# Class 5: Data Visualization with ggplot

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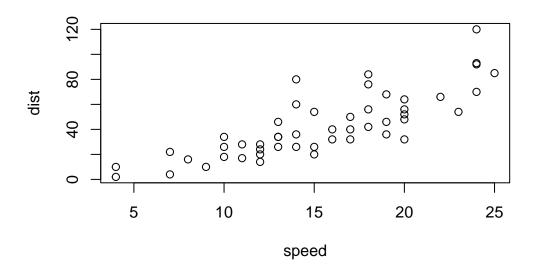
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Today we will have our first play with the **ggplot2** package - one of the most popular graphics packages on the planet.

There are many plotting systems in R. These include so-called "base" plotting/graphics.

plot(cars)



Base plot is generally rather short code and somewhat dull plots - but it is always there for you and is fast for big data sets.

If I want to use **ggplot2** it takes some more work.

```
#ggplot(cars)
```

I need to install the package first to my computer. To do this I can use the function install.packages("ggplot2")

Every time I want to use a package I need to load it up with a library() call.

```
library(ggplot2)
```

Now finally I can use ggplot.

ggplot(cars)

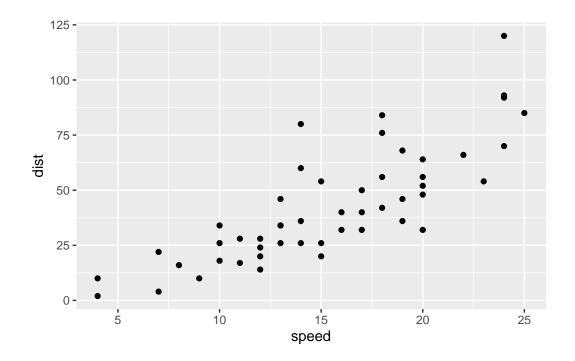
Every ggplot has at least 3 things:

- data (the data.frame with the data you want to plot)
- aes (the aesthetics mapping of the data to the plot)
- **geom** (how do you want the plot to look, points, lines, etc.)

```
head(cars)
```

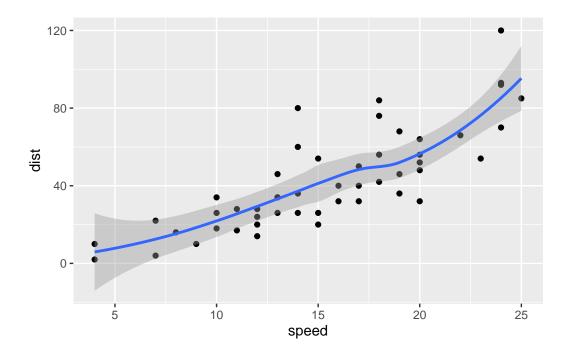
```
speed dist
1
      4
            2
      4
           10
2
3
      7
           4
4
      7
           22
5
           16
      8
6
      9
           10
```

```
bp <- ggplot(cars) +
  aes(x=speed, y=dist) +
  geom_point()
bp</pre>
```



```
ggplot(cars) +
  aes(x=speed, y=dist) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth()
```

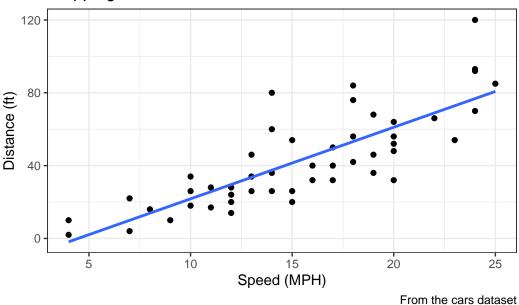
 $\ensuremath{\mbox{`geom\_smooth()`}}\ \mbox{using method} = \ensuremath{\mbox{'loess'}}\ \mbox{and formula} = \ensuremath{\mbox{'y}}\ \sim \ensuremath{\mbox{x'}}\ \mbox{'}$ 



I want a liner model and no standard error bounds shown on my plot. I also want nicer axis labels a title etc.

<sup>`</sup>geom\_smooth()` using formula = 'y ~ x'





# A more complicated scatter plot

Here we make a plot of gene expression data

```
url <- "https://bioboot.github.io/bimm143_S20/class-material/up_down_expression.txt"
genes <- read.delim(url)
head(genes)</pre>
```

```
Gene Condition1 Condition2
                                       State
1
      A4GNT -3.6808610 -3.4401355 unchanging
2
       AAAS
             4.5479580 4.3864126 unchanging
3
      AASDH
             3.7190695 3.4787276 unchanging
4
             5.0784720 5.0151916 unchanging
       AATF
       AATK
             0.4711421 0.5598642 unchanging
6 AB015752.4 -3.6808610 -3.5921390 unchanging
```

Q. Use the nrow() function to find out how many genes are in this dataset. What is your answer?

```
nrow(genes)
```

#### [1] 5196

Q. Use the colnames() function and the ncol() function on the genes data frame to find out what the column names are (we will need these later) and how many columns there are. How many columns did you find?

Q. Use the table() function on the State column of this data.frame to find out how many 'up' regulated genes there are. What is your answer?

```
table(genes$State)

down unchanging up
  72 4997 127
```

Q. Using your values above and 2 significant figures. What fraction of total genes is upregulated in this dataset?

```
round(sum(genes$State == "up") / nrow(genes) * 100, 2)
```

#### [1] 2.44

```
n.gene <- nrow(genes)
n.up <- sum(genes$State == "up")

up.percent <- n.up/n.gene * 100
round(up.percent, 2)</pre>
```

#### [1] 2.44

```
head(genes, 2)
```

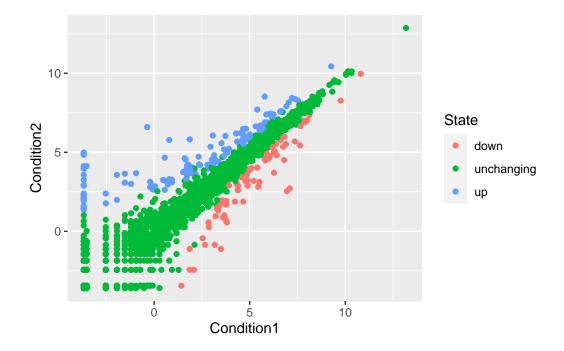
```
Gene Condition1 Condition2 State

1 A4GNT -3.680861 -3.440135 unchanging

2 AAAS 4.547958 4.386413 unchanging

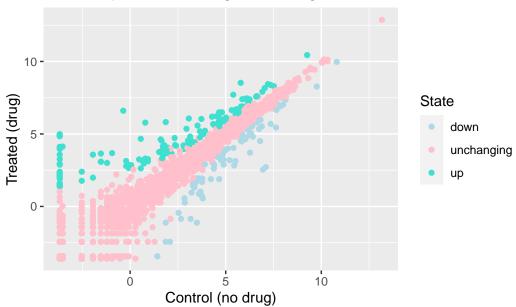
p <- ggplot(genes) +
```

```
p <- ggplot(genes) +
  aes(x=Condition1, y=Condition2, col=State) +
  geom_point()
p</pre>
```



### Change the colors





# **Exploring the gapminder dataset**

Here we will load up the gapminder dataset to get practice with different ass mappings.

```
url <- "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jennybc/gapminder/master/inst/extdata/gapminder.
gapminder <- read.delim(url)</pre>
```

Q. How many rows can be found in this dataframe?

```
row <- nrow(gapminder)
row</pre>
```

- [1] 1704
- Q. How many columns can be found in this dataframe?

```
column <- ncol(gapminder)
column</pre>
```

[1] 6

## head(gapminder)

```
\hbox{\tt country continent year lifeExp}
                                           pop gdpPercap
1 Afghanistan
                   Asia 1952
                               28.801 8425333 779.4453
2 Afghanistan
                   Asia 1957
                              30.332 9240934 820.8530
3 Afghanistan
                   Asia 1962 31.997 10267083
                                                853.1007
4 Afghanistan
                   Asia 1967 34.020 11537966 836.1971
5 Afghanistan
                   Asia 1972 36.088 13079460 739.9811
6 Afghanistan
                   Asia 1977 38.438 14880372 786.1134
  table(gapminder$year)
1952 1957 1962 1967 1972 1977 1982 1987 1992 1997 2002 2007
 142
      142
          142 142 142
                          142
                               142
                                    142 142
                                               142 142
Q. How many continents are there in the dataset?
  table(gapminder$continent)
  Africa Americas
                              Europe
                      Asia
                                      Oceania
     624
              300
                       396
                                 360
                                           24
I could use the unique() function
```

[1] 5

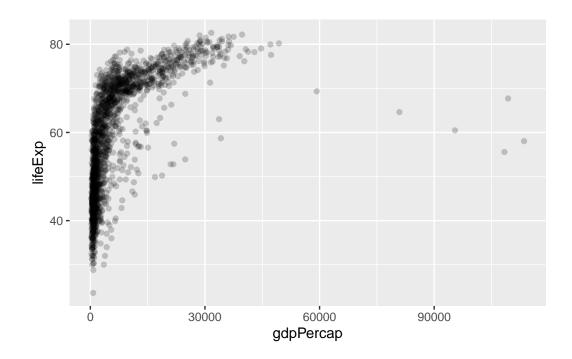
Q. How many countries are there in this dataset?

length(unique(gapminder\$continent))

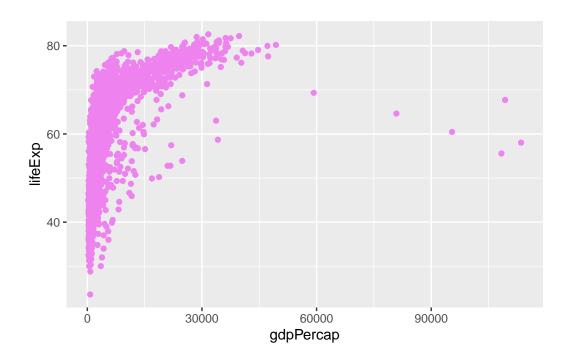
```
length(unique(gapminder$country))
```

[1] 142

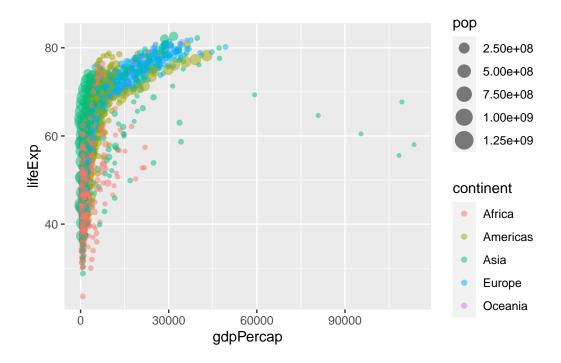
```
ggplot(gapminder) +
  aes(x=gdpPercap, y=lifeExp) +
  geom_point(alpha=0.2)
```



```
ggplot(gapminder) +
aes(x=gdpPercap, y=lifeExp) +
geom_point(col="violet")
```



```
ggplot(gapminder) +
  aes(x=gdpPercap, y=lifeExp, col=continent, size=pop) +
  geom_point(alpha=0.5)
```



```
#install.packages("dplyr")
library(dplyr)
```

Attaching package: 'dplyr'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

filter, lag

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

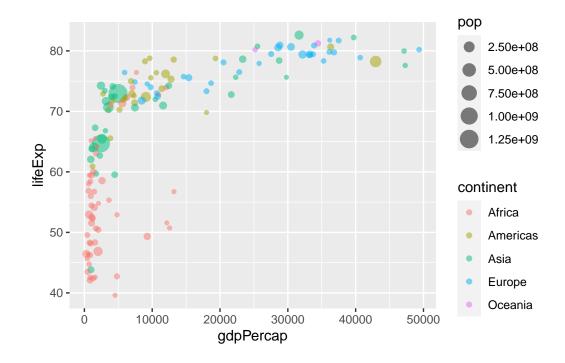
```
gapminder_2007 <- filter(gapminder, year==2007)
head(gapminder_2007)</pre>
```

country continent year lifeExp pop gdpPercap
1 Afghanistan Asia 2007 43.828 31889923 974.5803
2 Albania Europe 2007 76.423 3600523 5937.0295

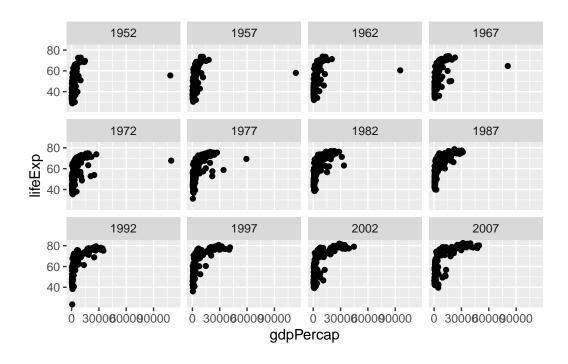
```
3 Algeria Africa 2007 72.301 33333216 6223.3675
4 Angola Africa 2007 42.731 12420476 4797.2313
5 Argentina Americas 2007 75.320 40301927 12779.3796
6 Australia Oceania 2007 81.235 20434176 34435.3674
```

Plot of 2007 with population and continent data

```
ggplot(gapminder_2007)+
  aes(x=gdpPercap, y=lifeExp, col=continent, size=pop)+
  geom_point(alpha=0.5)
```



```
ggplot(gapminder)+
  aes(x=gdpPercap, y=lifeExp) +
  geom_point() +
  facet_wrap(~year)
```



```
ggplot(gapminder)+
  aes(x=gdpPercap, y=lifeExp) +
  geom_point() +
  facet_wrap(~continent)
```

