

NeXus Hands on Workshop

For online API documentation visit <http://download.nexusformat.org/>

Example 1

Sample solutions: example1.cpp, example1.python, example1.java

Generate a simple nexus program to:

- Open a new HDF5 file called **test1.nxs**
- Create a group called **entry 1** of class NXentry
- Inside **entry1** create a data element called **counts** – this is a one dimensional integer array
- Also Inside **entry1** create a data element called **time** – this is a one dimensional float array of the same length as **counts**
- Add a attribute called **attr1** to **time** of value 1.0
- Close the file

Compile the program (or the sample solution) with:

```
g++ -o example1 example1.cxx `nexus-config --cflags --libs` # C++
javac -cp /path/to/jnexus.jar example1.java # JAVA
```

And then run

```
./example1 # C++
java -cp ./path/to/jnexus.jar example1 # JAVA
python example1.py # PYTHON
```

To create **test1.nxs**

Using NXbrowse

To view the file with the **nxbrowse** utility type:

```
nxbrowse test1.nxs
```

Type **help** to see a list of commands and then enter

```
NX> dir
NX> cd entry1
NX> dir
NX> read counts
NX> dump counts test1.txt
NX> exit
```

You should now have a “test1.txt” file with counts data

Using NXconvert

Now use the nxconvert utility to turn the NeXus HDF5 representation into its XML equivalent

```
nxconvert -x test1.nxs test1.xml
```

and examine **test1.xml** with an editor

Using NXdir

The contents can also be output using **nxdir**

```
nxdir -o -p /entry1/counts test1.nxs # you can also use test1.xml instead of test1.xml
```

Using NXsummary

First generate a basic configuration file using

```
nxsummary --writeconfig nxsummary.conf
```

Edit **nxsummary.conf** and change the path `/entry/monitor/data` for label "TOTAL MONITOR" to **/entry1/time** and then run

```
nxsummary --config nxsummary.conf test1.nxs
```

`nxsummary --help` lists other options you can try

Using NXdiff

Rename `test1.nxs` to `test1_old.nxs`, change the code to alter the data in either the counts or time array, create a new `test1.nxs` and try

```
nxdiff test1_old.nxs test1.nxs
```

Using NXtranslate

Run

```
nxtranslate --hdf5 example1.nxt
```

This will extract portions of `test1.nxs` into a new file **example1.nxs** based on rules in `example1.nxt`

Using NXextract

Run

```
nxextract -t example1.nxe test1.nxs
```

This will create **example1.txt** based on rules in **example1.nxe**