Citations in R Notebooks

What we want to accomplish:

The ideas of Gentleman and Temple Lang (2003), which were implemented by Gentleman (2005) when parts of Golub et al. (1999) was reproduced as a *compendium* (Gentleman and Temple Lang, 2003), i.e. reproducible research. The RStudio Team (2020) implementation of R Notebookis a modern implementation of the same basic ideas. R Notebooks achieves this by using the R Core Team (2020) packages knitr(Xie, 2014) and rmarkdown (Allaire et al., 2020). The process is documented in Xie (2015), Xie (2020), Xie et al. (2018) and Wickham and Grolemund (2016). R Notebooks support mathematical typesetting via \$IATEX\$, see (Lamport, 1986) and also (Knuth, 1986), and can be converted to different output formats with the help of Pandoc (Pandoc - Pandoc User's Guide, n.d.).

Futher tips might be found in Tierney (n.d.).

References

Allaire, J., Xie, Y., McPherson, J., Luraschi, J., Ushey, K., Atkins, A., Wickham, H., Cheng, J., Chang, W., and Iannone, R. (2020). *Rmarkdown: Dynamic documents for r.* https://github.com/rstudio/rmarkdown

Gentleman, R. (2005). Reproducible Research: A Bioinformatics Case Study. Statistical Applications in Genetics and Molecular Biology, 4(1). https://doi.org/10.2202/1544-6115.1034

Gentleman, R., and Temple Lang, D. (2003). Statistical Analyses and Reproducible Research. *Journal of Computational and Graphical Statistics*, 16(1), 1–23. https://doi.org/10.1198/106186007X178663

Golub, T. R., Slonim, D. K., Tamayo, P., Huard, C., Gaasenbeek, M., Mesirov, J. P., Coller, H., Loh, M., Downing, J. R., Caligiuri, M., Bloomfield, C., and Lander, E. (1999). Molecular classification of cancer: Class discovery and class prediction by gene monitoring. *Science (New York, N.Y.)*, 286, 531–537.

Knuth, D. E. (1986). *The TeXbook*. Addison-Wesley. https://books.google.no/books?id=zqgQAQAAMAAJ Lamport, L. (1986). *LATEX: A document preparation system* (pp. XIV, 242). Addison-Wesley.

Pandoc - Pandoc User's Guide. (n.d.). Retrieved March 10, 2020, from https://pandoc.org/MANUAL.html

R Core Team. (2020). R: A language and environment for statistical computing. R Foundation for Statistical Computing. https://www.R-project.org/

RStudio Team. (2020). RStudio: Integrated development environment for r. RStudio, PBC. http://www.rstudio.com/

Tierney, N. (n.d.). RMarkdown for Scientists. Retrieved August 23, 2020, from https://rmd4sci.njtierney.com/

Wickham, H., and Grolemund, G. (2016). R for data science: Import, tidy, transform, visualize, and model data (pp. XXV, 492). O'Reilly.

Xie, Y. (2014). Knitr: A comprehensive tool for reproducible research in R. In V. Stodden, F. Leisch, and R. D. Peng (Eds.), *Implementing reproducible computational research*. Chapman and Hall/CRC. http://www.crcpress.com/product/isbn/9781466561595

Xie, Y. (2015). Dynamic documents with R and knitr (2nd ed.). Chapman and Hall/CRC. https://yihui.org/knitr/

Xie, Y. (2020). Knitr: A general-purpose package for dynamic report generation in r. https://yihui.org/knitr/

Xie, Y., Allaire, J. J., and Grolemund, G. (2018). R markdown: The definitive guide. Chapman and Hall/CRC. https://bookdown.org/yihui/rmarkdown