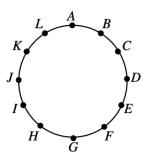
## Cayley-1997-06-popping-ballons

July 25, 2020

## 1 Cayley Contest, 1997, Question 6

- 6. Twelve balloons are arranged in a circle as shown. Counting clockwise, every third balloon is popped, with C the first one popped. This process continues around the circle until two unpopped balloons remain. The last two remaining balloons are
  - (A) B, H
- $(\mathbf{B}) B, G$
- $(\mathbf{C})A, E$

- $(\mathbf{D}) E, J$
- $(\mathbf{E}) F, K$



We can represent the set of remaining balloons as a string by listing their letters in clockwise order, staring with A. Initially, all balloon remain.

```
[1]: init_balloons = 'ABCDEFGHIJKL'
```

We are told to pop every third balloon, until only two remain. We skip over the first two balloons using Python string slicing.

```
[2]: balloons = init_balloons
front = balloons[:2]
print('front = ', front)
```

front = AB

We pop the third balloon.

```
[3]: pop = balloons[2] print('pop =', pop)
```

pop = C

We grab the rest of the balloons using string slicing.

```
[4]: rest = balloons[3:] print('rest =', rest)
```

rest = DEFGHIJKL

Since the balloons are arranged in a circle, the front now appears after the rest.

```
[5]: balloons = rest + front print('balloons =', balloons)
```

balloons = DEFGHIJKLAB

Now repeat the above steps until only two balloons remain. Put the above procedure in a function.

```
[6]: def pop_balloons(balloons):
    while len(balloons) > 2:
        front = balloons[:2]
        pop = balloons[2]
        print('from ', balloons, ' pop', pop)
        rest = balloons[3:]
        balloons = rest + front

return balloons
```

Finally run this function on the initial set of balloons.

```
[7]: remain = pop_balloons(init_balloons)
print('remain =', remain)
```

```
from ABCDEFGHIJKL pop C
from DEFGHIJKLAB pop F
from GHIJKLABDE pop I
from JKLABDEGH pop L
from ABDEGHJK pop D
from EGHJKAB pop H
from JKABEG pop A
from BEGJK pop G
from JKBE pop B
from EJK pop K
remain = EJ
```