

Prob1 :

Q1

1. Use Random Function `(( RANDOM ))` to get Single Digit

Ans 1:

```
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob1
$ cat rando.sh
#!/bin/bash -x

randomCheck=$((RANDOM%10))
echo $randomCheck
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob1
$ bash rando.sh
0

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob1
$ bash rando.sh
6

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob1
$ bash rando.sh
0

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob1
$ bash rando.sh
8
```

Q2

2. Use Random to get Dice Number between 1 to 6

Ans2

```
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob1
$ cat dice.sh
#!/bin/bash -x

randomCheck=$((RANDOM%6))
echo $randomCheck
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob1
$ bash dice.sh
3

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob1
$ bash dice.sh
5

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob1
$ bash dice.sh
3

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob1
$ bash dice.sh
1
```

Q3

3. Add two Random Dice Number and Print the Result

Ans

```
#!/bin/bash -x
dice1=$((RANDOM%6))
dice2=$((RANDOM%6))
sum=$((dice1+dice2))
echo $sum
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinc1ub/day5/prob1
$ bash res.sh
6
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinc1ub/day5/prob1
$ bash res.sh
2
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinc1ub/day5/prob1
$ bash res.sh
4
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinc1ub/day5/prob1
$ bash res.sh
5
```

Q4

4. Write a program that reads 5 Random 2 Digit values , then find their sum and the average

Ans

```
$ cat sumavg.sh
#!/bin/bash -x
one=$((RANDOM%99))
two=$((RANDOM%99))
three=$((RANDOM%99))
four=$((RANDOM%99))
five=$((RANDOM%99))
sum=$((one+two+three+four+five))
avg=$((sum/5))
echo "The sum of two number is: " $sum
echo "The avg of two number is: " $avg
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinc1ub/day5/prob1
$ bash sumavg.sh
The sum of two number is: 292
The avg of two number is: 58
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinc1ub/day5/prob1
$ bash sumavg.sh
The sum of two number is: 229
The avg of two number is: 45
```

Q5

5. Unit Conversion
  - a. 1ft = 12 in then 42 in = ? ft
  - b. Rectangular Plot of 60 feet x 40 feet in meters
  - c. Calculate area of 25 such plots in acres

Ans

```
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinc1ub/day5/prob1
$ cat ftinc.sh
#!/bin/bash -x
a=42
c=$((a/12))
echo $c
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinc1ub/day5/prob1
$ bash ftinc.sh
3
```

## Prob 2

### Part 1

#### Q3

3. Write a program that takes a year as input and outputs the Year is a Leap Year or not a Leap Year. A Leap Year checks for 4 Digit Number, Divisible by 4 and not 100 unless divisible by 400.

#### Ans

```
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob1
$ cat ife13.sh
#!/bin/bash -x
# echo "Enter the year (YYYY)"
read -p "Enter year" year
if [ $((year % 4)) -eq 0 ]
then
    if [ $((year % 100)) -eq 0 ]
    then
        if [ $((year % 400)) -eq 0 ]
        then
            echo "its a leap year"
        else
            echo "its not a leap year"
        fi
    else
        echo "Its a leap year"
    fi
else
    echo "its not a leap year"
fi
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob1
$ bash ife13.sh
Enter year2024
Its a leap year
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob1
$ bash ife13.sh
Enter year2021
Its not a leap year
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob1
$ bash ife13.sh
Enter year2028
Its a leap year
```

#### Q4

4. Write a program to simulate a coin flip and print out "Heads" or "Tails" accordingly.

#### Ans

```
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob1
$ cat ife14.sh
#!/bin/bash
FLIP=$((($RANDOM%2)%2))
if [ $FLIP -eq 1 ];then
    echo "heads"
else
    echo "tails"
fi
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob1
$ bash ife14.sh
heads
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob1
$ bash ife14.sh
tails
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob1
$ bash ife14.sh
tails
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob1
$ bash ife14.sh
heads
```

## Part 2

### Q1

1. Read a single digit number and write the number in word

Ans

```
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codingclub/day5/prob2/prob2
$ cat ikell1.sh
#!/bin/bash

read -p "Enter a number between 1 and 10 " character
if [ "$character" = "1" ]; then
    echo "You entered one."
elif [ "$character" = "2" ]; then
    echo "You entered two."
elif [ "$character" = "3" ]; then
    echo "You entered three."
elif [ "$character" = "4" ]; then
    echo "You entered four."
elif [ "$character" = "5" ]; then
    echo "You entered five."
elif [ "$character" = "6" ]; then
    echo "You entered six."
elif [ "$character" = "7" ]; then
    echo "You entered seven."
elif [ "$character" = "8" ]; then
    echo "You entered eight."
elif [ "$character" = "9" ]; then
    echo "You entered nine."
else
    echo "You did not enter a number between 1 and 10."
fi

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codingclub/day5/prob2/prob2
$ bash ikell1.sh
Enter a number between 1 and 10 4
You entered four.

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codingclub/day5/prob2/prob2
$ bash ikell1.sh
Enter a number between 1 and 10 8
You entered eight.

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codingclub/day5/prob2/prob2
$ bash ikell1.sh
Enter a number between 1 and 10 5
You entered five.

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codingclub/day5/prob2/prob2
$ bash ikell1.sh
Enter a number between 1 and 10 9
You entered nine.
```

### Q2

1. Read a single digit number and write the number in word
2. Read a Number and Display the week day (Sunday, Monday,...)
3. Read a Number 1, 10, 100, 1000, etc and display unit, ten, hun

Ans

```
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codingclub/day5/prob2/prob2
$ cat ikel2.sh
#!/bin/bash

read -p "Enter a week day between 1 and 7 " character
if [ "$character" = "1" ]; then
    echo "Today is monday."
elif [ "$character" = "2" ]; then
    echo "Today is tuesday."
elif [ "$character" = "3" ]; then
    echo "Today is wednesday."
elif [ "$character" = "4" ]; then
    echo "Today is thursday."
elif [ "$character" = "5" ]; then
    echo "Today is friday."
elif [ "$character" = "6" ]; then
    echo "Today is saturday."
elif [ "$character" = "7" ]; then
    echo "Today is sunday."
else
    echo "You did not enter a day between 1 and 7."
fi

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codingclub/day5/prob2/prob2
$ bash ikel2.sh
Enter a week day between 1 and 7 3
Today is wednesday.

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codingclub/day5/prob2/prob2
$ bash ikel2.sh
Enter a week day between 1 and 7 7
Today is sunday.

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codingclub/day5/prob2/prob2
$ bash ikel2.sh
Enter a week day between 1 and 7 4
Today is thursday.

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codingclub/day5/prob2/prob2
$ bash ikel2.sh
Enter a week day between 1 and 7 8
You did not enter a day between 1 and 7.
```

## Q3

2. Read a Number and Display the week day (Sunday, Monday,...)
3. Read a Number 1, 10, 100, 1000, etc and display unit, ten, hundred,...
4. Enter 3 Numbers do following arithmetic operation and find the one !

## Ans

```
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47:~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2$ cat ikell.sh
#!/bin/bash
read -p "Enter a number (1 to 1,000,000) " character
case $character in
    1) echo "You entered one."
    ;;
    2) echo "You entered two."
    ;;
    3) echo "You entered three."
    ;;
    4) echo "You entered four."
    ;;
    5) echo "You entered five."
    ;;
    6) echo "You entered six."
    ;;
    7) echo "You entered seven."
    ;;
    8) echo "You entered eight."
    ;;
    9) echo "You entered nine."
    ;;
    *) echo "You did not enter a number (1 to 1,000,000)."
esac
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47:~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2$ bash ikell.sh
Enter a number (1 to 1,000,000) 4
You entered four.
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47:~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2$ bash ikell.sh
Enter a number (1 to 1,000,000) 8
You entered eight.
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47:~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2$ bash ikell.sh
Enter a number (1 to 1,000,000) 5
You entered five.
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47:~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2$ bash ikell.sh
Enter a number (1 to 1,000,000) 11
You did not enter a number (1 to 1,000,000).
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47:~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2$
```

## Part 3

## Q1

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Employ

1. Read a single digit number and write the number in word using Case

## Ans

```
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47:~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob3$ cat ikell.sh
#!/bin/bash
read -p "Enter a number between 1 and 10 " character
case $character in
    1) echo "You entered one."
    ;;
    2) echo "You entered two."
    ;;
    3) echo "You entered three."
    ;;
    4) echo "You entered four."
    ;;
    5) echo "You entered five."
    ;;
    6) echo "You entered six."
    ;;
    7) echo "You entered seven."
    ;;
    8) echo "You entered eight."
    ;;
    9) echo "You entered nine."
    ;;
    *) echo "You did not enter a number between 1 and 10."
esac
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47:~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob3$ bash ikell.sh
Enter a number between 1 and 10 4
You entered four.
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47:~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob3$ bash ikell.sh
Enter a number between 1 and 10 8
You entered eight.
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47:~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob3$ bash ikell.sh
Enter a number between 1 and 10 5
You entered five.
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47:~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob3$ bash ikell.sh
Enter a number between 1 and 10 11
You did not enter a number between 1 and 10.
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47:~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob3$
```

## Q2

1. Read a single digit number and write the number in word using
2. Read a Number and Display the week day (Sunday, Monday,...)
3. Read a Number 1, 10, 100, 1000, etc and display unit, ten, hundred,...

Ans

```
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day3/prob2/prob3
$ cat ikel2.sh
#!/bin/bash

read -p "Enter a number between 1 and 7 " character
case $character in
    1) echo "You entered number one and day is Monday."
    ;;
    2) echo "You entered number two and day is Tuesday."
    ;;
    3) echo "You entered number three and day is wednesday."
    ;;
    4) echo "You entered number four and day is Thursday."
    ;;
    5) echo "You entered number Five and day is Friday."
    ;;
    6) echo "You entered number six and day is Saturday."
    ;;
    7) echo "You entered number seven and day is Sunday."
    ;;
    *) echo "You did not enter a number between 1 to 7."
    ;;
esac
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day3/prob2/prob3
$ bash ikel2.sh
Enter a number between 1 and 7 2
You entered number two and day is Tuesday.
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day3/prob2/prob3
$ bash ikel2.sh
Enter a number between 1 and 7 5
You entered number Five and day is Friday.
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day3/prob2/prob3
$ bash ikel2.sh
Enter a number between 1 and 7 7
You entered number seven and day is Sunday.
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day3/prob2/prob3
$ bash ikel2.sh
Enter a number between 1 and 7 8
You did not enter a number between 1 to 7.
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day3/prob2/prob3
$
```

## Q3

2. Read a number and display the week day (Sunday, Monday,...)
3. Read a Number 1, 10, 100, 1000, etc and display unit, ten, hundred,...
4. Write a program that takes User Inputs and does Unit Conversion of

Ans

```
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob3
$ cat ikel3.sh
#!/bin/bash

read -p "Enter a number like 1,10,100,1000 " character
case $character in
    1) echo "You entered number one and it is ones."
    ;;
    10) echo "You entered number ten and it is tens."
    ;;
    100) echo "You entered number hundred and it is hundreds."
    ;;
    1000) echo "You entered number thousand and it is thousands."
    ;;
    *) echo "You did not enter a number between 1 to 7."
    ;;
esac
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob3
$ bash ikel3.sh
Enter a number like 1,10,100,1000 1
You entered number one and it is ones.
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob3
$ bash ikel3.sh
Enter a number like 1,10,100,1000 10
You entered number ten and it is tens.
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob3
$ bash ikel3.sh
Enter a number like 1,10,100,1000 100
You entered number hundred and it is hundreds.
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob3
$ bash ikel3.sh
Enter a number like 1,10,100,1000 1000
You entered number thousand and it is thousands.
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob3
$ bash ikel3.sh
Enter a number like 1,10,100,1000 100000
You did not enter a number between 1 to 7.
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclub/day5/prob2/prob3
$
```

Q4

4. Write a program that takes User Inputs and does Unit Conversion of different Length units
- |                  |                  |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. Feet to Inch  | 3. Inch to Feet  |
| 2. Feet to Meter | 4. Meter to Feet |

Ans

```
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclubb/day5/prob2/prob3
$ cat ikel4.sh
#!/bin/bash

read -p "Enter a number" a
read -p "Enter a number between 1 to 4 " character
case $character in
    1 )
        b=$((a*12))
        echo "the unit conversion of Feet to inch is " $b
        ;;
    2 )
        b=$((a/12))
        echo "the unit conversion of inch to feet is " $b
        ;;
    3)
        b=`awk " BEGIN { print $a*0.3048 } "`
        echo "the unit conversion of feet to meter is " $b
        ;;
    4)
        b=`awk " BEGIN { print $a/0.3048 } "`
        echo "the unit conversion of meter to feet is " $b
        ;;
    * ) echo "You did not enter a number between 1 to 7."
esac
pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclubb/day5/prob2/prob3
$ bash ikel4.sh
Enter a number2
Enter a number between 1 to 4 1
the unit conversion of Feet to inch is 24

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclubb/day5/prob2/prob3
$ bash ikel4.sh
Enter a number2
Enter a number between 1 to 4 3
the unit conversion of feet to meter is 0.6096

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclubb/day5/prob2/prob3
$ bash ikel4.sh
Enter a number2
Enter a number between 1 to 4 4
the unit conversion of meter to feet is 6.56168

pc@DESKTOP-P9EAK47 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/codinclubb/day5/prob2/prob3
$ |
```