 19	648	574	1222	53.0	47.0	100
20 - 24	1454	1142	2596	56.0	44.0	100
25 - 29	2924	1564	4488	65.2	34.8	100
30 - 34	3097	1431	4528	68.4	31.6	100
35 - 39	2615	1440	4055	64.5	35.5	100
40 - 44	2192	1182	3374	65.0	35.0	100
45 - 49	1338	897	2235	59.9	40.1	100
50 - 54	1128	1205	2333	48.3	51.7	100
55 - 59	1086	1059	2145	50.6	49.4	100
60 - 64	1138	959	2097	54.3	45.7	100
65 - 69	877	663	1540	56.9	43.1	100
70 - 74	786	637	1423	55.2	44.8	100
75 +	1449	1285	2734	53.0	47.0	100
NS	24	39	63	38.1	61.9	100
Total	20893	14220	35113	59.5	40.5	100
(h) Seke						
< 15	29	29	58	50.0	50.0	100
15 - 19	357	206	563	63.4	36.6	100
20 - 24	1505	521	2026	74.3	25.7	100
25 - 29	2628	765	3393	77.5	22.5	100
30 - 34	2832	795	3627	78.1	21.9	100
35 - 39	2466	753	3219	76.6	23.4	100
40 - 44	1984	645	2629	75.5	24.5	100
45 - 49	1275	616	1891	67.4	32.6	100
50 - 54	1114	652	1766	63.1	36.9	100
55 - 59	845	549	1394	60.6	39.4	100
60 - 64	704	514	1218	57.8	42.2	100
65 - 69	528	365	893	59.1	40.9	100
70 - 74	459	285	744	61.7	38.3	100
75 +	641	526	1167	54.9	45.1	100
NS	16	34	50	32.0	68.0	100
Total	17383	7255	24638	70.6	29.4	100

Table 3.5 Distribution of Heads of Private Households by District, Age Group and Sex Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	Number of Households Headed by:					
	Male	Female	Total	% Male	% Female	% Total
(i) UMP						
< 15	92	97	189	48.7	51.3	100
15 - 19	426	381	807	52.8	47.2	100
20 - 24	1099	699	1798	61.1	38.9	100
25 - 29	2228	950	3178	70.1	29.9	100
30 - 34	2176	938	3114	69.9	30.1	100
35 - 39	2110	1080	3190	66.1	33.9	100
40 - 44	1637	764	2401	68.2	31.8	100
45 - 49	1086	605	1691	64.2	35.8	100
50 - 54	947	916	1863	50.8	49.2	100
55 - 59	902	677	1579	57.1	42.9	100
60 - 64	838	741	1579	53.1	46.9	100
65 - 69	701	461	1162	60.3	39.7	100
70 - 74	665	570	1235	53.8	46.2	100
75 +	1178	871	2049	57.5	42.5	100
NS	10	11	21	47.6	52.4	100
Total	16095	9761	25856	62.2	37.8	100
(j) Marondera Urban						
< 15	17	21	38	44.7	55.3	100
15 - 19	185	220	405	45.7	54.3	100
20 - 24	913	618	1531	59.6	40.4	100
25 - 29	1819	968	2787	65.3	34.7	100
30 - 34	1938	944	2882	67.2	32.8	100
35 - 39	1747	885	2632	66.4	33.6	100
40 - 44	1353	657	2010	67.3	32.7	100
45 - 49	781	483	1264	61.8	38.2	100
50 - 54	539	387	926	58.2	41.8	100
55 - 59	444	274	718	61.8	38.2	100
60 - 64	238	218	456	52.2	47.8	100
65 - 69	173	127	300	57.7	42.3	100
70 - 74	114	114	228	50	50	100
75 +	169	134	303	55.8	44.2	100
NS	4	1	5	80	20	100
Total	10434	6051	16485	63.3	36.7	100

Table 3.5 Distribution of Heads of Private Households by District, Age Group and Sex Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	Number of Households Headed by:					
	Male	Female	Total	% Male	% Female	% Total
(I) Ruwa Local Board						
< 15	9	16	25	36	64	100
15 - 19	95	108	203	46.8	53.2	100
20 - 24	746	253	999	74.7	25.3	100
25 - 29	1907	452	2359	80.8	19.2	100
30 - 34	2225	484	2709	82.1	17.9	100
35 - 39	1946	480	2426	80.2	19.8	100
40 - 44	1544	388	1932	79.9	20.1	100
45 - 49	865	281	1146	75.5	24.5	100
50 - 54	504	171	675	74.7	25.3	100
55 - 59	307	105	412	74.5	25.5	100
60 - 64	153	50	203	75.4	24.6	100
65 - 69	78	28	106	73.6	26.4	100
70 - 74	35	18	53	66	34	100
75 +	36	13	49	73.5	26.5	100
NS	23	6	29	79.3	20.7	100
Total	10473	2853	13326	78.6	21.4	100

Table 3.6: Percent Distribution of Population in Collective Households by Age Group and Sex, Mashonaland East province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	Male	Female	Total	Number	Total
0 - 14	44.9	55.1	100	3740	22.5
15 - 49	35.2	64.8	100	11491	69.0
50-64	13.1	86.9	100	2538	15.2
65+	15.2	84.8	100	1391	8.4
Not Stated	20.0	80.0	100	25	0.2
Total	35.7	64.3	100	16647	100

Table 3.7: Distribution of Population in Collective Households by Age Group and Marital Status, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Groups	Not					
	Never Married	Married	Divorced/separated	Widowed	Stated	Total
0 - 4	0	0	0	0	1340	1340
5 - 9	0	0	0	0	1018	1018
10 - 14	0	0	0	0	1382	1382
15 - 19	1495	195	6	2	8	1706
20 - 24	797	618	41	2	4	1462
25 - 29	421	1017	85	10	5	1538
30 - 34	150	1021	57	27	5	1260
35 - 39	75	916	62	71	0	1124
40 - 44	65	825	33	127	2	1052
45 - 49	35	598	36	140	2	811
50 - 54	32	673	46	188	0	939
55 - 59	37	594	24	254	1	910
60 - 64	32	429	21	204	3	689
65 - 69	13	265	18	181	2	479
70 - 74	23	222	22	217	0	484
75 +	44	147	17	220	0	428
NS	3	7	1	10	4	25
Total	3222	7527	469	1653	3776	16647
% Total	19.4	45.2	2.8	9.9	22.7	100

Table 3.8: Population in Private Households by Urban/Rural, Relationship to Head of Household and Sex, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

(a) Rural

Relationship to Head of Household	Male	Percent	Female	Percent	Total	Percent
Head	179112	31.7	102208	17.3	281320	24.3
Spouse	6090	1.1	135859	23.0	141949	12.3
Son/daughter	215434	38.1	190700	32.3	406134	35.2
Parent	794	0.1	4103	0.7	4897	0.4
Grandson/daughter	77809	13.8	69582	11.8	147391	12.8
Brother/sister	14327	2.5	11443	1.9	25770	2.2
Other relative	57567	10.2	68687	11.6	126254	10.9
Not relative	12954	2.3	6809	1.2	19763	1.7
Not Stated	945	0.2	984	0.2	1929	0.2
Total	565032	100.0	590375	100.0	1155407	100.0

(b) Rural

Relationship to Head of Household	Male	Percent	Female	Percent	Total	Percent
Head	30840	38.2	14665	15.9	45505	26.3
Spouse	1522	1.9	23199	25.2	24721	14.3
Son/daughter	29756	36.8	29241	31.8	58997	34.1
Parent	136	0.2	698	0.8	834	0.5
Grandson/daughter	3436	4.3	3547	3.9	6983	4.0
Brother/sister	3492	4.3	3098	3.4	6590	3.8
Other relative	10123	12.5	14393	15.6	24516	14.2
Not relative	1406	1.7	3070	3.3	4476	2.6
Not Stated	100	0.1	179	0.2	279	0.2
Total	80811	100.0	92090	100.0	172901	100.0

(c) Total

Relationship to Head of Household	Male	Percent	Female	Percent	Total	Percent
Head	209952	32.5	116873	17.1	326825	24.6
Spouse	7612	1.2	159058	23.3	166670	12.5
Son/daughter	245190	38.0	219941	32.2	465131	35.0
Parent	930	0.1	4801	0.7	5731	0.4
Grandson/daughter	81245	12.6	73129	10.7	154374	11.6
Brother/sister	17819	2.8	14541	2.1	32360	2.4
Other relative	67690	10.5	83080	12.2	150770	11.4
Not relative	14360	2.2	9879	1.4	24239	1.8
Not Stated	1045	0.2	1163	0.2	2208	0.2
Total	645843	100.0	682465	100.0	1328308	100.0

Chapter 4:

Education

Introduction

Information on education characteristics of the population for the 2012 Population Census was based on persons age three years and above and those age 3-24 years. In general, children age below three years are considered to be too young for pre-school and formal school attendance.

In some Tables, it should be noted that persons who did not state their ages have been included in the analysis of education, because the possibility of not identifying the age of a person under 3 years is very small. The fact that school attendance was recorded implies that the respondent was age at least three years. The information on education was solicited by asking the respondents five questions:

1) Has (name) ever been to school?

Response categories:

Yes

No

2) What is (name)'s highest level and grade of education completed?

Response categories:

Level 8=8 (None completed)

Level 0=1-3 (Early education)

Level 1=1-7 (Primary)

Level 2=1-6 (Secondary)

Level 3 (Tertiary) =

1 Certificate/Diploma after primary

2 Certificate/Diploma after secondary

3 Graduate/Postgraduate

The following questions were applicable to persons age 3-24 years

3) Is (name) currently attending school?

4) Was (name) ever in attendance in school at any point during this year?

5) During this school year, what level and grade is (name) attending/was enrolled in?

It should be emphasized that level of education completed means the completion of a full academic year/course. For example, a child currently attending grade one has not completed grade one yet. At the same time, all those persons who had never been to school" in the first question were categorised under "no level completed" in the second question.

Some indicators relating to education were computed using the information obtained from the above responses. However, caution should be exercised with regard to their interpretation. In particular, the literacy rates obtained from this data are a proxy of the actual rate. The rate of literacy was obtained by assuming that any person who had completed at least level one at grade three was literate. Additional questions, which the census could not accommodate, would have had to be asked and a simple literacy test administered to arrive at an actual rate.

Population by School Attendance

Tables 4. 1a to f present the distribution of the population age 3 – 24 years by school attendance and sex. About 12 percent of this population had never been to school, 59 percent were still at school while 29 percent had left school. Around 12 percent of males and 12 percent of females had never attended school. Out of the population that had never been to school, 51 percent were males and 49 percent were females. There was a slight difference between proportions of males and females for those who were at school. Furthermore, of those who had already left school, there were more females (53 percent) than males (47 percent).

Population Never Been to School

About 12 percent of the population age 3-24 years had never been to school. Of this population, 86 percent was below the official entry age (i.e. below 6 years of age) see Table 4.2. Slightly more males than females had never been to school. Tables 4.3a –k show that this was the pattern in all

districts apart from Marondera Urban where there were slightly more females than males.

A district comparison shows that of the population which had never been to school the highest proportions were in Goromonzi (17 percent) and Murehwa, (15 percent). The distribution of the population “never been to school” resembles that of the total population *see Table 4.4*.

Population Ever Been to School

A total of 599 364 persons had ever been to school. These persons constituted 88 percent of the population age 3 – 24 years. Table 4.5 shows that more females than males had ever been to school.

Population Currently at School

Table 4.6 shows that almost 62 percent of the population at school was in primary school. Eleven percent of the population currently at school was in early childhood education. Among those currently attending tertiary education, the predominantly urban districts had a larger proportion compared with the situation in the rural districts. The proportion in primary school ranged from 49 percent in Ruwa and Marondera Urban to 68 percent in UMP (see Table 4.7 a-k).

Population age 3-24 years which left school

Of the total population age 3 – 24 years 29 percent had left school. Of the population that had left school 53 percent were female and 47 percent male. Of the total female population age 3 – 24 years 31 percent had left school while the proportion for males was 27 percent, *see Table 4.1c*. Table 4.8 shows that the majority of school leavers (68 percent) were age 18-24 years.

School Enrolment for population age 3 – 24 years.

Table 4.9 shows that the gross enrolment ratio for primary education indicates that there were more pupils enrolled than should officially be in this level (104). The gross enrolment ratios for males and females show a similar pattern. The gross enrolment ratio

for secondary education shows that there were fewer pupils than those who should officially be at this level. The gross enrolment ratio is the total enrolment in a given level of education irrespective of age expressed in ratio to the population of the age group which officially corresponds to the same level of education.

The net enrolment ratios indicate that there is high participation for both sexes in the primary education, 87 for males and 88 for females. Slightly fewer females (51) participate at secondary level than males (52). The net enrolment ratio measures part of the pupils enrolled at the right age. It thus measures the extent of participation of school going age population.

Highest Level of Education Completed

In Mashonaland East Province 32 percent of the population age 3 years and above had completed secondary and above level of education *see Table 4.10*. More females than males had completed primary education (25 percent compared with 22 percent) while more males (17 percent compared with 15 percent) had completed secondary education and above.

Literacy

For the 2012 Population Census, the population age at least 15 years who had completed at least grade 3 was classified as literate. The literacy rate is thus the number of persons, who had completed at least grade 3 per 100 persons in a particular age category. From this definition, 96 percent of those age 15 years and above in the province were literate, as indicated in Table 4.11. The literacy rate for males was higher than for females. As expected the literacy rate declined with increasing age, confirming that the older generation were relatively disadvantaged with regard to education.

There were no major differences in the literacy rates among districts. Both urban districts had literacy rates of 99 while the rural districts had rates between 91 and 97 percent , *see Table 4.12*.

Conclusion

In Mashonaland East Province there were slightly more males than females who had never been to school and there were slightly more males than females at school. Among those who had left school, there were more females than males and the same was observed towards higher levels of education. Mashonaland East Province had a literacy rate of 96 percent.

Table 4.1: Distribution of the Population Age 3-24 by School Attendance and by Sex, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

School Attendance	Male	Female	Total
a) Ever been to school?			
Attended School	301080	298284	599364
Never Attended	43355	41166	84521
Missing	658	651	1309
Total	345093	340101	685194
b) Currently attending school?			
Currently Attending	219361	204293	423654
Left School	96926	107833	204759
Missing	28806	27975	56781
Total	345093	340101	685194
c) Ever been to school?			
Attended School	50.2	49.8	100
Never Attended	51.3	48.7	100
Missing	50.3	49.7	100
Total	50.4	49.6	100
d) Currently attending school?			
Currently Attending	51.8	48.2	100
Left School	47.3	52.7	100
Missing	50.7	49.3	100
Total	50.4	49.6	100
e) Ever been to school?			
Attended School	87.2	87.7	87.5
Never Attended	12.6	12.1	12.3
Missing	0.2	0.2	0.2
Total	100	100	100
Number	345093	340101	685194
f) Currently attending school?			
Currently Attending	63.6	60.1	61.8
Left School	28.1	31.7	29.9
Missing	8.3	8.2	8.3
Total	100	100	100
Number	345093	340101	685194

Table 4.2: Percent Distribution of the Population Age 3-24 who never attended school by Sex, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age	Male	Female	Total
3	37.5	39.3	38.3
4	32.2	32.1	32.1
5	16.2	15.7	15.9
6	5.1	4.9	5.0
7	1.9	1.6	1.8
8	0.9	0.8	0.9
9	0.6	0.5	0.5
10	0.4	0.3	0.4
11	0.3	0.3	0.3
12	0.5	0.4	0.4
13	0.4	0.3	0.4
14	0.5	0.4	0.4
15	0.4	0.4	0.4
16	0.4	0.4	0.4
17	0.4	0.4	0.4
18	0.5	0.4	0.4
19	0.3	0.3	0.3
20	0.5	0.4	0.5
21	0.3	0.3	0.3
22	0.3	0.4	0.3
23	0.2	0.3	0.3
24	0.3	0.3	0.3
Total	100	100	100
Number	43355	41166	84521

Table 4.3: Percent Distribution of the Population Age 3-24 who never attended school by District and Sex, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age	Male	Female	Total
(a) Chikomba			
3	39.2	41.2	40.2
4	33.9	33.7	33.8
5	15.7	14.7	15.2
6	4.4	4.1	4.3
7	1.5	1.0	1.2
8	0.6	0.3	0.5
9	0.4	0.6	0.5
10	0.1	0.2	0.2
11	0.1	0.3	0.2
12	0.3	0.1	0.2
13	0.4	0.1	0.2
14	0.4	0.4	0.4
15	0.2	0.3	0.3
16	0.2	0.4	0.3
17	0.6	0.5	0.5
18	0.5	0.4	0.4
19	0.3	0.2	0.2
20	0.4	0.5	0.5
21	0.4	0.2	0.3
22	0.1	0.3	0.2
23	0.1	0.3	0.2
24	0.2	0.2	0.2
Total	100	100	100
Number	3411	3163	6574

(b)Goromonzi

	Male	Female	Total
3	37.1	38.4	37.7
4	31.9	32.0	31.9
5	16.5	16.2	16.4
6	5.4	5.3	5.4
7	2.3	2.0	2.2
8	0.9	0.8	0.9
9	0.6	0.4	0.5
10	0.4	0.5	0.4
11	0.2	0.3	0.3
12	0.4	0.5	0.4
13	0.3	0.3	0.3
14	0.4	0.3	0.3
15	0.4	0.3	0.3
16	0.5	0.4	0.4
17	0.5	0.3	0.4
18	0.4	0.3	0.4
19	0.4	0.3	0.3
20	0.5	0.5	0.5
21	0.3	0.2	0.2
22	0.2	0.3	0.3
23	0.2	0.2	0.2
24	0.2	0.3	0.3
Total	100	100	100
Number	7106	6822	13928

(c) Hwedza

	Male	Female	Total
3	39.4	38.9	39.2
4	31.1	32.8	31.9
5	17.0	16.8	16.9
6	4.3	4.5	4.4
7	1.9	1.2	1.6
8	0.5	0.8	0.6
9	0.5	0.1	0.3
10	0.2	0.3	0.2
11	0.2	0.3	0.3
12	0.3	0.4	0.4
13	0.3	0.4	0.4
14	0.5	0.3	0.4
15	0.2	0.3	0.3
16	0.3	0.2	0.3
17	0.3	0.3	0.3
18	0.6	0.6	0.6
19	0.3	0.2	0.3
20	0.6	0.2	0.4
21	0.3	0.5	0.4
22	0.6	0.2	0.4
23	0.2	0.4	0.3
24	0.4	0.2	0.3
Total	100	100	100
Number	2092	1796	3888

(d) Marondera Rural

3	39.4	41.6	40.5
4	33.1	32.5	32.8
5	15.6	14.7	15.2
6	4.5	3.9	4.2
7	1.6	1.3	1.5
8	0.6	0.5	0.6
9	0.4	0.6	0.5
10	0.4	0.2	0.3
11	0.3	0.3	0.3
12	0.5	0.4	0.5
13	0.2	0.4	0.3
14	0.3	0.2	0.2
15	0.3	0.3	0.3
16	0.4	0.5	0.4
17	0.3	0.4	0.3
18	0.4	0.2	0.3
19	0.3	0.4	0.4
20	0.2	0.3	0.2
21	0.4	0.2	0.3
22	0.4	0.2	0.3
23	0.2	0.3	0.2
24	0.3	0.3	0.3
Total	100	100	100
Number	3327	3290	6617

(e) Mudzi

	Male	Female	Total
3	31.8	35.9	33.8
4	30.6	29.7	30.1
5	17.7	17.9	17.8
6	6.1	5.7	6.0
7	2.6	2.1	2.3
8	1.5	1.1	1.3
9	0.9	0.6	0.7
10	0.8	0.5	0.6
11	0.7	0.4	0.5
12	0.7	0.6	0.7
13	0.6	0.4	0.5
14	0.8	0.6	0.7
15	0.7	0.6	0.7
16	0.7	0.4	0.6
17	0.6	0.4	0.5
18	0.8	0.4	0.6
19	0.4	0.5	0.4
20	0.6	0.6	0.6
21	0.4	0.4	0.4
22	0.4	0.5	0.4
23	0.2	0.4	0.3
24	0.3	0.3	0.3
Total	100	100	100
Number	5598	5149	10747

(f) Murehwa

	Male	Female	Total
3	37.6	39.4	38.5
4	32.7	31.5	32.1
5	15.4	15.1	15.3
6	4.9	5.1	5.0
7	1.8	1.8	1.8
8	1.0	1.1	1.1
9	0.4	0.7	0.6
10	0.5	0.4	0.4
11	0.3	0.3	0.3
12	0.6	0.3	0.5
13	0.5	0.4	0.4
14	0.6	0.4	0.5
15	0.4	0.3	0.3
16	0.4	0.4	0.4
17	0.4	0.5	0.4
18	0.5	0.5	0.5
19	0.3	0.3	0.3
20	0.4	0.4	0.4
21	0.4	0.3	0.3
22	0.3	0.4	0.4
23	0.3	0.4	0.3
24	0.2	0.2	0.2
Total	100	100	100
Number	6426	6176	12602

(g) Mutoko

	Male	Female	Total
3	37.8	40.1	38.9
4	33.1	33.1	33.1
5	15.7	15.2	15.5
6	5.0	4.8	4.9
7	1.4	1.2	1.3
8	0.7	0.7	0.7
9	0.5	0.3	0.4
10	0.4	0.3	0.3
11	0.3	0.2	0.3
12	0.3	0.3	0.3
13	0.5	0.3	0.4
14	0.6	0.4	0.5
15	0.3	0.4	0.3
16	0.7	0.3	0.5
17	0.5	0.3	0.4
18	0.4	0.4	0.4
19	0.5	0.2	0.4
20	0.4	0.4	0.4
21	0.2	0.2	0.2
22	0.3	0.3	0.3
23	0.2	0.3	0.2
24	0.2	0.3	0.3
Total	100	100	100
Number	5037	4753	9790

(h) Seke

	Male	Female	Total
3	37.5	38.6	38.0
4	32.7	32.2	32.5
5	15.3	15.9	15.6
6	5.2	4.8	5.0
7	2.0	1.6	1.8
8	1.0	0.7	0.8
9	0.7	0.6	0.6
10	0.3	0.2	0.3
11	0.3	0.2	0.3
12	0.5	0.2	0.4
13	0.4	0.4	0.4
14	0.3	0.4	0.3
15	0.4	0.4	0.4
16	0.4	0.5	0.4
17	0.5	0.6	0.6
18	0.4	0.1	0.3
19	0.2	0.4	0.3
20	0.6	0.6	0.6
21	0.4	0.3	0.4
22	0.3	0.6	0.5
23	0.4	0.4	0.4
24	0.4	0.3	0.3
Total	100	100	100
Number	3137	3017	6154

(i) UMP

	Male	Female	Total
3	35.9	37.3	36.6
4	30.6	32.3	31.4
5	17.4	16.8	17.1
6	6.2	5.6	5.9
7	2.2	1.9	2.1
8	1.1	0.9	1.0
9	0.8	0.6	0.7
10	0.7	0.4	0.6
11	0.4	0.3	0.3
12	0.5	0.4	0.4
13	0.2	0.4	0.3
14	0.6	0.6	0.6
15	0.6	0.3	0.4
16	0.4	0.4	0.4
17	0.4	0.2	0.3
18	0.5	0.2	0.3
19	0.2	0.2	0.2
20	0.6	0.3	0.4
21	0.3	0.3	0.3
22	0.2	0.3	0.2
23	0.2	0.3	0.2
24	0.2	0.2	0.2
Total	100	100	100
Number	4524	4295	8819

(j) Marondera Urban

3	44.7	43.5	44.1
4	34.4	33.5	34.0
5	13.6	12.2	12.9
6	3.6	4.3	4.0
7	0.6	0.9	0.8
8	0.2	0.4	0.3
9	0.1	0.4	0.3
10	0.1	0.4	0.3
11	0.1	0.1	0.1
12	0.1	0.5	0.3
13	0.1	0.1	0.1
14	0.2	0.1	0.2
15	0.1	0.1	0.1
16	0.3	0.6	0.4
17	0.2	0.4	0.3
18	0.3	0.1	0.2
19	0.2	0.4	0.3
20	0.6	0.4	0.5
21	0.1	0.1	0.1
22	0.1	0.3	0.2
23	0.1	0.2	0.2
24	0.1	0.5	0.3
Total	100	100	100
Number	1379	1381	2760

(k) Ruwa Local Board

3	47.6	46.6	47.1
4	31.5	32.5	32.0
5	14.0	13.0	13.5
6	2.7	2.2	2.5
7	1.1	0.9	1.0
8	0.2	0.6	0.4
9	0.2	0.4	0.3
10	0.2	0.1	0.2
11	0.1	0.3	0.2
12	0.1	0.2	0.1
13	0.2	0.2	0.2
14	0.1	0.2	0.1
15	0.1	0.3	0.2
16	0	0.2	0.1
17	0.2	0.4	0.3
18	0.2	0.7	0.4
19	0.3	0.5	0.4
20	0.3	0.5	0.4
21	0.5	0.2	0.3
22	0.1	0.3	0.2
23	0.2	0.1	0.2
24	0.1	0.1	0.1
Total	100	100	100
Number	1318	1324	2642

Table 4.4: Percent Distribution of the Population Age 3-24 who never attended school by Sex and District, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

District	Male	Female	Total
Chikomba	7.9	7.7	7.8
Goromonzi	16.4	16.6	16.5
Hwedza	4.8	4.4	4.6
Marondera Rural	7.7	8.0	7.8
Mudzi	12.9	12.5	12.7
Murehwa	14.8	15.0	14.9
Mutoko	11.6	11.5	11.6
Seke	7.2	7.3	7.3
UMP	10.4	10.4	10.4
Marondera	3.2	3.4	3.3
Ruwa Local Board	3.0	3.2	3.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Number	43355	41166	84521
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Table 4.5: Percent Distribution of Population ever been to school by Age Group and Sex, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	Male	Female	Total
15 - 19	14.0	12.1	13.0
20 - 24	10.0	10.7	10.4
25 - 29	9.6	10.5	10.0
30 - 34	8.0	8.3	8.2
35 - 39	6.6	6.9	6.7
40 - 44	5.0	4.7	4.8
45 - 49	3.1	3.3	3.2
50 - 54	2.5	3.4	3.0
55 - 59	2.1	2.6	2.4
60 - 64	1.7	2.1	1.9
65 - 69	1.4	1.5	1.4
70 - 74	1.2	1.1	1.2
75 +	1.7	1.5	1.6
NS	0.1	0.1	0.1
Total	100	100	100
Number	528952	551570	1080522

Table 4.6: Population Age 3-24 Years Currently Attending School by Current Level of Education Being Attended and Sex, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Current Level	Male	Female	Total
PreSchool	11.1	11.8	11.4
Primary	61.6	63.0	62.3
Secondary	26.0	24.0	25.0
Tertiary	1.0	1.0	1.0
Not known	*	*	*
Missing	0.3	0.3	0.3
Total	100.0	100	100
Number	219361	204293	423654

Table 4.7: Population Age 3-24 Years Currently Attending School by District and Current Level of Education Being Attended and Sex, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Current Level	Male	Female	Total
(a) Chikomba			
PreSchool	10.1	10.3	10.2
Primary	59.1	60.8	59.9
Secondary	29.8	28	28.9
Tertiary	0.7	0.5	0.6
Not known	*	*	*
Missing	0.3	0.4	0.3
Total	100	100	100
Number	21853	20074	41927

(b) Goromonzi

PreSchool	11.4	11.8	11.6
Primary	60.8	62.1	61.4
Secondary	26.4	24.7	25.5
Tertiary	1.2	1.1	1.1
Not known	*	*	*
Missing	0.3	0.3	0.3
Total	100	100	100
Number	33667	32090	65757

(c) Hwedza

PreSchool	9.8	10.8	10.3
Primary	60.8	62.3	61.5
Secondary	28.6	26.0	27.4
Tertiary	0.4	0.6	0.5
Not known	*	0.1	0.1
Missing	0.3	0.2	0.2
Total	100	100	100
Number	13056	11755	24811

(d) Marondera Rural

PreSchool	11.6	12.5	12.0
Primary	61.5	64.2	62.8
Secondary	26.0	22.5	24.3
Tertiary	0.6	0.7	0.7
Not known	*	*	*
Missing	0.3	0.2	0.3
Total	100	100	100
Number	18756	17030	35786

(e) Mudzi

PreSchool	11.4	12.5	11.9
Primary	65.6	67.7	66.6
Secondary	22.4	19.3	20.9
Tertiary	0.3	0.2	0.3
Not known	*	0.1	*
Missing	0.3	0.2	0.3
Total	100	100	100
Number	21866	20029	41895

(f) Murehwa

PreSchool	10.7	11.4	11.0
Primary	63.6	64.9	64.2
Secondary	24.8	22.7	23.8
Tertiary	0.6	0.6	0.6
Not known	0.1	0.1	0.1
Missing	0.3	0.3	0.3
Total	100	100	100
Number	33909	30781	64690

(g) Mutoko

PreSchool	11.7	12.3	12.0
Primary	64.0	66.1	65.0
Secondary	23.7	20.9	22.4
Tertiary	0.4	0.4	0.4
Not known	*	*	*
Missing	0.2	0.3	0.2
Total	100	100	100
Number	24576	22490	47066

(h) Seke

PreSchool	11.3	12.1	11.7
Primary	61.2	62.3	61.7
Secondary	26.2	24.5	25.4
Tertiary	1.0	0.9	1.0
Not known	*	*	*
Missing	0.2	0.3	0.3
Total	100	100	100
Number	15269	14183	29452

(i) UMP

PreSchool	11.0	12.1	11.5
Primary	66.9	68.9	67.9
Secondary	21.7	18.5	20.2
Tertiary	0.2	0.2	0.2
Not known	*	*	*
Missing	0.2	0.3	0.2
Total	100	100	100
Number	18991	17320	36311

(j) Marondera Urban

PreSchool	12.8	11.8	12.3
Primary	49.3	48.8	49.1
Secondary	33.0	34.6	33.8
Tertiary	4.6	4.5	4.6
Not known	*	*	*
Missing	0.2	0.2	0.2
Total	100	100	100
Number	9149	9794	18943

(k) Ruwa Local Board

PreSchool	11.8	11.8	11.8
Primary	49.4	48.9	49.1
Secondary	32.9	33.9	33.4
Tertiary	5.6	5.0	5.3
Not known	0.1	*	*
Missing	0.3	0.4	0.3
Total	100	100	100
Number	8269	8747	17016

Table 4.8: Population Age 3 - 24 years Who Left School by Sex and Age Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

School Age	Percent	Male	Percent	Female	Percent	Total
3	6.1	5909	5.3	5713	5.7	11622
4	5.3	5163	4.5	4858	4.9	10021
5	2.9	2836	2.5	2669	2.7	5505
6	1.1	1022	1.0	1033	1.0	2055
7	0.6	588	0.5	511	0.5	1099
8	0.4	350	0.3	371	0.4	721
9	0.4	401	0.3	321	0.4	722
10	0.4	393	0.3	298	0.3	691
11	0.4	416	0.3	321	0.4	737
12	0.7	726	0.5	526	0.6	1252
13	0.9	857	0.7	753	0.8	1610
14	1.6	1566	1.3	1437	1.5	3003
15	2.5	2427	2.3	2524	2.4	4951
16	3.9	3749	4.1	4414	4.0	8163
17	5.9	5691	6.6	7132	6.3	12823
18	8.7	8385	9.1	9845	8.9	18230
19	8.6	8365	8.7	9363	8.7	17728
20	10.9	10595	11.4	12304	11.2	22899
21	9.3	8972	9.2	9911	9.2	18883
22	10.1	9824	10.8	11602	10.5	21426
23	9.6	9352	10.3	11134	10.0	20486
24	9.6	9339	10.0	10793	9.8	20132
Total	100	96926	100	107833	100	204759

Table 4.9: Primary and Secondary School Enrolment for Population Age 3-24 Years Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Enrolment	Primary			Secondary		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Gross Enrolment	106	102	104	59	55	57
Net Enrolment	87	88	88	52	51	52
Enrolled Population	135123	128606	263729	56992	49017	106009

Table 4.10: Population Age 3+ by Age Group, Sex and Highest Level of Academic Education Completed, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age Group	No Education		Primary		Secondary & Above		Not Known		Total	Total	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
0 - 4	13.4	14.3	0.1	0.1	*	*	6.8	8.4	1.2	1.2	
5 - 9	82.9	81.5	17.1	15.7	0.1	0.1	20.2	16.2	14.6	14.2	
10 - 14	2.0	1.7	36.9	30.1	2.2	3.0	18.4	9.1	17.1	15.9	
15 - 19	0.3	0.3	9.1	6.0	20.8	21	11.4	6.9	14.0	12.1	
20 - 24	0.1	0.1	5.0	5.1	16.3	18.9	7.5	9.4	10.1	10.8	
25 - 29	0.1	0.2	4.2	5.3	16.1	18.0	5.2	7.8	9.6	10.5	
30 - 34	0.1	0.1	3.4	4.6	13.6	13.9	6.1	7.1	8.0	8.3	
35 - 39	0.1	0.1	2.7	4.3	11.2	10.9	3.2	4.4	6.6	6.9	
40 - 44	*	0.1	1.9	3.3	8.8	7.0	2.5	4.4	5.0	4.7	
45 - 49	0.1	0.2	1.8	3.7	4.8	3.3	1.8	3.9	3.1	3.3	
50 - 54	0.1	0.3	3.1	5.5	2.4	1.7	3.4	3.7	2.5	3.4	
55 - 59	0.1	0.2	3.3	4.6	1.4	0.9	0.7	4.2	2.1	2.6	
60 - 64	0.1	0.2	3.0	3.8	0.9	0.5	2.3	3.4	1.7	2.1	
65 - 69	0.1	0.2	2.5	2.7	0.6	0.3	1.8	2.2	1.4	1.4	
70 - 74	0.1	0.2	2.3	2.2	0.4	0.1	2.5	1.9	1.2	1.1	
75 +	0.2	0.3	3.5	2.9	0.3	0.2	3.4	4.4	1.7	1.5	
NS	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.7	2.7	0.1	0.1	
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
Number	45770	44950	227618	262790	253960	242041	440	593	527788	550374	1080522

Table 4.11:Literacy Rates for the Population Aged 15+ by Province and by Sex, Mashonaland East Province 2012 Census

Literacy Rates

	Males	Females	Total
15 – 19	98	98	98
20 – 24	99	99	99
25 – 29	99	99	99
30 – 34	99	99	99
35 – 39	99	98	99
40 – 44	99	97	98
45 – 49	98	94	96
50 – 54	95	88	91
55 – 59	93	87	89
60 – 64	91	85	87
65 – 69	90	83	86
70 – 74	87	79	83
75 +	83	74	78
NS	28	23	25
Total	97	95	96

Table 4.12:Literacy Rates for the Population Aged 15+ by District and by Sex, Mashonaland East Province, 2012 Census

Literacy Rates

District	Male	Female	Total
Chikomba	98	95	96
Goromonzi	98	96	97
Hwedza	97	95	96
Marondera Rural	97	96	97
Mudzi	94	89	91
Murehwa	97	95	96
Mutoko	96	93	94
Seke	98	96	97
UMP	95	92	94
Marondera	99	99	99
Ruwa Local Board	99	99	99
Total	97	95	96

Chapter 5:

Activity and Labour Force

Introduction

The analysis of activity and labour force of a population gives a picture of the manpower of a nation and provides a breakdown of the activities of the nation's labour force. The information is used to classify people according to whether they are in the labour force or not and all this information is important for development planning.

The 2012 Population Census collected labour force information from persons age 10 years and above. The main reason why persons age 10- 14 years were asked questions on activity was to obtain information on children working. The present analysis is, however, based mainly on population age 15 years and above although information on the 10- 14 years age group has been tabulated.

Three questions on activity were asked. The first question solicited information on respondent's main activity in the last twelve months. This question had nine response categories which were:

- Paid employee
- Employer
- Own account worker
- Unpaid family worker
- Looking for work/unemployed
- Student
- Homemaker
- Retired /sick/too old
- Others

Persons who responded that their main activity was any of the first four categories above were then asked their main occupation during the last twelve months as the second question.

An additional question on field of specialisation was asked to a person whose main activity was any of the first four

categories and who had some recognised post primary/secondary education/training.

The *economically active* population refers to the total number of persons available for the production of goods and services as realised in national income statistics. The economically active population includes paid employees and employers, unpaid family workers, own account workers and those unemployed. On the other hand, homemaking, studying and being sick or too old are examples of activities of the *economically inactive* population. It is important to note that most women tend to report that they are homemakers even though they combine housework with other economically productive activities.

The term *labour force* in the context of the 2012 Population Census refers to the economically active persons. The definition is in line with that stipulated by the United Nations System of National Accounts and Balances.

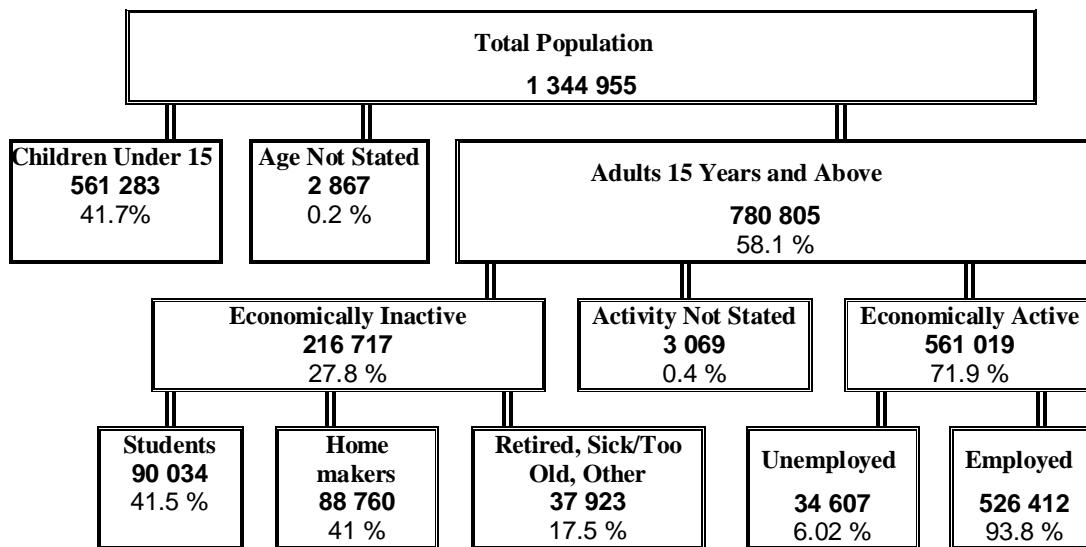
Economically Active Population

According to the 2012 Population Census, the population age 15 years and above for Mashonaland East Province was 780 805 and 71 percent of this population was economically active. Figure 5.1 shows that out of the economically active population, 6 percent were unemployed whilst 94 percent were employed.

Tables 5.1a and 5.1b describe the economically active population by sex and activity. Table 5. 1a shows that there were more females than males in the categories of unpaid family worker and own account worker. However, more males than females were in categories of paid employee, employer and unemployed. Among the economically active, there were slightly more males than females. Table 5.1b shows that the highest proportion of economically active males and females were own account workers.

females among the economically active.

Figure 5.1: Labour Force Framework



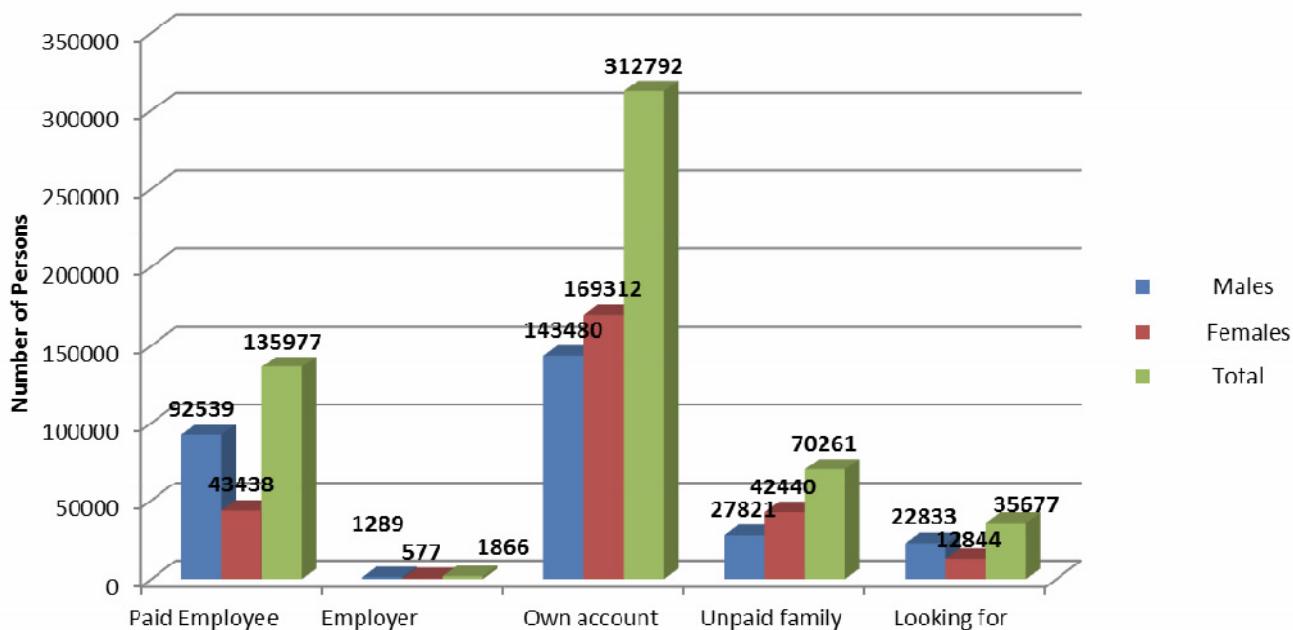
Relatively, the percentage of unemployed was higher for males (8 percent) than for females (5 percent). The activity status of persons with a disability is similar to that described above, see table 5.1c.

Table 5.2 shows the economically active population by sex and district in the province. Most rural districts in the province except Chikombwa and Seke had more economically active females than males. Urban districts had more males than

Age-Sex Composition of the Economically Active Population

The proportion of persons who were economically active varied with different age and sex categories of the population. Figure 5.2 shows that there were more economically active males than females.

Figure 5.2: Economically Active Persons by Sex and Activity



Tables 5.3a to 5.3c show detailed information on the economically active population by age, sex and activity. These Tables show that for both sexes, the largest proportions of economically active persons were in the age range 15 - 44 for both males and females. Thereafter the proportions declined as age increased.

The extent of participation of a population in the labour force can be measured by activity rates. An activity rate is defined as the number of economically active persons in a population per hundred persons in that particular population. The rate is calculated by dividing population age 15 years and above who are economically active by the total population in that age group and then multiplying the result by hundred. The activity rate for Mashonaland East Province was 71. The activity rates can be specific for age and sex categories of a population, as shown in Tables 5.4a to 5.4c and in Figure 5.3.

Activity rates for Mashonaland East Province were higher for males than for females in all age groups. The activity rates for males ranged from 33 to 96 and those for females from 34 to 81 in the broad age range 15-64 years. The activity rate for persons age 65 years+ was 67 and 50 for males and females respectively.

District Distribution of the Economically Active Population

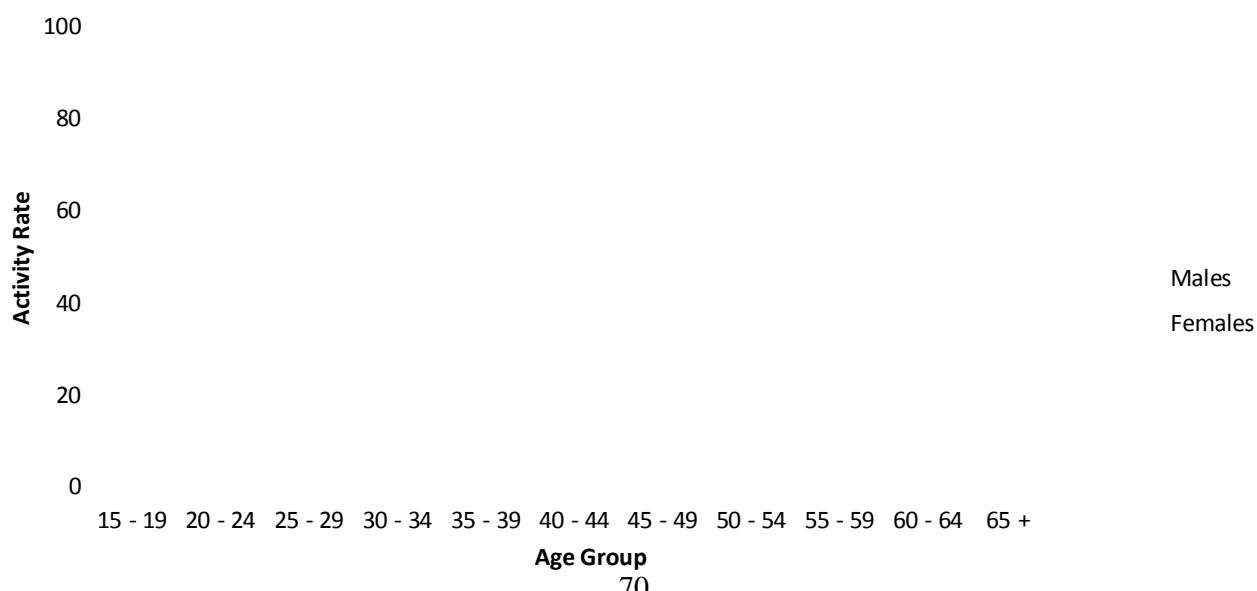
Of the total number of economically active persons, the largest proportion was in Murehwa (17 percent). Chivhu Local Board with 0.1 percent had the lowest proportion see Table 5.6a. These proportions seem to somehow reflect the population distribution in the province.

Table 5.6b shows that the category own account worker had the highest proportion of the economically active persons for all rural districts. In urban districts it was the paid employee category except Chivhu Local Board. The employer category had the least proportion of economically active persons for all districts.

Goromonzi had the highest proportion of economically active males and Chivhu Local Board had the least see Table 5.7a. For Females Murehwa had the highest proportion while Chivhu Local Board had the least proportion.

Table 5.7, shows that in Chikomba, Hwedza, Mudzi, Murehwa, Mutoko, Seke and UMP districts the highest proportion of economically active males were in the own account worker category.

Figure 5.3: Age/Sex Specific Activity Rates



The largest proportion of economically active persons in all age groups was found in Murehwa See Table 5.8

Tables 5.9 a-k show activity rates by age group for the districts separately. The lowest activity rate in all districts was in the 15-19 years age group.

Employment and Unemployment

A situation where the supply of labour exceeds demand gives rise to unemployment. The unemployed were those who had done no work and were looking for work and were available for work.

The reference period used to determine current unemployment rate is usually one week. Information on the employment situation was obtained using a time reference period of twelve months. Persons who stated paid employee, employer, own account worker and unpaid family worker as their main activity during the reference period were regarded as employed and census data thus provide a general picture of employment for the 12 months.

For persons age 15 years and above, Mashonaland East Province had a total of 520 896 employed persons and 35 677 persons who reported that they were unemployed.

Within the unemployed category there were more males (64 percent) than females (36 percent). There were slightly more females (51 percent) than males (49 percent) in the employed category see Table 5.10a. Table 5.10b indicates that of all the economically active persons 94 percent were employed while 6 percent were unemployed. About 4 percent of persons with a disability were unemployed (*see table 5.11*).

Table 5.12 shows unemployment rate by district. This table shows that the rates were between 10 and 12 percent for urban districts and 2 and 12 for rural districts.

Children Working

The analysis of children working in this chapter is based only on children age 10-14 years because the 2012 Population Census did not collect data on activity for children under ten years of age. According to the International Labour Organisation (ILO) children under fifteen years of age are not normally supposed to be economically active.

Mashonaland East Province had a total of 178 879 children age 10-14 years. About two percent of these children, (4 338 children) were economically active. The largest proportion of working children (53 percent) were unpaid family workers, followed by own account workers (18 percent). About 15 percent of children age 10-14 years stated that they were unemployed (see Table 5.13a and b)

Economically Inactive Population

The economically inactive population can be put in the following categories,

- Homemakers
- Students
- retired persons/sick/too old
- others.

A homemaker was defined as a person of either sex who was engaged in household chores in their own household, e.g. cooking and fetching water. Homemakers were not paid for doing these duties and they did not work for profit. Domestic workers were not placed in this category because they were paid for their duties.

Those who worked on household businesses were categorised either as own account workers or unpaid family workers.

For the 2012 Population Census, students were those who attended any regular formal public or private educational institution.

Retired/sick/too old were those persons who reported that they were not engaged in any activity for most of the last twelve months

because they had retired, were sick or too old.

The "other" category was for those persons who were not working and did not fit in any of the categories mentioned above. Prisoners were included in this category.

Table 5.14a and b and Figure 5.4 give a picture of inactive population by various activities in the province. Proportionately, more females were economically inactive than males in the province (64 percent females and 36 percent males). Eighty nine percent of all homemakers were females, see Table 5.14a.

Table 5.14b shows that the highest proportion of inactive females (57 percent) reported homemaking as their main activity while the highest proportion of inactive males (66 percent) reported studying as their main activity see Figure 5.4. Table 5.14b also shows that all persons who mentioned homemaking and studying as their main activity were 41 percent of the economically inactive population. The other economically inactive persons were sick, too old or retired. Among the economically inactive persons with a disability, the largest proportion was in the retired, sick, too old category as shown in Table 5.14c.

Details on the economically inactive

population by age, sex and activity are shown on Tables 5.15a to c. As expected, the majority (88 percent) of those who reported studying as their main activity were young persons age 15-19 years. This was the case for both males and females. The Tables also show that the number of inactive persons declined as age increased. The majority (70 percent) of retired persons were in the age group 65 years and above, see Table 5.15c.

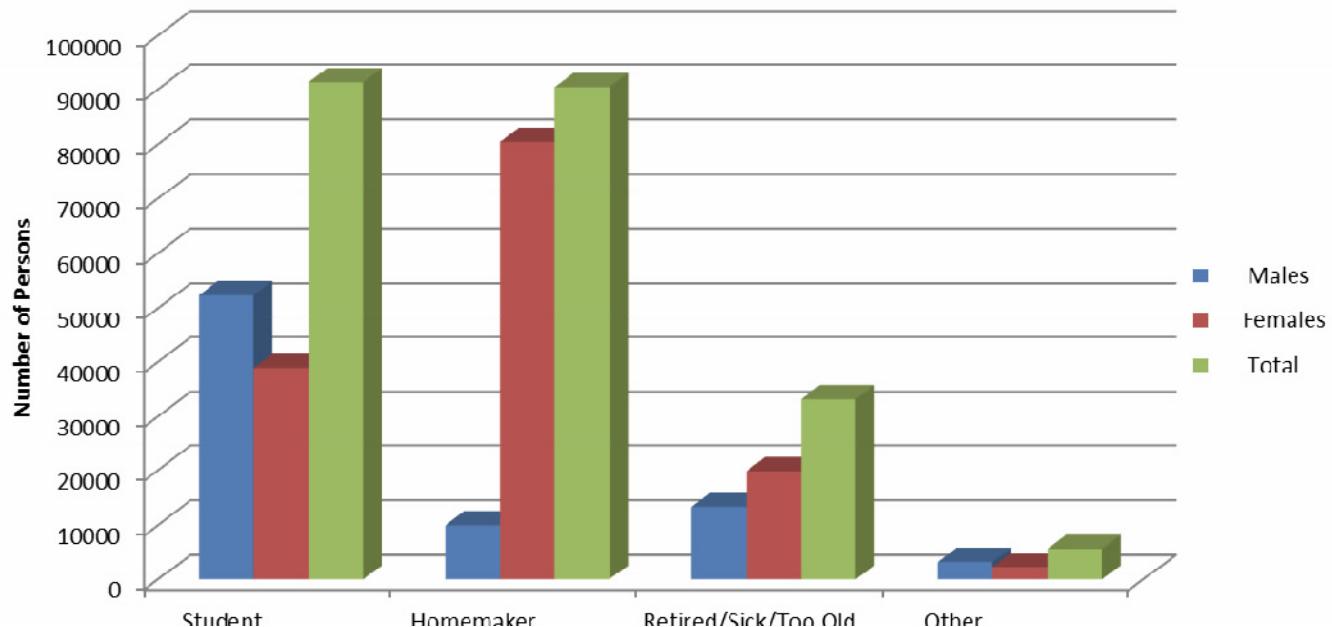
Distribution of the Economically Inactive Population by District.

Among the economically inactive the largest proportion was in the rural areas. In the urban areas the home maker category was the largest. The home maker category had the least proportion of the inactive persons in the rural districts see Table 5.16 a and b. Tables 5.17a to c show that the majority of the economically inactive persons were in Goromonzi (23 14 percent) followed by Marondera (12 percent), Chikombwa (11 percent) and Murehwa (10 percent). The rest of the districts constituted proportions less than 10 percent each.

Age Dependency Ratios

There are three types of dependency ratios, i) the *old age*, ii) *child* and iii) the *age dependency ratio* (child plus old age)

Figure 5.4: Economically Inactive Persons by Sex and Activity



dependency).

The *old age dependency ratio* is the number of persons age 65 years and above per hundred persons age 15-64 years. The old age dependency ratio for the province was 13 dependents per 100 persons in the age group 15-64 years. The *child dependency ratio* is the number of children under 15 years of age per hundred adults in the ages 15-64 years. This dependency ratio was 78 dependents per 100 persons in the age group 15-64 years.

The *age dependency ratio* refers to the number of persons who are under 15 years of age plus persons 65 years and above, per hundred persons in the 15-64 years age group. This is used to measure the ratio of the young children and the aged to the potential working population. When this dependency ratio is high, it shows that there is a high dependency burden for that particular population. The *age dependency ratio* for Mashonaland East Province in 2012 was 88 dependents per 100 persons in the age group 15-64 years.

Occupation

Table 5.18 shows occupational classification by sex for the population in Mashonaland East Province. The highest proportion of employed persons had their occupations in agriculture (64 percent). Seventy six percent of persons with a disability were employed in the agricultural occupations (*see Table 5.21*). The majority of people in the predominantly rural districts were employed in the agricultural occupations. This was followed by employment in the services sector. Mining and construction was the second largest in UMP and Mudzi. see Table 5.19. In the urban districts, the largest proportions were in the services sector. Table 5.20 shows that of the employed persons enumerated in Mashonaland East Province about 51 percent were communal farmers/communal farm workers while the other employed persons were 49 percent.

Conclusion

Data on activity for Mashonaland East Province from the 2012 Population Census show that about 53 percent of the total population for the province was in the economically active category. The economically active population constituted 71 percent of persons age 15 years and above. Of the economically active population, 6 percent were unemployed and 94 percent employed.

The data also show that more males than females were economically active in Mashonaland East Province and that most of the employed persons had occupations in the agricultural sector.

Table 5.1(a/b): Percent Distribution of Economically Active Persons by Sex and Activity, Census 2012.

Activity	Males	Females	Total	Total Persons
Paid Employee	68.05	31.95	100	135977
Employer	69.08	30.92	100	1866
Own account worker	45.87	54.13	100	312792
Unpaid family worker	39.6	60.4	100	70261
Looking for work	64.0	36.0	100	35677
Total	51.74	48.26	100	556573

Table 5.1(a/b): Percent Distribution of Economically Active Persons by Sex and Activity Census 2012.

Activity	Males	Females	Total
Paid Employee	92539	32.1	43438
Employer	1289	0.4	577
Own account worker	143480	49.8	169312
Unpaid family worker	27821	9.7	42440
Looking for work	22833	7.9	12844
Total	287962	100	268611
			100
			100

c) Persons With A Disability by Main Activity and Sex, Census 2012

Activity	Males	Females	Persons	Total
Paid Employee	68.4	5103	21.7	31.6
Employer	61.9	96	0.4	38.1
Own account worker	44.1	14827	63.1	55.9
Unpaid family worker	39.4	2308	9.8	60.6
Looking for work	64.9	1160	4.9	35.1
Total	48.1	23494	100	51.9
			100	100
			100	100

Table 5.2: Percent Distribution of Economically Active Population by Sex and disability, Census 2012.

Activity	Males	Females	Total	Total Persons
Chikomba	51.1	48.9	100	46537
Goromonzi	62.1	37.9	100	83185
Hwedza	46.9	53.1	100	31854
Marondera	61.4	38.6	100	43507
Mudzi	45.7	54.3	100	55528
Murehwa	44.3	55.7	100	92520
Mutoko	48.0	52.0	100	63975
Seke	56.2	43.8	100	42615
UMP	45.2	54.8	100	50216
Marondera Urban	56.5	43.5	100	24670
Chivhu Local Board	57.5	42.5	100	322
Ruwa Local Board	59.9	40.1	100	21644
Total	51.7	48.3	100	556573

Table 5.3: Percent Distribution of Economically Active Population by Sex, Census 2012.

Males											
Activity						Unpaid family worker		Looking for work			Total
	Paid Employee	Employer									
15 - 19	5359	5.8	16	1.2	4.6	7666	27.6	5413	23.7	25000	8
20 - 24	14253	15.4	52	4.0	11.1	7423	26.7	7415	32.5	45029	15
25 - 29	17745	19.2	122	9.5	15.4	3949	14.2	4216	18.5	48175	16
30 - 34	15225	16.5	165	12.8	14.7	2324	8.4	2294	10.0	41105	14
35 - 39	12547	13.6	195	15.1	12.6	1553	5.6	1432	6.3	33790	11
40 - 44	10182	11.0	199	15.4	9.5	1056	3.8	871	3.8	25904	9
45 - 49	6302	6.8	134	10.4	5.9	691	2.5	465	2.0	16050	5
50 - 54	4301	4.6	134	10.4	5.5	633	2.3	281	1.2	13177	4
55 - 59	2801	3.0	117	9.1	5.2	616	2.2	213	0.9	11193	3
60 - 64	1802	1.9	60	4.7	4.6	553	2.0	93	0.4	9097	3
65 +	2022	2.2	95	7.4	11.0	1357	4.9	140	0.6	19442	6
Total	92539	100	1289	100	100	27821	100	22833	100	287962	10

Females

Activity	Unpaid family worker					Looking for work				Total	
	Paid Employee	Employer									
15 - 19	3846	8.9	18	3.1	5.0	6649	15.7	3709	28.9	22666	8.4
20 - 24	6851	15.8	39	6.8	11.7	7704	18.2	3959	30.8	38417	14.3
25 - 29	8895	20.5	60	10.4	14.0	6527	15.4	2247	17.5	41496	15.4
30 - 34	7458	17.2	78	13.5	12.6	4635	10.9	1241	9.7	34816	13.0
35 - 39	6105	14.1	82	14.2	11.4	3941	9.3	727	5.7	30220	11.3
40 - 44	4300	9.9	82	14.2	8.5	2534	6.0	347	2.7	21656	8.1
45 - 49	2718	6.3	66	11.4	6.6	1971	4.6	209	1.6	16088	6.0
50 - 54	1637	3.8	53	9.2	8.4	2460	5.8	142	1.1	18532	6.9
55 - 59	844	1.9	44	7.6	6.9	1925	4.5	94	0.7	14602	5.4
60 - 64	456	1.0	24	4.2	5.6	1614	3.8	64	0.5	11620	4.3
65 +	328	0.8	31	5.4	9.2	2480	5.8	105	0.8	18498	6.9
Total	43438	100	577	100	100	42440	100	12844	100	268611	100

Total

Activity	Unpaid family worker					Looking for work				Total	
	Paid Employee	Employer									
15 - 19	9205	6.8	34	1.8	4.8	14315	20.4	9122	25.6	47666	8.6
20 - 24	21104	15.5	91	4.9	11.4	15127	21.5	11374	31.9	83446	15.0
25 - 29	26640	19.6	182	9.8	14.7	10476	14.9	6463	18.1	89671	16.1
30 - 34	22683	16.7	243	13.0	13.6	6959	9.9	3535	9.9	75921	13.6
35 - 39	18652	13.7	277	14.8	12.0	5494	7.8	2159	6.1	64010	11.5
40 - 44	14482	10.7	281	15.1	8.9	3590	5.1	1218	3.4	47560	8.5
45 - 49	9020	6.6	200	10.7	6.3	2662	3.8	674	1.9	32138	5.8
50 - 54	5938	4.4	187	10.0	7.1	3093	4.4	423	1.2	31709	5.7
55 - 59	3645	2.7	161	8.6	6.1	2541	3.6	307	0.9	25795	4.6
60 - 64	2258	1.7	84	4.5	5.1	2167	3.1	157	0.4	20717	3.7
65 +	2350	1.7	126	6.8	10	3837	5.5	245	0.7	37940	6.8
Total	135977	100	1866	100	100	70261	100	35677	100	556573	100

Table 5.4: Age-Sex-Specific Activity Rates for Age
15+ Years, Census 2012.

Males

Age Group	Total	Economically Active	Activity Rate
15 - 19	74785	25000	33.4
20 - 24	53895	45029	83.5
25 - 29	51230	48175	94.0
30 - 34	43022	41105	95.5
35 - 39	35198	33790	96.0
40 - 44	27057	25904	95.7
45 - 49	16923	16050	94.8
50 - 54	14269	13177	92.3
55 - 59	12275	11193	91.2
60 - 64	10562	9097	86.1
65 +	29245	19442	66.5
Total	368461	287962	78.2

Females

Age Group	Total	Economically	
		Active	Activity Rate
15 - 19	67662	22666	33.5
20 - 24	59998	38417	64.0
25 - 29	58402	41496	71.1
30 - 34	46644	34816	74.6
35 - 39	38574	30220	78.3
40 - 44	26892	21656	80.5
45 - 49	19976	16088	80.5
50 - 54	23130	18532	80.1
55 - 59	18384	14602	79.4
60 - 64	15662	11620	74.2
65 +	37020	18498	50.0
Total	412344	268611	65.1

Total

Age Group	Total	Economically Active	Activity Rate
15 - 19	142447	47666	33.5
20 - 24	113893	83446	73.3
25 - 29	109632	89671	81.8
30 - 34	89666	75921	84.7
35 - 39	73772	64010	86.8
40 - 44	53949	47560	88.2
45 - 49	36899	32138	87.1
50 - 54	37399	31709	84.8
55 - 59	30659	25795	84.1
60 - 64	26224	20717	79.0
65 +	66265	37940	57.3
Total	780805	556573	71.3

Table 5.5: Activity Rates by district for Age 15+ Years

Census 2012.

District	Persons 15 Years and Above	Economically Active Persons	Activity Rate
Chikombra	70304	46537	66.2
Goromonzi	133641	83185	62.2
Hwedza	41033	31854	77.6
Marondera	69441	43507	62.7
Mudzi	72347	55528	76.8
Murehwa	114797	92520	80.6
Mutoko	81820	63975	78.2
Seke	60024	42615	71.0
UMP	60623	50216	82.8
Marondera Urban	39959	24670	61.7
Chivhu Local Board	564	322	57.1
Ruwa Local Board	36252	21644	59.7

Table 5.6: Percent Distribution of Economically Active Persons by Sex, District and by Activity
Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Activity	Chikomba	Goromonzi	Hwedza	Marondera	Mudzi	Murehwa	Mutoko	Seke	UMP	Marondera Urban	Chivhu Local Board	Ruwa Local Board	Total
Paid Employee	9221	33651	5257	16733	5255	14560	7614	14814	3634	12764	126	12348	135977
Employer	59	407	87	185	74	212	81	208	91	207	3	252	1366
Own account worker	27958	33511	22279	18665	36884	59211	42182	21608	36080	8147	152	6115	312792
Unpaid family worker	6246	5394	3054	4775	10307	15698	11959	2630	9554	400	8	236	70261
Looking for work	3053	10222	1177	3149	3008	2839	2139	3355	857	3152	33	2693	35677
Total	46537	83185	31854	43507	55528	92520	63975	42615	50216	24670	322	21644	556573

Activity	Chikomb	Goromonzi	Hwedza	Marondera	Mudzi	Murehwa	Mutoko	Seke	UMP	Marondera Urban	Chivhu Local Board	Ruwa Local Board	Total
Paid Employee	6.8	24.7	3.9	12.3	3.9	10.7	5.6	10.9	2.7	9.4	0.1	9.1	100
Employer	3.2	21.8	4.7	9.9	4.0	11.4	4.3	11.1	4.9	11.1	0.2	13.5	100
Own account worker	8.9	10.7	7.1	6.0	11.8	18.9	13.5	6.9	11.5	2.6	0	2.0	100
Unpaid family worker	8.9	7.7	4.3	6.8	14.7	22.3	17.0	3.7	13.6	0.6	0	0.3	100
Looking for work	8.6	28.7	3.3	8.8	8.4	8.0	6.0	9.4	2.4	8.8	0.1	7.5	100
Total	8.4	14.9	5.7	7.8	10	16.6	11.5	7.7	9	4.4	0.1	3.9	100

Table 5.6: Percent Distribution of Economically Active Persons by Sex, District and by Activity

Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Activity	Chikomb	Goromonzi	Hwedza	Marondera	Mudzi	Murehwa	Mutoko	Seke	UMP	Marondera Urban	Chivhu local Board	Ruwa Local Board	Total
Paid Employee	19.8	40.5	16.5	38.5	9.5	15.7	11.9	34.8	7.2	51.7	39.1	57.1	24.4
Employer	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.8	0.9	1.2	0.3
Own account worker	60.1	40.3	69.9	42.9	66.4	64.0	65.9	50.7	71.8	33.0	47.2	28.3	56.2
Unpaid family worker	13.4	6.5	9.6	11.0	18.6	17.0	18.7	6.2	19.0	1.6	2.5	1.1	12.6
Looking for work	6.6	12.3	3.7	7.2	5.4	3.1	3.3	7.9	1.7	12.8	10.2	12.4	6.4
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

Table 5.7: Percent Distribution of Economically Active Persons by Sex, District and by Activity, Census 2012

Males

	Chikomb	Goromonzi	Hwedza	Marondera	Mudzi	Murehwa	Mutoko	Seke	UMP	Marondera Urban	Chivhu Local Board	Ruwa Local Board	Total	Persons
Paid Employee	7.2	25.9	3.9	12.2	4.1	10	5.7	11.1	2.7	8.9	0.1	8.3	100	92539
Employer	3.2	22.3	4.1	10.1	3.6	9.8	3.8	11.3	4.5	12.1	0.2	15.1	100	1289
Own account worker	8.8	12.5	6.6	7.2	11.0	16.7	13.5	7.3	11.5	2.6	0	2.4	100	143480
Unpaid family worker	9.1	9.5	4.0	9.5	13.5	21.1	17.2	3.9	11.3	0.5	0	0.4	100	27821
Looking for work	8.7	30.2	3.3	10.2	8.9	7.7	5.6	8.9	2.3	7.4	0.1	6.6	100	22833
Total	8.3	17.9	5.2	9.3	8.8	14.2	10.7	8.3	7.9	4.8	0.1	4.5	100	287962

Table 5.7: Percent Distribution of Economically Active Persons by Sex, District and by Activity, Census 2012

Females

Activity	Chikomb	Goromonzi	Hwedza	Marondera	Mudzi	Murehwa	Mutoko	Seke	UMP	Marondera Urban	Chivhu Board	Ruwa LocalBoard	Total	Persons
Paid Employee	5.9	22.4	3.9	12.5	3.5	12.2	5.4	10.5	2.6	10.5	0.1	10.7	100	43438
Employer	3.1	20.8	5.9	9.5	4.9	14.9	5.5	10.7	5.7	8.8	-	10.1	100	577
Own account worker	9.1	9.2	7.6	4.9	12.5	20.8	13.5	6.6	11.6	2.6	0	1.6	100	169312
Unpaid family worker	8.8	6.5	4.6	5.0	15.4	23.1	16.9	3.7	15.1	0.6	0	0.3	100	42440
Looking for work	8.2	25.9	3.2	6.4	7.7	8.3	6.7	10.4	2.6	11.4	0	9.2	100	12844
Total	8.5	11.7	6.3	6.2	11.2	19.2	12.4	6.9	10.2	4.0	0.1	3.2	100	268611

Table 5.7: Percent Distribution of Economically Active Persons by Sex, District and by Activity, Census 2012

Males

Activity	Chikomb	Goromonzi	Hwedza	Marondera	Mudzi	Murehwa	Mutoko	Seke	UMP	Marondera Urban	Chivhu Local Board	Ruwa	Total
Paid Employee	6637	23939	3567	11320	3756	9282	5271	10254	2514	8201	80	7718	92539
Employer	41	287	53	130	46	126	49	146	58	156	3	194	1289
Own account worker	12564	17879	9455	10304	15787	23974	19337	10460	16449	3761	70	3440	143480
Unpaid family worker	2522	2645	1117	2646	3757	5874	4774	1078	3153	145	4	106	27821
Looking for work	1996	6895	761	2331	2023	1768	1283	2021	523	1687	28	1517	22833
Total	23760	51645	14953	26731	25369	41024	30714	23959	22697	13950	185	12975	287962

Table 5.7: Percent Distribution of Economically Active Persons by Sex, District and by Activity, Census 2012

Females

Activity	Chikomb	Goromonzi	Hwedza	Marondera	Mudzi	Murehwa	Mutoko	Seke	UMP	Marondera Urban	Chivhu Local Board	Ruwa Local Board	Total
Paid Employee	2584	9712	1690	5413	1499	5278	2343	4560	1120	4563	46	4630	43438
Employer	18	120	34	55	28	86	32	62	33	51	-	58	577
Own account worker	15394	15632	12824	8361	21097	35237	22845	11148	19631	4386	82	2675	169312
Unpaid family worker	3724	2749	1937	2129	6550	9824	7185	1552	6401	255	4	130	42440
Looking for work	1057	3327	416	818	985	1071	856	1334	334	1465	5	1176	12844
Total	22777	31540	16901	16776	30159	51496	33261	18656	27519	10720	137	8669	268611

Table 5.7: Percent Distribution of Economically Active Persons by Sex, District and by Activity, Census 2012

Males

Activity	Chikombwa	Goromonzi	Hwedza	Marondera	Mudzi	Murehwa	Mutoko	Seke	UMP	Marondera Urban	Chivhu Local Board	Ruwa Local Board	Total
Paid Employee	27.9	46.4	23.9	42.3	14.8	22.6	17.2	42.8	11.1	58.8	43.2	59.5	32.1
Employer	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.3	1.1	1.6	1.5	0.4
Own account worker	52.9	34.6	63.2	38.5	62.2	58.4	63	43.7	72.5	27	37.8	26.5	49.8
Unpaid family worker	10.6	5.1	7.5	9.9	14.8	14.3	15.5	4.5	13.9	1.0	2.2	0.8	9.7
Looking for work	8.4	13.4	5.1	8.7	8.0	4.3	4.2	8.4	2.3	12.1	15.1	11.7	7.9
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

Table 5.7: Percent Distribution of Economically Active Persons by Sex, District and by Activity, Census 2012

Females

Activity	Chikombwa	Goromonzi	Hwedza	Marondera	Mudzi	Murehwa	Mutoko	Seke	UMP	Marondera Urban	Chivhu Local Board	Ruwa Local Board	Total
Paid Employee	11.3	30.8	10	32.3	5	10.2	7	24.4	4.1	42.6	33.6	53.4	16.2
Employer	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.5	-	0.7	0.2
Own account worker	67.6	49.6	75.9	49.8	70.0	68.4	68.7	59.8	71.3	40.9	59.9	30.9	63
Unpaid family worker	16.3	8.7	11.5	12.7	21.7	19.1	21.6	8.3	23.3	2.4	2.9	1.5	15.8
Looking for work	4.6	10.5	2.5	4.9	3.3	2.1	2.6	7.2	1.2	13.7	3.6	13.6	4.8
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

Table 5.7: Percent Distribution of Economically Active Persons by Sex, District and by Activity, Census 2012

Total

Age Group	Chikomba	Goromonzi	Hwedza	Marondera	Mudzi	Murehwa	Mutoko	Seke	UMP	Marondera Urban	Chivhu Local Board	Ruwa Local Board	Total	Persons
15 - 19	6.65	14.17	4.89	7.44	12.65	17.4	13.16	7.26	10.85	2.95	0.05	2.53	100	47666
20 - 24	7.14	15.59	5.35	8.15	10.1	16.1	11.84	8.24	9.05	4.46	0.06	3.92	100	83446
25 - 29	6.82	16.36	5.01	8.19	9.39	15.24	11.51	8.15	8.74	5.5	0.08	4.99	100	89671
30 - 34	7.49	16.78	5.24	8.13	8.79	15.33	10.93	8.29	7.9	5.77	0.09	5.26	100	75921
35 - 39	7.55	16.4	5.2	7.95	9.6	15.1	10.64	7.89	8.8	5.61	0.07	5.18	100	64010
40 - 44	7.88	16.63	5.63	8.05	8.69	15.65	10.57	7.76	8.13	5.57	0.05	5.38	100	47560
45 - 49	8.86	15.6	5.94	8.22	8.86	17.05	10.14	8.1	8.0	4.74	0.04	4.44	100	32138
50 - 54	10.18	13.28	6.74	7.79	10.43	18.38	10.97	7.25	9.35	3.36	0.02	2.25	100	31709
55 - 59	11.23	12.64	7.07	7.62	10.25	19.15	11.79	6.8	9.17	2.73	0.02	1.54	100	25795
60 - 64	11.53	10.47	7.35	6.86	12.13	19.58	12.88	6.26	10.34	1.8	0.03	0.76	100	20717
65 +	14.92	7.76	8.41	5.86	11.58	21.27	12.92	5.24	10.82	0.86	0.02	0.34	100	37940
Total	8.36	14.95	5.72	7.82	9.98	16.62	11.49	7.66	9.02	4.43	0.06	3.89	100	556573

Table 5.9: Activity Rate by district and Age Group, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe
2012 Census

Age Group	Economically		
	Total	Active	Activity Rate
a) Chikomba			
15 - 19	13395	3172	23.7
20 - 24	8788	5960	67.8
25 - 29	7923	6114	77.2
30 - 34	7002	5685	81.2
35 - 39	5780	4835	83.7
40 - 44	4443	3750	84.4
45 - 49	3376	2846	84.3
50 - 54	3917	3228	82.4
55 - 59	3518	2897	82.3
60 - 64	2995	2388	79.7
65 +	9167	5662	61.8
Total	70304	46537	66.2

b) Goromonzi

Age Group	Economically		
	Total	Active	Activity Rate
a) Chikomba			
15 - 19	23118	6752	29.2
20 - 24	20938	13009	62.1
25 - 29	20693	14674	70.9
30 - 34	17272	12742	73.8
35 - 39	13686	10500	76.7
40 - 44	9955	7908	79.4
45 - 49	6513	5013	77.0
50 - 54	5785	4210	72.8
55 - 59	4529	3261	72.0
60 - 64	3518	2170	61.7
65 +	7634	2946	38.6
Total	133641	83185	62.2

Table 5.9: Activity Rate by district and Age Group, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe
2012 Census

Age Group	Economically		
	Total	Active	Activity Rate
c) Hwedza			
15 - 19	7860	2332	29.7
20 - 24	5305	4462	84.1
25 - 29	4838	4491	92.8
30 - 34	4199	3980	94.8
35 - 39	3496	3326	95.1
40 - 44	2773	2680	96.6
45 - 49	1990	1909	95.9
50 - 54	2267	2137	94.3
55 - 59	1933	1823	94.3
60 - 64	1700	1523	89.6
65 +	4672	3191	68.3
Total	41033	31854	77.6
d) Marondera			
15 - 19	12342	3544	28.7
20 - 24	10365	6799	65.6
25 - 29	9997	7348	73.5
30 - 34	8143	6175	75.8
35 - 39	6488	5089	78.4
40 - 44	4766	3827	80.3
45 - 49	3393	2643	77.9
50 - 54	3434	2471	72
55 - 59	2763	1965	71.1
60 - 64	2283	1422	62.3
65 +	5467	2224	40.7
Total	69441	43507	62.7

Table 5.9: Activity Rate by district and Age Group, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe
2012 Census

Age Group	Economically		
	Total	Active	Activity Rate
e) Mudzi			
15 - 19	13813	6031	43.7
20 - 24	10061	8424	83.7
25 - 29	9501	8420	88.6
30 - 34	7287	6671	91.5
35 - 39	6716	6147	91.5
40 - 44	4483	4131	92.1
45 - 49	3125	2849	91.2
50 - 54	3709	3306	89.1
55 - 59	3012	2644	87.8
60 - 64	2993	2513	84.0
65 +	7647	4392	57.4
Total	72347	55528	76.8

f) Murehwa

15 - 19	21697	8295	38.2
20 - 24	15475	13437	86.8
25 - 29	14553	13668	93.9
30 - 34	12215	11636	95.3
35 - 39	10050	9668	96.2
40 - 44	7748	7443	96.1
45 - 49	5711	5481	96.0
50 - 54	6151	5828	94.7
55 - 59	5223	4939	94.6
60 - 64	4466	4057	90.8
65 +	11508	8068	70.1
Total	114797	92520	80.6

Table 5.9: Activity Rate by district and Age Group, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe
2012 Census

Age Group	Economically		
	Total	Active	Activity Rate
g) Mutoko			
15 - 19	15224	6274	41.2
20 - 24	11644	9884	84.9
25 - 29	11381	10325	90.7
30 - 34	8986	8300	92.4
35 - 39	7297	6813	93.4
40 - 44	5376	5029	93.5
45 - 49	3481	3258	93.6
50 - 54	3853	3480	90.3
55 - 59	3367	3042	90.3
60 - 64	3110	2668	85.8
65 +	8101	4902	60.5
Total	81820	63975	78.2
h) Seke			
15 - 19	10345	3459	33.4
20 - 24	9618	6872	71.4
25 - 29	9151	7310	79.9
30 - 34	7451	6291	84.4
35 - 39	5828	5049	86.6
40 - 44	4227	3693	87.4
45 - 49	3006	2604	86.6
50 - 54	2725	2298	84.3
55 - 59	2126	1753	82.5
60 - 64	1750	1297	74.1
65 +	3797	1989	52.4
Total	60024	42615	71

Table 5.9: Activity Rate by district and Age Group, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe
2012 Census

Age Group	Economically		
	Total	Active	Activity Rate
i) UMP			
15 - 19	11391	5173	45.4
20 - 24	8312	7556	90.9
25 - 29	8116	7839	96.6
30 - 34	6184	5997	97
35 - 39	5768	5635	97.7
40 - 44	3982	3865	97.1
45 - 49	2658	2571	96.7
50 - 54	3094	2966	95.9
55 - 59	2498	2366	94.7
60 - 64	2359	2143	90.8
65 +	6261	4105	65.6
Total	60623	50216	82.8
j) Marondera Urban			
15 - 19	7015	1407	20.1
20 - 24	6722	3720	55.3
25 - 29	6775	4932	72.8
30 - 34	5543	4384	79.1
35 - 39	4377	3588	82.0
40 - 44	3118	2650	85.0
45 - 49	1878	1524	81.2
50 - 54	1444	1065	73.8
55 - 59	1028	703	68.4
60 - 64	670	372	55.5
65 +	1389	325	23.4
Total	39959	24670	61.7

Table 5.9: Activity Rate by district and Age Group, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe
2012 Census

Age Group	Economically		
	Total	Active	Activity Rate
k) Chivhu Local Board			
15 - 19	93	22	23.7
20 - 24	101	54	53.5
25 - 29	110	75	68.2
30 - 34	92	65	70.7
35 - 39	67	43	64.2
40 - 44	32	24	75.0
45 - 49	22	13	59.1
50 - 54	12	7	58.3
55 - 59	7	5	71.4
60 - 64	9	6	66.7
65 +	19	8	42.1
Total	564	322	57.1
l) Ruwa Local Board			
15 - 19	6154	1205	19.6
20 - 24	6564	3269	49.8
25 - 29	6594	4475	67.9
30 - 34	5292	3995	75.5
35 - 39	4219	3317	78.6
40 - 44	3046	2560	84
45 - 49	1746	1427	81.7
50 - 54	1008	713	70.7
55 - 59	655	397	60.6
60 - 64	371	158	42.6
65 +	603	128	21.2
Total	36252	21644	59.7

Table 5.10: Percent Distribution of Persons by Employment Status and Sex,
Census 2012

Employment Status	Males	Females	Total
Employed	265129	255767	520896
Unemployed	22833	12844	35677
All	287962	268611	556573

Employment Status	Males	Females	Total
Employed	50.9	49.1	100
Unemployed	64.0	36.0	100
All	51.7	48.3	100

Table 5.10: Percent Distribution of Persons by Employment Status and Sex,
Census 2012

Employment Status	Males	Females	Total
Employed	92.1	95.2	93.6
Unemployed	7.9	4.8	6.4
Total	100	100	100

Employment Status	Males	Females	Total
Employed	50.9	49.1	100
Unemployed	64	36	100
All	51.7	48.3	100

Table 5.11: Percent Distribution of Persons with a Disability by Employment Status and Sex Census 2012.

Employment Status	Males	Females	Total
Employed	47.4	52.6	100
Unemployed	64.9	35.1	100
All	48.1	51.9	100

Table 5.11: Percent Distribution of Persons with a Disability by Employment Status and Sex Census 2012.

Employment Status	Males	Females	Total
Employed	95.1	97.5	96.3
Unemployed	4.9	2.5	3.7
Total	100	100	100

Table 5.11: Percent Distribution of Persons with a Disability by Employment Status and Sex Census 2012.

Employment Status	Males	Females	Total
Employed	95.1	97.5	96.3
Unemployed	4.9	2.5	3.7
Total	100	100	100

Table 5.12: Unemployment by district, Census 2012.

Province	Economically Active Persons	Unemployed Persons	Unemployment Rate
Chikombra	46537	3053	6.6
Goromonzi	83185	10222	12.3
Hwedza	31854	1177	3.7
Marondera	43507	3149	7.2
Mudzi	55528	3008	5.4
Murehwa	92520	2839	3.1
Mutoko	63975	2139	3.3
Seke	42615	3355	7.9
UMP	50216	857	1.7
Marondera Urban	24670	3152	12.8
Chivhu Local Board	322	33	10.2
Ruwa Local Board	21644	2693	12.4
Total	556573	35677	7.2

Table 5.13: Percent Distribution of Children (10 - 14 years)

by Employment Status and Sex Census 2012.

Activity	Males	Females	Total
Paid Employee	407	237	644
Employer	4	2	6
Own account worker	430	340	770
Unpaid family worker	1320	959	2279
Looking for work	353	286	639
Total	2514	1824	4338

Table 5.13: Percent Distribution of Children (10 - 14 years)

by Employment Status and Sex Census 2012.

Activity	Males	Females	Total
Paid Employee	63.2	36.8	100
Employer	66.7	33.3	100
Own account worker	55.8	44.2	100
Unpaid family worker	57.9	42.1	100
Looking for work	55.2	44.8	100
Total	58	42	100

Table 5.13: Percent Distribution of Children (10 - 14 years)

by Employment Status and Sex Census 2012.

Activity	Males	Females	Total
Paid Employee	16.2	13.0	14.8
Employer	0.2	0.1	0.1
Own account worker	17.1	18.6	17.8
Unpaid family worker	52.5	52.6	52.5
Looking for work	14	15.7	14.7
Total	100	100	100

Table 5.13: Percent Distribution of Children (10 - 14 years)

by Employment Status and Sex Census 2012.

Activity	Males	Females	Total
Paid Employee	16.2	13.0	14.8
Employer	0.2	0.1	0.1
Own account worker	17.1	18.6	17.8
Unpaid family worker	52.5	52.6	52.5
Looking for work	14.0	15.7	14.7
Total	100	100	100

Table 5.14: Percent Distribution of Economically Inactive Population by Activity and Sex Census 2012.

Activity	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	%age	Number	%age	Number	%age
Student	52382	66.3	38911	27.5	91293	41.4
Homemaker	9972	12.6	80436	56.8	90408	41.0
Retired/Sick/Too Old	13346	16.9	19827	14.0	33173	15.0
Other	3283	4.2	2371	1.7	5654	2.6
Total	78983	100	141545	100	220528	100

Table 5.14(c)Percent Distribution of Economically Inactive Persons With Disability by Various Activities, Census 2012.

Activity	Males	Females	Total	Percent
Student	1810	1229	3039	11.2
Homemaker	1230	5691	6921	25.4
Retired/Sick/Too Old	6537	9704	16241	59.6
Other	595	435	1030	3.8
Total	10172	17060	27232	100

Table 5.15: Percent Distribution of Economically Inactive Population by Activity and Sex Census 2012.

Males

	Age Group		Student	Homemaker	Retired/Sick	Other		Total		
15 - 19	46149	88.1	2403	24.1	182	1.4	549	16.7	49283	62.4
20 - 24	5221	10	2382	23.9	206	1.5	719	21.9	8528	10.8
25 - 29	608	1.2	1372	13.8	278	2.1	571	17.4	2829	3.6
30 - 34	188	0.4	925	9.3	279	2.1	394	12.0	1786	2.3
35 - 39	68	0.1	661	6.6	312	2.3	289	8.8	1330	1.7
40 - 44	52	0.1	462	4.6	364	2.7	219	6.7	1097	1.4
45 - 49	23	0	299	3	397	3.0	121	3.7	840	1.1
50 - 54	18	0	294	2.9	636	4.8	112	3.4	1060	1.3
55 - 59	6	0	241	2.4	720	5.4	88	2.7	1055	1.3
60 - 64	11	0	257	2.6	1118	8.4	55	1.7	1441	1.8
65 - 69	9	0	194	1.9	1306	9.8	50	1.5	1559	2.0
70 - 74	10	0	184	1.8	1968	14.7	36	1.1	2198	2.8
75 +	19	0	298	3.0	5580	41.8	80	2.4	5977	7.6
Total	52382	100	9972	100	13346	100	3283	100	78983	100

Table 5.15: Percent Distribution of Economically Inactive Population by Activity and Sex
Census 2012.

Females**Age Group**

	Student		Homemaker		Too Old/Retired		Other		Total	
	Number	%age	Number	%age	Number	%age	Number	%age	Number	%age
15 - 19	34367	88.3	9456	11.8	227	1.1	476	20.1	44526	31.5
20 - 24	3331	8.6	17189	21.4	268	1.4	397	16.7	21185	15.0
25 - 29	598	1.5	15397	19.1	293	1.5	324	13.7	16612	11.7
30 - 34	268	0.7	10828	13.5	279	1.4	260	11.0	11635	8.2
35 - 39	118	0.3	7627	9.5	285	1.4	185	7.8	8215	5.8
40 - 44	72	0.2	4637	5.8	303	1.5	135	5.7	5147	3.6
45 - 49	22	0.1	3365	4.2	328	1.7	109	4.6	3824	2.7
50 - 54	29	0.1	3582	4.5	780	3.9	103	4.3	4494	3.2
55 - 59	12	0	2709	3.4	891	4.5	93	3.9	3705	2.6
60 - 64	19	0	2135	2.7	1733	8.7	79	3.3	3966	2.8
65 - 69	8	0	1384	1.7	2012	10.1	56	2.4	3460	2.4
70 - 74	20	0.1	950	1.2	2986	15.1	60	2.5	4016	2.8
75 +	47	0.1	1177	1.5	9442	47.6	94	4.0	10760	7.6
Total	38911	100	80436	100	19827	100	2371	100	141545	100

Table 5.15: Percent Distribution of Economically Inactive Population by Activity and Sex Census 2012.

Total										
	Student		Homemaker		Retired/Too Old		Other		Total	
Age Group	Number	%age	Number	%age	Number	%age	Number	%age	Number	%age
15 - 19	80516	88.2	11859	13.1	409	1.2	1025	18.1	93809	42.5
20 - 24	8552	9.4	19571	21.6	474	1.4	1116	19.7	29713	13.5
25 - 29	1206	1.3	16769	18.5	571	1.7	895	15.8	19441	8.8
30 - 34	456	0.5	11753	13.0	558	1.7	654	11.6	13421	6.1
35 - 39	186	0.2	8288	9.2	597	1.8	474	8.4	9545	4.3
40 - 44	124	0.1	5099	5.6	667	2.0	354	6.3	6244	2.8
45 - 49	45	0	3664	4.1	725	2.2	230	4.1	4664	2.1
50 - 54	47	0.1	3876	4.3	1416	4.3	215	3.8	5554	2.5
55 - 59	18	0	2950	3.3	1611	4.9	181	3.2	4760	2.2
60 - 64	30	0	2392	2.6	2851	8.6	134	2.4	5407	2.5
65 - 69	17	0	1578	1.7	3318	10.0	106	1.9	5019	2.3
70 - 74	30	0	1134	1.3	4954	14.9	96	1.7	6214	2.8
75 +	66	0.1	1475	1.6	15022	45.3	174	3.1	16737	7.6
Total	91293	100	90408	100	33173	100	5654	100	220528	100

Table 5.16: Percent Distribution of Economically Inactive Population by Activity and Sector Census 2012.

Activity	Rural	Urban	Total	Number
Student	78.9	21.0	100	91293
Homemaker	71.0	28.9	100	90408
Retired/Sick/Too Old	89.2	10.7	100	33173
Other	65.0	35.0	100	5654
Total	76.88	23.12	100	220528

Table 5.16: Percent Distribution of Economically Inactive Population by Activity and Sector Census 2012.

Activity	Rural		Urban		Total	
	Number	%age	Number	%age	Number	%age
Student	72051	42.5	19242	37.7	91293	41.4
Homemaker	64209	37.9	26199	51.4	90408	41.0
Retired/Sick/Too Old	29596	17.5	3577	7.0	33173	15.0
Other	3675	2.2	1979	3.9	5654	2.6
Total	169531	100	50997	100	220528	100

Table 5.17: Percent Distribution of Economically Inactive Population by Sex Age Group and district Census 2012.

Males

Age Group	Chikomba	Goromonzi	Hwedza	Marondera	Mudzi	Murehwa	Mutoko	Sekе	UMP	Marondera	Chivhu	Ruwa	Total	Number
15 - 19	11.1	15.8	6.3	9.0	8.8	15.3	10.2	6.9	7.4	4.9	0.1	4.2	100	49283
20 - 24	10.5	18.0	4.6	10.2	6.8	9.2	7.0	8.0	4.4	9.7	0.2	11.3	100	8528
25 - 29	9.7	22.8	3.1	14.6	7.7	7.1	7.0	8.3	2.7	7.8	0.5	8.7	100	2829
30 - 34	11.7	24.0	3.8	16.3	6.0	6.5	7.2	8.3	3.1	5.8	0.9	6.4	100	1786
35 - 39	9.4	26.2	3.4	14.7	10.4	7.1	6.5	8.0	3.2	4.6	1.0	5.5	100	1330
40 - 44	9.8	25.4	2.6	14.2	7.2	8.6	9.3	7.9	4.7	4.3	0.2	5.7	100	1097
45 - 49	9.9	24.9	3.9	14.4	8.9	7.4	7.9	6.9	3.5	7.3	0.5	4.6	100	840
50 - 54	10.3	24.3	3.4	14.4	8.8	6.3	8.9	8.9	3.1	5.8	0.2	5.6	100	1060
55 - 59	10.8	25.9	2.7	14.7	9.1	5.5	7.8	6.6	4.5	7.1	-	5.4	100	1055
60 - 64	9.0	25.4	4.1	14.7	9.0	7.6	8.9	8.1	4.6	4.9	0.1	3.7	100	1441
65 +	11.0	17.6	4.9	11.9	11.6	12.0	11.1	6.6	8.1	4.0	0.1	1.3	100	9734
Total	10.9	17.5	5.5	10.3	8.9	13.1	9.6	7.2	6.6	5.5	0.1	4.9	100	78983

Females

Age Group	Chikombba	Goromonzi	Hwedza	Marondera	Mudzi	Murehwa	Mutoko	Seke	UMP	Marondera	Urban	Chivhu	Local Board	Ruwa local Board	Total	Number
15 - 19	10.5	18.8	5.4	9.6	7.4	12.8	8.6	7.7	5.6	7.1	0.1	6.3	100	44527		
20 - 24	8.8	29.5	2.0	12.4	4.7	5.5	5.1	9.4	1.6	10.1	0.1	10.8	100	21186		
25 - 29	9.0	31.7	1.4	13.2	4.9	3.9	4.8	9.4	1.0	9.7	0.1	11.0	100	16613		
30 - 34	9.2	34.7	1.2	14.2	4.2	3.7	4.5	8.5	0.9	9.0	0.1	9.9	100	11635		
35 - 39	9.7	34.1	1.4	14.5	5.0	3.3	4.6	8.0	0.9	8.7	0.1	9.8	100	8215		
40 - 44	11.1	33.7	1.0	15.1	5.0	3.8	4.5	8.3	1.1	8.1	0.1	8.1	100	5147		
45 - 49	11.4	33.5	1.2	16.1	4.9	4.0	3.9	8.8	1.4	7.5	0.1	7.1	100	3824		
50 - 54	12.4	28.9	2.0	17.8	6.6	5.1	5.9	7.2	1.9	6.9	0.1	5.1	100	4494		
55 - 59	13.5	26.3	2.1	17.1	7.0	5.9	6.0	8.0	2.2	6.6	0.1	5.3	100	3706		
60 - 64	11.6	24.3	2.9	16.1	8.6	7.2	7.7	8.2	3.6	5.7	0.1	3.9	100	3966		
65 +	13.2	16.0	5.5	11.3	11.4	12.2	11.5	6.3	7.3	3.6	0	1.8	100	18236		
Total	10.5	25.4	3.3	12.3	6.7	8.1	7.0	8.1	3.5	7.6	0.1	7.4	100	141549		

Total

Age Group	Chikomba	Goromonzi	Hwedza	Marondera	Mudzi	Murehwa	Mutoko	Seke	UMP	Marondera Urban	Chivhu local Board	Ruwa local Board	Total	Number
15 - 19	10.8	17.2	5.9	9.3	8.2	14.2	9.4	7.3	6.6	6.0	0.1	5.2	100	93810
20 - 24	9.3	26.2	2.7	11.8	5.3	6.6	5.7	9.0	2.4	10.0	0.2	10.9	100	29714
25 - 29	9.1	30.4	1.6	13.4	5.3	4.3	5.1	9.3	1.2	9.4	0.2	10.6	100	19442
30 - 34	9.5	33.2	1.5	14.4	4.4	4.1	4.8	8.5	1.2	8.6	0.2	9.5	100	13421
35 - 39	9.6	33.0	1.7	14.5	5.7	3.8	4.9	8.0	1.2	8.1	0.3	9.2	100	9545
40 - 44	10.9	32.2	1.3	14.9	5.4	4.7	5.3	8.3	1.7	7.4	0.1	7.7	100	6244
45 - 49	11.1	32.0	1.7	15.8	5.6	4.6	4.6	8.4	1.8	7.5	0.2	6.7	100	4664
50 - 54	12.0	28.0	2.3	17.2	7.0	5.4	6.4	7.5	2.2	6.7	0.1	5.2	100	5554
55 - 59	12.9	26.2	2.2	16.6	7.4	5.8	6.4	7.7	2.7	6.7	0	5.3	100	4761
60 - 64	10.9	24.6	3.2	15.7	8.7	7.3	8.0	8.2	3.9	5.5	0.1	3.8	100	5407
65 +	12.4	16.5	5.3	11.5	11.5	12.1	11.3	6.4	7.6	3.7	0	1.6	100	27970
Total	10.6	22.5	4.1	11.6	7.4	9.9	7.9	7.8	4.6	6.9	0.1	6.5	100	220532

Table 5.18: Occupational Classification by Sex Census 2012.

Occupational Group	Males	Females	Total	Percent
Invalid Code	5805	4917	10722	2.1
Others	2134	344	2478	0.5
Gvt and Snr Officials	853	173	1026	0.2
Directors/ Mgrs & Co				
Secretaries	1632	618	2250	0.4
Natural Sciences	74	30	104	0
Business & Finance	6133	5196	11329	2.2
Engineers & Technicians	2006	102	2108	0.4
Life Sciences				
Professionals	1497	1946	3443	0.7
Education	6006	6292	12298	2.4
Law and Security	10373	1382	11755	2.3
Information	76	56	132	0
Social Science	170	166	336	0.1
Artists	972	328	1300	0.3
Religion	662	246	908	0.2
Machine Operators	2618	128	2746	0.5
Administration	882	534	1416	0.3
Clerks & Secretaries	2542	2619	5161	1.0
Transport	8259	230	8489	1.7
Services	24549	38015	62564	12.2
Agriculture	148111	179878	327989	64.2
Mining & Construction	24934	3956	28890	5.7
Mechanics	4499	72	4571	0.9
Manufacturing	5258	3575	8833	1.7
999 Not known	23	29	52	0
Total	260068	250832	510900	100

Table 5.19: Occupational Classification by District Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Occupation	Chikombba	Goromonzi	Hwedza	Marondera Rural	Mudzi	Murehwa	Mutoko	Seke	UWP	Marondera	Ruwa Local Board	Total
Gvt and Snr Officials	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Directors/ Mgrs & Co Secretaries	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.1	1.7	4.2	0.4
Natural Sciences	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	*
Business & Finance	1.6	2.2	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.3	2.1	1.2	7.1	11.5	2.2
Engineers & Technicians	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.1	1.8	2.6	0.4
Life Sciences Professionals	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.3	2.4	2.1	0.7
Education	2.9	2.5	2.4	2.4	1.6	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.5	5.8	4.5	2.4
Law and Security	1.7	4.8	1.0	3.2	0.9	1.2	0.9	3.0	0.5	7.3	3.6	2.2
Information	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	0.1	*
Social Science	*	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	*	0.3	0.4	0.1
Artists	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.8	1.2	0.3
Religion	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.7	0.7	0.2
Machine Operators	0.3	1.0	0.3	0.9	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.7	0.2	1.2	2.1	0.5
Administration	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	1.2	1.9	0.3
Clerks & Secretaries	0.7	1.3	0.6	0.8	0.3	0.6	0.5	1.0	0.5	4.0	4.8	1.0
Transport	1.0	2.8	0.9	1.2	0.7	1.0	0.8	2.2	0.5	5.6	5.9	1.6
Services	9.8	18.7	7.7	9.0	7.0	11.2	7.8	15.9	4.6	33.3	25.4	12.1
Agriculture	71.5	45.1	76.4	69.8	69.3	73.3	76.5	56.1	77.9	6.0	2.7	62.8
Mining & Construction	2.1	8.5	2.6	3.0	11.6	2.4	3.4	6.1	7.5	6.0	10.5	5.5
Mechanics	0.5	1.5	0.5	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.4	1.5	0.2	3.0	3.4	0.9
Manufacturing	0.8	2.4	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	2.4	0.7	6.5	6.1	1.7
Others	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.2	1.0	1.1	0.5
Not Stated	4.8	5.3	3.0	4.1	3.8	3.1	3.2	4.1	3.7	3.9	5.0	3.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number	44367	73761	30903	40720	53089	90503	62474	39798	49667	21844	19286	526412

Table 5.20: Communal Farmers as a Percentage of Employed Persons by district

Province	Employed Persons	Communal Farmer	Total	Number
Chikombra	38.0	62.0	100	43484
Goromonzi	73.5	26.5	100	72963
Hwedza	39.0	61.0	100	30677
Marondera	57.5	42.5	100	40358
Mudzi	32.6	67.4	100	52520
Murehwa	43.5	56.5	100	89681
Mutoko	31.4	68.6	100	61836
Seke	64.5	35.5	100	39260
UMP	22.8	77.2	100	49359
Marondera				
Urban	98.4	1.6	100	21518
Chivhu Local Board	93.1	6.9	100	289
Ruwa Local Board	99.5	0.5	100	18951
Total	49.5	50.5	100	520896

Table 5.2.1: Persons With A Disability by Occupational Classification and Sex. Census 2012.

Activity	Males	Females	Total	Percent
Invalid Code	447	440	887	1.9
Others	115	27	142	0.3
Gvt and Snr Officials	140	19	159	0.3
Directors/ Mgrs & Co Secretaries	93	28	121	0.3
Natural Sciences	4	2	6	0
Business & Finance	298	261	559	1.2
Engineers & Technicians	99	8	107	0.2
Life Sciences Professionals	98	108	206	0.4
Education	375	424	799	1.7
Law and Security	549	76	625	1.3
Information	1	4	5	0
Social Science	12	14	26	0.1
Artists	60	37	97	0.2
Religion	55	18	73	0.2
Machine Operators	144	7	151	0.3
Administration	38	37	75	0.2
Clerks & Secretaries	115	125	240	0.5
Transport	331	13	344	0.7
Services	1486	2149	3635	7.8
Agriculture	15485	20136	35621	76.4
Mining & Construction	1529	229	1758	3.8
Mechanics	214	7	221	0.5
Manufacturing	425	348	773	1.7
Total	22113	24517	46630	100

Chapter 6:

Fertility

Introduction

Fertility is one of the three components of population change, the others being mortality and migration. The measurement of fertility can be approached in two ways. The first is to view fertility as a period event, while the second would view it as a cohort event. There is a clear distinction between these two approaches, conceptually and in terms of data required to fulfil the measurements. This chapter is concerned with the measurement of period fertility as it is the most commonly used approach in studies of population. Period fertility measures the level of fertility during a specified period of time, usually a year.

Indicators of fertility are based on either registered or reported births in a specified period of time and the population relating to the same time period. In Zimbabwe, the registration system is not complete, and therefore information on registered births is deficient. Similarly, births are usually under-reported in surveys and censuses, partly because respondents make mistakes about the reference period. The vague expression "during the last 12 months" might not be interpreted properly as exactly 12 months prior to the date of interview. However, estimates of fertility based on the births in the last 12 months provide the true pattern, but may underestimate the level of fertility. On the other hand, estimates based on the average number of children ever born to women provide lifetime fertility levels without a time reference. Estimates on fertility have been made using direct methods.

Information on live births in the last 12 months was obtained from all women age 15 to 49 years, irrespective of their marital status. Based on this information on births in the last 12 months and the total population, the crude birth rate was calculated.

The information on children ever born referred only to the woman's biological children. To avoid bias from misreporting, this information was collected in three parts: those children currently living with the mother, those living elsewhere, and those who had died. Four measures of fertility will be discussed in this chapter. These will be in order of their complexity, i.e. in terms of the data required to calculate them. The four measures are Crude Birth Rate (CBR); General Fertility Rate (GFR); Age-Specific Fertility Rate (ASFR) and Total Fertility Rate (TFR). The reference period for these estimates was September, 2011 to August, 2012.

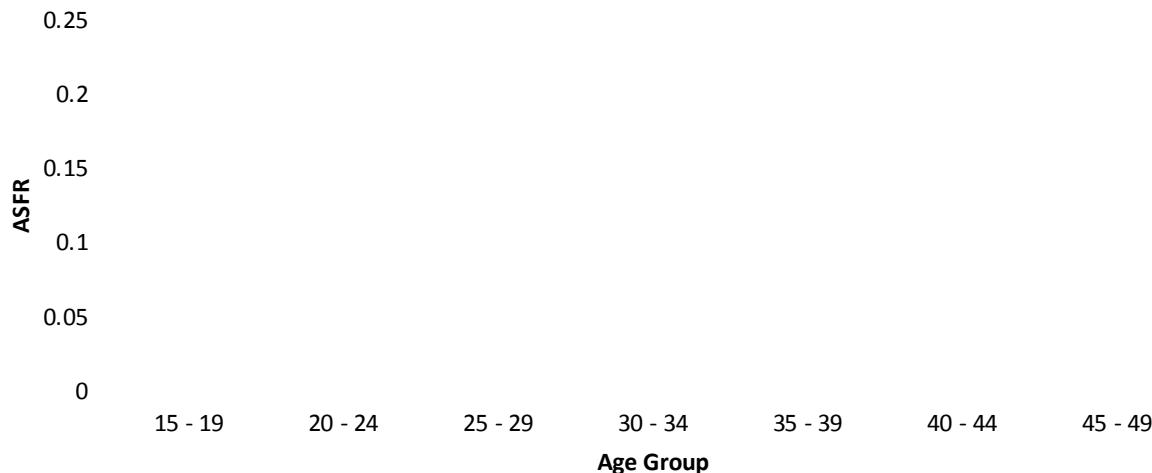
Crude Birth Rates (CBR)

This refers to the number of births per 1000 population in a given period, which is usually a year. It is obtained by dividing the number of births occurring in the year by the total population, multiplied by 1000. The CBR for Mashonaland East Province estimated using the direct method, was 32.5 births per one thousand populations, see Table 6.1.

Fertility levels at provincial level mask some important spatial, and at times, temporal variations in fertility within the province itself or among districts. The level of fertility displayed at the provincial level is not uniform at lower levels as is indicated in Table 6.1. The CBRs ranged from 27.6 for Chikombwa to 35 for UMP.

The crude birth rate is affected by the sex and age structure of the population. For example, it is not every member of the population who is at the risk of child bearing. As a result, direct comparisons between populations with different sex-age structures can lead to wrong conclusions. Therefore, to overcome this limitation of lack of comparability, it is necessary to look beyond the crude measures of fertility to more specific measures.

**Figure 6.1: Age Specific Fertility Rates, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe
2012 Census**



General Fertility Rate (GFR)

The General Fertility Rate (GFR) is the simplest fertility measure that tries to relate the births to the population, which is at risk of giving birth. It is defined as the number of births in a year per 1 000 women in childbearing ages, usually 15 to 49 years. As shown in Table 6.1, the GFR for Mashonaland East Province was 137 births per 1 000 women of reproductive ages. The GFR fell between 101 for Ruwa Local Board and 163 for UMP.

This measure also has its limitations because the control for the age structure is only partial as there may be substantial differences in the age structure between populations within the reproductive age ranges.

Age-Specific Fertility Rate (ASFR)

Age-Specific Fertility Rate (ASFR) is the average number of live births in the last 12 months per woman in the 5-year age groups in the reproductive age range 15 to 49 years. It is obtained by dividing the number of births to women in a particular age group by the total number of women in the same age group. It provides the age pattern of fertility for the women in their childbearing ages. As

shown in Figure 6.1 and Appendix Table A6.1, childbearing peaks in the age group 20 - 24 years. The last reproductive age group (45-49 years) exhibited the least contribution as expected because there were relatively fewer births at the extreme ends of the reproductive age ranges.

Appendix Table A6.2 shows the ASFRs by age group for each of the 11 districts in the province. The ASFRs peak at the 20 - 24 years age groups in the eleven districts. This is an indication that women were having their children at relatively young ages. Although the ASFRs provide the best indicators of fertility, they are difficult to comprehend, as they have to be presented in a set of seven, i.e. one for each age group, from 15-19 to 45-49 years. Comparisons of ASFRs between or among population groups are even more difficult to make. Therefore, a single indicator summarising the fertility experience for a particular population is necessary. The total fertility rate is the most appropriate indicator.

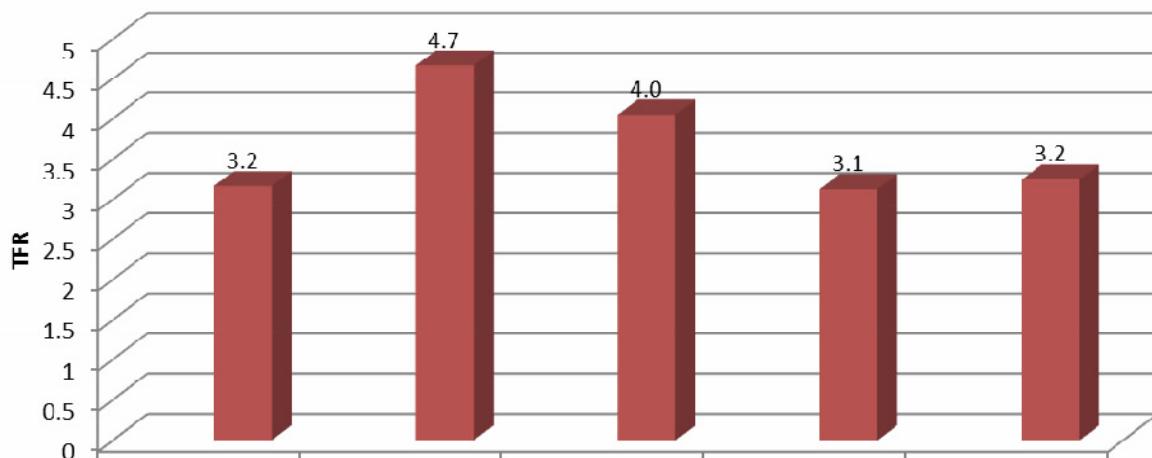
Total Fertility Rate (TFR)

The Total Fertility Rate (TFR) represents the average number of children a group of women would have by the end of their reproductive years if they had children according to a set of age specific fertility

rates pertaining to a particular period. The rate is totally free of age and sex biases and

are shown in Tables 6.2 and 6.3

Figure 6.2: TFR by Level of education of Mother, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census



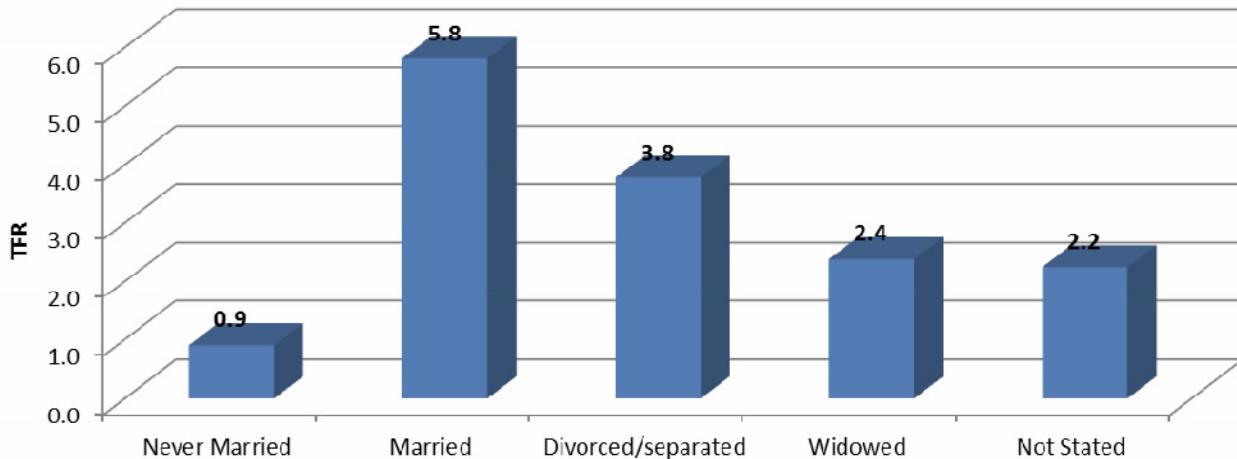
therefore of great use in comparative analysis. The rate has a major limitation in that it assumes that women of different age groups undergo similar fertility experiences throughout their reproductive periods. The TFR for the province was 4.1 . From Table 6. 1, it can be observed that UMP had a high TFR of 5 .

Fertility Differentials

Estimates of fertility by the level of education of mothers and by marital status

Figure 6.2 shows that there seemed to be a negative relationship between fertility and education level of mothers. The level of fertility declined with increasing level of education. The TFR was 4.7 children per woman for women with primary education and 4 for those with at least secondary education respectively. The number of women with no education is so small that it does not allow for meaningful interpretation. However the TFR for women with no education was 3.2 It has been shown in many studies that education in women gives

Figure 6.3:TFR by Marital Status, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

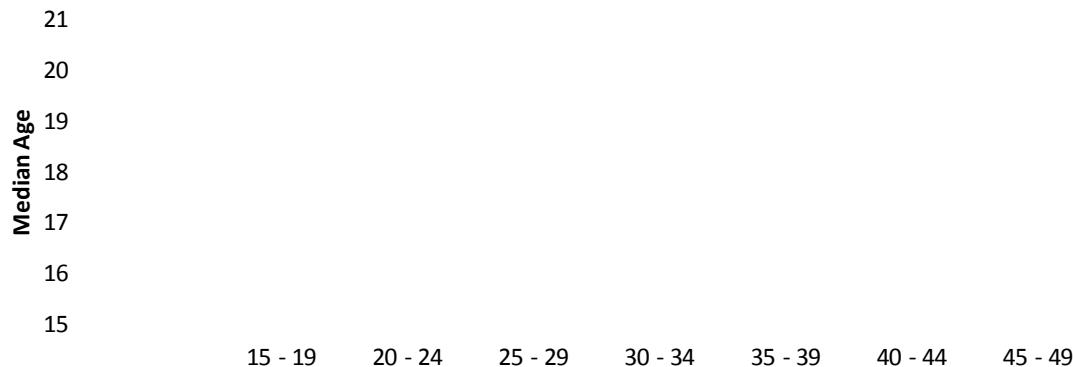


them, among other things, a new vision and normative orientation which will result in better health care, better employment opportunities outside the home and better knowledge of and access to family planning methods. These, in turn, may produce a

diagrammatically. The higher TFR among the married women may be attributed to them being at a higher risk of giving birth than women in the other categories.

In Table 6.4, the distribution of women by age at first live birth is presented. The

Figure 6.4: Median Age at First Live Birth, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

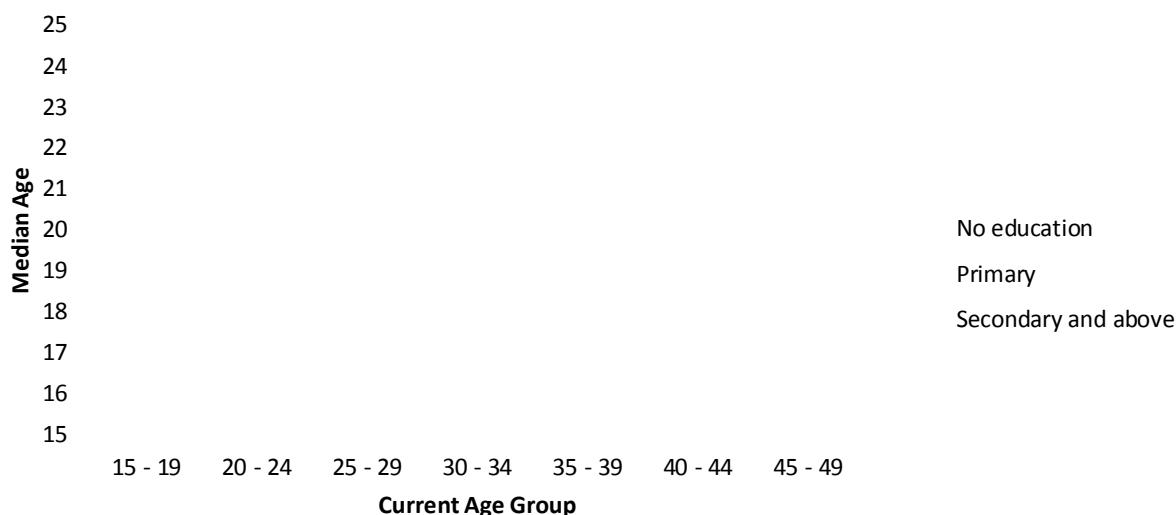


depressing effect on fertility.

With regard to marital status, the married women category had the highest TFR of 5.8 children per woman. It should be noted that the TFR for the married category is high and needs further analysis. The never married group experienced the lowest fertility with a TFR of 0.9 children per woman. Figure 6.3 illustrates the different TFRs

median age at first live birth was about 20 years for all age groups. These ages are relatively low, and therefore exposed the women to long periods of childbearing. This is illustrated in Figure 6.4. Appendix Tables A6.3 to A6.5 show ASFRs by age group of women and by their marital status, by rural and urban areas and by level of education respectively for the province.

Figure 6.5: AFLB by level of Education of Mother, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census



The median age at first live birth by rural / urban residence shows that the age at first live birth for rural women was slightly lower than for urban women (19 compared with 21 years), see Tables 6.5 a and b.

Table 6.6 presents the distribution of women by age at first live birth and by level of education. It can be observed that the median age varied with level of education of the mother. A high proportion of women with at least secondary education had their first live birth between 18 and 22 years. Most of the women who had completed no education level and those with primary education had their first live birth between 18 and 19 years. Figure 6.5 illustrate the observations diagrammatically.

Conclusion

This chapter shows that a woman in Mashonaland East Province would have had an average of 4 children by the end of her reproductive years if she had children according to a set of age specific fertility rates pertaining to the period July 2011 to August 2012. The data on fertility also show that there seemed to have been a negative relationship between fertility and education level of the mother.

Table 6.1: Fertility Rates by District, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

District	CBR	GFR	TFR
Chikomba	27.6	127	4.1
Goromonzi	35.4	142	4.2
Hwedza	27.7	128	4.0
Marondera Rural	31.7	139	4.1
Mudzi	33.3	152	4.6
Murehwa	31.1	135	4.2
Mutoko	33.1	149	4.4
Seke	33.6	137	4.1
UMP	35.0	163	5.0
Marondera	33.8	110	3.2
Ruwa Local Board	32.1	101	3.0
Total	32.5	137	4.1

Table 6.2: Total Fertility Rate by Level of Education of Mothers, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Level of Education	TFR
No Education	3.2
Primary	4.7
Secondary	4.0
Tertiary	3.1
Total	4.1

Table 6.3: Total Fertility Rate by Marital Status, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Marital Status	TFR
Never Married	0.9
Married	5.8
Divorced/separated	3.8
Widowed	2.4
Not Stated	2.2
Total	4.1

Table 6.4: Percent Women by Current Age, by Age at First Live Birth, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age at First Live Birth	Current Age of Women								Total
	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	Total	
15 – 19	9.4	22.7	20.9	16.9	13.7	9.0	7.5	100	
20 – 24	-	17.3	25.3	20.1	17.2	12.1	8.0	100	
25 – 29	-	-	24.4	26.5	21.4	16.8	10.8	100	
30 – 34	-	-	-	27.8	30.5	23.2	18.5	100	
35 – 39	-	-	-	-	36.6	37.2	26.2	100	
40 – 44	-	-	-	-	-	57.1	42.9	100	
45 – 49	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	100	
Number	11531	42606	51289	42935	35881	24859	18358	227459	
Median	17.5	18.8	20.0	20.2	20.4	20.7	20.0	19.6	

Table 6.5: Percent Women by Current Age, by Age at First Live Birth for Urban and Rural, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

(a) Rural

Age at First Live Birth	Current Age of Women								Total
	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	Total	
15 – 19	9.7	22.7	20.7	16.7	13.6	9.1	7.5	100	
20 – 24	-	17.4	24.8	19.8	17.5	12.3	8.3	100	
25 – 29	-	-	23.7	26.5	21.8	16.9	11.2	100	
30 – 34	-	-	-	27.0	30.5	22.8	19.6	100	
35 – 39	-	-	-	-	35.6	36.4	28.0	100	
40 – 44	-	-	-	-	-	56.1	43.9	100	
45 – 49	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	100	
Number	10473	36285	41946	35042	29811	20661	15561	189779	
Median	17.5	18.7	19.7	19.9	20.1	20.3	19.8	19.4	

(b) Urban

Age at First Live Birth	Current Age of Women								Total
	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	Total	
15 – 19	7.2	22.6	22.4	18.6	13.8	8.4	7.0	100	
20 – 24	-	16.7	27.3	21.3	16.4	11.5	6.9	100	
25 – 29	-	-	26.4	26.6	20.5	16.7	9.9	100	
30 – 34	-	-	-	30.4	30.2	24.4	14.9	100	
35 – 39	-	-	-	-	40.0	41.2	18.8	100	
40 – 44	-	-	-	-	-	62.5	37.5	100	
45 – 49	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	100	
Number	1056	6310	9320	7875	6056	4188	2787	37592	
Median	17.5	19.7	21.4	21.6	21.7	22.1	21.5	21.1	

Table 6.6: Percent Women by Current Age, by Age at First Live Birth and by Level of Education, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

(a) No Education

Age at First Live Birth	Current Age of Women							
	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	Total
15 – 19	4.1	12.0	11.8	14.4	13.9	16.5	27.3	100
20 – 24	-	11.5	12.5	11.5	16.8	14.4	33.2	100
25 – 29	-	-	10.3	24.1	10.3	13.8	41.4	100
30 – 34	-	-	-	8.3	8.3	33.3	50.0	100
35 – 39	-	-	-	-	25.0	50	25.0	100
40 – 44	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	100
45 – 49	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	100
Number	19	80	84	99	105	117	215	719
Median	17.5	18.6	18.8	18.7	19.0	18.8	19.2	18.9

(b) Primary

Age at First Live Birth	Current Age of Women							
	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	Total
15 – 19	9	18.9	18.8	16.2	14.2	10.9	12.1	100
20 – 24	-	13.3	19.7	18.2	18.1	14.1	16.6	100
25 – 29	-	-	17.4	21.9	23.6	17.8	19.3	100
30 – 34	-	-	-	16.6	27.4	23.1	33.0	100
35 – 39	-	-	-	-	28.5	27.6	43.9	100
40 – 44	-	-	-	-	-	50.0	50.0	100
45 – 49	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	100
Number	4036	10757	12297	11028	10256	7910	8983	65267
Median	17.5	18.2	18.6	18.8	19.0	19.0	19.1	18.6

(c) Secondary and above

Age at First Live Birth	Current Age of Women							
	15 – 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	Total
15 – 19	9.9	25.6	22.7	17.6	13.4	7.5	3.4	100
20 – 24	-	18.5	26.9	20.8	17.1	11.4	5.3	100
25 – 29	-	-	26.0	27.6	21.2	16.6	8.6	100
30 – 34	-	-	-	31.5	31.8	23.1	13.6	100
35 – 39	-	-	-	-	41.3	40.6	18.2	100
40 – 44	-	-	-	-	-	62.9	37.1	100
45 – 49	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	100
Number	7373	31422	38418	31323	24962	15996	7539	157033
Median	17.5	19.1	20.6	20.9	21.1	21.6	21.7	20.3

Chapter 7:

Mortality and Orphanhood

Introduction

Mortality plays an important role in changing the rate of population growth in developing countries although the level of fertility is expected to be a more decisive factor in the growth of a population. Mortality level is one of the main health indicators, which also contributes to the assessment of the quality of life.

Ideally, indicators on mortality are computed directly from data on reported or registered deaths relating to a particular period and the total population exposed to the risk of dying during that same period. However, in the case of Zimbabwe, data on deaths based on registration are not complete. At the same time, data on deaths reported by respondents during surveys or censuses are also incomplete, partly because some respondents are reluctant to discuss details of their deceased relatives.

In the absence of such information on deaths, methods have been developed for the estimation of mortality using an indirect approach. These methods utilise information on children ever born and those surviving for mothers in their child bearing ages and the survival of parents. The latter provides the basis for estimating levels of adult mortality, while the former leads to the estimation of levels of infant and child mortality.

In this chapter, indicators of infant and maternal mortality are presented. These have been estimated using the direct approach. Direct methods were used to calculate Crude Death and Maternal Mortality Ratios. Indicators showing differentials by level of education of mothers and by urban and rural areas are also included. Appendix Tables A7.1 and A7.2 shows the number of children surviving by age-group of mother.

Infant Mortality

In every population, there are pronounced age differentials in the level of mortality. The typical pattern is high infant mortality, i.e. deaths in the first year of life, declining to the lowest level in age group 5-9 years or 10-14 years and then increasing with age. Deaths during the first year of life constitute the largest proportion of the total deaths. The level of mortality for this age group is measured by infant mortality rate IMR which is the number of children dying before they celebrate their first birthday out of 1 000 born alive.

The estimated infant mortality rates for the province are presented in Table 7.1a and b. Males experienced higher mortality than females. The infant mortality rate derived from the question on deaths in the last 12 months was 71.

Using information on survival of last live birth, the infant mortality rate was 71. Further analysis of levels of mortality will be done after thorough analysis of quality of data. Child mortality estimates were difficult to obtain because of quality of data.

Estimates of life expectancy will be done during in-depth analysis of mortality data.

Mortality Differences among Districts

Table 7.1 shows that Marondera rural district had the highest infant mortality rate of 81 deaths per 1 000 live births while Chivhu Local Board had the lowest of 30 deaths per 1 000 live births. In all districts, male mortality was higher than female mortality.

Differentials by Education of Mother

It has been observed that the level of education of mothers in a population has an impact on the level of infant mortality of that particular population. In Table 7.2, the estimates were derived from information on the survival status of the last live birth. It can be observed that the levels of mortality do not allow for any meaningful interpretation. It is generally agreed that as

the education of the mother increases, there is also an increased awareness in terms of hygiene, improved diet, prevention of disease through immunisation, etc, which contributes to the reduction of deaths.

Crude Death Rates

The Crude Death Rate (CDR) is the number of deaths per 1 000 population in a given period, usually a year. Although it is one of the most commonly used indices of mortality, it is affected by the age-sex structure of the population and is therefore not useful for comparative purposes. The Crude Death Rates presented were obtained using the direct method of dividing the number of deaths in the last twelve months (as reported) by the total population. Usually, reported deaths will underestimate the true levels. Indirect methods could have been used but the population showed that it was not stable which made it impossible to use the method. The estimates of the CDRs for the province and its districts are presented in Table 7.3. The overall CDR for the province was about 12 deaths per 1 000 population. The CDRs were between 6 for Chivhu Local Board and 13 for Murehwa and Mutoko.

Maternal Mortality

Maternal mortality relates to deaths, which occur to females in child-bearing ages and are caused by complications during the time of pregnancy and childbirth, as well as deaths occurring within 42 days of a pregnancy termination, if such deaths were birth related. In Zimbabwe, data on maternal deaths are based on hospital records and vital registration which are incomplete. At the same time, because of the rareness of these events in the general population, they are not adequately captured in sample surveys. The population census provided a good opportunity of collecting data on these events. The nature of census taking was such that it was not possible to collect detailed data relating to the events. The question in the census had to be made as simple and clear as possible. If a death to

a female age 15-49 years had occurred in the household within the last 12 months, the respondent was asked whether, other than dying from an accident, the deceased had died while pregnant, during childbirth or within one month after childbirth. The data collected in this manner would not strictly reflect the true maternal deaths, but they will be quite close to the actual figure and can therefore be used to estimate the levels of maternal mortality in the country.

In Table 7.4, the estimates of maternal mortality ratios for the province by district are presented. A maternal mortality ratio is the number of deaths from maternal causes per 100 000 live births, i.e. the risk of dying from pregnancy related causes. It should be noted that maternal deaths were reported by households and not by place of occurrence. The overall maternal mortality ratio for the province was 588. This rate was lowest in Chivhu Local Board (0) and highest in Chikomba (1084. It should be recalled that both the numerator (reported maternal deaths) and the denominator (reported births) can be subject to response errors. However, the figure observed should provide a reasonable proxy for the level of maternal mortality in the province.

Orphanhood

Table 7.5 shows the percent distribution of orphans by type of orphanhood. Orphans were those children whose mothers were dead but fathers were alive or whose fathers were dead and mothers were alive or both parents were dead. Fifty eighty percent of all orphans had a father dead and mother alive, while 16 percent had a mother dead and father alive.

The proportion in each orphanhood category was the same for both sexes

Conclusion

Although the 2012 Population Census asked direct questions on deaths in an attempt to estimate levels of mortality directly, indirect methods should be used to come up with some of the mortality indicators for reasons

put forward in the introduction. However, responses to direct questions are vital in the assessment of data quality and have been used to calculate crude death rate, infant mortality rate and maternal mortality ratio. Indicators of mortality showed that there has been an increase in infant mortality ratio and a decrease in maternal mortality between 2002 and 2012.

Table 7.1(a) Infant Mortality Rates by Sex and District Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe

2012 Census

District	Males	Females	Total
Chikombra	73	51	62
Goromonzi	74	67	71
Hwedza	86	56	71
Marondera	91	70	81
Mudzi	72	49	60
Murehwa	80	62	71
Mutoko	80	76	78
Seke	70	57	64
UMP	86	69	78
Marondera Urban	76	59	67
Chivhu Local Board	59	0	30
Ruwa Local Board	67	58	62
Total	78	63	71

Table 7.1(b) Infant Mortality Rates by Sex and urban/rural Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Sector	Males	Females	Total
Rural	81	64	72
Urban	62	57	60
Total	78	63	71

Table 7.2: Infant Mortality Rates by Level of Education of Mother Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Level of Education	IMR
No Education	3.8
Primary	43.2
Secondary and above	33.5
Total	35.8

**Table 7.3: Crude Death Rates by District,
Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe
2012 Census**

District	CDR
Chikomba	12.0
Goromonzi	10.3
Hwedza	12.2
Marondera	12.0
Mudzi	11.4
Murehwa	13.0
Mutoko	13.3
Seke	12.0
UMP	12.5
Marondera Urban	8.8
Chivhu Local Board	6.0
Ruwa Local Board	5.9
Total	11.6

**Table 7.4: Maternal Mortality Ratios (MMR)
by District Mashonaland East Province,
Zimbabwe 2012 Census**

District	MMR
Chikomba	1084
Goromonzi	412
Hwedza	911
Marondera	483
Mudzi	628
Murehwa	545
Mutoko	658
Seke	677
UMP	530
Marondera Urban	477
Chivhu Local Board	-
Ruwa Local Board	219
Total	588

Table 7.5: Percent Distribution of Orphans by Type of
Orphanhood ,Mashonaland East Province Zimbabwe 2012
Census

Type of Orphan	Males	Females	Total
Father Dead Mother Alive	57.9	58.3	58.1
Father Alive Mother Dead	16.3	16.1	16.2
Both Parents Dead	25.8	25.6	25.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Chapter 8:

Housing Characteristics

Introduction

This chapter describes the housing characteristics in Mashonaland East Province. Information on housing characteristics collected from private households was on tenure status, type of dwelling unit, access to electricity, main source of water for drinking and cooking and distance to source, toilet facilities and main source of energy for cooking. Such housing characteristics provide indicators to assess the living conditions of the population.

Tenure Status

Tenure status refers to the arrangement under which the household occupies its living quarters and the nature of its right to be there.

The distribution of private households by tenure status can be observed in Table 8.1. Owners/Purchasers accounted for about 67 percent of the households while households in tied accommodation were 14 percent. Eleven percent were lodgers and 2 percent tenants.

In all rural districts in the province owners/purchasers constituted the largest proportion. In Marondera Urban and Ruwa lodgers accounted for 52 and 46 percent respectively.

Type of Dwelling Unit

Type of dwelling unit refers to the kind of housing occupied by the household. Traditional dwelling units are found in the old style family settlement in which a number of buildings are made of pole and dagga/bricks with thatched roofs. A mixed dwelling unit is found in old style family settlement where one or more of the buildings in a cluster are built of materials more modern than pole and dagga/bricks and thatch. A detached dwelling unit is a structurally separate dwelling unit which is

built of materials other than pole and dagga. Access to the street is by means of a path, or steps, directly on to the pavement, not shared by other dwelling units. Semi-detached dwelling units consist of one of two dwelling units with a common wall between them. Flat/town-house is one of three or more dwelling units in a row divided by common walls, with their gardens separated by fences, hedges or walls and whose separate accesses to the street meet the conditions as given for the detached house. Residential buildings with several floors are also included in this category.

The distribution of households by type of dwelling unit in Table 8.2 indicates that about 31 percent of the households in the province lived in modern type of dwelling units. A high percentage (63 percent) occupied dwelling units which were either traditional or mixed.

With the exception of the predominantly urban districts the proportion of households in modern type of dwelling units ranged from 14 percent in Hwedza to 50 percent in Goromonzi.

Dwelling Units with Electricity

Table 8.3 shows that 72 percent of the households in the province had dwelling units without electricity. The proportion of households occupying dwelling units with electricity ranged from 9 percent in Mudzi and UMP to 38 percent in Seke. In the urban districts the proportion of dwelling units without electricity were 16 percent (Marondera) and 34 percent (Ruwa).

Main Source of Water for Drinking and Cooking

Table 8.4 shows that about 7 percent of all the households had piped water inside their dwelling units. A further 8 percent had piped water outside their dwelling units. About 54 percent of the households fetched their water from boreholes and protected wells, 4 percent from communal taps, and

about 25 percent from unprotected wells and rivers/streams and dams.

Table 8.5a shows that 26 percent of the households had their main source of water on their premises, while 41 and 22 percent respectively had their main source of water within 500 and between 500 and 1000 metres of the facility. Eight percent had their main source of water from a distance of more than 1000 metres.

For those using piped water outside their dwelling units, 68 percent had this on their premises while 28 percent had to cover a distance of less than 500 metres to fetch the water. In the case of communal tap users, about 11 percent had this facility on their premises, 74 percent within 500 metres, 13 percent between 500 and 1000 metres and about 1 percent covered a distance of more than 1000 metres.

A proxy of the proportion of households using what could be termed safe water can be obtained. Without applying any rigorous health or hygienic standards one could say that households using piped water, communal taps, protected boreholes and wells have access to safe water.

Sixty nine percent of the households in Chikomba had access to safe water while 76 percent of the households in Goromonzi district had access to safe water. Hwedza district had 69 percent, Marondera Rural 74 percent, Mudzi 62 percent, Murehwa 67 percent, Mutoko 65 percent, Seke 77 percent and UMP 61 percent. see Tables 8.5b-j.

Table 8.5b presents the distribution of households by main source of water for drinking and cooking as well as the distance from the dwelling unit to the source for Chikomba district. Twenty nine percent of the households had their main source of water on premises, 39 percent fetched their water from within a distance of 500 metres and 22 percent had to cover a distance of between 500 and 1000 metres and a small proportion (6 percent) covered a distance of more than 1000 metres.

Information on main source of water for drinking and cooking in Goromonzi district can be observed in Table 8.5c. Twenty-one percent of the households in this district had water on premises, 55 percent had their water source located within 500 metres and 18 percent had to cover a distance of 500 metres or more.

The situation for Hwedza with regard to accessibility of water can be observed in Table 8.5d. Twenty-one percent of the households had water on premises and about 36 percent fetched their water from within a distance of less than 500 metres while (30 percent) had this facility more than 500 metres from the dwelling unit.

In Marondera Rural 27 percent of households had their main source of water on premises. Fifty one percent of households covered a distance of 500 metres or more, see Table 8.5e. Five percent of households in Mudzi had their main source of water on premises and 23 percent fetched their water from within a distance of less than 500 metres, 39 percent covered a distance of 500-1 000 metres or more while 29 percent had their water source located 1000 metres or more see Table 8.5f. It can be observed from Table 8.5g that in Murehwa district 26 percent of the household had water on premises, 49 percent had their water source located within 500 metres, 19 percent had to cover a distance of 500-1 000 metres and 3 percent had their water source located 1000 metres or more. In Mutoko 14 percent had their main source of water on premises. Forty percent covered a distance of 500-1 000 metres see Table 8.5h. Thirty-four percent of the households in Seke collected their water on premises, 51 percent from a distance of less than 500 metres and 10 percent from a distance of between 500 to 1000. In UMP 8 percent had their main source of water on premises. Thirty-two percent collected their water from a distance of 500 metres or less while 35 percent from a distance of 500 to 1000 metres.

The situation for urban districts with regards to accessibility of water can be observed in Table 8.5k and 8.5l. Eighty eight and 76 percent percent of the households had water on premises in Marondera and Ruwa respectively.

Toilet Facilities

Information on toilet facilities is presented in Table 8.6. About 14 percent of the households in the province mostly used flush toilets. The proportion of households which mostly used blair toilets was about 35 percent while that which mostly used pit latrines was 21 percent. There was a significant proportion (23 percent) of households which was not using any type of toilet facility at all.

The largest proportions of households which mostly used flush toilets were in Ruwa 86 percent and Marondera Urban 87 percent. The proportion of households without any toilet facility ranged from less than one percent in Marondera Urban to 38 percent in Mudzi.

Source of Energy Mostly Used for Cooking

Table 8.7 shows that 80 percent of the households in the province used wood as the main source of fuel for cooking. The proportion of households which used paraffin was about 2 percent, while that which used electricity was 15 percent. A very small proportion of households, less than one percent, used either gas, coal or some other form of fuel for cooking.

Generally, all rural districts had high proportions of households over 70 percent using wood for cooking. High proportions of households in urban districts, (76 percent in Marondera Urban and 59 percent in Ruwa) used electricity for cooking. Wood was the main source of energy for cooking in sizeable proportions of households in urban districts.

Conclusion

This chapter shows that 63 percent of households in the province lived in traditional type of accommodation, 72hgf percent had access to clean water, 80 percent used wood as their main source of energy for cooking and 35 percent had access to blair toilets.

Table 8.1: Percent Distribution of Households by Tenure Status and District: Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2002 Census

Mash East	Owner/Purchaser	Tenant	Lodger	Tied accommodation			Total	Number
				Other	Missing	Total		
Chikomba	76.1	1.0	7.9	9.7	2.3	3.0	100	30245
Goromonzi	51.0	2.7	13.8	27.2	2.3	3.0	100	55857
Hwedza	76.5	2.1	3.4	12.0	2.9	3.1	100	17147
Marondera Rural	59.1	1.7	4.2	29.0	2.7	3.3	100	29657
Mudzi	86.9	0.8	3.4	3.0	3.0	2.9	100	32217
Murehwa	76.2	1.2	5.9	9.9	3.2	3.7	100	46284
Mutoko	81.4	1.0	6.6	5.4	2.8	2.9	100	35113
Seke	55.7	2.0	11.2	23.3	4.5	3.3	100	24638
UMP	87.4	1.0	2.3	3.4	2.6	3.3	100	25856
Marondera	31.9	3.6	51.8	5.7	4.7	2.3	100	16485
Chivhu Town Board	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ruwa Local Board	33.3	4.5	46.4	6.1	6.2	3.5	100	13326
Total	67.3	1.8	11.0	13.6	3.1	3.2	100	326825

Table 8.2: Percent Distribution of Households by District and Type of Dwelling Unit: Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

District	Semi-								Total	Number
	Traditional	Mixed	Detached	detached	Flat/townhouse	Shack	Other	Missing		
Chikombra	28.1	49.3	15.0	2.1	2.0	0.2	0.3	3.1	100	30245
Goromonzi	12.2	31.8	35.0	9.7	4.9	2.2	1.0	3.0	100	55857
Hwedza	22.1	60.0	10.1	2.4	1.9	0.2	0.2	3.1	100	17147
Marondera Rural	21.6	48.7	17.5	6.0	1.5	0.9	0.3	3.4	100	29657
Mudzi	35.9	48.8	8.7	1.4	1.5	0.5	0.3	3.0	100	32217
Murehwa	26.5	53.2	12.7	2.5	1.0	0.2	0.1	3.7	100	46284
Mutoko	22.8	56.3	13.6	3.0	1.1	0.2	0.2	2.9	100	35113
Seke	15.6	34.5	34.1	6.7	4.1	1.0	0.7	3.2	100	24638
UMP	34.3	52.4	7.7	1.1	0.4	0.5	0.3	3.3	100	25856
Marondera	0.1	0.2	64.5	26.8	2.6	2.5	1.0	2.3	100	16485
Chivhu Town Board	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ruwa Local Board	0.3	0.5	83.5	7.3	0.4	1.1	3.3	3.5	100	13326
Total	21.5	42.8	23.5	5.6	2.2	0.9	0.6	3.2	100	326825

Table 8.3: Percent Distribution of Households in Dwelling Units
 With Electricity by District, Mashonaland East Province,
 Zimbabwe 2012 Census

District	Yes	No	Missing	Total	Number
Chikomba	12.6	84.3	3.2	100	30245
Goromonzi	27.0	69.9	3.1	100	55857
Hwedza	18.4	78.4	3.1	100	17147
Marondera Rural	19.5	77.1	3.4	100	29657
Mudzi	8.8	88.1	3.1	100	32217
Murehwa	23.7	72.5	3.8	100	46284
Mutoko	18.2	78.9	2.9	100	35113
Seke	37.8	58.9	3.3	100	24638
UMP	8.7	88	3.3	100	25856
Marondera	81.2	16.4	2.4	100	16485
Ruwa Local Board	62.2	34.2	3.6	100	13326
Total	24.9	71.9	3.2	100	326825

Table 8.4: Percent Distribution of Households by Main Source of Water for Drinking and cooking and by Distance (metres) to the source, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Source of Water	On premises	Less than 500m	500m to 1km	More than 1km		Total	Number
				Missing			
Piped water inside house	100	0	0	0	0	100	21585
Piped water outside house	68.2	27.9	3.0	0.4	0.4	100	24738
Communal tap	10.9	74.3	13.1	1.2	0.5	100	11994
Well/borehole protected	21.2	45.3	24	9.0	0.5	100	175833
Well - unprotected	12.0	49.0	29.8	8.5	0.7	100	66107
River/stream/dam	0.6	24.8	37.7	35.9	1.0	100	14228
Other specify	3.2	47.7	33.8	13.0	2.4	100	1311
Missing	1.9	2.7	2.2	0.8	92.5	100	11029
Total	26.1	40.5	21.5	8.3	3.6	100	326825

Table 8.5b: Percent Distribution of Households by Main Source of Water for Drinking and Cooking and by Distance (metres) to the Source, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Water Source	On premises	Less than 500m	500m to 1km	More than 1km	Missing	Total	Number
a) Chikomba							
Piped water inside house	100	0	0	0	0	100	1358
Piped water outside house	74.3	18.8	6	0.7	0.3	100	1912
Communal tap	8.5	80.4	9.4	1.4	0.3	100	352
Well/borehole protected	30.2	43	21.2	5.1	0.5	100	17290
Well - unprotected	10.9	46.1	33.9	8.6	0.5	100	6705
River/stream/dam	0.6	33.8	37.7	27.1	0.7	100	1368
Other specify	2	67.1	22.4	5.3	3.3	100	246
Missing	1.6	2.5	2	0.4	93.6	100	1014
Total	29	39.1	22.1	6.2	3.6	100	30245
Water Source	On premises	Less than 500m	500m to 1km	More than 1km	Missing	Total	Number
b) Goromonzi							
Piped water inside house	100	0	0	0	0	100	1931
Piped water outside house	46.6	46.5	5.7	0.8	0.4	100	4540
Communal tap	11.9	74.7	11.9	1	0.6	100	5844
Well/borehole protected	17.8	58	20.4	3.3	0.6	100	29989
Well - unprotected	12	58.8	24.8	3.7	0.7	100	11070
River/stream/dam	1.8	40	39.5	17.2	1.4	100	552
Other specify	11.8	31.3	34.7	18.1	4.2	100	144
Missing	1.5	3	1.7	0.4	93.4	100	1787
Total	20.5	54.9	18.1	2.9	3.6	100	55857

Table 8.5b: Percent Distribution of Households by Main Source of Water for Drinking and Cooking and by Distance (metres) to the Source, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Water Source	On premises	Less than 500m	500m to 1km	More than 1km	Missing	Total	Number
c) Hwedza							
Piped water inside house	100	0	0	0	0	100	467
Piped water outside house	81.3	13.9	3.4	0.9	0.5	100	938
Communal tape	14.6	81.4	2.8	0	1.3	100	398
Well/borehole protected	18.2	37.7	33	10.8	0.4	100	10092
Well - unprotected	9.8	41.4	36.1	12	0.7	100	3713
River/stream/dam	1.7	31.1	41.6	24	1.7	100	666
Other specify	1.6	35.6	40.4	20.8	1.6	100	317
Missing	2	2	2.9	1.3	91.9	100	556
Total	20.5	35.7	29.9	10.4	3.5	100	17147

Water Source	On premises	Less than 500m	500m to 1km	More than 1km	Missing	Total	Number
d) Marondera Rural							
Piped water inside house	100	0	0	0	0	100	799
Piped water outside house	46.5	47.9	5.3	0.1	0.2	100	2379
Communal tape	9.5	76	13.2	1	0.2	100	2863
Well/borehole protected	29.5	52.8	14.8	2.4	0.6	100	15763
Well - unprotected	20.1	50.1	24	4.9	1	100	6236
River/stream/dam	1.2	60.9	26.8	10	1.2	100	512
Other specify	2.2	65.2	26.1	6.5	0	100	46
Missing	1.4	2.2	1.3	0.4	94.7	100	1059
Total	27.3	51	15.2	2.6	3.9	100	29657

Table 8.5b: Percent Distribution of Households by Main Source of Water for Drinking and Cooking and by Distance (metres) to the Source, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Water Source	On premises	Less than 500m	500m to 1km	More than 1km	Missing	Total	Number
e) Mudzi							
Piped water inside house	100	0	0	0	0	100	636
Piped water outside house	76.3	18.9	3.5	0.7	0.6	100	714
Communal tape	7.3	59.2	22.7	10.7	0	100	233
Well/borehole protected	1.7	24.1	44.3	29.4	0.5	100	18274
Well - unprotected	2.4	33.7	39	24.2	0.7	100	5908
River/stream/dam	0.2	15.9	36.1	46.9	1	100	5405
Other specify	0	0	83.3	16.7	0	100	6
Missing	0.3	2.1	4	2.7	90.9	100	1041
Total	5.1	23.4	38.7	29.1	3.5	100	32217

Water Source	On premises	Less than 500m	500m to 1km	More than 1km	Missing	Total	Number
f) Murehwa							
Piped water inside house	100	0	0	0	0	100	1392
Piped water outside house	62.3	35.9	1.3	0.1	0.4	100	1954
Communal tape	17.1	67.8	13.4	1.2	0.4	100	485
Well/borehole protected	25.7	52.6	18.1	3.2	0.5	100	27055
Well - unprotected	16.9	53.2	26.4	2.8	0.7	100	12622
River/stream/dam	1.6	48.1	42.7	6.4	1.2	100	763
Other specify	1.1	51.3	40.2	6.3	1.1	100	189
Missing	1.5	3.4	1.6	0.3	93.2	100	1824
Total	25.5	48.6	18.9	2.8	4.2	100	46284

Table 8.5b: Percent Distribution of Households by Main Source of Water for Drinking and Cooking and by Distance (metres) to the Source, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Water Source	On premises	Less than 500m	500m to 1km	More than 1km	Missing	Total	Number
g) Mutoko							
Piped water inside house	100	0	0	0	0	100	870
Piped water outside house	84	13.7	1.5	0.5	0.3	100	1503
Communal tap	6.6	66	22.1	5.3	0	100	244
Well/borehole protected	12.2	42.2	31.5	13.7	0.5	100	20370
Well - unprotected	3.6	48.1	37.7	10	0.6	100	9092
River/stream/dam	0.3	27.3	43.3	27.9	1.2	100	1940
Other specify	0	36.4	18.2	31.8	13.6	100	22
Missing	1.7	3.2	3.1	1.2	90.9	100	1072
Total	14.2	39.6	30.8	12.2	3.3	100	35113

Water Source	On premises	Less than 500m	500m to 1km	More than 1km	Missing	Total	Number
h) Seke							
Piped water inside house	100	0	0	0	0	100	997
Piped water outside house	48.9	46.5	3.8	0.6	0.2	100	2373
Communal tap	7.2	73.4	18.5	0.6	0.3	100	1441
Well/borehole protected	32.8	54.9	9.8	2	0.6	100	14220
Well - unprotected	30.5	53.1	12.3	3.4	0.7	100	4392
River/stream/dam	1	30	40	28	1	100	200
Other specify	2.9	71.3	24	0.6	1.2	100	171
Missing	2.7	3.7	0.7	0.4	92.5	100	844
Total	33.7	50.8	9.8	2.1	3.7	100	24638

Table 8.5b: Percent Distribution of Households by Main Source of Water for Drinking and Cooking and by Distance (metres) to the Source, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Water Source	On premises	Less than 500m	500m to 1km	More than 1km	Missing	Total	Number
i) UMP							
Piped water inside house	100	0	0	0	0	100	200
Piped water outside house	66	26	3.1	4.2	0.7	100	453
Communal tape	25	55.7	15.9	3.4	0	100	88
Well/borehole protected	9	32.3	37.4	20.8	0.5	100	15143
Well - unprotected	3.6	43.2	36.3	16.4	0.5	100	6110
River/stream/dam	0.6	17.9	36.2	44.4	0.9	100	2820
Other specify	0	18	50.5	29.7	1.8	100	111
Missing	0.8	3.7	4.8	1.3	89.5	100	931
Total	8.2	32	35	21.2	3.7	100	25856

Water Source	On premises	Less than 500m	500m to 1km	More than 1km	Missing	Total	Number
j) Marondera							
Piped water inside house	100	0	0	0	0	100	8051
Piped water outside house	87.8	11.5	0.3	*	0.4	100	6593
Communal tape	23.1	65.4	7.7	0	3.8	100	26
Well/borehole protected	41.2	51.1	5.4	2.1	0.2	100	1312
Well - unprotected	24.1	40.5	26.6	7.6	1.3	100	79
River/stream/dam	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other specify	0	80	20	0	0	100	10
Missing	9.9	0.2	0	0	89.9	100	414
Total	87.6	9	0.7	0.2	2.4	100	16485

Table 8.5b: Percent Distribution of Households by Main Source of Water for Drinking and Cooking and by Distance (metres) to the Source, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Water Source	On premises	Less than 500m	500m to 1km	More than 1km	Missing	Total	Number
I) Ruwa Local Board							
Piped water inside house	100	0	0	0	0	100	4884
Piped water outside house	87.1	11.3	0.8	0.1	0.7	100	1379
Communal tap	40	40	15	5	0	100	20
Well/borehole protected	61.5	32.7	4.2	0.8	0.8	100	6325
Well - unprotected	56.1	37.2	5.6	0	1.1	100	180
River/stream/dam	0	50	50	0	0	100	2
Other specify	14.3	34.7	28.6	16.3	6.1	100	49
Missing	4.1	0.8	0.2	0	94.9	100	487
Total	75.9	17.4	2.3	0.4	4	100	13326

Table 8.6: Percent Distribution of Households by District, Type of Toilet Facility
 Mostly Used by the Household, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012
 Census

District	Flush	Blair	Pit	Communal	None	Missing	Total	Number
Chikomba	10.0	44.4	8.3	1.9	32.2	3.2	100	30245
Goromonzi	11.2	32.0	30.5	8.1	15.1	3.1	100	55857
Hwedza	4.7	30.1	26.5	3.6	31.8	3.2	100	17147
Marondera Rural	4.6	43.3	21.8	4.8	22.0	3.4	100	29657
Mudzi	2.5	35.7	19.2	1.8	37.7	3.1	100	32217
Murehwa	5.6	36.7	27.2	3.1	23.5	3.9	100	46284
Mutoko	6.3	42.7	20.2	1.3	26.6	3.0	100	35113
Seke	8.5	39.8	28.3	2.1	17.9	3.4	100	24638
UMP	1.3	40.7	16.4	1.2	37.0	3.5	100	25856
Marondera	86.7	3.0	7.5	0.2	0.1	2.4	100	16485
Ruwa Local Board	85.7	5.7	3.9	0.1	1.0	3.6	100	13326
Total	13.8	35.0	21.3	3.2	23.4	3.3	100	326825

Table 8.7: Percent Distribution of Households by District, Source of Energy Mainly Used by Households for Cooking, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

District	Wood	Paraffin	Electricity	Gas	Coal	Other	Missing	Total	Number
Chikombra	86.7	0.2	9.8	*	*	*	3.2	100	30245
Goromonzi	73.5	4.8	17.6	0.8	0.1	0.1	3.1	100	55857
Hwedza	91.4	0.4	4.9	0.1	0	*	3.2	100	17147
Marondera Rural	86.1	0.3	9.9	0.1	*	*	3.5	100	29657
Mudzi	92.9	0.2	3.6	*	0.1	0.1	3.1	100	32217
Murehwa	89.0	0.7	6.4	0.1	*	*	3.8	100	46284
Mutoko	89.8	0.3	6.9	*	*	*	3.0	100	35113
Seke	77.3	3.9	14.8	0.6	0.1	0.1	3.3	100	24638
UMP	93.4	0.2	2.9	*	*	*	3.5	100	25856
Marondera	19.5	1.8	75.7	0.8	0.1	*	2.1	100	16485
Chivhu Town Board	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ruwa Local Board	18.0	13.8	59.4	5.1	0.2	0.1	3.5	100	13326
Total	79.5	2.0	14.7	0.5	0.1	*	3.3	100	326825

APPENDICES**Chikomba**

Ward	Population						Households		
	Males		Females		Total		Sex Ratio	Number	Average Size
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
Ward 01	2329	54.8	1923	45.2	4252	100	121.1	1083	3.9
Ward 02	1072	55.7	854	44.3	1926	100	125.5	446	4.3
Ward 03	962	50.3	951	49.7	1913	100	101.2	418	4.6
Ward 04	1137	51.1	1087	48.9	2224	100	104.6	455	4.9
Ward 05	1648	46.3	1910	53.7	3558	100	86.3	908	3.9
Ward 06	1342	45.0	1640	55.0	2982	100	81.8	759	3.9
Ward 07	4339	52.6	3908	47.4	8247	100	111.0	1847	4.5
Ward 08	4988	52.0	4609	48.0	9597	100	108.2	2160	4.4
Ward 09	1983	45.6	2364	54.4	4347	100	83.9	1215	3.6
Ward 10	1114	44.3	1401	55.7	2515	100	79.5	730	3.4
Ward 11	988	43.6	1278	56.4	2266	100	77.3	659	3.4
Ward 12	845	45.9	996	54.1	1841	100	84.8	533	3.5
Ward 13	227	55.2	184	44.8	411	100	123.4	110	3.7
Ward 14	883	49.5	902	50.5	1785	100	97.9	392	4.6
Ward 15	2230	47.3	2484	52.7	4714	100	89.8	1127	4.2
Ward 16	2740	45.4	3289	54.6	6029	100	83.3	1529	3.9
Ward 17	3067	45.9	3617	54.1	6684	100	84.8	1723	3.9
Ward 18	1419	46.5	1632	53.5	3051	100	86.9	785	3.9
Ward 19	1470	45.6	1751	54.4	3221	100	84.0	757	4.3
Ward 20	2254	47.1	2534	52.9	4788	100	89.0	1255	3.8
Ward 21	1319	46.5	1515	53.5	2834	100	87.1	738	3.8
Ward 22	1629	47.6	1791	52.4	3420	100	91.0	865	4.0
Ward 23	2133	46.5	2450	53.5	4583	100	87.1	1187	3.9
Ward 24	1510	47.1	1696	52.9	3206	100	89.0	837	3.8
Ward 25	3292	45.8	3889	54.2	7181	100	84.6	1855	3.9
Ward 26	1998	47.1	2245	52.9	4243	100	89.0	1094	3.9
Ward 27	2860	47.1	3207	52.9	6067	100	89.2	1521	4.0
Ward 28	1616	46.7	1848	53.3	3464	100	87.4	868	4.0
Ward 29	2390	48.3	2560	51.7	4950	100	93.4	1294	3.8
Ward 30	1798	46.7	2052	53.3	3850	100	87.6	891	4.3
Total	57582	47.9	62567	52.1	120149	100	92.0	30041	4.0

Goromonzi

Ward	Population						Households		
	Males		Females		Total		Sex Ratio	Number	Average Size
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
Ward 01	4229	48.7	4460	51.3	8689	100	94.8	2047	4.2
Ward 02	6054	48.0	6568	52.0	12622	100	92.2	2811	4.5
Ward 03	2333	47.3	2603	52.7	4936	100	89.6	1187	4.2
Ward 04	14644	48.0	15846	52.0	30490	100	92.4	7213	4.2
Ward 05	2889	49.4	2964	50.6	5853	100	97.5	1321	4.4
Ward 06	6313	51.9	5861	48.1	12174	100	107.7	3121	3.9
Ward 07	3005	50.9	2896	49.1	5901	100	103.8	1451	4.1
Ward 08	2867	50.0	2863	50.0	5730	100	100.1	1571	3.6
Ward 09	2365	51.8	2198	48.2	4563	100	107.6	1259	3.6
Ward 10	3364	47.1	3774	52.9	7138	100	89.1	1803	4.0
Ward 11	4067	47.4	4512	52.6	8579	100	90.1	2135	4.0
Ward 12	7030	48.3	7513	51.7	14543	100	93.6	3616	4.0
Ward 13	1536	53.2	1352	46.8	2888	100	113.6	773	3.7
Ward 14	4947	51.1	4729	48.9	9676	100	104.6	2452	3.9
Ward 15	3312	50.0	3306	50.0	6618	100	100.2	1481	4.5
Ward 16	7848	48.2	8428	51.8	16276	100	93.1	3792	4.3
Ward 17	2603	52.1	2393	47.9	4996	100	108.8	1242	4.0
Ward 18	3850	48.9	4031	51.1	7881	100	95.5	1921	4.1
Ward 19	130	48.5	138	51.5	268	100	94.2	67	4.0
Ward 20	2884	51.9	2668	48.1	5552	100	108.1	1465	3.8
Ward 21	1800	51.5	1694	48.5	3494	100	106.3	943	3.7
Ward 22	3846	52.5	3482	47.5	7328	100	110.5	1962	3.7
Ward 23	3078	50.3	3044	49.7	6122	100	101.1	1552	3.9
Ward 24	2868	51.0	2759	49.0	5627	100	104.0	1504	3.7
Ward 25	13453	49.8	13559	50.2	27012	100	99.2	7161	3.8
Ward 34	11	35.5	20	64.5	31	100	55.0	7	4.4
Total	111326	49.5	113661	50.5	224987	100	97.9	55857	4.0

Hwedza

Ward	Population								Households	
	Males		Females		Total		Sex Ratio	Number	Average Size	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent				
Ward 01	2613	54.3	2200	45.7	4813	100	118.8	1136	4.2	
Ward 02	4359	53.1	3844	46.9	8203	100	113.4	2041	4.0	
Ward 03	1524	51.1	1459	48.9	2983	100	104.5	627	4.8	
Ward 04	1624	50.8	1574	49.2	3198	100	103.2	722	4.4	
Ward 05	3174	47.6	3490	52.4	6664	100	90.9	1625	4.1	
Ward 06	3264	47.5	3609	52.5	6873	100	90.4	1724	4.0	
Ward 07	3177	47.2	3551	52.8	6728	100	89.5	1630	4.1	
Ward 08	3028	47.4	3357	52.6	6385	100	90.2	1581	4.0	
Ward 09	3182	47.7	3491	52.3	6673	100	91.1	1556	4.3	
Ward 10	1317	46.5	1514	53.5	2831	100	87.0	662	4.3	
Ward 11	1631	46.3	1889	53.7	3520	100	86.3	891	4.0	
Ward 12	1958	46.9	2219	53.1	4177	100	88.2	962	4.3	
Ward 13	1182	48.8	1241	51.2	2423	100	95.2	533	4.5	
Ward 14	947	50.8	917	49.2	1864	100	103.3	451	4.1	
Ward 15	1663	45.8	1970	54.2	3633	100	84.4	1006	3.6	
Total	34643	48.8	36325	51.2	70968	100	95.4	17147	4.1	

Marondera

Ward	Population						Households		
	Males		Females		Total		Sex Ratio	Number	Average Size
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
Ward 01	2919	52.5	2644	47.5	5563	100	110.4	1423	3.9
Ward 02	1934	53.0	1717	47.0	3651	100	112.6	980	3.7
Ward 03	3972	53.4	3465	46.6	7437	100	114.6	2039	3.6
Ward 04	2889	51.9	2675	48.1	5564	100	108.0	1239	4.5
Ward 05	3808	53.2	3350	46.8	7158	100	113.7	2044	3.5
Ward 06	3933	51.2	3749	48.8	7682	100	104.9	1993	3.9
Ward 07	2869	53.0	2548	47.0	5417	100	112.6	1346	4.0
Ward 08	2147	52.3	1955	47.7	4102	100	109.8	969	4.2
Ward 09	359	54.0	306	46.0	665	100	117.3	158	4.2
Ward 10	2262	47.2	2533	52.8	4795	100	89.3	1211	4.0
Ward 11	2982	47.3	3325	52.7	6307	100	89.7	1615	3.9
Ward 12	2575	47.1	2896	52.9	5471	100	88.9	1380	4.0
Ward 13	1729	48.7	1820	51.3	3549	100	95.0	882	4.0
Ward 14	3257	49.0	3386	51.0	6643	100	96.2	1648	4.0
Ward 15	2706	49.9	2713	50.1	5419	100	99.7	1388	3.9
Ward 16	1891	47.7	2073	52.3	3964	100	91.2	981	4.0
Ward 17	1613	48.6	1703	51.4	3316	100	94.7	850	3.9
Ward 18	1799	47.7	1973	52.3	3772	100	91.2	956	3.9
Ward 19	1470	47.8	1603	52.2	3073	100	91.7	783	3.9
Ward 20	2029	48.0	2201	52.0	4230	100	92.2	1005	4.2
Ward 21	2866	49.8	2891	50.2	5757	100	99.1	1399	4.1
Ward 22	2177	50.9	2100	49.1	4277	100	103.7	924	4.6
Ward 23	4769	52.0	4404	48.0	9173	100	108.3	2444	3.8
Total	58955	50.4	58030	49.6	116985	100	101.6	29657	3.9

Mudzi

Ward	Population						Households		
	Males		Females		Total		Sex Ratio	Number	Average Size
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
Ward 01	3341	49.2	3451	50.8	6792	100	96.8	1767	3.8
Ward 02	3708	46.9	4195	53.1	7903	100	88.4	1992	4.0
Ward 03	3626	48.7	3826	51.3	7452	100	94.8	1866	4.0
Ward 04	4082	47.2	4562	52.8	8644	100	89.5	2051	4.2
Ward 05	2867	47.9	3122	52.1	5989	100	91.8	1354	4.4
Ward 06	2800	46.7	3195	53.3	5995	100	87.6	1455	4.1
Ward 07	4555	47.6	5015	52.4	9570	100	90.8	2368	4.0
Ward 08	2906	46.1	3394	53.9	6300	100	85.6	1519	4.1
Ward 09	2423	45.0	2963	55.0	5386	100	81.8	1301	4.1
Ward 10	4335	45.9	5107	54.1	9442	100	84.9	2421	3.9
Ward 11	3432	45.2	4157	54.8	7589	100	82.6	1941	3.9
Ward 12	4628	47.4	5144	52.6	9772	100	90.0	2187	4.5
Ward 13	1862	47.8	2035	52.2	3897	100	91.5	1028	3.8
Ward 14	6009	51.0	5768	49.0	11777	100	104.2	2696	4.4
Ward 15	4766	48.6	5049	51.4	9815	100	94.4	2209	4.4
Ward 16	3221	47.5	3559	52.5	6780	100	90.5	1603	4.2
Ward 17	2507	46.6	2875	53.4	5382	100	87.2	1301	4.1
Ward 18	2317	48.6	2450	51.4	4767	100	94.6	1158	4.1
Total	63385	47.6	69867	52.4	133252	100	90.7	32217	4.1

Murehwa

Ward	Population						Households		
	Males		Females		Total		Sex Ratio	Number	Average Size
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
Ward 01	2091	49.1	2170	50.9	4261	100	96.4	1025	4.2
Ward 02	2035	48.8	2134	51.2	4169	100	95.4	987	4.2
Ward 03	2797	49.2	2890	50.8	5687	100	96.8	1339	4.2
Ward 04	2861	47.6	3148	52.4	6009	100	90.9	1465	4.1
Ward 05	1658	47.9	1801	52.1	3459	100	92.1	860	4.0
Ward 06	441	52.5	399	47.5	840	100	110.5	200	4.2
Ward 07	388	47.8	423	52.2	811	100	91.7	183	4.4
Ward 08	4346	47.7	4774	52.3	9120	100	91.0	2166	4.2
Ward 09	2220	48.7	2340	51.3	4560	100	94.9	993	4.6
Ward 10	2289	47.6	2517	52.4	4806	100	90.9	1111	4.3
Ward 11	5221	47.6	5739	52.4	10960	100	91.0	2552	4.3
Ward 12	4505	47.0	5077	53.0	9582	100	88.7	2340	4.1
Ward 13	2688	46.2	3126	53.8	5814	100	86.0	1408	4.1
Ward 14	3552	47.4	3942	52.6	7494	100	90.1	1782	4.2
Ward 15	2912	46.1	3400	53.9	6312	100	85.6	1537	4.1
Ward 16	3520	46.4	4062	53.6	7582	100	86.7	1762	4.3
Ward 17	2343	48.4	2502	51.6	4845	100	93.6	1160	4.2
Ward 18	1730	48.0	1872	52.0	3602	100	92.4	948	3.8
Ward 19	1150	47.3	1282	52.7	2432	100	89.7	602	4.0
Ward 20	2377	47.1	2665	52.9	5042	100	89.2	1254	4.0
Ward 21	2773	47.7	3037	52.3	5810	100	91.3	1411	4.1
Ward 22	7760	51.1	7432	48.9	15192	100	104.4	3346	4.5
Ward 23	5166	50.9	4982	49.1	10148	100	103.7	2369	4.3
Ward 24	6484	53.7	5596	46.3	12080	100	115.9	2663	4.5
Ward 25	3015	48.1	3251	51.9	6266	100	92.7	1517	4.1
Ward 26	3533	47.6	3887	52.4	7420	100	90.9	1776	4.2
Ward 27	4403	47.7	4837	52.3	9240	100	91.0	2242	4.1
Ward 28	2575	46.3	2981	53.7	5556	100	86.4	1368	4.1
Ward 29	2132	46.4	2462	53.6	4594	100	86.6	1265	3.6
Ward 30	5304	33.3	10610	66.7	15914	100	50.0	2653	6.0
Total	94269	47.2	105338	52.8	199607	100	89.5	46284	4.3

Mutoko

Ward	Population							Households		
	Males		Females		Total			Sex Ratio	Number	Average Size
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number			
Ward 01	2054	48.9	2143	51.1	4197	100	95.8	896	4.7	
Ward 02	3583	49.5	3650	50.5	7233	100	98.2	1711	4.2	
Ward 03	2113	47.6	2322	52.4	4435	100	91.0	1081	4.1	
Ward 04	2479	48.5	2628	51.5	5107	100	94.3	1262	4.0	
Ward 05	1990	47.9	2164	52.1	4154	100	92.0	1060	3.9	
Ward 06	872	47.6	960	52.4	1832	100	90.8	476	3.8	
Ward 07	2390	48.6	2532	51.4	4922	100	94.4	1236	4.0	
Ward 08	1351	48.5	1433	51.5	2784	100	94.3	681	4.1	
Ward 09	1637	48.6	1734	51.4	3371	100	94.4	797	4.2	
Ward 10	1737	47.1	1951	52.9	3688	100	89.0	953	3.9	
Ward 11	2227	48.2	2391	51.8	4618	100	93.1	1102	4.2	
Ward 12	2526	48.0	2734	52.0	5260	100	92.4	1341	3.9	
Ward 13	1460	47.5	1615	52.5	3075	100	90.4	759	4.1	
Ward 14	2070	48.3	2219	51.7	4289	100	93.3	1080	4.0	
Ward 15	1813	47.7	1990	52.3	3803	100	91.1	972	3.9	
Ward 16	3184	47.3	3548	52.7	6732	100	89.7	1709	3.9	
Ward 17	2507	48.3	2686	51.7	5193	100	93.3	1300	4.0	
Ward 18	4106	48.0	4442	52.0	8548	100	92.4	2063	4.1	
Ward 19	3329	48.1	3587	51.9	6916	100	92.8	1617	4.3	
Ward 20	5747	46.7	6555	53.3	12302	100	87.7	3309	3.7	
Ward 21	426	55.5	341	44.5	767	100	124.9	174	4.4	
Ward 22	764	50.5	750	49.5	1514	100	101.9	298	5.1	
Ward 23	492	51.4	466	48.6	958	100	105.6	246	3.9	
Ward 24	456	52.8	408	47.2	864	100	111.8	207	4.2	
Ward 25	4584	48.9	4798	51.1	9382	100	95.5	2109	4.4	
Ward 26	3169	50.7	3083	49.3	6252	100	102.8	1344	4.7	
Ward 27	4114	50.2	4084	49.8	8198	100	100.7	1799	4.6	
Ward 28	2637	48.9	2752	51.1	5389	100	95.8	1260	4.3	
Ward 29	5161	49.9	5183	50.1	10344	100	99.6	2271	4.6	
Total	70978	48.6	75149	51.4	146127	100	94.4	35113	4.2	

Seke

Ward	Population						Households		
	Males		Females		Total		Sex Ratio	Number	Average Size
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
Ward 01	6603	48.5	7007	51.5	13610	100	94.2	3179	4.3
Ward 02	4038	48.6	4276	51.4	8314	100	94.4	1964	4.2
Ward 03	1435	48.8	1503	51.2	2938	100	95.5	679	4.3
Ward 04	3958	47.8	4328	52.2	8286	100	91.5	1972	4.2
Ward 05	1341	48.8	1408	51.2	2749	100	95.2	688	4.0
Ward 06	1886	48.5	1999	51.5	3885	100	94.3	930	4.2
Ward 07	2239	48.1	2419	51.9	4658	100	92.6	1102	4.2
Ward 08	5095	47.8	5573	52.2	10668	100	91.4	2394	4.5
Ward 09	4723	52.6	4257	47.4	8980	100	110.9	2323	3.9
Ward 10	4341	52.5	3925	47.5	8266	100	110.6	2292	3.6
Ward 11	575	52.8	514	47.2	1089	100	111.9	266	4.1
Ward 12	2360	53.3	2066	46.7	4426	100	114.2	1217	3.6
Ward 13	1271	48.5	1352	51.5	2623	100	94.0	703	3.7
Ward 14	2029	53.1	1793	46.9	3822	100	113.2	1099	3.5
Ward 15	1798	51.5	1690	48.5	3488	100	106.4	866	4.0
Ward 16	693	50.6	677	49.4	1370	100	102.4	320	4.3
Ward 17	972	49.4	995	50.6	1967	100	97.7	429	4.6
Ward 18	890	50.8	863	49.2	1753	100	103.1	409	4.3
Ward 19	872	51.9	807	48.1	1679	100	108.1	367	4.6
Ward 20	2558	52.4	2320	47.6	4878	100	110.3	1146	4.3
Ward 21	621	47.5	686	52.5	1307	100	90.5	293	4.5
Total	50298	49.9	50458	50.1	100756	100	99.7	24638	4.1

UMP

Ward	Population						Households		
	Males		Females		Total		Sex Ratio	Average Size	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		Number	Size
Ward 01	3127	48.9	3271	51.1	6398	100	95.6	1479	4.3
Ward 02	2783	47.7	3048	52.3	5831	100	91.3	1349	4.3
Ward 03	2542	47.8	2779	52.2	5321	100	91.5	1217	4.4
Ward 04	5042	49.1	5230	50.9	10272	100	96.4	2260	4.5
Ward 05	2163	46.9	2449	53.1	4612	100	88.3	1015	4.5
Ward 06	3276	48.3	3513	51.7	6789	100	93.3	1666	4.1
Ward 07	1508	50.4	1482	49.6	2990	100	101.8	642	4.7
Ward 08	3436	48.8	3611	51.2	7047	100	95.2	1646	4.3
Ward 09	3580	48.0	3874	52.0	7454	100	92.4	1704	4.4
Ward 10	3202	47.8	3501	52.2	6703	100	91.5	1514	4.4
Ward 11	3816	48.5	4045	51.5	7861	100	94.3	1827	4.3
Ward 12	2922	47.7	3203	52.3	6125	100	91.2	1509	4.1
Ward 13	4263	47.6	4687	52.4	8950	100	91.0	2078	4.3
Ward 14	3514	47.7	3860	52.3	7374	100	91.0	1810	4.1
Ward 15	3380	47.6	3720	52.4	7100	100	90.9	1705	4.2
Ward 16	2836	48.7	2993	51.3	5829	100	94.8	1280	4.6
Ward 17	2798	47.0	3157	53.0	5955	100	88.6	1155	5.2
Total	54188	48.1	58423	51.9	112611	100	92.8	25856	4.4

Marondera Urban

Ward	Population						Households		
	Males		Females		Total		Sex Ratio	Number	Average Size
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
Ward 01	1625	47.5	1795	52.5	3420	100	90.5	952	3.6
Ward 02	2085	46.9	2365	53.1	4450	100	88.2	1211	3.7
Ward 03	2711	46.4	3129	53.6	5840	100	86.6	1476	4.0
Ward 04	3994	47.3	4447	52.7	8441	100	89.8	2224	3.8
Ward 05	1936	49.0	2011	51.0	3947	100	96.3	1051	3.8
Ward 06	1865	48.6	1971	51.4	3836	100	94.6	1058	3.6
Ward 07	2097	47.3	2337	52.7	4434	100	89.7	1236	3.6
Ward 08	3250	45.7	3866	54.3	7116	100	84.1	1928	3.7
Ward 09	2797	45.8	3313	54.2	6110	100	84.4	1591	3.8
Ward 10	3112	46.1	3634	53.9	6746	100	85.6	1725	3.9
Ward 11	666	50.2	661	49.8	1327	100	100.8	390	3.4
Ward 12	2842	44.9	3489	55.1	6331	100	81.5	1643	3.9
Total	28980	46.7	33018	53.3	61998	100	87.8	16485	3.8

Table A1.2: Population Distribution by District Age group and Sex

Chikomba

Age Group	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 1	1622	49.2	1675	50.8	3297	100
'1 - 4	6890	50.3	6816	49.7	13706	100
'5 - 9	7889	50.3	7790	49.7	15679	100
'10 - 14	8610	50.7	8383	49.3	16993	100
15 - 19	7338	54.8	6057	45.2	13395	100
20 - 24	4396	50.0	4392	50.0	8788	100
25 - 29	3637	45.9	4286	54.1	7923	100
30 - 34	3272	46.7	3730	53.3	7002	100
35 - 39	2607	45.1	3173	54.9	5780	100
40 - 44	2013	45.3	2430	54.7	4443	100
45 - 49	1423	42.2	1953	57.8	3376	100
50 - 54	1378	35.2	2539	64.8	3917	100
55 - 59	1350	38.4	2168	61.6	3518	100
60 - 64	1136	37.9	1859	62.1	2995	100
65 - 69	1155	41.3	1645	58.8	2800	100
70 - 74	1036	43.7	1334	56.3	2370	100
75 +	1739	43.5	2258	56.5	3997	100

Total	57582	47.9	62567	52.1	120149	100
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Goromonzi

Age Group	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 1	4019	49.9	4039	50.1	8058	100
'1 - 4	13477	49.9	13512	50.1	26989	100
'5 - 9	13924	49.6	14140	50.4	28064	100
'10 - 14	13938	50.1	13904	49.9	27842	100
15 - 19	11844	51.2	11274	48.8	23118	100
20 - 24	9881	47.2	11057	52.8	20938	100
25 - 29	10121	48.9	10572	51.1	20693	100
30 - 34	8551	49.5	8721	50.5	17272	100
35 - 39	6936	50.7	6750	49.3	13686	100
40 - 44	5403	54.3	4552	45.7	9955	100
45 - 49	3249	49.9	3264	50.1	6513	100
50 - 54	2574	44.5	3211	55.5	5785	100
55 - 59	2095	46.3	2434	53.7	4529	100
60 - 64	1578	44.9	1940	55.1	3518	100
65 - 69	1106	46.4	1276	53.6	2382	100
70 - 74	1015	48.5	1078	51.5	2093	100
75 +	1423	45.0	1736	55.0	3159	100
NS	192	48.9	201	51.1	393	100
Total	111326	49.5	113661	50.5	224987	100

Hwedza

Age Group	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 1	991	50.6	968	49.4	1959	100
'1 - 4	4065	50.8	3936	49.2	8001	100
'5 - 9	4741	50.3	4690	49.7	9431	100
'10 - 14	5382	52.1	4956	47.9	10338	100
15 - 19	4402	56.0	3458	44.0	7860	100
20 - 24	2671	50.3	2634	49.7	5305	100
25 - 29	2245	46.4	2593	53.6	4838	100
30 - 34	2007	47.8	2192	52.2	4199	100
35 - 39	1594	45.6	1902	54.4	3496	100
40 - 44	1295	46.7	1478	53.3	2773	100
45 - 49	848	42.6	1142	57.4	1990	100
50 - 54	809	35.7	1458	64.3	2267	100
55 - 59	743	38.4	1190	61.6	1933	100
60 - 64	641	37.7	1059	62.3	1700	100
65 - 69	663	46.2	772	53.8	1435	100
70 - 74	554	46.7	633	53.3	1187	100
75 +	901	44.0	1149	56.0	2050	100
NS	91	44.2	115	55.8	206	100
Total	34643	48.8	36325	51.2	70968	100

Marondera

Age Group	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 1	1833	48.9	1919	51.1	3752	100
'1 - 4	6844	49.8	6893	50.2	13737	100
'5 - 9	7404	49.7	7499	50.3	14903	100
'10 - 14	7763	51.8	7232	48.2	14995	100
15 - 19	6749	54.7	5593	45.3	12342	100
20 - 24	5353	51.6	5012	48.4	10365	100
25 - 29	5057	50.6	4940	49.4	9997	100
30 - 34	4182	51.4	3961	48.6	8143	100
35 - 39	3274	50.5	3214	49.5	6488	100
40 - 44	2504	52.5	2262	47.5	4766	100
45 - 49	1659	48.9	1734	51.1	3393	100
50 - 54	1431	41.7	2003	58.3	3434	100
55 - 59	1252	45.3	1511	54.7	2763	100
60 - 64	1015	44.5	1268	55.5	2283	100
65 - 69	797	45.6	951	54.4	1748	100
70 - 74	719	48.6	759	51.4	1478	100
75 +	1039	46.4	1202	53.6	2241	100
NS	80	51.0	77	49.0	157	100
Total	58955	50.4	58030	49.6	116985	100

Mudzi

Age Group	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 1	2239	49.7	2262	50.3	4501	100
'1 - 4	8624	50.5	8440	49.5	17064	100
'5 - 9	9590	50.3	9484	49.7	19074	100
'10 - 14	10265	51.7	9571	48.3	19836	100
15 - 19	7483	54.2	6330	45.8	13813	100
20 - 24	4606	45.8	5455	54.2	10061	100
25 - 29	4238	44.6	5263	55.4	9501	100
30 - 34	3209	44.0	4078	56.0	7287	100
35 - 39	2994	44.6	3722	55.4	6716	100
40 - 44	2058	45.9	2425	54.1	4483	100
45 - 49	1287	41.2	1838	58.8	3125	100
50 - 54	1161	31.3	2548	68.7	3709	100
55 - 59	1077	35.8	1935	64.2	3012	100
60 - 64	1145	38.3	1848	61.7	2993	100
65 - 69	816	41.5	1148	58.5	1964	100
70 - 74	859	45.5	1029	54.5	1888	100
75 +	1588	41.8	2207	58.2	3795	100
NS	146	34.0	284	66.0	430	100
Total	63385	47.6	69867	52.4	133252	100

Murehwa

Age Group	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 1	3066	49.0	3188	51.0	6254	100
'1 - 4	11733	49.9	11763	50.1	23496	100
'5 - 9	13452	50.5	13195	49.5	26647	100
'10 - 14	14338	51.2	13653	48.8	27991	100
15 - 19	11692	53.9	10005	46.1	21697	100
20 - 24	7322	47.3	8153	52.7	15475	100
25 - 29	6619	45.5	7934	54.5	14553	100
30 - 34	5476	44.8	6739	55.2	12215	100
35 - 39	4482	44.6	5568	55.4	10050	100
40 - 44	3493	45.1	4255	54.9	7748	100
45 - 49	2329	40.8	3382	59.2	5711	100
50 - 54	2032	33.0	4119	67.0	6151	100
55 - 59	1723	33.0	3500	67.0	5223	100
60 - 64	1564	35.0	2902	65.0	4466	100
65 - 69	1389	39.2	2150	60.8	3539	100
70 - 74	1283	41.0	1846	59.0	3129	100
75 +	2121	43.8	2719	56.2	4840	100
NS	155	36.7	267	63.3	422	100
Total	94269	47.2	105338	52.8	199607	100

Mutoko

Age Group	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 1	2443	51.0	2349	49.0	4792	100
'1 - 4	9145	49.9	9169	50.1	18314	100
'5 - 9	10362	50.4	10194	49.6	20556	100
'10 - 14	10413	51.3	9898	48.7	20311	100
15 - 19	8341	54.8	6883	45.2	15224	100
20 - 24	5419	46.5	6225	53.5	11644	100
25 - 29	5176	45.5	6205	54.5	11381	100
30 - 34	4311	48.0	4675	52.0	8986	100
35 - 39	3414	46.8	3883	53.2	7297	100
40 - 44	2688	50.0	2688	50.0	5376	100
45 - 49	1586	45.6	1895	54.4	3481	100
50 - 54	1349	35.0	2504	65.0	3853	100
55 - 59	1272	37.8	2095	62.2	3367	100
60 - 64	1309	42.1	1801	57.9	3110	100
65 - 69	983	45.3	1188	54.7	2171	100
70 - 74	917	46.2	1067	53.8	1984	100
75 +	1694	42.9	2252	57.1	3946	100
NS	156	46.7	178	53.3	334	100
Total	70978	48.6	75149	51.4	146127	100

Seke

Age Group	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 1	1709	50.8	1654	49.2	3363	100
'1 - 4	6108	50.0	6110	50.0	12218	100
'5 - 9	6347	50.3	6279	49.7	12626	100
'10 - 14	6339	51.5	5974	48.5	12313	100
15 - 19	5287	51.1	5058	48.9	10345	100
20 - 24	4676	48.6	4942	51.4	9618	100
25 - 29	4422	48.3	4729	51.7	9151	100
30 - 34	3804	51.1	3647	48.9	7451	100
35 - 39	2989	51.3	2839	48.7	5828	100
40 - 44	2328	55.1	1899	44.9	4227	100
45 - 49	1454	48.4	1552	51.6	3006	100
50 - 54	1252	45.9	1473	54.1	2725	100
55 - 59	921	43.3	1205	56.7	2126	100
60 - 64	785	44.9	965	55.1	1750	100
65 - 69	573	47.0	647	53.0	1220	100
70 - 74	498	50.3	492	49.7	990	100
75 +	725	45.7	862	54.3	1587	100
NS	81	38.2	131	61.8	212	100
Total	50298	49.9	50458	50.1	100756	100

UMP

Age Group	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 1	1997	49.1	2070	50.9	4067	100
'1 - 4	7352	49.5	7486	50.5	14838	100
'5 - 9	8302	50.2	8242	49.8	16544	100
'10 - 14	8438	51.6	7908	48.4	16346	100
15 - 19	6094	53.5	5297	46.5	11391	100
20 - 24	3778	45.5	4534	54.5	8312	100
25 - 29	3641	44.9	4475	55.1	8116	100
30 - 34	2898	46.9	3286	53.1	6184	100
35 - 39	2572	44.6	3196	55.4	5768	100
40 - 44	1944	48.8	2038	51.2	3982	100
45 - 49	1234	46.4	1424	53.6	2658	100
50 - 54	1080	34.9	2014	65.1	3094	100
55 - 59	1003	40.2	1495	59.8	2498	100
60 - 64	940	39.8	1419	60.2	2359	100
65 - 69	775	46.4	897	53.6	1672	100
70 - 74	721	43.6	933	56.4	1654	100
75 +	1342	45.7	1593	54.3	2935	100
NS	77	39.9	116	60.1	193	100
Total	54188	48.1	58423	51.9	112611	100

Marondera Urban

Age Group	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 1	1035	48.4	1105	51.6	2140	100
'1 - 4	3218	49.1	3342	50.9	6560	100
'5 - 9	3210	49.1	3334	50.9	6544	100
'10 - 14	3137	46.7	3576	53.3	6713	100
15 - 19	3031	43.2	3984	56.8	7015	100
20 - 24	2928	43.6	3794	56.4	6722	100
25 - 29	3052	45.0	3723	55.0	6775	100
30 - 34	2642	47.7	2901	52.3	5543	100
35 - 39	2145	49.0	2232	51.0	4377	100
40 - 44	1629	52.2	1489	47.8	3118	100
45 - 49	909	48.4	969	51.6	1878	100
50 - 54	648	44.9	796	55.1	1444	100
55 - 59	502	48.8	526	51.2	1028	100
60 - 64	272	40.6	398	59.4	670	100
65 - 69	212	44.2	268	55.8	480	100
70 - 74	133	38.0	217	62.0	350	100
75 +	240	42.9	319	57.1	559	100
NS	37	45.1	45	54.9	82	100
Total	28980	46.7	33018	53.3	61998	100

Chivhu Local Board

Age Group	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 1	35	56.5	27	43.5	62	100
'1 - 4	39	59.1	27	40.9	66	100
'5 - 9	28	47.5	31	52.5	59	100
'10 - 14	39	46.4	45	53.6	84	100
15 - 19	41	44.1	52	55.9	93	100
20 - 24	49	48.5	52	51.5	101	100
25 - 29	48	43.6	62	56.4	110	100
30 - 34	58	63.0	34	37.0	92	100
35 - 39	43	64.2	24	35.8	67	100
40 - 44	16	50.0	16	50.0	32	100
45 - 49	10	45.5	12	54.5	22	100
50 - 54	9	75.0	3	25.0	12	100
55 - 59	2	28.6	5	71.4	7	100
60 - 64	4	44.4	5	55.6	9	100
65 - 69	3	37.5	5	62.5	8	100
70 - 74	3	75.0	1	25.0	4	100
75 +	4	57.1	3	42.9	7	100
NS	1	50.0	1	50.0	2	100
Total	432	51.6	405	48.4	837	100

Ruwa Local Board

Age Group	Males	Females	Total		Percent
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Under 1	900	48.2	968	51.8	1868 100
'1 - 4	3061	48.2	3296	51.8	6357 100
'5 - 9	2961	48.0	3202	52.0	6163 100
'10 - 14	2782	48.2	2990	51.8	5772 100
15 - 19	2483	40.3	3671	59.7	6154 100
20 - 24	2816	42.9	3748	57.1	6564 100
25 - 29	2974	45.1	3620	54.9	6594 100
30 - 34	2612	49.4	2680	50.6	5292 100
35 - 39	2148	50.9	2071	49.1	4219 100
40 - 44	1686	55.4	1360	44.6	3046 100
45 - 49	935	53.6	811	46.4	1746 100
50 - 54	546	54.2	462	45.8	1008 100
55 - 59	335	51.1	320	48.9	655 100
60 - 64	173	46.6	198	53.4	371 100
65 - 69	94	42.0	130	58.0	224 100
70 - 74	52	32.5	108	67.5	160 100
75 +	73	33.3	146	66.7	219 100
NS	114	42.9	152	57.1	266 100
Total	26745	47.2	29933	52.8	56678 100

Total

Age Group	Males	Females	Total
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	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 1	21889	49.6	22224	50.4	44113	100
'1 - 4	80556	49.9	80790	50.1	161346	100
'5 - 9	88210	50.0	88080	50.0	176290	100
'10 - 14	91444	50.9	88090	49.1	179534	100
15 - 19	74785	52.5	67662	47.5	142447	100
20 - 24	53895	47.3	59998	52.7	113893	100
25 - 29	51230	46.7	58402	53.3	109632	100
30 - 34	43022	48.0	46644	52.0	89666	100
35 - 39	35198	47.7	38574	52.3	73772	100
40 - 44	27057	50.2	26892	49.8	53949	100
45 - 49	16923	45.9	19976	54.1	36899	100
50 - 54	14269	38.2	23130	61.8	37399	100
55 - 59	12275	40.0	18384	60.0	30659	100
60 - 64	10562	40.3	15662	59.7	26224	100
65 - 69	8566	43.6	11077	56.4	19643	100
70 - 74	7790	45.1	9497	54.9	17287	100
75 +	12889	43.9	16446	56.1	29335	100
NS	1221	42.6	1646	57.4	2867	100
Total	651781	48.5	693174	51.5	1344955	100

Table A4.1: Distribution of Population Age 3+ by School Attendance by Sex Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Never been at School

District	Males	Females	Total
Chikomba	2315	3222	5537
Goromonzi	6145	8086	14231
Hwedza	1705	2063	3768
Marondera	3158	3866	7024
Mudzi	5777	10916	16693
Murehwa	5412	7727	13139
Mutoko	5124	8287	13411
Seke	2414	2904	5318
UMP	4636	7280	11916
Marondera Urban	1146	1313	2459
Chivhu Local Board	7	11	18
Ruwa Local Board	887	1025	1912
Total	38726	56700	95426

At school

District	Males	Females	Total
Chikomba	21697	19896	41593
Goromonzi	33575	31992	65567
Hwedza	13022	11734	24756
Marondera	18705	16993	35698
Mudzi	21796	19987	41783
Murehwa	33819	30686	64505
Mutoko	24525	22434	46959
Seke	15235	14149	29384
UMP	18957	17282	36239
Marondera Urban	9129	9772	18901
Chivhu Local Board	88	111	199
Ruwa Local Board	8245	8718	16963
Total	218793	203754	422547

Left School

District	Males	Females	Total
Chikombra	27922	33631	61553
Goromonzi	59367	61118	120485
Hwedza	16508	19146	35654
Marondera	31153	31143	62296
Mudzi	28618	31834	60452
Murehwa	45051	56600	101651
Mutoko	33645	36713	70358
Seke	27328	28111	55439
UMP	24445	27447	51892
Marondera Urban	15808	18808	34616
Chivhu Local Board	276	243	519
Ruwa Local Board	14907	17128	32035
Total	325028	361922	686950

Table A4.3: Population Age 3 - 24 Currently at School by Single Age and Sex Mashonaland East Province
 Mashonaland East Province Zimbabwe 2012
 Census

AGE	No Education		Primary		Secondary		Tertiary		Not known		Total		
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Total
3	1387	1519	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1387	1519	2906
4	4663	4883	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4663	4883	9546
5	9841	9798	1163	1235	-	-	-	-	5	8	11009	11041	22050
6	6345	5944	8327	9037	-	-	-	-	6	16	14678	14997	29675
7	1601	1403	15273	15247	-	-	-	-	4	10	16878	16660	33538
8	483	448	15818	16119	-	-	-	-	2	2	16303	16569	32872
9	195	191	16844	17251	-	-	-	-	6	5	17045	17447	34492
10	80	70	17192	16933	-	-	-	-	1	3	17273	17006	34279
11	46	33	16644	16318	-	-	-	-	1	1	16691	16352	33043
12	34	31	20505	19720	702	929	-	-	1	3	21242	20683	41925
13	14	12	12474	10560	3903	5253	-	-	2	4	16393	15829	32222
14	13	9	6595	4228	8424	9910	-	-	2	2	15034	14149	29183
15	13	10	2623	1308	10395	10098	-	-	3	3	13034	11419	24453
16	10	14	-	-	12497	9929	-	-	3	1	12510	9944	22454
17	10	5	-	-	10037	6841	-	-	3	1	10050	6847	16897
18	5	-	-	-	6393	3573	87	104	4	1	6489	3678	10167
19	5	2	-	-	3112	1507	184	252	7	1	3308	1762	5070
20	3	1	-	-	1662	664	315	309	2	4	1982	978	2960
21	1	3	-	-	682	331	404	369	2	5	1089	708	1797
22	2	3	-	-	400	175	414	355	2	3	818	536	1354
23	2	3	-	-	171	140	343	270	1	2	517	415	932
24	-	3	-	-	104	89	284	194	2	1	390	287	677
Total	24753	24385	133458	127956	58482	49439	2031	1853	59	76	218783	203709	422492

Table A4.4: Population Age 3+ by Age Group, Sex and Highest Level of Education Completed

Mashonaland East Province Zimbabwe 2012

Census

AGE	No Education		Primary		Secondary		Tertiary		Not known		Total		
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Total
3 - 4	10261	10279	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10261	10279	20540
5 - 9	39437	37944	39366	41570	-	-	-	-	54	56	78857	79570	158427
10 - 14	1017	827	84143	79372	5366	7156	-	-	20	24	90546	87379	177925
15 - 19	214	190	20722	15848	52903	50829	114	133	43	40	73996	67040	141036
20 - 24	113	119	11489	13432	40191	44276	1406	1493	80	65	53279	59385	112664
25 - 29	101	131	9660	13839	37357	40431	3510	3297	92	74	50720	57772	108492
30 - 34	73	133	7756	12089	30778	30626	3872	3100	102	59	42581	46007	88588
35 - 39	73	141	6214	11198	24565	23742	3863	2774	82	51	34797	37906	72703
40 - 44	51	149	4279	8706	18293	14754	3960	2242	61	69	26644	25920	52564
45 - 49	64	252	4103	9800	9471	6567	2767	1464	71	85	16476	18168	34644
50 - 54	129	457	7025	14502	4699	3303	1515	747	106	173	13474	19182	32656
55 - 59	146	405	7545	12182	2674	1819	877	359	102	164	11344	14929	26273
60 - 64	178	410	6860	10141	1720	1093	482	226	110	124	9350	11994	21344
65 - 69	143	315	5778	7222	1173	497	373	181	93	102	7560	8317	15877
70 - 74	165	333	5285	5725	647	255	283	105	85	113	6465	6531	12996
75 +	375	695	7906	7758	523	301	324	146	188	286	9316	9186	18502
NS	6	22	79	136	73	60	11	5	39	48	208	271	479
Total	52546	52802	228210	263520	230433	225709	23357	16272	1328	1533	535874	559836	1095710

Table A6. 1: Number of Women , Children Ever Born, Births in the Last 12 Months, Average Parities and ASFR by Age Group, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

Age of Women	Children Ever Born				Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
	Number of Women	Male	Female	Total			
15 - 19	67662	24495	32496	56991	5915	0.842	0.0874
20 - 24	59998	43281	45449	88730	13045	1.479	0.2174
25 - 29	58402	66478	68329	134807	11651	2.308	0.1995
30 - 34	46644	70914	72023	142937	7412	3.064	0.1589
35 - 39	38574	71148	70948	142096	4339	3.684	0.1125
40 - 44	26892	54951	54626	109577	1206	4.075	0.0448
45 - 49	19976	45973	45203	91176	144	4.564	0.0072
Total	318148	377240	389074	766314	43712		

Table A6.2 Number of Women ,Children Ever Born, Births in the Last 12 Months , Average Parities and ASFR by District of Residence, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census

(a) Chikombwa

Age of Women	Children Ever Born				Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
	Number of Women	Male	Female	Total			
15 – 19	6057	2029	3017	5046	394	0.833	0.0650
20 – 24	4392	2981	3286	6267	990	1.427	0.2254
25 – 29	4286	4626	4907	9533	824	2.224	0.1923
30 – 34	3730	5398	5618	11016	612	2.953	0.1641
35 – 39	3173	5670	5777	11447	363	3.608	0.1144
40 – 44	2430	4865	4910	9775	112	4.023	0.0461
45 – 49	1953	4310	4441	8751	12	4.481	0.0061
Total	26021	29879	31956	61835	3307		

(b) Goromonzi

Age of Women	Children Ever Born				Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
	Number of Women	Male	Female	Total			
15 – 19	11274	3703	4951	8654	1001	0.768	0.0888
20 – 24	11057	7775	8136	15911	2415	1.439	0.2184
25 – 29	10572	11872	12129	24001	2159	2.270	0.2042
30 – 34	8721	12942	12945	25887	1401	2.968	0.1606
35 – 39	6750	11910	11871	23781	776	3.523	0.1150
40 – 44	4552	8955	8682	17637	202	3.875	0.0444
45 – 49	3264	7045	7138	14183	21	4.345	0.0064
Total	56190	64202	65852	130054	7975		

(c) Hwedza

Age of Women	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	
		Male	Female	Total		ASFR	
15 – 19	3458	1182	1669	2851	264	0.824	0.0763
20 – 24	2634	1821	1949	3770	559	1.431	0.2122
25 – 29	2593	2952	2921	5873	502	2.265	0.1936
30 – 34	2192	3271	3330	6601	359	3.011	0.1638
35 – 39	1902	3520	3475	6995	220	3.678	0.1157
40 – 44	1478	2870	3017	5887	56	3.983	0.0379
45 – 49	1142	2738	2674	5412	8	4.739	0.0070
Total	15399	18354	19035	37389	1968		

(d) Marondera Rural

Age of Women	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	
		Male	Female	Total		ASFR	
15 – 19	5593	2008	2353	4361	550	0.780	0.0983
20 – 24	5012	3692	3802	7494	1130	1.495	0.2255
25 – 29	4940	5633	5922	11555	1005	2.339	0.2034
30 – 34	3961	6059	6116	12175	607	3.074	0.1532
35 – 39	3214	5779	5778	11557	324	3.596	0.1008
40 – 44	2262	4718	4574	9292	88	4.108	0.0389
45 – 49	1734	4028	3991	8019	6	4.625	0.0035
Total	26716	31917	32536	64453	3710		

(e) Mudzi

Age of Women	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	
		Male	Female	Total		ASFR	
15 – 19	6330	2849	3585	6434	672	1.016	0.1062
20 – 24	5455	4543	4699	9242	1296	1.694	0.2376
25 – 29	5263	6986	6861	13847	1153	2.631	0.2191
30 – 34	4078	7154	7195	14349	717	3.519	0.1758
35 – 39	3722	7960	7764	15724	455	4.225	0.1222
40 – 44	2425	5668	5591	11259	119	4.643	0.0491
45 – 49	1838	4805	4557	9362	25	5.094	0.0136
Total	29111	39965	40252	80217	4437		

(f) Murehwa

Age of Women	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
		Male	Female	Total			
15 – 19	10005	3785	5160	8945	960	0.894	0.0960
20 – 24	8153	6179	6506	12685	1830	1.556	0.2245
25 – 29	7934	9527	9679	19206	1589	2.421	0.2003
30 – 34	6739	10480	10936	21416	1030	3.178	0.1528
35 – 39	5568	10798	10559	21357	595	3.836	0.1069
40 – 44	4255	9060	9102	18162	192	4.268	0.0451
45 – 49	3382	8040	7855	15895	14	4.700	0.0041
Total	46036	57869	59797	117666	6210		

(g) Mutoko

Age of Women	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
		Male	Female	Total			
15 – 19	6883	2810	3579	6389	679	0.928	0.0986
20 – 24	6225	4884	5112	9996	1465	1.606	0.2353
25 – 29	6205	7329	7691	15020	1339	2.421	0.2158
30 – 34	4675	7642	7657	15299	778	3.273	0.1664
35 – 39	3883	7614	7628	15242	423	3.925	0.1089
40 – 44	2688	5707	5720	11427	129	4.251	0.0480
45 – 49	1895	4587	4403	8990	19	4.744	0.0100
Total	32454	40573	41790	82363	4832		

(h) Seke

Age of Women	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
		Male	Female	Total			
15 – 19	5058	1762	2258	4020	472	0.795	0.0933
20 – 24	4942	3691	3684	7375	1015	1.492	0.2054
25 – 29	4729	5401	5552	10953	909	2.316	0.1922
30 – 34	3647	5451	5426	10877	571	2.982	0.1566
35 – 39	2839	4938	5017	9955	334	3.507	0.1176
40 – 44	1899	3817	3718	7535	75	3.968	0.0395
45 – 49	1552	3444	3380	6824	9	4.397	0.0058
Total	24666	28504	29035	57539	3385		

(i) UMP

Age of Women	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
		Male	Female	Total			
15 – 19	5297	2282	2808	5090	614	0.961	0.1159
20 – 24	4534	3896	3968	7864	1130	1.734	0.2492
25 – 29	4475	5836	6076	11912	1018	2.662	0.2275
30 – 34	3286	5683	5890	11573	580	3.522	0.1765
35 – 39	3196	6819	6780	13599	440	4.255	0.1377
40 – 44	2038	4876	4876	9752	136	4.785	0.0667
45 – 49	1424	3713	3615	7328	24	5.146	0.0169
Total	24250	33105	34013	67118	3942		

(j) Marondera

Age of Women	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
		Male	Female	Total			
15 – 19	3984	1218	1929	3147	185	0.790	0.0464
20 – 24	3794	2049	2376	4425	670	1.166	0.1766
25 – 29	3723	3247	3417	6664	609	1.790	0.1636
30 – 34	2901	3477	3618	7095	373	2.446	0.1286
35 – 39	2232	3116	3259	6375	201	2.856	0.0901
40 – 44	1489	2270	2306	4576	50	3.073	0.0336
45 – 49	969	1765	1721	3486	5	3.598	0.0052
Total	19092	17142	18626	35768	2093		

(k) Ruwa Local Board

Age of Women	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
		Male	Female	Total			
15 – 19	3671	843	1170	2013	121	0.548	0.0330
20 – 24	3748	1741	1911	3652	534	0.974	0.1425
25 – 29	3620	3013	3115	6128	533	1.693	0.1472
30 – 34	2680	3317	3262	6579	380	2.455	0.1418
35 – 39	2071	2996	2996	5992	205	2.893	0.0990
40 – 44	1360	2117	2095	4212	46	3.097	0.0338
45 – 49	811	1473	1399	2872	1	3.541	0.0012
Total	17961	15500	15948	31448	1820		

Table A6. 3: Number of Women , Children Ever Born, Births in the Last 12 Months, Average Parities and ASFR by Urban /Rural Residence, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census**(a) Urban**

Age of Women	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
		Male	Female	Total			
15 – 19	13504	3610	5327	8937	680	0.662	0.0504
20 – 24	13510	7278	7985	15263	2286	1.130	0.1692
25 – 29	13492	12099	12626	24725	2162	1.833	0.1602
30 – 34	10488	13382	13403	26785	1434	2.554	0.1367
35 – 39	7845	11619	11906	23525	735	2.999	0.0937
40 – 44	5332	8498	8621	17119	169	3.211	0.0317
45 – 49	3514	6597	6375	12972	15	3.692	0.0043
Total	67685	63083	66243	129326	7481		

(b) Rural

Age of Women	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
		Male	Female	Total			
15 – 19	54158	20885	27169	48054	5235	0.887	0.0967
20 – 24	46488	36003	37464	73467	10759	1.580	0.2314
25 – 29	44910	54379	55703	110082	9489	2.451	0.2113
30 – 34	36156	57532	58620	116152	5978	3.213	0.1653
35 – 39	30729	59529	59042	118571	3604	3.859	0.1173
40 – 44	21560	46453	46005	92458	1037	4.288	0.0481
45 – 49	16462	39376	38828	78204	129	4.751	0.0078
Total	250463	314157	322831	636988	36231		

Table A6.4: Number of Women, Children Ever Born, Births in the Last 12 Months, Average Parities and ASFR by Level of Education of Mother, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census**(a) No Education**

Age of Women	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
		Male	Female	Total			
15 – 19	190	65	59	124	11	0.653	0.0579
20 – 24	119	101	126	227	22	1.908	0.1849
25 – 29	131	151	166	317	18	2.420	0.1374
30 – 34	133	197	213	410	14	3.083	0.1053
35 – 39	141	259	277	536	14	3.801	0.0993
40 – 44	149	345	339	684	6	4.591	0.0403
45 – 49	252	674	672	1346	2	5.341	0.0079
Total	1115	1792	1852	3644	87		

(b) Primary

Age of Women	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
		Male	Female	Total			
15 - 19	15848	6747	7997	14744	1986	0.930	0.1253
20 - 24	13432	12271	12684	24955	3276	1.858	0.2439
25 - 29	13839	19408	19791	39199	3026	2.833	0.2187
30 - 34	12089	21650	22088	43738	2087	3.618	0.1726
35 - 39	11198	23889	23648	47537	1316	4.245	0.1175
40 - 44	8706	20911	20354	41265	419	4.740	0.0481
45 - 49	9800	24549	24088	48637	74	4.963	0.0076
Total	84912	129425	130650	260075	12184		

(c) Secondary and Above

Age of Women	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
		Male	Female	Total			
15 - 19	50962	17387	24045	41432	3859	0.813	0.0757
20 - 24	45769	30440	32114	62554	9630	1.367	0.2104
25 - 29	43728	46089	47512	93601	8496	2.141	0.1943
30 - 34	33726	47966	48678	96644	5228	2.866	0.1550
35 - 39	26516	45615	45617	91232	2946	3.441	0.1111
40 - 44	16996	31386	31700	63086	753	3.712	0.0443
45 - 49	8031	15772	15628	31400	53	3.910	0.0066
Not Stated	225728	234655	245294	479949	30965		

(d) Not Known Education

Age of Women	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
		Male	Female	Total			
15 - 19	40	30	23	53	5	1.325	0.1250
20 - 24	65	36	69	105	13	1.615	0.2000
25 - 29	74	98	96	194	7	2.622	0.0946
30 - 34	59	86	89	175	12	2.966	0.2034
35 - 39	51	106	123	229	8	4.490	0.1569
40 - 44	69	139	140	279	3	4.043	0.0435
45 - 49	85	201	228	429	-	5.047	
Total	443	696	768	1464	48		

Table A6.5: Number of Women , Children Ever Born, Births in the Last 12 Months, Average Parities and ASFR by Marital Status, Mashonaland East Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census.

(a)Never Married

Age of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
	Number of Women	Male	Female			
15 – 19	47011	13987	22410	36397	315	0.774 0.0067
20 – 24	11598	3845	5749	9594	346	0.827 0.0298
25 – 29	4179	1813	2597	4410	197	1.055 0.0471
30 – 34	1812	1100	1349	2449	82	1.352 0.0453
35 – 39	1084	703	965	1668	32	1.539 0.0295
40 – 44	688	513	695	1208	13	1.756 0.0189
45 – 49	396	358	464	822	1	2.076 0.0025
Total	66768	22319	34229	56548	986	

(b) Married

Age of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
	Number of Women	Male	Female			
15 - 19	18063	9278	8419	17697	5153	0.980 0.2853
20 - 24	43545	35814	35254	71068	11858	1.632 0.2723
25 - 29	47903	58507	58736	117243	10753	2.448 0.2245
30 - 34	37968	61389	61489	122878	6867	3.236 0.1809
35 - 39	30028	59462	58258	117720	4015	3.920 0.1337
40 - 44	19266	42662	41586	84248	1091	4.373 0.0566
45 - 49	13358	33037	31922	64959	119	4.863 0.0089
Total	210131	300149	295664	595813	39856	

(c) Divorced/separated

Age of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
	Number of Women	Male	Female			
15 - 19	1302	787	994	1781	417	1.368 0.3203
20 - 24	4305	3166	3940	7106	768	1.651 0.1784
25 - 29	5161	4861	5558	10419	578	2.019 0.1120
30 - 34	4493	5088	5713	10801	328	2.404 0.0730
35 - 39	3628	4610	5241	9851	164	2.715 0.0452
40 - 44	2370	3296	3674	6970	46	2.941 0.0194
45 - 49	1525	2465	2648	5113	11	3.353 0.0072
Total	22784	24273	27768	52041	2312	2.284 0.1015

(d) Widowed

Age of Women	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Total Births	Average Parities	ASFR
		Male	Female	Total			
15 - 19	80	56	65	121	10	1.513	0.1250
20 - 24	336	329	362	691	49	2.057	0.1458
25 - 29	1053	1208	1337	2545	108	2.417	0.1026
30 - 34	2282	3238	3378	6616	123	2.899	0.0539
35 – 39	3788	6314	6419	12733	126	3.361	0.0333
40 – 44	4530	8443	8632	17075	56	3.769	0.0124
45 – 49	4666	10067	10128	20195	13	4.328	0.0028
Total	16735	29655	30321	59976	485		

**Table A7. 1: Number of Women, Children
Surviving, by Sex and Age of Mother by
District, Mashonaland East Province,
Zimbabwe 2012 Census**

(a) Chikomba

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	1990	2975	4965
20 – 24	2750	3111	5861
25 – 29	4275	4599	8874
30 – 34	4976	5262	10238
35 – 39	5186	5353	10539
40 – 44	4414	4540	8954
45 – 49	3927	4064	7991
Total	27518	29904	57422

(b) Goromonzi

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	3596	4848	8444
20 – 24	7136	7599	14735
25 – 29	10834	11245	22079
30 – 34	11787	11983	23770
35 – 39	10801	10965	21766
40 – 44	8062	7963	16025
45 – 49	6358	6473	12831
Total	58574	61076	119650

(c) Hwedza

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	1152	1649	2801
20 – 24	1691	1857	3548
25 – 29	2717	2758	5475
30 – 34	3006	3128	6134
35 – 39	3218	3245	6463
40 – 44	2598	2765	5363
45 – 49	2452	2410	4862
Total	16834	17812	34646

(d) Marondera Rural

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	1926	2298	4224
20 – 24	3441	3556	6997
25 – 29	5142	5490	10632
30 – 34	5531	5615	11146
35 – 39	5260	5308	10568
40 – 44	4277	4151	8428
45 – 49	3628	3592	7220
Total	29205	30010	59215

(e) Mudzi

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	2775	3527	6302
20 – 24	4171	4406	8577
25 – 29	6384	6283	12667
30 – 34	6405	6563	12968
35 – 39	7102	7008	14110
40 – 44	4996	5031	10027
45 – 49	4267	4060	8327
Total	36100	36878	72978

(f) Murehwa

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	3656	5034	8690
20 – 24	5539	5982	11521
25 – 29	8464	8783	17247
30 – 34	9371	9912	19283
35 – 39	9609	9545	19154
40 – 44	8024	8167	16191
45 – 49	7185	7005	14190
Total	51848	54428	106276

(g) Mutoko

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	2720	3497	6217
20 – 24	4426	4729	9155
25 – 29	6647	7091	13738
30 – 34	6899	7041	13940
35 – 39	6817	6987	13804
40 – 44	5129	5192	10321
45 – 49	4110	3989	8099
Total	36748	38526	75274

(h) Seke

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	1713	2217	3930
20 – 24	3412	3475	6887
25 – 29	4929	5164	10093
30 – 34	4957	5028	9985
35 – 39	4524	4634	9158
40 – 44	3450	3418	6868
45 – 49	3122	3075	6197
Total	26107	27011	53118

(i) UMP

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	2179	2751	4930
20 – 24	3565	3673	7238
25 – 29	5272	5551	10823
30 – 34	5071	5355	10426
35 – 39	6141	6167	12308
40 – 44	4280	4332	8612
45 – 49	3245	3172	6417
Total	29753	31001	60754

(j) Marondera

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	1185	1900	3085
20 – 24	1945	2289	4234
25 – 29	3033	3227	6260
30 – 34	3227	3429	6656
35 – 39	2895	3063	5958
40 – 44	2119	2169	4288
45 – 49	1637	1613	3250
Total	16041	17690	33731

(k) Ruwa Local Board

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	836	1163	1999
20 – 24	1623	1819	3442
25 – 29	2779	2966	5745
30 – 34	3114	3083	6197
35 – 39	2807	2854	5661
40 – 44	1980	1978	3958
45 – 49	1367	1324	2691
Total	14506	15187	29693

Total

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	23752	31876	55628
20 – 24	39728	42516	82244
25 – 29	60529	63215	123744
30 – 34	64383	66429	130812
35 – 39	64386	65171	129557
40 – 44	49355	49741	99096
45 – 49	41319	40805	82124
Total	343452	359753	703205

**Table A7. 2: Number of Women, Children
Surviving, by Education and Age of
Mother, By Sex, Mashonaland East
Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census**

(a) No Education

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	63	58	121
20 – 24	92	117	209
25 – 29	132	153	285
30 – 34	174	186	360
35 – 39	227	249	476
40 – 44	304	302	606
45 – 49	573	587	1160
Total	1565	1652	3217

(b) Primary

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	6421	7730	14151
20 – 24	10814	11418	22232
25 – 29	17101	17762	34863
30 – 34	19076	19786	38862
35 – 39	21110	21177	42287
40 – 44	18350	18123	36473
45 – 49	21894	21462	43356
Total	114766	117458	232224

(c) Secondary Above

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	16982	23703	40685
20 – 24	28395	30508	58903
25 – 29	42573	44532	87105
30 – 34	44141	45512	89653
35 – 39	41816	42490	84306
40 – 44	28703	29335	58038
45 – 49	14557	14552	29109
Total	217167	230632	447799

(e)Not Known

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	30	23	53
20 – 24	34	59	93
25 – 29	76	71	147
30 – 34	84	86	170
35 – 39	91	110	201
40 – 44	126	130	256
45 – 49	179	203	382
Total	620	682	1302

(f)Total Education

Age of Women	Children Surviving		
	Male	Female	Total
15 – 19	23496	31514	55010
20 – 24	39335	42102	81437
25 – 29	59882	62518	122400
30 – 34	63475	65570	129045
35 – 39	63244	64027	127271
40 – 44	47483	47890	95373
45 – 49	37221	36817	74038
Total	334136	350438	684574

**Table 7.3: Number of Orphans by Type
of Orphanhood Mashonaland East
Province, Zimbabwe 2012 Census**

Type of Orphan	Number
Father Dead Mother Alive	349262
Father Alive Mother Dead	131289
Both Parents Dead	171152
Total	651703



REPUBLIC OF ZIMBABWE

Population Census 2012

IF A CONTINUATION QUESTIONNAIRE FOR THIS HOUSEHOLD MARK HERE

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10 YEARS AND ABOVE		B - FOR ALL PERSONS										C - EDUCATION - For persons age...									
8. Where was (name) living (last census year) in August 2002?		9. What is (name)s ethnic origin?		10. What is (name)s citizenship?		For persons age 15 years and above		For persons age 17 years and below		For all persons		... 3 years and older									
Person Number		Enter district or country code										Enter country code ("000" for Zimbabwe)									
E-4		E-5	E-6	E-7	E-8	E-9	E-10	E-11	E-12	E-13	E-14	E-15	E-16	E-17	E-18	E-19	E-20	E-21	E-22	E-23	E-24
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F – LIVING CONDITIONS	
28. What is the tenure status of the household?	WATER FOR DRINKING AND COOKING
Owner/Purchaser	31a. Main water source
Tenant	Piped water inside house
Lodger	Piped water outside house
Tied accommodation	Communal tap
Other	Well/borehole protected
	Well - unprotected
	River/Stream/Dam
	Other (specify below)
29. Type of dwelling unit	
Traditional	Flush
Mixed	Blair
Detached	Pit
Semi-detached	Communal
Flat/Townhouse	None
Shack	
Other	
30. Does dwelling unit have electricity?	
Yes	Wood
No	Paraffin
	Electricity
	Gas
	Coal
	Other (specify below)

H – TOTAL NUMBER OF PERSONS IN THE HOUSEHOLD	
MALES	0 [] 1 [] 2 [] 3 [] 4 [] 5 [] 6 [] 7 [] 8 [] 9 []
FEMALES	0 [] 1 [] 2 [] 3 [] 4 [] 5 [] 6 [] 7 [] 8 [] 9 []
TOTAL	0 [] 1 [] 2 [] 3 [] 4 [] 5 [] 6 [] 7 [] 8 [] 9 []
Physical Address of the Household	
IF THE HOUSEHOLD CONTINUES ON THE NEXT QUESTIONNAIRE, MARK THIS BOX	

G – DEATHS IN THE HOUSEHOLD		
34. Did any deaths occur in the household in the last twelve months?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> (If Yes, go to Question 35)	
35. Was the deceased male or female?	36. How old was the deceased?	
Death number	ONLY FOR WOMEN AGE 15-49	
	37. Did she die while pregnant, giving birth or within about one month after giving birth?	
	Age in completed years	
[]	Male [] 1 []	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 1 No <input type="checkbox"/> 2
[]	Female [] 2 []	
[]	Male [] 1 []	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 3 [] No <input type="checkbox"/> 4 []
[]	Female [] 2 []	
[]	Male [] 1 []	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 5 [] No <input type="checkbox"/> 6 []
[]	Female [] 2 []	
[]	Male [] 1 []	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 7 [] No <input type="checkbox"/> 8 []
[]	Female [] 2 []	
[]	Male [] 1 []	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> 9 [] No <input type="checkbox"/> 10 []
[]	Female [] 2 []	

GENERAL COMMENTS		

ENUMERATOR	E.A. SUPERVISOR	DISTRICT SUPERVISOR
Name	Name	Name
Date	Date	Date
Signature	Signature	Signature

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