

The Lab

The Three Cities defined by this study are as follows:

- **City One** includes all Census Tracts that increased their proportion of regional income by 20 percent;
- **City Two** includes all Census Tracts that increased or decreased their proportion of regional income by less than 20 percent;
- **City Three** includes all Census Tracts that decreased their proportion of regional income by 20 percent.

Change in Average Individual Income, 1970-2016 City of Chicago, Relative to Seven County Metro Area

Average individual income, individuals of Working Age, by Census tract

Change in Census Tract proportion
of Metro Area Weighted Average Income.

City One

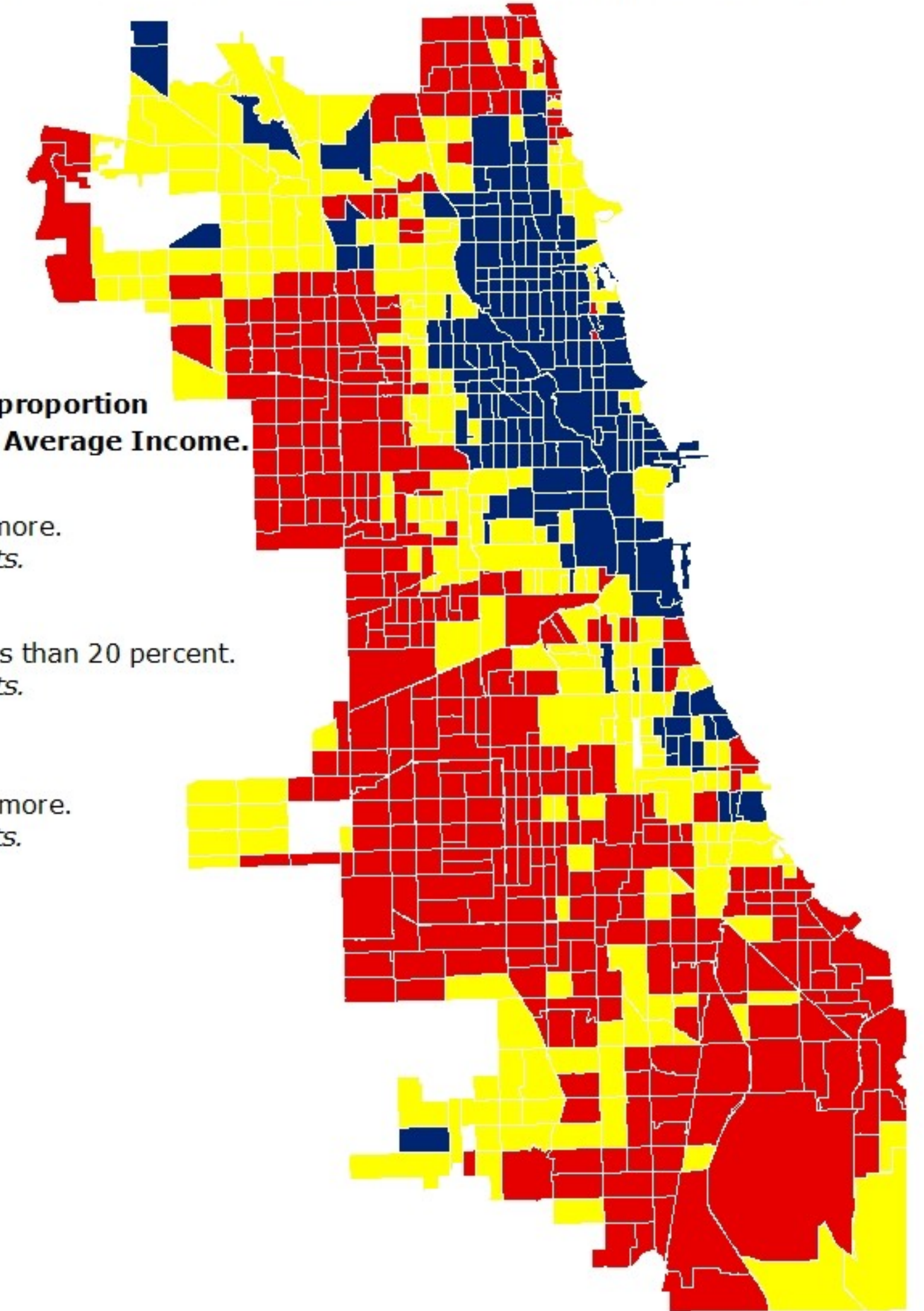
Increase of 20 percent or more.
24 percent of Chicago tracts.

City Two

Increase or Decrease is less than 20 percent.
29 percent of Chicago tracts.

City Three

Decrease of 20 percent or more.
47 percent of Chicago tracts.



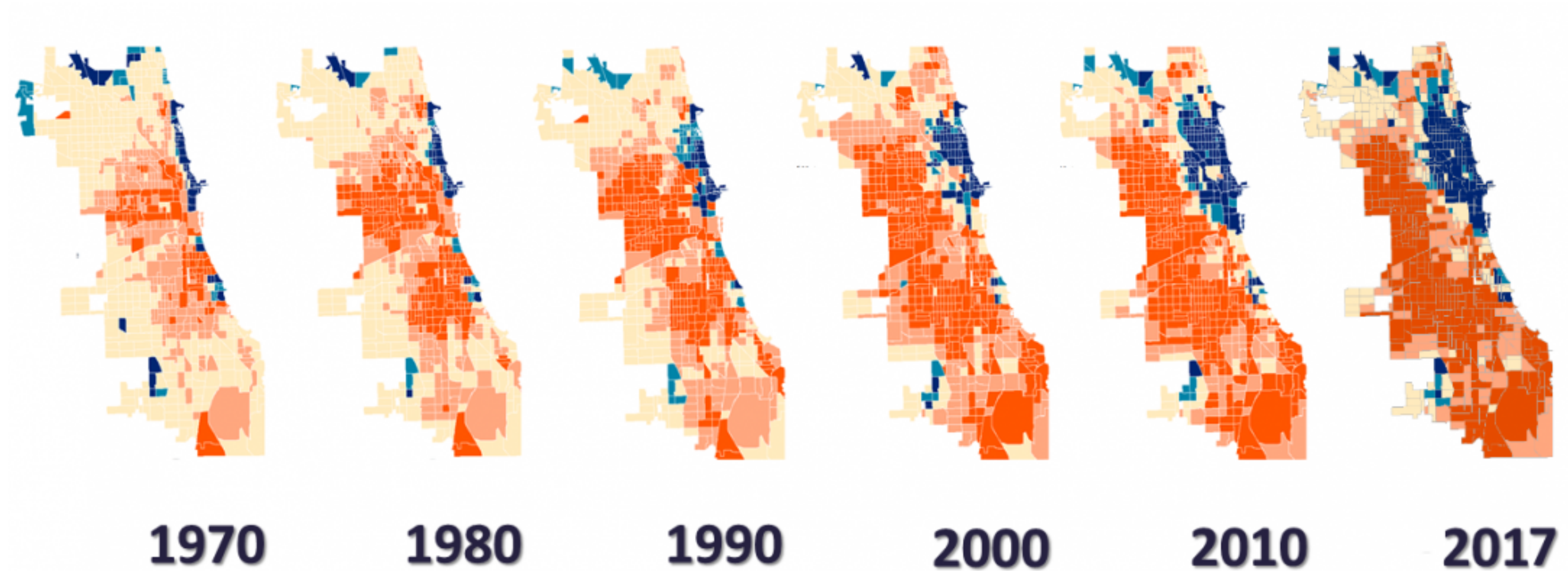
Census Tract boundaries from 2010 are shown.
Brown University Longitudinal Tract Database, 1970
U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2012-2016
Tracts without data were excluded. 1,976 metro area tracts.



7.5

Miles

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Census Tract proportion of Metro
Area Weighted Average Income.

■ **Very High Income**

Income 40 percent above average

■ **High Income**

Income 20 percent above average

■ **Middle Income**

Between 20 percent above and below

■ **Low Income**

Income 20 percent below average

■ **Very Low Income**

Income 40 percent below average

Average Individual Income

City of Chicago, Relative to Seven County Metro Area