# Comparing Multilevel Models and Fixed Effects Regression

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## Background

This example draws from the Stata documentation for the `xtreg` command.

Multilevel models for longitudinal data, and fixed effects regression provide two alternative methods for analyzing longitudinal data.

Briefly...

- Multilevel models use both within person and between person variation, and provide statistical control for observed variables that are included in the model.
- Fixed effect regressions use only within person variation. As a consequence, fixed effects regression is unable to provide parameter estimates for time invariant variables, even when they are included in the statistical model. Fixed effects regressions provide statistical controls for all time invariant variables, whether observed or unobserved.

## Get The Data (`use`)

```
. clear all

. use https://www.stata-press.com/data/r16/nlswork, clear
(National Longitudinal Survey.  Young Women 14-26 years of age in 1968)
```

## Describe the Key Variables (`describe`)

```
. describe ln_w grade age race union south

              storage   display    value
variable name   type    format     label      variable label
-------------------------------------------------------------------------
ln_wage        float    %9.0g                 ln(wage/GNP deflator)
grade          byte     %8.0g                 current grade completed
age            byte     %8.0g                 age in current year
race           byte     %8.0g      racelbl    race
union          byte     %8.0g                 1 if union
south          byte     %8.0g                 1 if south
```

# Multilevel Model (`mixed y x || id:`)

The model uses within and between person variation. Estimates are provided for all variables. The model only controls for variables that are included in the model.

```
. mixed ln_w grade age i.race union south || idcode:

Performing EM optimization:

Performing gradient-based optimization:

Iteration 0:   log likelihood = -5486.826
Iteration 1:   log likelihood = -5486.826

Computing standard errors:

Mixed-effects ML regression                     Number of obs      =     19,224
Group variable: idcode                          Number of groups   =      4,148

                                                Obs per group:
                                                              min =          1
                                                              avg =        4.6
                                                              max =         12

                                                Wald chi2(6)       =    3471.83
Log likelihood =  -5486.826                     Prob > chi2        =     0.0000
```

| ln_wage | Coef. | Std. Err. | z | P>\|z\| | [95% Conf. Interval] | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| grade | .0781541 | .0021992 | 35.54 | 0.000 | .0738438 | .0824644 |
| age | .0137491 | .0003907 | 35.19 | 0.000 | .0129833 | .0145149 |
| | | | | | | |
| race | | | | | | |
| black | -.0405347 | .0126091 | -3.21 | 0.001 | -.0652482 | -.0158212 |
| other | .0404357 | .0508123 | 0.80 | 0.426 | -.0591545 | .140026 |
| | | | | | | |
| union | .1243977 | .0065614 | 18.96 | 0.000 | .1115375 | .1372579 |
| south | -.1019453 | .0090188 | -11.30 | 0.000 | -.1196219 | -.0842687 |
| _cons | .3110752 | .0314868 | 9.88 | 0.000 | .2493622 | .3727882 |

| Random-effects Parameters | Estimate | Std. Err. | [95% Conf. Interval] | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| idcode: Identity | | | | |
| var(_cons) | .0998265 | .0027427 | .0945931 | .1053494 |
| var(Residual) | .0691308 | .0007996 | .0675813 | .0707159 |

```
LR test vs. linear model: chibar2(01) = 8473.10       Prob >= chibar2 = 0.0000

. est store MLM
```

# Fixed Effects Regression (`xtreg y x, i(id) fe`)

The model uses only within person variation. Estimates are only provided for within person change over time. The model controls for all time invariant variables whether observed or unobserved.

```
. xtreg ln_w grade age i.race union south, i(idcode) fe
note: grade omitted because of collinearity
note: 2.race omitted because of collinearity
note: 3.race omitted because of collinearity

Fixed-effects (within) regression               Number of obs      =     19,224
Group variable: idcode                          Number of groups   =      4,148

R-sq:                                           Obs per group:
     within  = 0.0983                                         min =          1
     between = 0.0712                                         avg =        4.6
```

```
       overall = 0.0847                                             max =          12
                                                F(3,15073)       =      547.57
    corr(u_i, Xb)  = 0.0599                      Prob > F         =      0.0000
───────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────
      ln_wage │      Coef.   Std. Err.      t    P>|t|     [95% Conf. Interval]
──────────────┼────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────
        grade │          0  (omitted)
          age │   .0153807   .0004154    37.03   0.000     .0145665    .0161949
              │
         race │
        black │          0  (omitted)
        other │          0  (omitted)
              │
        union │   .1034851   .0070913    14.59   0.000     .0895853    .1173849
        south │  -.0759973   .0135167    -5.62   0.000    -.1024917   -.0495029
        _cons │   1.279453   .0143464    89.18   0.000     1.251332    1.307573
──────────────┼────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────
      sigma_u │  .41784013
      sigma_e │   .2618843
          rho │  .71796552   (fraction of variance due to u_i)
───────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────
F test that all u_i=0: F(4147, 15073) = 9.60              Prob > F = 0.0000

. est store FE
```

## Compare The Two Sets of Estimates (`estimates table`)

1. The multilevel model controls for variables that are included in the model.
2. The fixed effects model controls for variables that are included in the model, as well as all time invariant characteristics of participants.
3. The multilevel model uses both within and between person variation; the fixed effects model uses only within person variation.
4. The fixed effects model is unable to provide information on time invariant characteristics of individuals even if they are included in the model.
5. Coefficients in the fixed effects model are generally smaller than coefficients in the multilevel model. (Often, though not in this example, coefficients that were significant in the multilevel model are not significant in the fixed effects model).

```
. est table MLM FE, star equations(1)
─────────────────────────────────────────────────
     Variable │      MLM             FE
──────────────┼──────────────────────────────────
#1            │
        grade │  .07815409***    (omitted)
          age │  .01374911***    .01538067***
              │
         race │
        black │ -.04053471**     (omitted)
        other │  .04043574       (omitted)
              │
        union │  .12439767***    .10348514***
        south │ -.10194526***   -.07599732***
        _cons │  .31107518***    1.2794525***
──────────────┼──────────────────────────────────
lns1_1_1      │
        _cons │ -1.1521609***
──────────────┼──────────────────────────────────
lnsig_e       │
        _cons │ -1.3358773***
─────────────────────────────────────────────────
     legend: * p<0.05; ** p<0.01; *** p<0.001
```