Linear Kinematics

$$v_f = v_i + at$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{1}{2}(v_i + v_f)t$$

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta x$$

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta x \qquad \Delta x = v_i t + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

Rotational Kinematics

$$\omega = \omega_i + \alpha t$$

$$\theta = \frac{1}{2}(\omega_f - \omega_i)t$$

$$\omega^2 = \omega_i^2 + 2\alpha\theta$$

$$\omega^2 = \omega_i^2 + 2\alpha\theta \qquad \theta = \omega_i t + \frac{1}{2}\alpha t^2$$

Projectile Motion

$$v_x = v\cos\theta$$

$$\text{max height } h = \frac{v_y^2}{2g}$$

$$v_y = v \sin \theta$$

$$\max \text{ range } r = \frac{v_x^2 \sin(2\theta)}{g}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{v_y}{v_x}$$

distance
$$d = \frac{1}{2}a_x t^2$$

$$t = \frac{2v_y}{g}$$

Force

Newton's Second Law
$$\sum F = ma$$

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$$F_{spring} = -kx$$

$$F_{normal} = mgcos\theta$$

$$F_{friction} = \mu_k F_N$$

$$F_{centripetal} = \frac{mv^2}{r} = m\omega^2$$

Momentum

$$p_i = p_f$$

$$L_i = L_f$$

$$p = mv$$

$$L = I\omega$$

$$L = r \times p = mv \sin \theta$$

Potential Energy

$$U_{aravitu} = mgh$$

$$U_{gravity} = mgh$$
 $U_{spring} = \frac{1}{2}kx^2$

Kinetic Energy

$$K = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$K_{rotational} = \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2$$

$$K_{rolling} = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 + \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2$$

Circular Motion

$$F = m\frac{v^2}{r} = m\omega^2 r$$
 $f = \frac{rev}{sec}$

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$$\omega = 2\pi f = \frac{v}{r} \qquad \qquad 1\frac{rev}{sec} = 2\pi \frac{rad}{sec}$$

$$1\frac{rev}{sec} = 2\pi \frac{rac}{sec}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{v^2}{r} = \frac{a}{r}$$

Work and Power

$$E_i = PE_i + KE_i$$

$$E_i = PE_i + KE_i$$
 $E_f = PE_f + KE_f$

$$W = \Delta E = E_f - E_i$$
 $W = FDcos\theta$

$$W = FDcos\theta$$

$$W_{rotational} = \tau \theta$$
 $P = \frac{W}{t}$

$$P = \frac{W}{t}$$

Impulse

$$I = \Delta p$$

$$I = \Delta L$$

$$F\Delta t = m\Delta v$$

$$\tau \Delta t = m \Delta \omega$$