

PROPERTIES FOR LIMITS THAT TENDS TO INFINITY

- a) $\pm \infty \pm \infty = \pm \infty$
 b) $+\infty + k = +\infty$
 c) $-\infty + k = -\infty$
 d) $(+\infty)(+\infty) = +\infty$
 e) $(-\infty)(-\infty) = +\infty$
 f) $+\infty \cdot k = +\infty, k > 0$
 g) $+\infty \cdot (-k) = -\infty, k < 0$
 h) $\pm \infty \cdot 0 = \text{UNDEFINED}$
 i) $k/0^+ = +\infty, k > 0$
 j) $k/0^- = -\infty, k > 0$
 k) $+\infty/0^+ = +\infty$
 l) $+\infty/0^- = -\infty$
 m) $\frac{\pm \infty}{\pm \infty} = \text{UNDEFINED}$
 n) $0/0 = \text{UNDEFINED}$
 o) $k/\pm \infty = 0$

! THESE ARE THE FUNCTIONS BEHAVIOR WHEN TENDS TO INFINITY

Some examples

→ when we have $\frac{k}{0}$, needs to check the lateral limits.

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{x}{x-5} = \frac{5}{5-5} = \frac{5}{0} = \nexists$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} \frac{x}{x-5} &= \frac{5}{0^+} = +\infty \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 5^-} \frac{x}{x-5} &= \frac{5}{0^-} = -\infty \end{aligned} \right\} \lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow 5^-} \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} = \nexists$$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} \frac{x}{x-5} = \frac{5}{5-5} = \frac{5}{0^+} = +\infty$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sin(x) \cdot \csc(x)$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sin(x) \rightarrow$ If x tends to zero then $\sin(x)$ tends to zero.
 $\sin(x) = 0$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \csc(x) = \frac{1}{\sin(x)} = \frac{1}{0}$

Since $\frac{1}{0} = \frac{k}{0}$, we need to check the lateral.

$\frac{1}{0^+} = +\infty \neq \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \csc(x) = \nexists$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sin(x) \csc(x) = 0 \cdot \nexists = \nexists$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{3x}{2x-4} = \frac{3(2)}{2(2)-4} = \frac{6}{4-4} = \frac{6}{0} = \nexists$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{3x}{2x-4} &= \frac{6}{0^+} = +\infty \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{3x}{2x-4} &= \frac{6}{0^-} = -\infty \end{aligned} \right\} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} = \nexists$$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x}{x^2-4} = \frac{2}{2^2-4} = \frac{2}{0} = \nexists$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{x}{x^2-4} &= \frac{2}{0^+} = +\infty \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{x}{x^2-4} &= \frac{2}{0^-} = -\infty \end{aligned} \right\} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} = \nexists$$