Four Page dplyr

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1 Background

dplyr is a very powerful R library for managing and processing data.

While dplyr is very powerful, learning to use dplyr can be very confusing. This guide aims to present some of the most common dplyr functions and commands in the form of a brief cheatsheet.

library(dplyr)

2 Sample Data

year	X	у	Z
2005	NA	Group B	116.4
2016	32.12	Group A	94.42
2006	37.7	Group A	94.07

year	Х	у	Z
2006	29.04	Group A	78.47
2003	31.99	Group A	87.77

3 Piping

Pipes %>% connect pieces of a command e.g. data to data wrangling to a graph command.

4 Select A Subset of Variables: select()

mynewdata <- mydata %>% select(x,y) # select only x and y

Х	у
NA	Group B
32.12	Group A
37.7	Group A
29.04	Group A
31.99	Group A

5 Filter A Subset of Rows: filter()

mynewdata <- mydata %>%
filter(year > 2010) # filter on year

year	Х	у	Z
2016	32.12	Group A	94.42

6 Create New Variables: mutate()

mynewdata <- mydata %>%

mutate(myscale = x + z) # create a new variable e.g. a scale

year	х	у	Z	myscale
2005	NA	Group B	116.4	NA
2016	32.12	Group A	94.42	126.5
2006	37.7	Group A	94.07	131.8

year	Х	у	Z	myscale
2006	29.04	Group A	78.47	107.5
2003	31.99	Group A	87.77	119.8

7 Recode Variables: mutate()

year	Х	у	Z	zcategorical
2005	NA	Group B	116.4	high
2016	32.12	Group A	94.42	low
2006	37.7	Group A	94.07	low
2006	29.04	Group A	78.47	low
2003	31.99	Group A	87.77	low

8 Rename Variables: rename()

```
newdata <- mydata %>%
rename(age = x, # rename
  mental_health = z)
```

year	age	у	mental_health
2005	NA	Group B	116.4
2016	32.12	Group A	94.42
2006	37.7	Group A	94.07
2006	29.04	Group A	78.47
2003	31.99	Group A	87.77

9 Drop Missing Values: filter()

```
newdata <- mydata %>%
filter(!is.na(x)) # filter by x is not missing
```

year	X	у	z
2016	32.12	Group A	94.42
2006	37.7	Group A	94.07
2006	29.04	Group A	78.47
2003	31.99	Group A	87.77

10 Connecting To Other Packages Like ggplot

Notice how, in the code below, I never actually create the new data set mynewdata. I simply pipe mydata into a dplyr command, and pipe the result directly to ggplot2.

