

Chapter 6

SYMBOLIC INSTRUCTIONS AND ADDRESSING

Objective: To provide the basics of the assembly language instruction set and the requirements for addressing data.

INTRODUCTION

This chapter introduces the categories of the processor's instruction set. The instructions formally covered in this chapter are MOV, MOVSX, MOVZX, XCHG, LEA, INC, DEC, ADD, SUB, and INT, as well as the use of constants in instruction operands as immediate values. Finally, the chapter describes the basic instruction formats that are used throughout the rest of the book, and then explains address alignment and the use of the override prefix.

THE SYMBOLIC INSTRUCTION SET—AN OVERVIEW

The following is a list of the symbolic instructions for the Intel processor family, arranged in alphabetical order. Although the list seems formidable, many of the instructions are rarely needed.

ARITHMETIC

ADC: Add with Carry
ADD: Add Binary Numbers
DEC: Decrement by 1
DIV: Unsigned Divide
IDIV: Signed (Integer) Divide
IMUL: Signed (Integer) Multiply

INC: Increment by 1
MUL: Unsigned Multiply
NEG: Negate
SBB: Subtract with Borrow
SUB: Subtract Binary Values
XADD: Exchange and Add

ASCII-BCD CONVERSION

AAA: ASCII Adjust After Addition
 AAD: ASCII Adjust Before Division
 AAM: ASCII Adjust After Multiplication

AAS: ASCII Adjust After Subtraction
 DAA: Decimal Adjust After Addition
 DAS: Decimal Adjust After Subtraction

BIT SHIFTING

RCL: Rotate Left Through Carry
 RCR: Rotate Right Through Carry
 ROL: Rotate Left
 ROR: Rotate Right
 SAL: Shift Algebraic Left

SAR: Shift Algebraic Right
 SHL: Shift Logical Left
 SHR: Shift Logical Right
 SHLD: Shift Left Double (80386+)
 SHRD: Shift Right Double (80386+)

COMPARISON

BSF/BSR: Bit Scan (80386+)
 BT/BTC/BTR/BTS: Bit Test (80386+)
 CMP: Compare
 CMPSn: Compare String

CMPXCHG: Compare and Exchange (80486+)
 CMPXCHG8B: Compare and Exchange (Pentium+)
 TEST: Test Bits

DATA TRANSFER

LDS: Load Data Segment Register
 LEA: Load Effective Address
 LES: Load Extra Segment Register
 LODS: Load String
 LSS: Load Stack Segment Register
 MOV: Move Data
 CMOVcc: Conditional Move

MOVS: Move String
 MOVSB: Move With Sign-Extend
 MOVZB: Move With Zero-Extend
 STOS: Store String
 XCHG: Exchange
 XLAT: Translate

FLAG OPERATIONS

CLC: Clear Carry Flag
 CLD: Clear Direction Flag
 CLI: Clear Interrupt Flag
 CMC: Complement Carry Flag
 LAHF: Load AH from Flags
 POPF: Pop Flags off Stack

PUSHF: Push Flags onto Stack
 SAHF: Store AH in Flags
 STC: Set Carry Flag
 STD: Set Direction Flag
 STI: Set Interrupt Flag
 SETcc: Set byte on Flag

INPUT/OUTPUT

IN: Input Byte or Word
 INSn: Input String (80286+)

OUT: Output Byte or Word
 OUTSn: Output String (80286+)

LOGICAL OPERATIONS

AND: Logical AND
 NOT: Logical NOT

OR: Logical OR
 XOR: Exclusive OR

LOOPING

LOOP: Loop until Complete
 LOOPE: Loop While Equal
 LOOPZ: Loop While Zero
 LOOPNE: Loop While Not Equal

PROCESSOR CONTROL

HLT: Enter Halt State
 LOCK: Lock Bus

STACK OPERATIONS

ENTER: Make Stack Frame
 (80286+)
 LEAVE: Terminate Stack Frame
 (80286+)
 POP: Pop Word off Stack
 POPF: Pop Flags off Stack

STRING OPERATIONS

CMPS: Compare String
 LODS: Load String
 MOVS: Move String
 REP: Repeat String
 REPE: Repeat While Equal

TRANSFER (CONDITIONAL)

INTO: Interrupt on Overflow
 JA: Jump If Above
 JAE: Jump If Above/Equal
 JB: Jump If Below
 JBE: Jump If Below/Equal
 JC: Jump If Carry
 JCXZ: Jump If CX Is Zero
 JE: Jump If Equal
 JG: Jump If Greater
 JGE: Jump If Greater/Equal
 JL: Jump If Less
 JLE: Jump If Less/Equal
 JNA: Jump If Not Above
 JNAE: Jump If Not Above/Equal
 JNB: Jump If Not Below
 JNBE: Jump If Not Below/Equal

TRANSFER (UNCONDITIONAL)

CALL: Call a Procedure
 INT: Interrupt
 IRET: Interrupt Return

LOOPNZ: Loop While Not Zero
 LOOPNEW: Loop While Not Equal (80386+)
 LOOPNZW: Loop While Not Zero (80386+)

NOP: No Operation
 WAIT: Put Processor in Wait State

POPA: Pop All General Registers
 (80286+)
 PUSH: Push Word onto Stack
 PUSHA: Push All General Registers
 (80286+)
 PUSHF: Push Flags off Stack

REPZ: Repeat While Zero
 REPNE: Repeat While Not Equal
 REPNZ: Repeat While Not Zero
 SCAS: Scan String
 STOS: Store String

JNC: Jump If No Carry
 JNE: Jump If Not Equal
 JNG: Jump If Not Greater
 JNGE: Jump If Not Greater/Equal
 JNL: Jump If Not Less
 JNLE: Jump If Not Less/Equal
 JNO: Jump If No Overflow
 JNP: Jump If No Parity
 JNS: Jump If No Sign
 JNZ: Jump If Not Zero
 JO: Jump If Overflow
 JP: Jump If Parity
 JPE: Jump If Parity Even
 JPO: Jump If Parity Odd
 JS: Jump If Sign
 JZ: Jump If Zero

JMP: Unconditional Jump
 RET: Return
 RETN/RETF: Return Near/Return Far

TYPE CONVERSION

CBW: Convert Byte to Word
 CDQ: Convert Doubleword to Quadword (80386+)
 CWD: Convert Word to Doubleword
 CWDE: Convert Word to Extended Doubleword (80386+)

FLOATING POINT INSTRUCTIONS

FLD: Load Floating-point Value	FST: Store Floating-point Value
FSTP: Store Floating-Point Value and Pop	FILD: Load Integer
FIST: Store Integer	FISTP: Store Integer and Pop
FBLD: Load BCD	FBSTP: Store BCD and Pop
FXCH: Exchange Registers	
FCMOVE/FCMOVNE: Floating-point Conditional Move If Equal/Not Equal(Pentium)	
FADD: Add Floating-point	FADDP: Add Floating-point and Pop
FIADD: Add Integer	FSUB: Subtract Floating-point
FSUBP: Subtract Floating-point and Pop	FISUB: Subtract Integer
FSUBR: Subtract Floating-point Reverse	FSUBRP: Subtract Floating-point Reverse and Pop
FISUBR: Subtract Integer Reverse	FMUL: Multiply Floating-point
FMULP: Multiply Floating-point and Pop	FIMUL: Multiply Integer
FDIV: Divide Floating-point	FDIVP: Divide Floating-point and Pop
FIDIV: Divide Integer	FDIVR: Divide Floating-point Reverse
FDIVRP: Divide Floating-point Reverse and Pop	FIDIVR: Divide Integer Reverse
FPREM: Partial Remainder	FPREM1: IEEE Partial Remainder
FABS: Absolute Value	FCHS: Change Sign
FRNDINT: Round to Integer	FSCALE: Scale by Power of Two
FSQRT: Square Root	EXTRACT: Extract Exponent and Significand
FCOM: Compare Floating-point	FCOMP: Compare Floating-point and Pop
FCOMPP: Compare Floating-point and Pop twice	FUCOM: Unordered Compare Floating-point
FUCOMP: Unordered Compare Floating-point and Pop (80387+)	
FUCOMPP: Unordered Compare Floating-point and Pop twice (80387+)	
FICOM: Compare Integer	FICOMP: Compare Integer and Pop
FCOMI: Compare Floating-point and Set EFLAGS	FUCOMI: Unordered Compare Floating-point and Set EFLAGS
FCOMIP: Compare Floating-point, Set EFLAGS, and Pop	
FUCOMIP: Unordered Compare Floating-point, Set EFLAGS, and Pop	

FTST: Test Floating-point (Compare with 0.0)
 FXAM: Examine Floating-point

FSIN: Sine (80387+)
 FSINCOS: Sine and Cosine (80387+)
 FPATAN: Partial Arctangent
 FYL2X: $y * \log_2 x$

FLD1: Load + 1.0
 FLDPI: Load pi
 FLDLN2: Load $\log_e 2$
 FLDLG2: Load $\log_{10} 2$

FCOS: Cosine (80387+)
 FPTAN: Partial Tangent
 F2XM1: $2x - 1$
 FYL2XP1: $y * \log_2(x+1)$

FLDZ: Load +0.0
 FLDDL2E: Load $\log_2 e$
 FLDDL2T: Load $\log_{10} 2$

FINCSTP/FDECSTP: Increment/Decrement FPU Register Stack Pointer
 FFREE: Free Floating-point Register
 FINIT: Initialize FPU after checking error conditions
 FNINIT: Initialize FPU without checking error conditions
 FCLEX: Clear Floating-point Exception Flags after checking for error conditions
 FNCLEX: Clear Floating-point Exception Flags without checking for error conditions
 FSTCW: Store FPU Control Word after checking error conditions
 FNSTCW: Store FPU Control Word without checking error conditions
 FLDCW: Load FPU Control Word
 FSTENV: Store FPU Environment after checking error conditions
 FNSTENV: Store FPU Environment without checking error conditions
 FLDENV: Load FPU Environment
 FSAVE: Save FPU State after checking error conditions
 FNSAVE: Save FPU State without checking error conditions
 FRSTOR: Restore FPU State
 FSTSW: Store FPU Status Word after checking error conditions
 FNSTSW: Store FPU Status Word without checking error conditions
 WAIT/FWAIT: Wait for FPU
 FNOP: No operation

Instructions that indicate a processor, such as (80386+), require the use of a processor directed in Chapter 3) to assemble properly.

DATA TRANSFER INSTRUCTIONS

This section describes some of the commonly-used instructions concerned with data transfer.

The MOV Instruction

MOV transfers (or copies) data referenced by the address of the second operand to the address of the first operand. The sending field is unchanged. The operands that reference memory or registers must agree (both must be bytes, both words, or both double-words). The format for MOV is

[label:]	MOV	register/memory, register/memory/immediate
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