How do you install and configure multi-node Kubernetes cluster?



Installing Kubernetes using kubeadm

Concept



Objectives

Concept

- a. Overview of kubeadm
- b. kubeadm commands

Review Demo

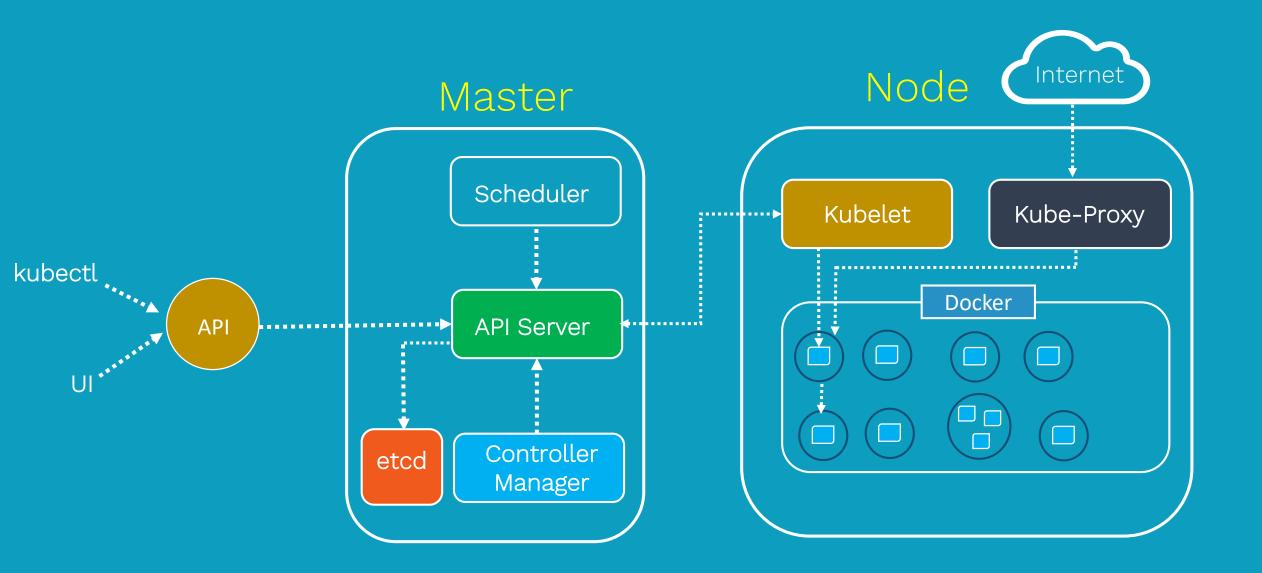
- a. Pre-reqs
- b. Installing software applications
- c. Configuring Master
- d. Join Worker Node
- e. Test

kubeadm

Kubeadm helps with installing and configuring
Kubernetes cluster

kubeadm commands

```
kubeadm init
                           //on master
    kubeadm init [flags]
kubeadm join
                          //on worker
    kubeadm join --token [] --discovery-token-ca-cert-hash []
kubeadm token
    kubeadm token [create|delete|list|generate] [flags]
kubeadm version
   Kubeadm version [flags]
kubeadm upgrade
    kubeadm upgrade plan [version] [flags]
```



Kubernetes Architecture

Configuring Kubernetes by kubeadm

Installing

Testing

Pre-reqs

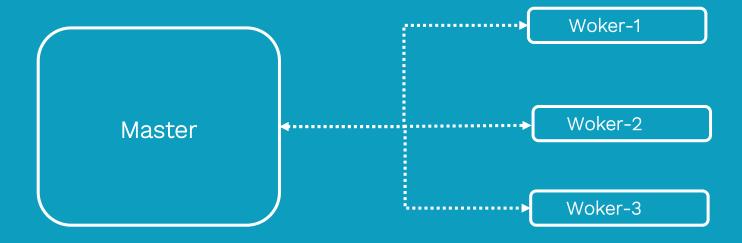
- 3GB or more RAM
- 3 CPU or more
- Full network connectivity among all machines in the cluster.
- Disable SWAP on all nodes
- Disable SELinux on all nodes

Steps

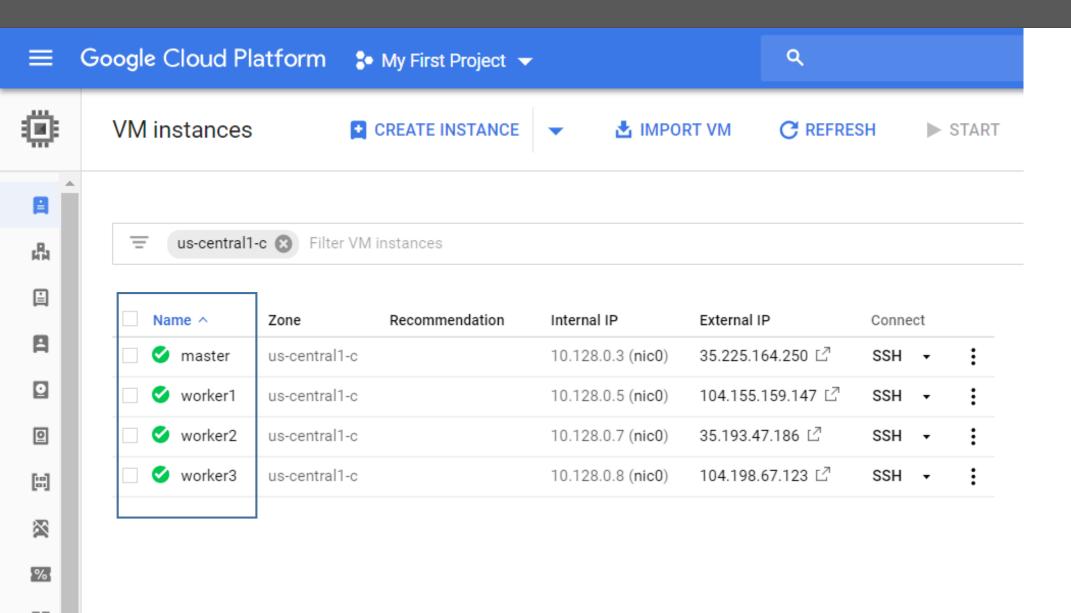
- 1. Create VMs which are part of k8s cluster (master & worker nodes)
- 2. Disable SELinux and SWAP on all nodes
- 3. Install Kubeadm, kubelet, kubectl and Docker on all nodes
 - Start and enable docker and kubelet on all nodes
- 4. Initialize the master node
- 5. Configure Pod network
- 6. Join worker nodes to the cluster

kubeadm Review Demo

Review Demo



1. Create VMs



2. Disable SWAP and SELinux on all nodes

Disable SWAP on all nodes:

```
root@master:$ swapoff -a
```

Disable SELinux on all nodes:

```
root@master:$ setenforce 0
root@master:$ sed -i 's/enforcing/disabled/g' /etc/selinux/config
root@master:$ grep disabled /etc/selinux/config | grep -v '#'
SELINUX=disabled
```

Reboot all nodes



Perform all above steps on all worker nodes as well

3a. Install Docker

```
Install Docker:
          root@master:#
                                yum update -y
          root@master:#
                                yum install -y docker
Start and enable Docker:
          root@master:#
                                systemctl start docker
          root@master:#
                                systemctl enable docker
          root@master:#
                                systemctl status docker
          • docker.service - Docker Application Container Engine
            Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/docker.service; enabled; vendor preset: disabled)
            Active: active (running) since Mon 2018-09-03 13:25:42 UTC; 1s ago
             Docs: http://docs.docker.com
          Main PID: 13833 (dockerd-current)
            CGroup: /system.slice/docker.service
                  —13833 /usr/bin/dockerd-current --add-runtime docker-runc=/usr/libexec/docker/docker-runc-current --default-ru…
                  —13837 /usr/bin/docker-containerd-current -l unix:///var/run/docker/libcontainerd/docker-containerd.sock --met...
          Sep 03 13:25:40 master dockerd-current[13833]: time="2018-09-03T13:25:40.795598959Z" level=warning msg="Docker could.."
          Sep 03 13:25:42 master systemd[1]: Started Docker Application Container Engine.
          Sep 03 13:25:42 master dockerd-current[13833]: time="2018-09-03T13:25:42.319356249Z" level=info msg="API listen on /v...sock"
          Hint: Some lines were ellipsized, use -l to show in full.
```



3b. Install kubeadm, kubelet, Kubectl

Add Kubernetes Repo:

```
root@master:# cat <<EOF > /etc/yum.repos.d/kubernetes.repo
[kubernetes]
name=Kubernetes
baseurl=https://packages.cloud.google.com/yum/repos/kubernetes-el7-x86_64
enabled=1
gpgcheck=1
repo_gpgcheck=1
gpgkey=https://packages.cloud.google.com/yum/doc/yum-key.gpg
https://packages.cloud.google.com/yum/doc/rpm-package-key.gpg
exclude=kube*
EOF
```

Install kubelet, kubeadm, kubectl and start kubelet:

```
root@master:# yum install -y kubeadm kubelet kubectl --disableexcludes=kubernetes
root@master:# systemctl enable kubelet && systemctl start kubelet
```





```
[root@master ~]# cat <<EOF > /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables = 1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables = 1
EOF
[root@master ~]# sysctl --system
```

NOTE: Applicable only if you are on RHEL/CentOS 7

4. Initialize master node

Only on *master* node:

```
root@master:#
                 kubeadm init --pod-network-cidr=10.240.0.0/16
Your Kubernetes master has initialized successfully!
To start using your cluster, you need to run the following as a regular user:
 mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
 sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
  sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config
You should now deploy a pod network to the cluster.
Run "kubectl apply -f [podnetwork].yaml" with one of the options listed at:
 https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/cluster-administration/addons/
You can now join any number of machines by running the following on each node
as root:
```

kubeadm join --token a2dc82.7e936a7ba007f01e 10.240.0.1:6443 --discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sha256:30aca9f9c04f829a13c925224b34c47df0a784e9ba94e132a983658a70ee2914

5. Configure Pod network

Only on *master* node:

```
root@master:# kubectl apply -f \
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/coreos/flannel/v0.9.1/Documentation/kube-flannel.yml
```

roc	ot@master:#	kubectl get podsall-namespaces				
NAN	MESPACE	NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
de	fault	kube-flannel-ds-3hsdj	2/2	Running	0	1 m
kul	oe-system	dummy-2088944543-69gpw	1/1	Running	0	4m
kuł	oe-system	etcd-master1	1/1	Running	0	3m
kuł	oe-system	kube-apiserver-master1	1/1	Running	0	4m
kuł	oe-system	kube-controller-manager-master1	1/1	Running	0	3m
kuł	oe-system	kube-discovery-1769846148-n4fjq	1/1	Running	0	4m
kuł	oe-system	kube-dns-2924299975-fx7lv	4/4	Running	0	3m
kuł	oe-system	kube-proxy-k87q7	1/1	Running	0	3m
kuł	oe-system	kube-scheduler-master1	1/1	Running	0	3m

6. Join workers nodes to the cluster

Only on *worker* nodes:

```
root@master:# kubeadm join --token a2dc82.7e936a7ba007f01e 10.240.0.1:6443 --discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sha256:30aca9f9c04f829a13c925224b34c47df0a784e9ba94e132a983658a70ee2914
```

root@master:# kubeadm token create --print-join-command

Testing

```
[root@master ~]# kubectl get no
          STATUS
NAME
                    ROLES
                              AGE
                                        VERSION
master
         Ready
                    master
                              29m
                                        v1.11.2
worker1
         Ready
                              26m
                                       v1.11.2
                    <none>
worker2
         Ready
                    <none>
                              24m
                                       v1.11.2
worker3
          Ready
                              24m
                                        v1.11.2
                    <none>
```

```
[root@master ~]# kubectl run kubernetes-bootcamp --image=gcr.io/google-samples/kubernetes-bootcamp:v1 --
port=8080
deployment.apps/kubernetes-bootcamp created
```

Summary

Kubeadm installs and configures minimum viable Kubernetes cluster

kubeadm commands

Steps:

- 1. Create VMs which are part of k8s cluster (master & worker nodes)
- 2. Disable SELinux and SWAP on all nodes
- 3. Install Docker, kubelet, kubeadm, and kubectl on all nodes
 - Start and enable docker and kubelet on all nodes
- 4. Initialize the master node
- 5. Configure Pod network
- 6. Join worker nodes to the cluster

Coming up...

Demo kubeadm