

Visualizing Multilevel Models

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Introduction

An evolving set of notes on visualizing results from multilevel models.

When this document is presented in *slide show format*, some slides may be long, and you may need to *scroll down* to see the full slide. In slide show format use the left and right arrow keys to navigate through the slides. **b** will make the text bigger. **s** will make the text smaller.

The examples below use the `simulated_multilevel_data.dta` file from *Multilevel Thinking*. Here is a direct link to download the data.

Setup

I am not terrifically fond of Stata's default `s2color` graph scheme. Therefore I make use of the `michigan` graph scheme available at: <https://agrogan1.github.io/Stata/michigan-graph-scheme/>

```
. set scheme michigan
```

Stata's `s1color` scheme would also be an option as would be Asjad Naqvi's incredible `schemepack`: <https://github.com/asjadnaqvi/stata-schemepack>

Get Data

```
. use "https://github.com/agrogan1/multilevel-thinking/raw/main/simulate-and-analyze-m  
> ultilevel-data/simulated_multilevel_data.dta", clear
```

Scatterplots

```
. twoway scatter outcome warmth  
  
. graph export myscatter.png, width(1500) replace  
file /Users/agrogan/Desktop/GitHub/multilevel/visualizing-MLM/myscatter.png saved as  
PNG format
```

Simple Linear Fit

```
. twoway lfit outcome warmth  
  
. graph export mylinear.png, width(1500) replace  
file /Users/agrogan/Desktop/GitHub/multilevel/visualizing-MLM/mylinear.png saved as  
PNG format
```

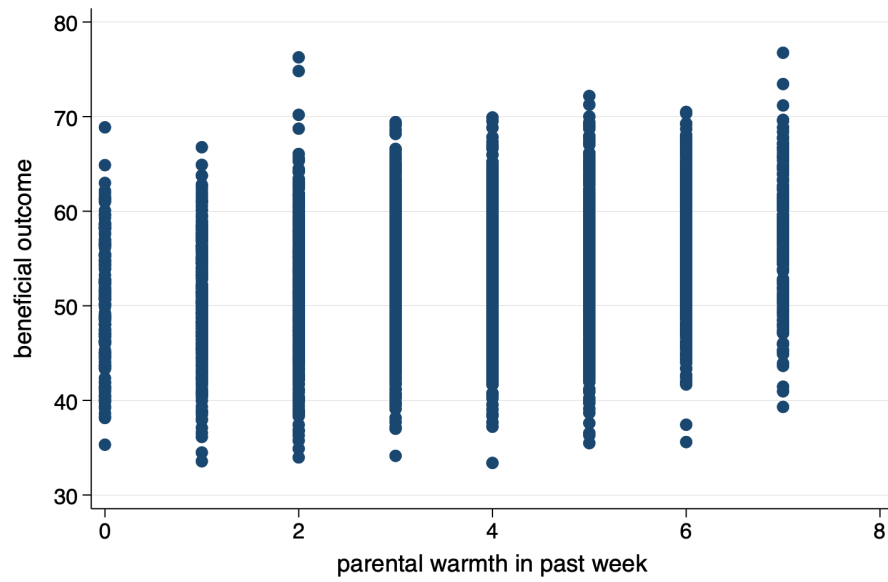


Figure 1: Scatterplot

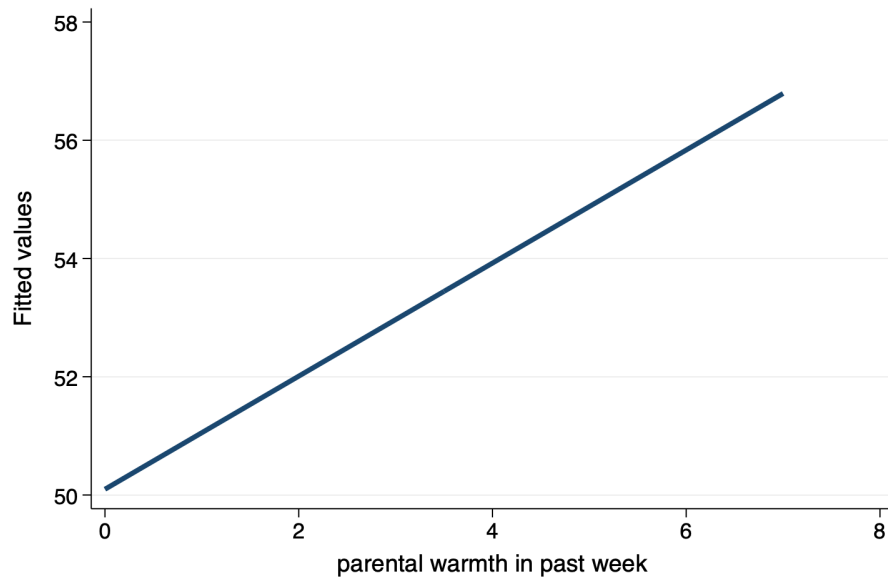


Figure 2: Linear Fit

Linear Fit With Confidence Interval

```
. twoway lfitci outcome warmth  
  
. graph export mylfitci.png, width(1500) replace  
file /Users/agrogan/Desktop/GitHub/multilevel/visualizing-MLM/mylfitci.png saved as  
PNG format
```

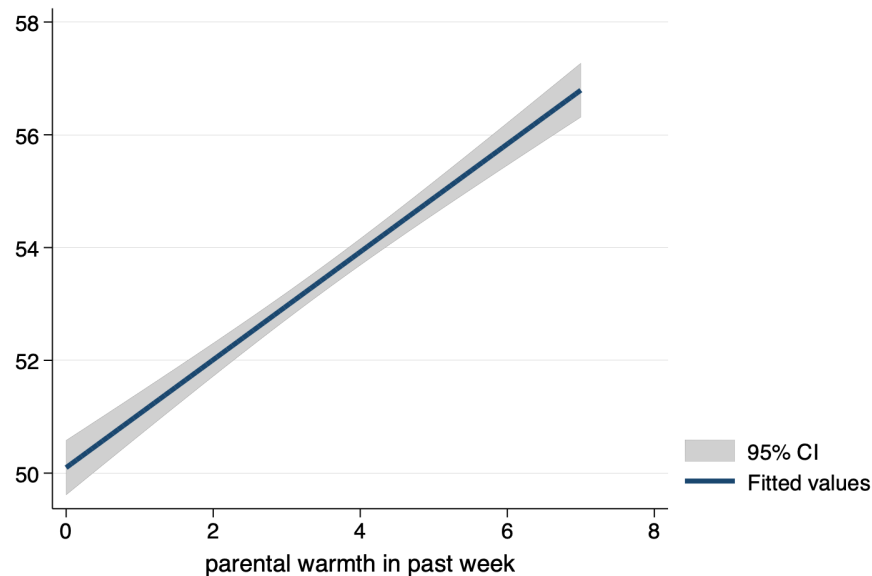


Figure 3: Linear Fit With Confidence Interval

Combine Scatterplot and Linear Fit

```
. twoway (scatter outcome warmth) (lfit outcome warmth)  
  
. graph export myscatterlinear.png, width(1500) replace  
file /Users/agrogan/Desktop/GitHub/multilevel/visualizing-MLM/myscatterlinear.png  
saved as PNG format
```

Spaghetti Plots (spagplot)

```
. spagplot outcome warmth, id(country)  
  
. graph export myspaghetti.png, width(1500) replace  
file /Users/agrogan/Desktop/GitHub/multilevel/visualizing-MLM/myspaghetti.png saved  
as PNG format
```

Small Multiples

I use the `aspect` option to adjust the *aspect ratio* of the graph for better visual presentation. I also use the `mcolor(%30)` option to create some transparency in the dots of the scatterplot, which helps the presentation of these small multiples. The `mcolor(%30)` option could be useful in the other graphs in this tutorial as well.

```
. twoway (scatter outcome warmth, mcolor(%30)) (lfit outcome warmth), by(country) aspe  
> ct(1)  
  
. graph export mysmallmultiples.png, width(1500) replace
```

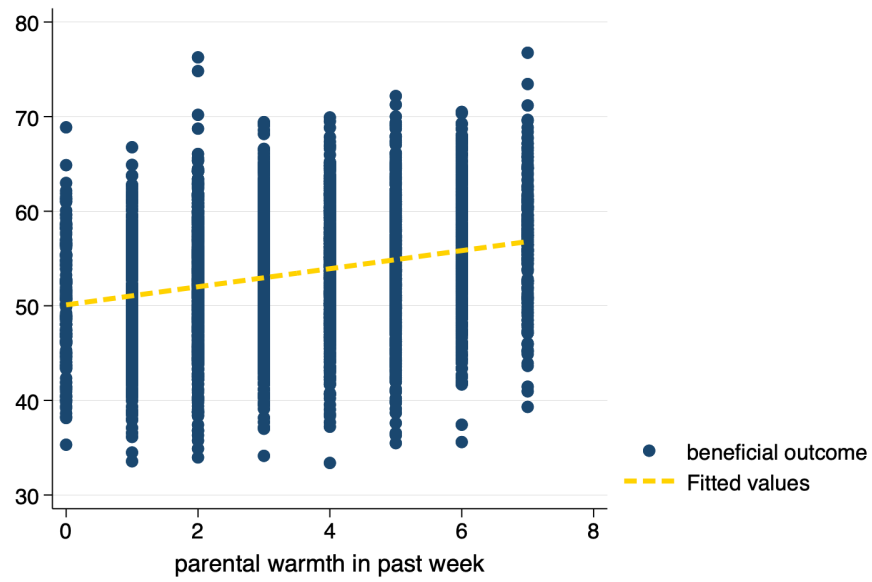


Figure 4: Scatterplot and Linear Fit

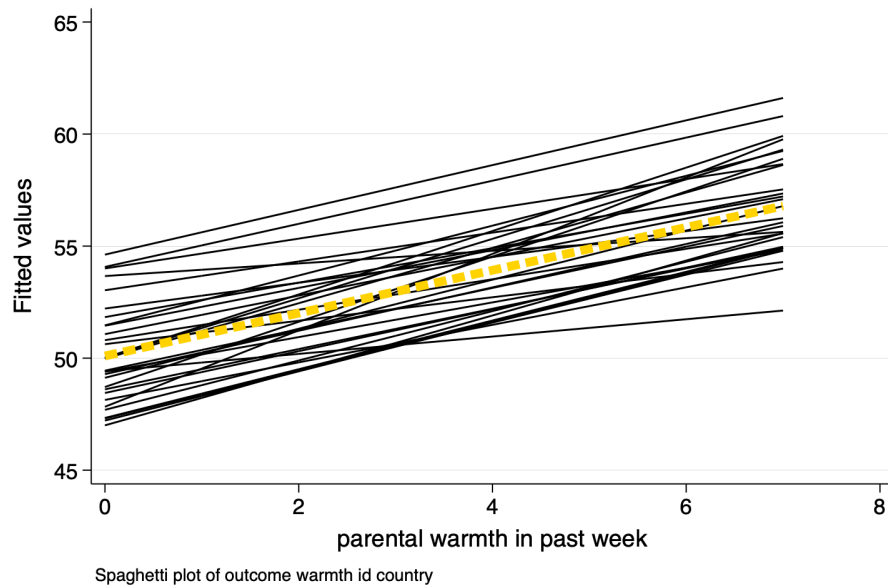


Figure 5: Spaghetti Plot

file /Users/agrogan/Desktop/GitHub/multilevel/visualizing-MLM/mysmallmultiples.png
 saved as PNG format

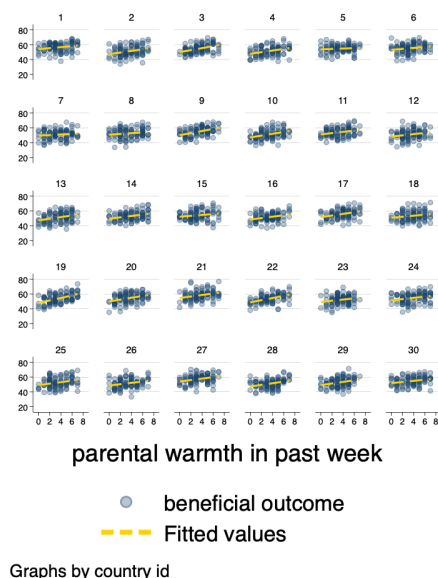


Figure 6: Small Multiples

Multivariate (Predicted) Relationships

A sometimes unacknowledged point is that graphs—unless we take steps to correct this—reflect *unadjusted*, or *bivariate* associations. We may sometimes wish to develop a graphs that reflect the *adjusted* or *predicted* estimates from our models.

In multilevel models, *prediction* is a complex question. The procedures below outline graphs that incorporate predictions using the variables, but do not include predictions that incorporate the random effects. (This will be added!)

Using Predicted Values

Estimate The Model

```
. mixed outcome warmth physical_punishment i.group || country: // estimate MLM
Performing EM optimization:
Performing gradient-based optimization:
Iteration 0:   log likelihood = -9668.0859
Iteration 1:   log likelihood = -9668.0859
Computing standard errors:
Mixed-effects ML regression              Number of obs      =       3,000
Group variable: country                  Number of groups   =        30
Obs per group:                           min =          100
                                           avg  =       100.0
                                           max  =          100
                                           Wald chi2(3)      =       401.00
                                           Prob > chi2       =       0.0000
```

outcome	Coefficient	Std. err.	z	P> z	[95% conf. interval]	
warmth	.961837	.0581809	16.53	0.000	.8478046	1.075869

physical_punishment	-.8457672	.0798128	-10.60	0.000	-1.002197	-.6893369
2.group	1.084409	.2200548	4.93	0.000	.6531099	1.515709
_cons	51.64797	.4645466	111.18	0.000	50.73748	52.55847

Random-effects parameters	Estimate	Std. err.	[95% conf. interval]	
country: Identity				
var(_cons)	3.403	.9717558	1.944438	5.955659
var(Residual)	36.01911	.9346952	34.23295	37.89847

LR test vs. linear model: chibar2(01) = 200.29 Prob >= chibar2 = 0.0000

Generate Predicted Values

```
. predict outcome_hat // predict yhat
(option xb assumed)
```

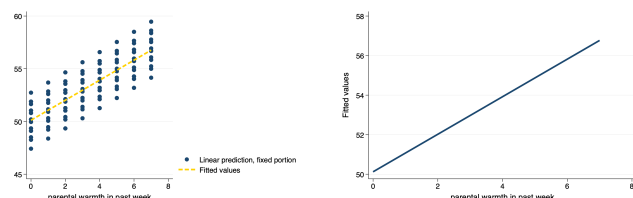
Graph With twoway Syntax

```
. twoway (scatter outcome_hat warmth) (lfit outcome_hat warmth)

. graph export mypredictedvalues.png, width(1500) replace
file /Users/agrogan/Desktop/GitHub/multilevel/visualizing-MLM/mypredictedvalues.png
  saved as PNG format

. twoway (lfit outcome_hat warmth)

. graph export mypredictedvalues2.png, width(1500) replace
file /Users/agrogan/Desktop/GitHub/multilevel/visualizing-MLM/mypredictedvalues2.png
  saved as PNG format
```



Spaghetti Plot With Predicted Values

```
. spagplot outcome_hat warmth, id(country)

. graph export myspaghetti2.png, width(1500) replace
file /Users/agrogan/Desktop/GitHub/multilevel/visualizing-MLM/myspaghetti2.png saved
  as PNG format
```

margins and marginsplot

Estimate The Model

```
. mixed outcome warmth physical_punishment i.group || country: // estimate MLM
Performing EM optimization:
Performing gradient-based optimization:
Iteration 0:  log likelihood = -9668.0859
Iteration 1:  log likelihood = -9668.0859
Computing standard errors:
Mixed-effects ML regression              Number of obs      =       3,000
Group variable: country                  Number of groups   =        30
Obs per group:                           min =             100
                                           avg =            100.0
```

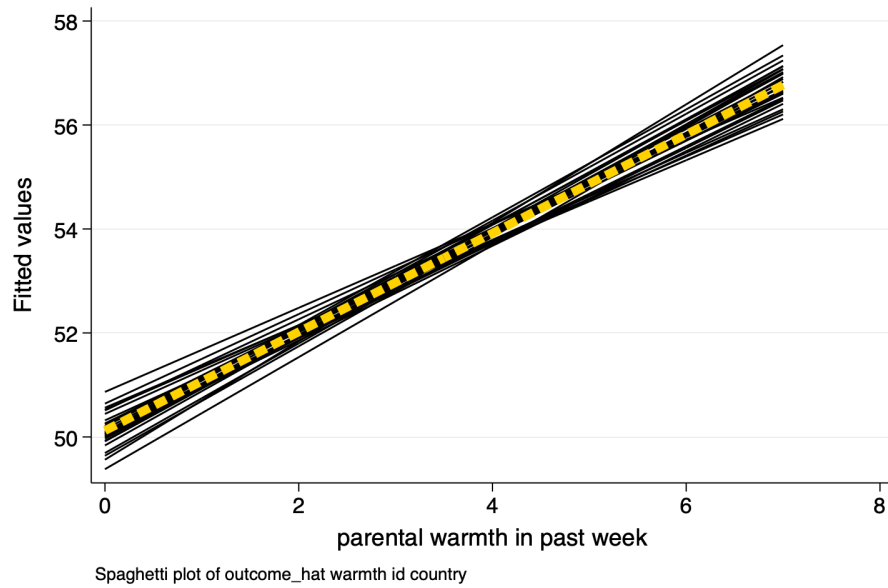


Figure 7: Spaghetti Plot With Predicted Values

				max =	100	
				Wald chi2(3)	=	401.00
Log likelihood = -9668.0859				Prob > chi2	=	0.0000
outcome		Coefficient	Std. err.	z	P> z	[95% conf. interval]
warmth		.961837	.0581809	16.53	0.000	.8478046 1.075869
physical_punishment		-.8457672	.0798128	-10.60	0.000	-1.002197 -.6893369
2.group		1.084409	.2200548	4.93	0.000	.6531099 1.515709
_cons		51.64797	.4645466	111.18	0.000	50.73748 52.55847
Random-effects parameters		Estimate	Std. err.	[95% conf. interval]		
country: Identity						
var(_cons)		3.403	.9717558	1.944438	5.955659	
var(Residual)		36.01911	.9346952	34.23295	37.89847	
LR test vs. linear model: chibar2(01) = 200.29				Prob >= chibar2 = 0.0000		

Generate Predicted Values *At Specified Values* With margins

```
. margins group, at(warmth = (1 2 3 4 5 6 7)) // predictive *margins*
Predictive margins                                Number of obs = 3,000
Expression: Linear prediction, fixed portion, predict()
1._at: warmth = 1
2._at: warmth = 2
3._at: warmth = 3
4._at: warmth = 4
5._at: warmth = 5
6._at: warmth = 6
7._at: warmth = 7
```

	Delta-method		z	P> z	[95% conf. interval]
	Margin	std. err.			
_at#group					

1	1	50.4999	.3983539	126.77	0.000	49.71914	51.28066
1	2	51.58431	.3994365	129.14	0.000	50.80143	52.36719
2	1	51.46174	.3809288	135.10	0.000	50.71513	52.20834
2	2	52.54615	.38173	137.65	0.000	51.79797	53.29432
3	1	52.42357	.371884	140.97	0.000	51.6947	53.15245
3	2	53.50798	.3723656	143.70	0.000	52.77816	54.23781
4	1	53.38541	.3718315	143.57	0.000	52.65664	54.11419
4	2	54.46982	.3719738	146.43	0.000	53.74077	55.19888
5	1	54.34725	.3807751	142.73	0.000	53.60094	55.09355
5	2	55.43166	.3805823	145.65	0.000	54.68573	56.17759
6	1	55.30909	.398109	138.93	0.000	54.52881	56.08937
6	2	56.3935	.397607	141.83	0.000	55.6142	57.17279
7	1	56.27092	.4228024	133.09	0.000	55.44225	57.0996
7	2	57.35533	.4220306	135.90	0.000	56.52817	58.1825

Graph With marginsplot

```
. marginsplot // plot of predicted values
Variables that uniquely identify margins: warmth group

. graph export mymarginsplot.png, width(1500) replace
file /Users/agrogon/Desktop/GitHub/multilevel/visualizing-MLM/mymarginsplot.png
saved as PNG format
```

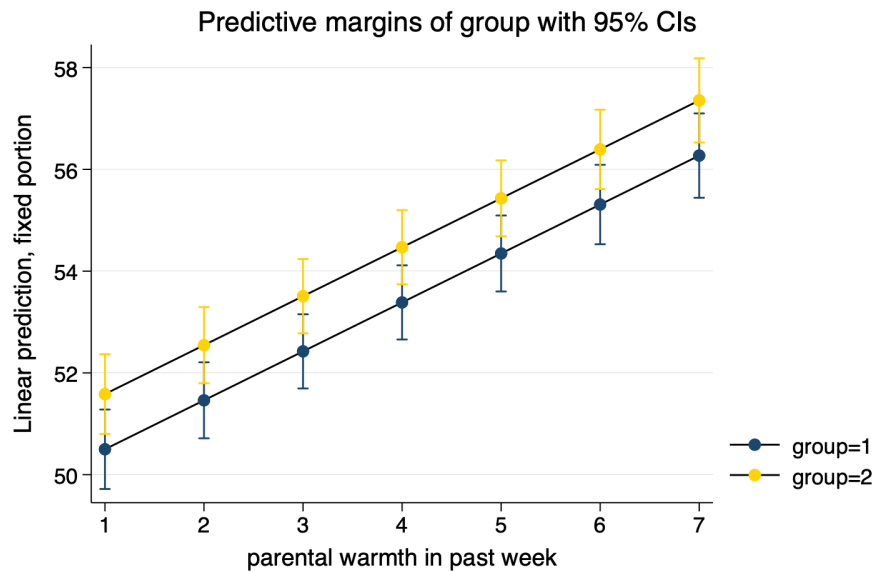


Figure 8: Predicted Values From margins and marginsplot

Curvilinear and Linear Fits

Random Effects