

Multilevel Multilingual

Multilevel Models in Stata, R and Julia

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2023-12-01

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1 Multilevel Models in Stata, R and Julia

1.1 Introduction

Below, I describe the use of [Stata](#), [R](#), and [Julia](#) to estimate multilevel models. Because this document is built by [Quarto](#), I describe calling these programs from within a [Quarto](#) environment. However, each piece of software could be used individually and separately.

1.2 The Data

The examples below use the `simulated_multilevel_data.dta` file from [Multilevel Thinking](#). Here is a [direct link](#) to download the data.

Table 1.1: Sample of Simulated Multilevel Data

| country | HDI | family | id | group | physical_punishment | warmth | outcome |
|---------|-----|--------|-----|-------|---------------------|--------|---------|
| 1 | 69 | 1 | 1.1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 59.18 |
| 1 | 69 | 2 | 1.2 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 61.54 |
| 1 | 69 | 3 | 1.3 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 51.87 |
| 1 | 69 | 4 | 1.4 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 51.71 |
| 1 | 69 | 5 | 1.5 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 55.88 |
| 1 | 69 | 6 | 1.6 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 60.78 |

1.3 The Equation

$$\text{outcome}_{ij} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \text{warmth}_{ij} + \beta_2 \text{physical punishment}_{ij} + \beta_3 \text{group}_{ij} + \beta_4 \text{HDI}_{ij} + u_{0j} + u_{1j} \times \text{warmth}_{ij} + e_{ij} \quad (1.1)$$

1.4 Setup

1.4.1 Stata

I need to use the library `Statamarkdown` to call Stata, or I could run Stata on its own

```
library(Statamarkdown)
```

1.4.2 R

In R, I use the library `lme4` to run multilevel models.

```
library(lme4)
```

1.4.3 Julia

I need to call Julia from R.

```
library(JuliaCall)

julia_setup(JULIA_HOME = "/Applications/Julia-1.8.app/Contents/Resources/julia/bin")
```

1.5 Get Data & Run Models

To explain statistical syntax for each software, I consider the more general case of a multilevel model with dependent variable **y**, independent variables **x** and **z**, clustering variable **group**, and a random slope for **x**. *i* is the index for the person, while *j* is the index for the **group**.

$$y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{ij} + \beta_2 z_{ij} + u_{0j} + u_{1j} \times x_{ij} + e_{ij} \quad (1.2)$$

1.5.1 Stata

In Stata `mixed`, the syntax for a multilevel model of the form described in Equation 1.2 is:

```
mixed y x || group: x
```

1.5.1.1 Get The Data

💡 Tip For Running Stata From Quarto

Because I am running Stata from inside a Quarto document, and running Stata in multiple chunks, I need to use the `collectcode=TRUE` option in the first Stata chunk. i.e. my Quarto chunk needs to begin with “`{stata, collectcode=TRUE}`”
See Doug Hemken’s excellent documentation on Statamarkdown [here](#).

```
use simulated_multilevel_data.dta
```

1.5.1.2 Graph

```
twoway scatter outcome warmth, xtitle("warmth") ytitle("outcome") title("Outcome by Parent  
quietly graph export scatter.png, replace
```

```
> arental Warmth")
```

1.5.1.3 Run The Model

```
mixed outcome warmth physical_punishment group HDI || country: warmth
```

Performing EM optimization ...

Performing gradient-based optimization:

Iteration 0: Log likelihood = -9668.198

Iteration 1: Log likelihood = -9667.9551

Iteration 2: Log likelihood = -9667.9534

Iteration 3: Log likelihood = -9667.9533

Iteration 4: Log likelihood = -9667.9532

Computing standard errors ...

Mixed-effects ML regression

Group variable: country

Number of obs = 3,000

Number of groups = 30

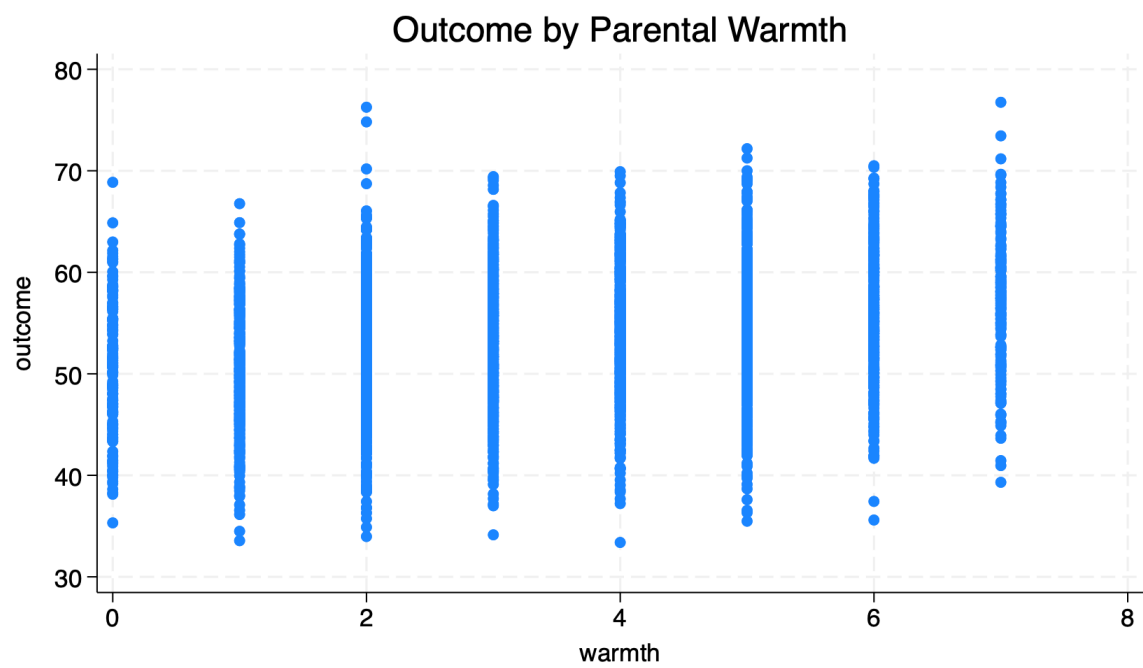


Figure 1.1: Outcome by Parental Warmth (Stata)


```

Obs per group:
      min =    100
      avg =  100.0
      max =    100
Wald chi2(4)      = 401.26
Prob > chi2       = 0.0000

Log likelihood = -9667.9532
-----
      outcome | Coefficient  Std. err.      z    P>|z|    [95% conf. interval]
-----+-----
      warmth |   .9616447   .0581825   16.53   0.000    .8476091    1.07568
physical_punishment |  -.8453802   .0798155  -10.59   0.000   -1.001816   -.6889448
      group |   1.084344   .2200539    4.93   0.000    .6530461    1.515642
      HDI |   .010557   .0204522    0.52   0.606   -.0295286    .0506426
      _cons |  49.87963   1.436612   34.72   0.000   47.06392   52.69534
-----

Random-effects parameters | Estimate  Std. err.    [95% conf. interval]
-----+-----
country: Independent |
      var(warmth) |  1.83e-06   .0000173    1.76e-14    190.9774
      var(_cons) |  3.370262   .9633726    1.924651    5.901676
-----+-----
      var(Residual) |  36.01906   .9346936    34.23291    37.89842
-----

LR test vs. linear model: chi2(2) = 198.01          Prob > chi2 = 0.0000

```

Note: LR test is conservative and provided only for reference.

1.5.2 R

In R `lme4`, the general syntax for a multilevel model of the form described in Equation [1.2](#) is:

```
lmer(y ~ x + z + (1 + x || group), data = ...)
```

1.5.2.1 Get The Data

```
library(haven)

df <- read_dta("simulated_multilevel_data.dta")
```

1.5.2.2 Graph

```
library(ggplot2)

ggplot(df,
       aes(x = warmth,
           y = outcome)) +
  geom_point() +
  labs(title = "Outcome by Parental Warmth")
```

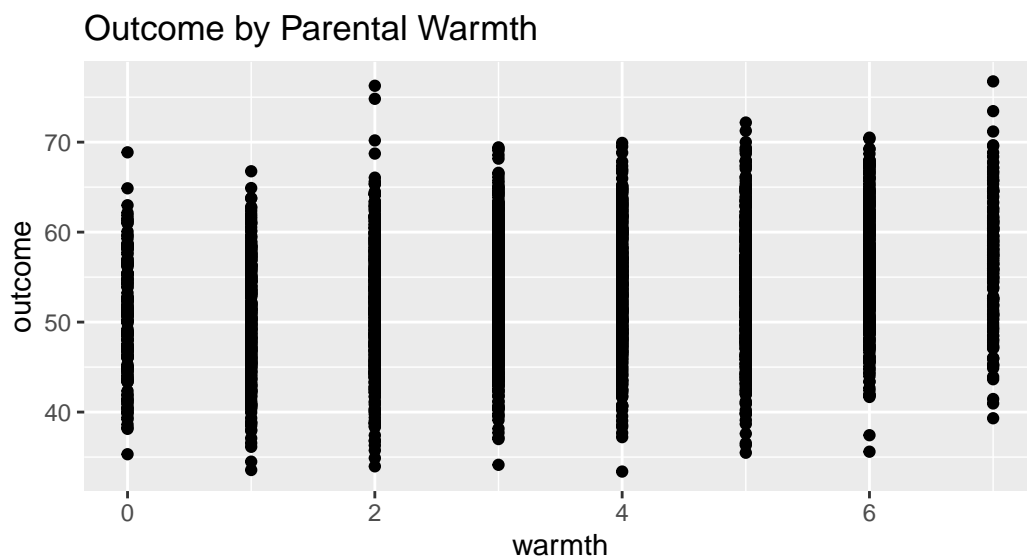


Figure 1.2: Outcome by Parental Warmth (R)

1.5.2.3 Run The Model

```
fit1 <- lmer(outcome ~ warmth + physical_punishment +  
             group + HDI +  
             (1 + warmth || country),  
             data = df)  
  
summary(fit1)
```

Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']

Formula: outcome ~ warmth + physical_punishment + group + HDI + ((1 |
country) + (0 + warmth | country))

Data: df

REML criterion at convergence: 19350.3

Scaled residuals:

| | Min | 1Q | Median | 3Q | Max |
|--|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| | -3.4496 | -0.6807 | 0.0016 | 0.6864 | 3.1792 |

Random effects:

| Groups | Name | Variance | Std.Dev. |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|----------|
| country | (Intercept) | 3.611568 | 1.90041 |
| country.1 | warmth | 0.001876 | 0.04331 |
| Residual | | 36.049124 | 6.00409 |

Number of obs: 3000, groups: country, 30

Fixed effects:

| | Estimate | Std. Error | t value |
|---------------------|----------|------------|---------|
| (Intercept) | 49.88754 | 1.48203 | 33.662 |
| warmth | 0.96155 | 0.05875 | 16.367 |
| physical_punishment | -0.84556 | 0.07986 | -10.588 |
| group | 1.08471 | 0.22017 | 4.927 |
| HDI | 0.01044 | 0.02116 | 0.493 |

Correlation of Fixed Effects:

| | (Intr) | warmth | physc_ | group |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| warmth | | -0.126 | | |
| physcl_pnsh | -0.135 | -0.025 | | |
| group | -0.218 | -0.010 | -0.019 | |
| HDI | -0.925 | -0.006 | 0.008 | -0.001 |

1.5.3 Julia

In Julia `MixedModels`, the general syntax for a multilevel model of the form described in Equation 1.2 is:

```
fit(MixedModel, @formula(y ~ x + z + (1 + x | group)), data)
```

1.5.3.1 Load The Needed Packages And Load The Data

```
using Tables, MixedModels, StatFiles, DataFrames, CategoricalArrays, DataFramesMeta

df = DataFrame(load("simulated_multilevel_data.dta"))
```

1.5.3.2 Graph

```
using StatsPlots

@df df scatter(:outcome, :warmth,
               title = "Outcome by Parental Warmth",
               ylabel = "outcome",
               xlabel = "parental warmth")
```

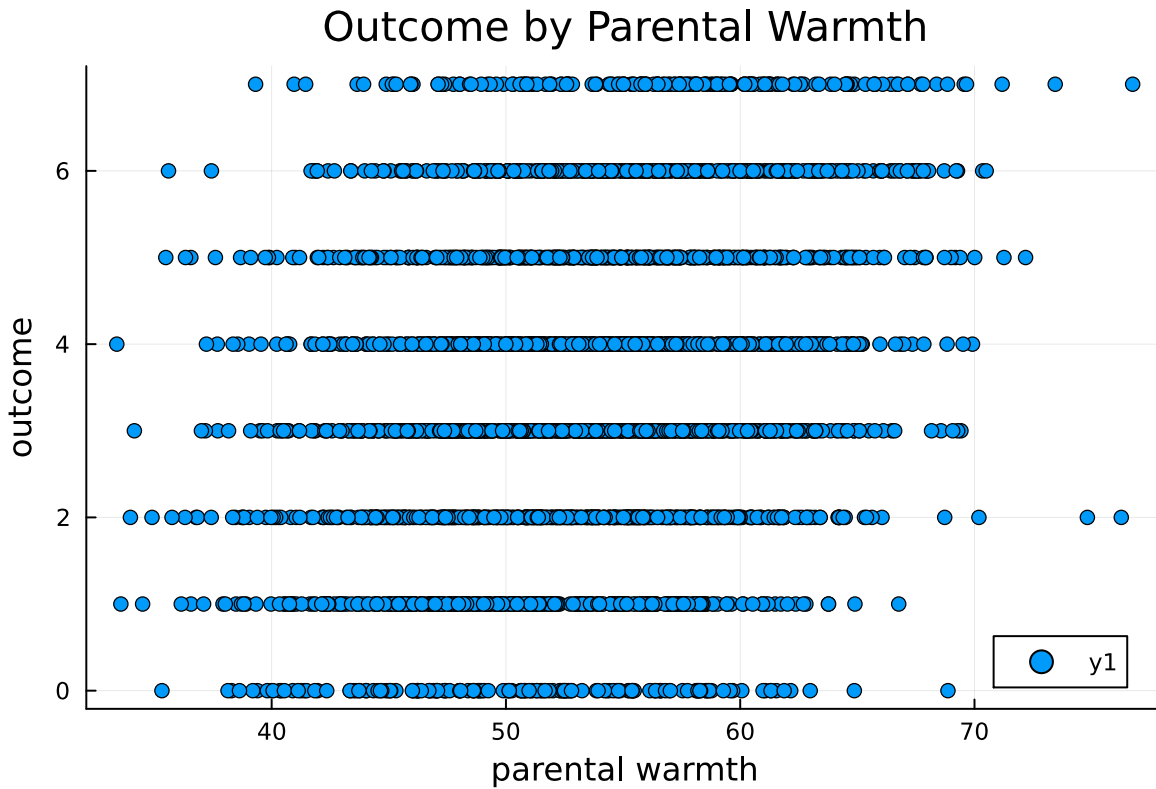


Figure 1.3: Outcome by Parental Warmth (Julia)

1.5.3.3 Change Country To Categorical

```
@transform!(df, :country = categorical(:country))
```

1.5.3.4 Run The Model

```
m1 = fit(MixedModel, @formula(outcome ~ warmth + physical_punishment +
    group + HDI +
    (1 + warmth | country)), df)
```

Linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood

```
outcome ~ 1 + warmth + physical_punishment + group + HDI + (1 + warmth | country)
logLik   -2 logLik      AIC      AICc      BIC
-9667.9392 19335.8783 19353.8783 19353.9385 19407.9357
```

Variance components:

| | Column | Variance | Std.Dev. | Corr. |
|----------|-------------|------------|-----------|-------|
| country | (Intercept) | 3.2369484 | 1.7991521 | |
| | warmth | 0.0001080 | 0.0103903 | +1.00 |
| Residual | | 36.0187144 | 6.0015593 | |

Number of obs: 3000; levels of grouping factors: 30

Fixed-effects parameters:

| | Coef. | Std. Error | z | Pr(> z) |
|---------------------|-----------|------------|--------|----------|
| (Intercept) | 49.9018 | 1.43435 | 34.79 | <1e-99 |
| warmth | 0.961545 | 0.0582135 | 16.52 | <1e-60 |
| physical_punishment | -0.845389 | 0.0798149 | -10.59 | <1e-25 |
| group | 1.08524 | 0.220055 | 4.93 | <1e-06 |
| HDI | 0.0101984 | 0.0204401 | 0.50 | 0.6178 |

2 Cross-Classified Models in Stata, R and Julia

2.1 Introduction

A two level multilevel model imagines that *Level 1* units are nested in *Level 2* units. A three level multilevel model imagines that *Level 1* units are nested in *Level 2* units, which are in turn nested in *Level 3*.

A cross-classified model imagines that the nesting is not hierarchical, but rather that there are two sets of clusters or nestings in which individuals may be nested.

In this data, *events* are nested inside *persons* which are in turn nested in *countries*, since in this data, individuals never change countries. However, the use of a cross-classified framework would allow for a situation in which *persons* moved from country to country, and experienced different *events* in different *countries*.

Below, I describe the use of [Stata](#), [R](#), and [Julia](#) to estimate cross-classified models. Because this document is built by [Quarto](#), I describe calling these programs from within a [Quarto](#) environment. However, each piece of software could be used individually and separately.

2.2 The Data

The examples below use the `simulated_multilevel_longitudinal_data.dta` file from [Multilevel Thinking](#). Here is a [direct link](#) to download the data.

Table 2.1: Sample of Simulated Multilevel Longitudinal Data

| country | HDI | family | id | group | t | physical_punishment | warmth | outcome |
|---------|-----|--------|-----|-------|---|---------------------|--------|---------|
| 1 | 69 | 1 | 1.1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 59.18 |
| 1 | 69 | 1 | 1.1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 58.29 |
| 1 | 69 | 1 | 1.1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 60.58 |
| 1 | 69 | 2 | 1.2 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 61.54 |
| 1 | 69 | 2 | 1.2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 55.96 |
| 1 | 69 | 2 | 1.2 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 56.19 |

2.3 The Equation

$$\text{outcome}_{ijt} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 t_{ijt} + \beta_2 \text{warmth}_{ijt} + \beta_3 \text{physical punishment}_{ijt} + \beta_4 \text{group}_{ijt} + \beta_5 \text{HDI}_{ijt} + u_{0j} + v_{0i} + e_{ijt} \quad (2.1)$$

2.4 Setup

2.4.1 Stata

I need to use the library `Statamarkdown` to call Stata, or I could run Stata on its own

```
library(Statamarkdown)
```

2.4.2 R

In R, I use the library `lme4` to run multilevel models.

```
library(lme4)
```

2.4.3 Julia

I need to call Julia from R.

```
library(JuliaCall)

julia_setup(JULIA_HOME = "/Applications/Julia-1.8.app/Contents/Resources/julia/bin")
```

2.5 Get Data & Run Models

To explain statistical syntax for each software, I consider the more general case of a cross-classified model with dependent variable y , independent variables x and z , clustering variables `country` and `id`.

$$y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{ijt} + \beta_2 z_{ijt} + u_{0j} + v_{0i} + e_{ijt} \quad (2.2)$$

2.5.1 Stata

In Stata `mixed`, the syntax for a multilevel model of the form described in Equation 2.2 is:

```
mixed y x || _all: R.group1 || group2:
```

2.5.1.1 Get The Data



Tip For Running Stata From Quarto

Because I am running Stata from inside a Quarto document, and running Stata in multiple chunks, I need to use the `collectcode=TRUE` option in the first Stata chunk. i.e. my Quarto chunk needs to begin with “`{stata, collectcode=TRUE}`”. See Doug Hemken’s excellent documentation on Statamarkdown [here](#).

```
use simulated_multilevel_longitudinal_data.dta
```

2.5.1.2 Run The Model

```
mixed outcome t warmth physical_punishment group HDI || _all: R.country || id:
```

```
variable t not found  
r(111);
```

```
end of do-file  
r(111);
```

2.5.2 R

In R `lme4`, the general syntax for a multilevel model of the form described in Equation 2.2 is:

```
lmer(y ~ x + z + (1 | group1) + (1 | group2), data = ...)
```

2.5.2.1 Get The Data

```
library(haven)

df <- read_dta("simulated_multilevel_longitudinal_data.dta")
```

2.5.2.2 Run The Model

```
fit1 <- lmer(outcome ~ t + warmth + physical_punishment +
             group + HDI +
             (1 | id) +
             (1 | country),
             data = df)

summary(fit1)
```

Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']

Formula: outcome ~ t + warmth + physical_punishment + group + HDI + (1 | id) + (1 | country)

Data: df

REML criterion at convergence: 57088.4

Scaled residuals:

| | Min | 1Q | Median | 3Q | Max |
|--|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| | -3.4471 | -0.6226 | 0.0081 | 0.6153 | 3.1993 |

Random effects:

| Groups | Name | Variance | Std.Dev. |
|----------|-------------|----------|----------|
| id | (Intercept) | 8.864 | 2.977 |
| country | (Intercept) | 3.924 | 1.981 |
| Residual | | 26.008 | 5.100 |

Number of obs: 9000, groups: id, 3000; country, 30

Fixed effects:

| | Estimate | Std. Error | t value |
|---------------------|-----------|------------|---------|
| (Intercept) | 49.494782 | 1.471780 | 33.629 |
| t | 0.987964 | 0.065840 | 15.005 |
| warmth | 0.946259 | 0.038200 | 24.771 |
| physical_punishment | -0.926880 | 0.049970 | -18.549 |

| | | | |
|-------|----------|----------|-------|
| group | 0.985786 | 0.153550 | 6.420 |
| HDI | 0.007543 | 0.021437 | 0.352 |

Correlation of Fixed Effects:

| | (Intr) | t | warmth | physc_ | group |
|-------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|-------|
| t | -0.090 | | | | |
| warmth | -0.085 | 0.008 | | | |
| physcl_pnsh | -0.085 | 0.003 | -0.019 | | |
| group | -0.154 | 0.000 | -0.013 | -0.008 | |
| HDI | -0.943 | 0.000 | -0.003 | 0.003 | 0.000 |

2.5.3 Julia

In Julia MixedModels, the general syntax for a multilevel model of the form described in Equation 2.2 is:

```
fit(MixedModel, @formula(y ~ x + z + (1 | group1) + (1 | group2)), data)
```

2.5.3.1 Load The Needed Packages And Load The Data

```
using Tables, MixedModels, StatFiles, DataFrames, CategoricalArrays, DataFramesMeta

df = DataFrame(load("simulated_multilevel_longitudinal_data.dta"))
```

2.5.3.2 Change Country To Categorical

```
@transform!(df, :country = categorical(:country))
```

2.5.3.3 Run The Model

```
m1 = fit(MixedModel, @formula(outcome ~ t + warmth + physical_punishment +
                             group + HDI +
                             (1 | id) +
                             (1 | country)), df)
```

Linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood

outcome ~ 1 + t + warmth + physical_punishment + group + HDI + (1 | id) + (1 | country)

| logLik | -2 logLik | AIC | AICc | BIC |
|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| -28533.9968 | 57067.9935 | 57085.9935 | 57086.0136 | 57149.9384 |

Variance components:

| | Column | Variance | Std.Dev. |
|----------|-------------|----------|----------|
| id | (Intercept) | 8.85264 | 2.97534 |
| country | (Intercept) | 3.65030 | 1.91058 |
| Residual | | 26.00093 | 5.09911 |

Number of obs: 9000; levels of grouping factors: 3000, 30

Fixed-effects parameters:

| | Coef. | Std. Error | z | Pr(> z) |
|---------------------|------------|------------|--------|----------|
| (Intercept) | 49.4945 | 1.42422 | 34.75 | <1e-99 |
| t | 0.987965 | 0.0658315 | 15.01 | <1e-50 |
| warmth | 0.946255 | 0.0381869 | 24.78 | <1e-99 |
| physical_punishment | -0.926774 | 0.0499549 | -18.55 | <1e-76 |
| group | 0.985819 | 0.153487 | 6.42 | <1e-09 |
| HDI | 0.00754357 | 0.0207101 | 0.36 | 0.7157 |