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CS 220 2148

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#### Homework 7 Assembler

# Assembler.java

```
* @author Raul Aguilar
           October 27, 2020
 * @date
import java.io.FileOutputStream;
import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
public class Assembler {
   // ALGORITHM:
   // get input file name
   // create output file name and stream
   // create symbol table
   // do first pass to build symbol table (no output yet)
   // do second pass to output translated ASM to HACK code
   // print "done" message to user
   // close output file stream
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String inputFileName, outputFileName;
        PrintWriter outputFile = null;
        SymbolTable symbolTable = new SymbolTable();
        int romAddress = 0, ramAddress = 16;
```

```
// get input file name from command line or console input
       if(args.length == 1) {
            System.out.println("command line arg = " + args[0]);
           inputFileName = args[0];
        } else {
            Scanner keyboard = new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.println("Please enter assembly file name you would like to
translate");
            System.out.println("Don't forget the .asm etension: ");
            inputFileName = keyboard.nextLine();
           keyboard.close();
        outputFileName = inputFileName.substring(0,
inputFileName.lastIndexOf('.')) + ".hack";
       try {
           outputFile = new PrintWriter(new FileOutputStream(outputFileName));
        } catch(FileNotFoundException ex) {
            System.err.println("Could not open output file " + outputFileName);
           System.err.println("Run program again, make sure you have write
permissions, etc.");
           System.exit(0);
        firstPass(inputFileName, symbolTable, romAddress, ramAddress);
        secondPass(inputFileName, symbolTable, outputFile, romAddress,
ramAddress);
        System.out.println("Finished assembling. Program exiting.");
        outputFile.close();
       System.exit(0);
```

```
* The first pass through the file finds and stores user-defined variables
and labels in the symbol
    * table without writing anything to the output file
    * @param inputFileName the file being read
    * @param symbolTable the symbol table to store variables and lables
(initialzies with predefined symbols)
    * @param romAddress the current PC rom address of the instruction
    * @param ramAddress the current ram address to store the variable in
    * @return symbol table filled-in with variables and labels found in file
   private static SymbolTable firstPass(String inputFileName, SymbolTable
symbolTable, int romAddress, int ramAddress) {
       Parser p = new Parser();
       symbolTable.SymbolTable();
       p.Parser(inputFileName);
       while(p.hasMoreCommands()) {
            p.advance();
            if(p.getCommandType() == Command.L_COMMAND) {
                symbolTable.addEntry(p.getSymbol(), romAddress,
p.getLineNumber());
           if(p.getCommandType() == Command.A_COMMAND) {
               try {
                    int decimal = Integer.parseInt(p.getSymbol());
                } catch(NumberFormatException notADecimal) {
                    if(!symbolTable.contains(p.getSymbol()) &&
Character.isLowerCase(p.getSymbol().charAt(0)) ) {
                        symbolTable.addEntry(p.getSymbol(), ramAddress,
p.getLineNumber());
                        ramAddress++;
                    }
               romAddress++;
           if(p.getCommandType() == Command.C_COMMAND) {
               romAddress++;
```

```
return symbolTable;
     * Second pass through the file converts each line to binary code, while
using the filled-in symbol
    * table from the first pass to convert symbols and labels
     * @param inputFileName the file being read
     * @param symbolTable the predefined symbol table
    * @param outputFile
                          the name of the output HACK file
    * @param romAddress
                          the current PC rom address of the instruction
     * @param ramAddress
                          the current ram address for user-defined variables
    private static void secondPass(String inputFileName, SymbolTable symbolTable,
PrintWriter outputFile, int romAddress, int ramAddress) {
       Parser p = new Parser();
       p.Parser(inputFileName);
       while(p.hasMoreCommands()) {
            p.advance();
            if(p.getCommandType() == Command.C_COMMAND) {
                String instruction = "111" + p.getComp() + p.getDest() +
p.getJump() + '\n';
                outputFile.write(instruction);
                romAddress++;
            if(p.getCommandType() == Command.A_COMMAND) {
                try {
                    int decimal = Integer.parseInt(p.getSymbol());
                    String dec = Code.decimalToBinary(decimal) + '\n';
                    outputFile.write(dec);
                    romAddress++;
                } catch(NumberFormatException notADecimal) {
                    if(symbolTable.contains(p.getSymbol())) {
                        String dec =
Code.decimalToBinary(symbolTable.getAddress(p.getSymbol())) + '\n';
                        outputFile.write(dec);
                    } else {
```

## Code.java

```
* @author Raul Aguilar
 * @date
           October 14, 2020
import java.util.HashMap;
public class Code {
   private HashMap<String, String> compCodes = new HashMap<String, String>();
   private HashMap<String, String> destCodes = new HashMap<String, String>();
   private HashMap<String, String> jumpCodes = new HashMap<String, String>();
     * Initializes hashmaps with binary codes for easy lookup
   public void Code() {
       // Comp codes
        compCodes.put("0", "0101010");
        compCodes.put("1", "0111111");
        compCodes.put("-1", "0111010");
        compCodes.put("D", "0001100");
       compCodes.put("A", "0110000");
        compCodes.put("M", "1110000");
        compCodes.put("!D", "0001101");
        compCodes.put("!A", "0110001");
        compCodes.put("!M", "1110001");
        compCodes.put("-D", "0001111");
        compCodes.put("-A", "0110011");
        compCodes.put("D+1", "0011111");
        compCodes.put("1+D", "0011111");
        compCodes.put("A+1", "0110111");
        compCodes.put("1+A", "0110111");
        compCodes.put("M+1", "1110111");
        compCodes.put("1+M", "1110111");
        compCodes.put("D-1", "0001110");
        compCodes.put("-1+D", "0001110");
        compCodes.put("A-1", "0110010");
        compCodes.put("-1+A", "0110010");
```

```
compCodes.put("M-1", "1110010");
compCodes.put("-1+M", "1110010");
compCodes.put("D+A", "0000010");
compCodes.put("A+D", "0000010");
compCodes.put("D+M", "1000010");
compCodes.put("M+D", "1000010");
compCodes.put("D-A", "0010011");
compCodes.put("D-M", "1010011");
compCodes.put("A-D", "0000111");
compCodes.put("M-D", "1000111");
compCodes.put("D&A", "0000000");
compCodes.put("D&M", "1000000");
compCodes.put("D|A", "0010101");
compCodes.put("D|M", "1010101");
// Dest codes
destCodes.put(null, "000");
destCodes.put("", "000");
destCodes.put("\"null\"", "000");
destCodes.put("M", "001");
destCodes.put("D", "010");
destCodes.put("MD", "011");
destCodes.put("DM", "011");
destCodes.put("A", "100");
destCodes.put("AM", "101");
destCodes.put("MA", "101");
destCodes.put("AD", "110");
destCodes.put("DA", "110");
destCodes.put("AMD", "111");
destCodes.put("ADM", "111");
destCodes.put("MAD", "111");
destCodes.put("MDA", "111");
destCodes.put("DAM", "111");
destCodes.put("DMA", "111");
jumpCodes.put(null, "000");
jumpCodes.put("", "000");
jumpCodes.put("\"null\"", "000");
```

```
jumpCodes.put("JGT", "001");
   jumpCodes.put("JEQ", "010");
    jumpCodes.put("JGE", "011");
    jumpCodes.put("JLT", "100");
    jumpCodes.put("JNE", "101");
    jumpCodes.put("JLE", "110");
    jumpCodes.put("JMP", "111");
* Returns binary code for given comp mnemonic
* @param mnemonic the key given
* @return 7 bits for comp key
public String getComp(String mnemonic) {
   return compCodes.get(mnemonic);
}
* Returns binary code for dest mnemonic
* @param mnemonic the key given
 * @return 3 bits for dest key
public String getDest(String mnemonic) {
   return destCodes.get(mnemonic);
}
* Returns binary code for jump mnemonic
* @param mnemonic the key given
* @return 3 bits for jump key
public String getJump(String mnemonic) {
    return jumpCodes.get(mnemonic);
 * Converts a decimal number to binary
 * @param n decimal number
```

```
* @return binary representation of decimal number
*/
public static String decimalToBinary(int n) {
    String binary = "";
    do {
        binary = (n%2) + binary;
        n /= 2;
    } while(n > 0);

    while(binary.length() < 16) {
        binary = "0" + binary;
    }

    return binary;
}</pre>
```

# Parser.java

```
* @author Raul Aguilar
* @date
import java.io.*;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Parser {
   private Scanner inputFile;
   private int lineNumber;
   private String rawLine;
  private String cleanLine;
   private Command commandType;
   private String symbol;
   private String destMnemonic;
   private String compMnemonic;
   private String jumpMnemonic;
  private Code c = new Code();
   Command command;
    * Opens input file and prepares to parse
   * If file cannot be found ends program with error message
   * @param inFileName
   public void Parser(String inFileName) {
      try {
           inputFile = new Scanner(new FileReader(inFileName));
       } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
           System.out.println("File could not be found. Ending program.");
          System.exit(0);
```

```
* Returns boolean if more commands left, closes stream if not
* @return True if more commands, else closes stream
public boolean hasMoreCommands() {
   if(inputFile.hasNextLine()) {
        return true;
   } else {
        inputFile.close();
        return false;
   }
}
* Reads the next command from the input and makes it the
* current command.
* Should only be called if hasMoreCommands() is true.
* Initially there is no current command.
public void advance() {
   lineNumber++;
   rawLine = inputFile.nextLine();
   cleanLine();
   parseCommandType();
   parse();
* Reads raw line from file and strips it of whitespace
private void cleanLine() {
   int commentIndex;
   if(rawLine == null) {
        cleanLine = "";
   } else {
       // remove whitespace
```

```
cleanLine = rawLine.replaceAll(" ", "");
        cleanLine = cleanLine.replaceAll("\t", "");
        //remove comments
        commentIndex = cleanLine.indexOf("/");
        if(commentIndex != -1) {
            cleanLine = cleanLine.substring(0, commentIndex);
   }
}
 * Guesses which command type it is from clean line
private void parseCommandType() {
    if(cleanLine == null || cleanLine.length() == 0) {
        commandType = command.NO_COMMAND;
    } else {
        char first = cleanLine.charAt(0);
        if(first == '(') {
            commandType = Command.L_COMMAND;
        } else if(first == '@') {
            commandType = Command.A_COMMAND;
        } else {
            commandType = Command.C_COMMAND;
        }
   }
}
 * Helper method: parses line depending on instruction type
* Appropriate parts of instruction filled
private void parse() {
   if(commandType == Command.L_COMMAND || commandType == Command.A_COMMAND)
        parseSymbol();
    } else if(commandType == Command.C_COMMAND) {
        parseComp();
```

```
parseDest();
        parseJump();
   }
 * Parses symbol from A- or L-Commands
private void parseSymbol() {
    if(commandType == Command.L_COMMAND) {
        int begin = cleanLine.indexOf('(');
        int end = cleanLine.indexOf(')');
        symbol = cleanLine.substring(begin+1, end);
   if(commandType == Command.A_COMMAND) {
        symbol = cleanLine.substring(1);
}
 * Helper method: parses line to get dest part
private void parseDest() {
    c.Code();
   int equals = cleanLine.indexOf('=');
   if(equals != -1) {
        destMnemonic = cleanLine.substring(0, equals);
        destMnemonic = c.getDest(destMnemonic);
   } else {
        destMnemonic = null;
        destMnemonic = c.getDest(destMnemonic);
}
 * Helper method: parses line to get comp part
private void parseComp() {
    c.Code();
```

```
int equals = cleanLine.indexOf('=');
    int semicolon = cleanLine.indexOf(';');
    if(semicolon == -1 \&\& equals >= 0) {
        compMnemonic = cleanLine.substring(equals+1);
        compMnemonic = c.getComp(compMnemonic);
    } else if(semicolon > 0 && equals >= 0) {
        compMnemonic = cleanLine.substring(equals+1, semicolon);
        compMnemonic = c.getComp(compMnemonic);
    } else if(semicolon > 0 && equals == -1) {
        compMnemonic = cleanLine.substring(0, semicolon);
        compMnemonic = c.getComp(compMnemonic);
   }
}
 * Helper method: parses line to get jump part
private void parseJump() {
    c.Code();
   int semicolon = cleanLine.indexOf(';');
    if(semicolon != -1) {
        jumpMnemonic = cleanLine.substring(semicolon+1);
        jumpMnemonic = c.getJump(jumpMnemonic);
    } else {
        jumpMnemonic = null;
        jumpMnemonic = c.getJump(jumpMnemonic);
   }
}
 * Getter for the command type of the current line
* @return Command enum for command type
public Command getCommandType() {
   return commandType;
}
 * Getter for the symbol parsed from the line
```

```
* @return String for symbol
public String getSymbol() {
    return symbol;
* Getter for dest part of C-instruction
* May be empty
 * @return the dest mnemonic
public String getDest() {
   return destMnemonic;
}
* @return the comp mnemonic
public String getComp() {
   return compMnemonic;
}
* Getter for the jump part of the C-instruction
* May be empty
 * @return the jump mnemonic
public String getJump() {
   return jumpMnemonic;
* Get the current line from the file
* @return line from the file
public String getRawLine() {
   return rawLine;
```

```
/**
 * Get the clean version of the raw line
 * @return cleaned up line
 */
public String getCleanLine() {
    return cleanLine;
}

/**
 * Get the line number of the symbol encountered
 * @return current line number
 */
public int getLineNumber() {
    return lineNumber;
}
```

### SymbolTable.java

```
* @author Raul Aguilar
 * @date
           October 14, 2020
import java.util.HashMap;
public class SymbolTable {
    private static String ALL_VALID_CHARS =
"ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz0123456789_.$:";
    private HashMap<String, Integer> symbolTable = new HashMap<>();
    * Initializes hashmap with predefined symbols
    public void SymbolTable() {
       for(int i = 0; i < 16; i++) {
            symbolTable.put("R"+i, i);
        symbolTable.put("SP", 0);
        symbolTable.put("LCL", 1);
        symbolTable.put("ARG", 2);
        symbolTable.put("THIS", 3);
        symbolTable.put("THAT", 4);
        symbolTable.put("SCREEN", 16384);
        symbolTable.put("KBD", 24576);
     * Adds new pair of symbol/address to hashmap
    * @param symbol name of symbol to add
    * @param address address associated with that symbol
    * @param lineNumber line number where symbol encountered
     * @return true if pair is added, false if illegal name
```

```
public boolean addEntry(String symbol, int address, int lineNumber) {
    boolean entryAdded = false;
   if(contains(symbol)) {
        entryAdded = false;
   if(isValidSymbolName(symbol, lineNumber)) {
        symbolTable.put(symbol, address);
        entryAdded = true;
   }
    return entryAdded;
}
 * Returns boolean of whether hashmap has symbol or not
* @param symbol symbol to check
* @return true if symbol exist, false if not
public boolean contains(String symbol) {
    if(symbolTable.containsKey(symbol)) {
        return true;
   } else {
        return false;
   }
}
 * Returns address in hashmap of given symbol
* PRECONDITION: symbol is in hashmap(check w/ contains())
* @param symbol to obtain address
 * @return address associated with symbol in hashmap
public int getAddress(String symbol) {
    return symbolTable.get(symbol);
 * Boolean to check if user-defined symbol name is valid
 * @param symbol the symbol being tested
```

```
* @param lineNumber line number the symbol is found on
  * @return true if symbol name is valid, otherwise exit with error message
  */
private static boolean isValidSymbolName(String symbol, int lineNumber) {
    boolean isValidName = false;
    for(char c:symbol.toCharArray()) {
        if(ALL_VALID_CHARS.indexOf(c) == -1) {
            System.out.printf("Symbol name is not valid on line %d. Program
exiting.", lineNumber);
        isValidName = false;
            System.exit(0);
        } else {
        isValidName = true;
        }
    }
    return isValidName;
}
```

#### Rect.asm



