# BOX S-1

# THE THREE DIMENSIONS OF THE FRAMEWORK

# 1 Scientific and Engineering Practices

- 1. Asking questions (for science) and defining problems (for engineering)
- 2. Developing and using models
- 3. Planning and carrying out investigations
- 4. Analyzing and interpreting data
- 5. Using mathematics and computational thinking
- 6. Constructing explanations (for science) and designing solutions (for engineering)
- 7. Engaging in argument from evidence
- 8. Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information

#### 2 Crosscutting Concepts

- 1. Patterns
- 2. Cause and effect: Mechanism and explanation
- 3. Scale, proportion, and quantity
- 4. Systems and system models
- 5. Energy and matter: Flows, cycles, and conservation
- 6. Structure and function
- 7. Stability and change

# 3 Disciplinary Core Ideas

#### Physical Sciences

- PS1: Matter and its interactions
- PS2: Motion and stability: Forces and interactions
- PS3: Energy
- PS4: Waves and their applications in technologies for information transfer

#### Life Sciences

- LS1: From molecules to organisms: Structures and processes
- LS2: Ecosystems: Interactions, energy, and dynamics
- LS3: Heredity: Inheritance and variation of traits
- LS4: Biological evolution: Unity and diversity

### Earth and Space Sciences

- ESS1: Earth's place in the universe
- ESS2: Earth's systems
- ESS3: Earth and human activity

#### Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Science

- ETS1: Engineering design
- ETS2: Links among engineering, technology, science, and society

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