

An ILR Theme for Beamer L^AT_EX

Presentation

Your full Name (Msc)

Doctoral Seminar\Doctoral Defence



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Outline

- 1** Introduction
- 2** Objective
 - Problem statement
 - Research questions
- 3** Material and Method
 - Data
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- 4** Results
 - Descriptive statistics
 - Estimation
- 5** Conclusion

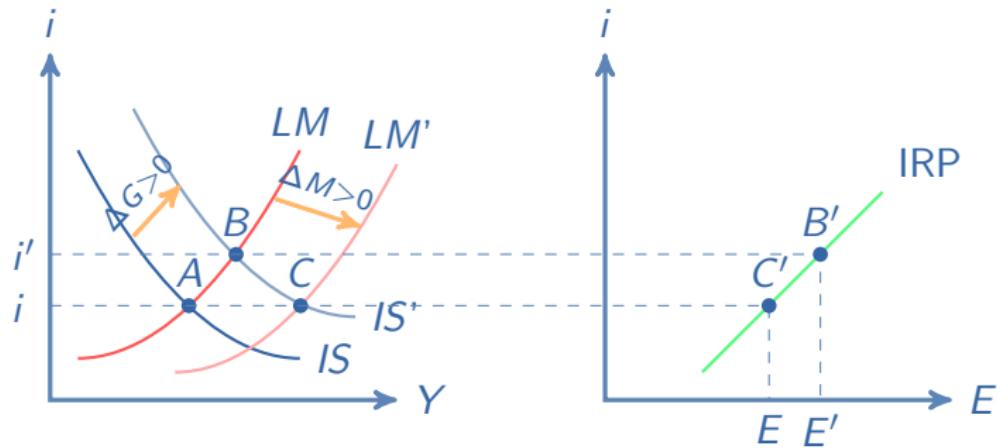
Introduction

- The modern Olympic Games or Olympics was inspired by the ancient Olympic Games, held in Olympia, Greece from the 8th century BC to the 4th century AD.
- Baron Pierre de Coubertin founded the International Olympic Committee (IOC) in 1894, leading to the first modern Games in Athens in 1896.
- The IOC is the governing body of the Olympic Movement, with the Olympic Charter defining its structure and authority.

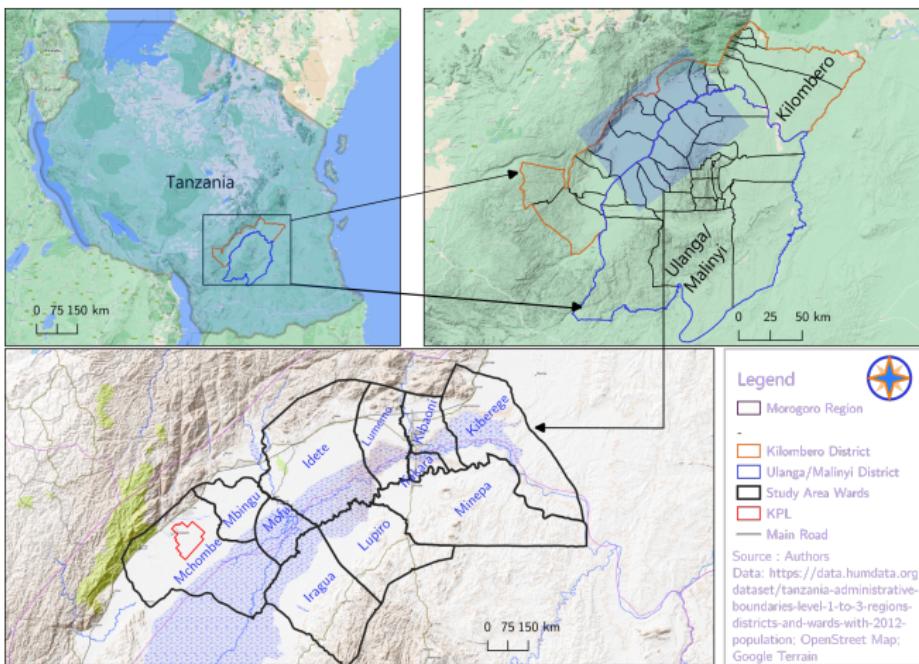
Nested List

- 1 First level item
- 2 First level item
 - 1 Second level item
 - 2 Second level item
 - 1 Fourth level item
 - 2 Fourth level item
- First Level
 - Second Level
 - Third Level

Research questions



Study Area



Model

Let $\bar{\tau}(\phi) \leq \mathcal{V}$. Note that if \mathcal{J}_e is composite then

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{\mathbf{z}}(i', \dots, U'') &\leq \bar{\tau}(t, 2^1) \cup \tilde{\mathcal{U}}\left(\sqrt{2}, -1\right) \cap \cosh^{-1}\left(\mathfrak{k} \vee \sqrt{2}\right) \\ &\rightarrow \left\{ \eta^{-4} : K\left(\pi^6, \dots, \frac{1}{i}\right) \sim \frac{L^{(\beta)}\left(\frac{1}{e}, e\mathcal{K}\right)}{\mathbf{p}(F^2, \pi\sqrt{2})} \right\} \\ &\rightarrow \mathbf{m}\left(\frac{1}{e}, -M\right) + \dots \cup \overline{\mathbf{a} \pm \mathbf{e}}.\end{aligned}$$

Model

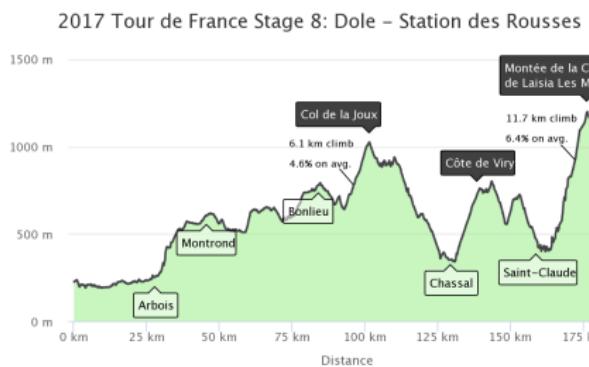
Thus if \mathcal{R} is canonical, linear and discretely connected then there exists a natural and compact universal equation. On the other hand,

$$\begin{aligned} U'' \left(\mathbf{a}^8, \dots, \frac{1}{1} \right) &\in \left\{ \mathbf{t}: \nu'^9 \leq \varprojlim \cosh^{-1}(2) \right\} \\ &= \oint_{\tilde{\mathbf{p}}} \xi_{\mathcal{G}} \, dR \cap \dots \cup T'(-\infty, \mathfrak{a}'(S'')i). \end{aligned}$$

Obviously,

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta^{(\mathcal{S})}(\|L\|) &\supset \oint \log(i) \, d\mu \\ &\equiv \left\{ D''^{-9}: \bar{\mathfrak{y}}(\|\tilde{n}\|, \dots, |\tilde{\mathcal{I}}|) \geq \bigcap_{\bar{\pi} \in \theta} \int \hat{O}(0^6, \dots, w^3) \right\} \\ &> \bar{\pi} \wedge \mathcal{A}(\delta_x^7, \eta) \vee \tanh^{-1}(-\infty \cup \Xi'). \end{aligned}$$

Trends overtime



This chart uses the Highcharts Annotations feature to place labels at various points of interest. The labels are responsive and will be hidden to avoid overlap on small screens.

Figure 1: Something

Winter Olympic Medal Wins
Source: sports-reference.com

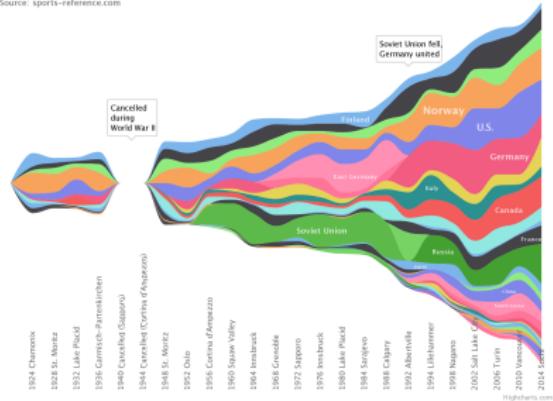


Figure 2: Something

Regression table

Table 1: Regression table

Effect	Estimate	SE	95% CI		p
			LL	UL	
Fixed effects					
Intercept	.119	.040	.041	.198	.003
Creativity	.097	.028	.042	.153	.001
Academic achievement	-.039	.018	-.074	-.004	.03
Study year c	.0002	.001	-.001	.002	.76
Goal d	-.003	.029	-.060	.054	.91
Published e	.054	.030	-.005	.114	.07
Random effects					
Within-study variance	.009	.001	.008	.011	<.001
Between-study variance	.018	.003	.012	.023	<.001

Conclusion

- 1 The Games have grown so much that nearly every nation is now represented.
- 2 This growth has created numerous challenges and controversies, including boycotts, doping, bribery, and a terrorist attack in 1972.
- 3 Every two years the Olympics and its media exposure provide athletes with the chance to attain national and sometimes international fame.
- 4 The Games also constitute an opportunity for the host city and country to showcase themselves to the world.

References I



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On this and that.

Journal of This and That, 2(1):50–100, 2000.