Workshop on Multilevel Modeling

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Navigation

When this document is presented in slide show format, some slides may be long, and you may need to scroll down to see the full slide. In slide show format ${\tt b}$ makes text bigger, and ${\tt s}$ makes text smaller.

Cross Sectional Model

Get Data

. use "../multilevel-thinking/simulate-and-analyze-multilevel-data/simulated_multilevel_da > ta.dta", clear

The Equation

 $outcome_{ij} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 parental warmth + \beta_2 physical punishment + \beta_3 time +$

$$\beta_4 \operatorname{group}_2 + \beta_5 HDI +$$

 $u_{0j} + u_{1j} \times \text{parental warmth} + e_{ij}$

Descriptive Statistics

. summarize // descriptive statistics

Variable	0bs	Mean	Std. dev.	Min	Max
country	3,000	15.5	8.656884	1	30
HDI	3,000	64.76667	17.24562	33	87
family	3,000	50.5	28.87088	1	100
id	0				
group	3,000	1.497667	.5000779	1	2
physical_p_t	3,000	2.494667	1.380075	0	5
warmth	3,000	3.524333	1.889956	0	7
outcome	3,000	53.46757	6.65179	33.39014	76.75101

Spaghetti Plot

- . spagplot outcome warmth, id(country) scheme(s1color)
- . graph export spagplot1.png, width(1000) replace
- file /Users/agrogan/Desktop/GitHub/multilevel-workshop/spagplot1.png saved as PNG format

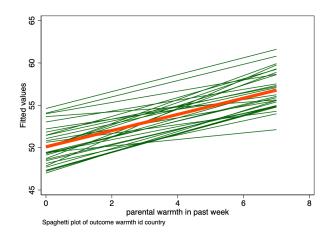


Figure 1: Spaghetti Plot of Outcome by Warmth by Country

Unconditional Model

Model

```
. mixed outcome || country: // unconditional model
Performing EM optimization ...
Performing gradient-based optimization:
              \log likelihood = -9856.1548
Iteration 0:
Iteration 1: log likelihood = -9856.1548
Computing standard errors ...
Mixed-effects ML regression
                                                                           3,000
                                                 Number of obs
                                                 Number of groups
Group variable: country
                                                                              30
                                                 Obs per group:
                                                                             100
                                                                           100.0
                                                               avg
                                                                             100
                                                 Wald chi2(0)
Log likelihood = -9856.1548
                                                 Prob > chi2
               Coefficient Std. err.
                                                           [95% conf. interval]
     outcome
                                                 P>|z|
                 53.46757
                             .3539097
                                        151.08
                                                 0.000
                                                           52.77392
                                                                       54.16122
       _cons
  Random-effects parameters
                                  Estimate
                                             Std. err.
                                                           [95% conf. interval]
country: Identity
                  var(_cons)
                                  3.348734
                                             .9702594
                                                           1.897816
                                                                       5.908906
               var(Residual)
                                  40.88284
                                             1.060908
                                                            38.8555
                                                                       43.01597
LR test vs. linear model: chibar2(01) = 169.64
                                                       Prob >= chibar2 = 0.0000
```

ICC

. estat icc Intraclass correlation

Level	ICC	Std. err.	[95% conf.	interval]
country	.0757091	.0203761	.0442419	.1265931

Full Model

. mixed outcome warmth physical_punishment i.group HDI $\mid\mid$ country: warmth $\mid\mid$ multilevel mo > del

Performing EM optimization ...

Performing gradient-based optimization:

Iteration 0: log likelihood = -9668.198
Iteration 1: log likelihood = -9667.9551
Iteration 2: log likelihood = -9667.9534
Iteration 3: log likelihood = -9667.9533
Iteration 4: log likelihood = -9667.9532

Computing standard errors ...

Mixed-effects ML regression 3,000 Number of obs Group variable: country Number of groups 30 Obs per group: 100 avg = 100.0 max = 100 Wald chi2(4) 401.26 Log likelihood = -9667.9532Prob > chi2 0.0000

outcome	Coefficient	Std. err.	z	P> z	[95% conf.	interval]
warmth physical_punishment	.9616447 8453802	.0581825	16.53 -10.59	0.000	.8476091 -1.001816	1.07568
2.group	1.084344	.2200539	4.93	0.000	.6530461	1.515642
HDI _cons	.010557 50.96398	.0204522 1.403621	0.52 36.31	0.606 0.000	0295286 48.21293	.0506426 53.71502

Random-effects parameters	Estimate	Std. err.	[95% conf.	interval]
<pre>country: Independent var(warmth) var(_cons)</pre>	1.83e-06 3.370262	.0000178 .9633726	1.02e-14 1.92465	329.3069 5.901676
var(Residual)	36.01906	.9346936	34.23291	37.89842

LR test vs. linear model: chi2(2) = 198.01

Prob > chi2 = 0.0000

Note: LR test is conservative and provided only for reference.

Longitudinal Model

Setup

. use "../multilevel-thinking/simulate-and-analyze-multilevel-data/simulated_multilevel_lo > ngitudinal_data.dta", clear

The Equation

 $outcome_{ij} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 parental warmth + \beta_2 physical punishment + \beta_3 time +$

$$\beta_4 \operatorname{group}_2 + \beta_5 HDI +$$

 $u_{0j} + u_{1j} \times \text{parental warmth} +$

$$v_{0i} + v_{1i} \times t + e_{ij}$$

[.] est store crosssectional // store estimates

Descriptive Statistics

. summarize // descriptive statistics

Variable	0bs	Mean	Std. dev.	Min	Max
country	9,000	15.5	8.655922	1	30
HDI	9,000	64.76667	17.2437	33	87
family	9,000	50.5	28.86767	1	100
id	0				
group	9,000	1.497667	.5000223	1	2
t	9,000	2	.8165419	1	3
physical_p_t	9,000	2.489778	1.378847	0	5
warmth	9,000	3.516	1.888893	0	7
outcome	9,000	54.45497	6.630079	28.72382	79.86467

Alternate Plot

```
. encode id, generate(idNUMERIC) // numeric version of id
.
. * spagplot outcome t if idNUMERIC <= 10, id(idNUMERIC) scheme(s1color)
.
. twoway (lfit outcome t) (scatter outcome t) if idNUMERIC <= 10, by(idNUMERIC) scheme(s1c > olor)
.
. graph export spagplot2.png, width(1000) replace
file /Users/agrogan/Desktop/GitHub/multilevel-workshop/spagplot2.png saved as PNG format
```

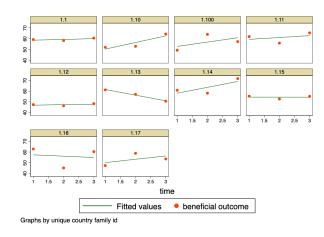


Figure 2: Alternate Plot of Outcome by Time by Individual; First 10 Observations

Unconditional Model

Model

Group variable	groups	Minimum	Average	Maximum
country	30	300	300.0	300
id	3,000	3	3.0	3

Log likelihood = -29092.149

Wald chi2(0) Prob > chi2

outcome	Coefficient	Std. err.	z	P> z	[95% conf.	interval]
_cons	54.45497	.3545946	153.57	0.000	53.75998	55.14997

Random-effects parameters	Estimate	Std. err.	[95% conf.	interval]
country: Identity var(_cons)	3.556606	.9740016	2.079353	6.083357
id: Identity var(_cons)	12.12878	.5851203	11.03451	13.33156
var(Residual)	28.26794	.5160995	27.27429	29.29779

LR test vs. linear model: chi2(2) = 1404.70

Prob > chi2 = 0.0000

Note: LR test is conservative and provided only for reference.

ICC

. estat icc

Intraclass correlation

Level	ICC	Std. err.	[95% conf.	interval]
country id country	.0809178	.0204085	.0489023	.1310061
	.3568646	.0177124	.3229478	.3922796

Full Model

. mixed outcome t warmth physical_punishment i.group HDI $\mid\mid$ country: warmth $\mid\mid$ id: t // mu > ltilevel model

Performing EM optimization ...

Performing gradient-based optimization:

Iteration 0: log likelihood = -28560.818
Iteration 1: log likelihood = -28534.486
Iteration 2: log likelihood = -28534.01

log likelihood = -28533.997 log likelihood = -28533.997 Iteration 3: Iteration 4:

Computing standard errors ...

Mixed-effects ML regression

Number of obs

9,000

Grouping information

	No. of	Obser	vations per	group
Group variable	groups	Minimum	Average	Maximum
country	30	300	300.0	300
id	3,000	3	3.0	3

Log likelihood = -28533.997

1206.21 Wald chi2(5) Prob > chi2 0.0000

Coefficient Std. err. P>|z| [95% conf. interval] outcome z t .9879647 .0658315 15.01 0.000 .8589373 1.116992 24.78 .8714098 warmth.9462548 .0381869 0.000 1.0211

physical_punishment	926774	.0499549	-18.55	0.000	-1.024684	8288642
2.group	.9858189	.1534866	6.42	0.000	.6849907	1.286647
HDI	.0075436	.020712	0.36	0.716	0330512	.0481383
_cons	50.48029	1.408094	35.85	0.000	47.72048	53.24011

Random-effects parameters	Estimate	Std. err.	[95% conf.	interval]
country: Independent				
var(warmth)	3.39e-10	2.87e-09	2.08e-17	.0055112
var(_cons)	3.650996	.9880288	2.148128	6.205299
id: Independent				
var(t)	3.17e-08	4.80e-06	5.1e-137	2.0e+121
var(_cons)	8.852631	.4817168	7.957088	9.848965
var(Residual)	26.00091	.474775	25.08683	26.94831

LR test vs. linear model: chi2(4) = 1328.22

Prob > chi2 = 0.0000

Note: LR test is conservative and provided only for reference.

. est store longitudinal // store estimates

Nice Table of Results

- . est table crosssectional longitudinal, ///
- > b(%9.3f) star stats(N 11 chi2) ///
 > varwidth(20) modelwidth(15)

Variable	crosssectional	longitudinal
outcome		
warmth	0.962***	0.946***
physical_punishment	-0.845***	-0.927***
group		
2	1.084***	0.986***
HDI	0.011	0.008
t		0.988***
_cons	50.964***	50.480***
lns1_1_1		
_cons	-6.605	-10.903*
lns1_1_2		
_cons	0.607***	0.648***
lnsig_e		
_cons	1.792***	1.629***
lns2_1_1		
_cons		-8.633
lns2_1_2		
_cons		1.090***
Statistics		
N	3000	9000
11	-9667.953	-2.85e+04
chi2	401.262	1206.210

Legend: * p<0.05; ** p<0.01; *** p<0.001

QUESTIONS???