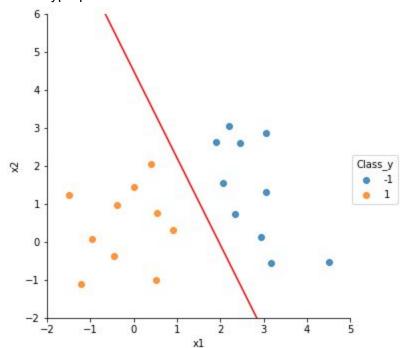
## 1. Support Vector Machine

- a. Please point out the support vectors in the training points.
  - i. Point 2:  $x_1 = 0.91$ ,  $x_2 = 0.32$
  - ii. Point 18:  $x_1 = 2.05$ ,  $x_2 = 1.54$
  - iii. Point 19:  $x_1 = 2.34$ ,  $x_2 = 0.72$

b. 
$$w = 0.9492 * [0.91 \ 0.32]^T - 0.3030 * [2.05 \ 1.54]^T - 0.9053 * [2.34 \ 0.72]^T$$
  
 $w = [0.86 \ 0.30]^T - [0.62 \ 0.47]^T - [2.12 \ 0.65]^T$   
 $w = [-1.88 \ -0.72]^T$ 

c. 
$$b = \frac{1}{3}((1 + [1.88 \ 0.72] \cdot [0.91 \ 0.32]^T) + (-1 + [1.88 \ 0.72] \cdot [2.05 \ 1.54]^T) + (-1 + [1.88 \ 0.72] \cdot [2.34 \ 0.72]^T)$$
  
 $b = \frac{1}{3}((1 + 1.97) + (-1 + 5.12) + (-1 + 4.99))$   
 $b = 3.69$ 

- d. f(x) = [-1.88 0.82]x + 3.69
- e.  $f([-1 \ 2]) = [-1.88 \ -0.82] \cdot [-1 \ 2]^T + 3.69$
- f. Plot of hyperplane:



## 2. Artificial Neural Network

a. Parameters: P + 3P + 3 + 12 + 4 + 4K = 4P + 4K + 19

b.

Unit, j	Net Input $I_j$	Output $O_j$
3	-0.3(0)+0.4+0.2 <b>= 0.6</b>	0.65
4	0.2(0)-0.1-0.4 = <b>-0.5</b>	0.38

5	0.2(0.65)-0.3(0.38)+0.1 = <b>-0.144</b>	0.46
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C.

Unit, j	$Err_j$
5	(0.46)(1-0.46)(1-0.46) = <b>0.13</b>
4	(0.38)(1-0.38)(0.13)(-0.3) = -0.0092
3	(0.65)(1-0.65)(0.13)(-0.2) = <b>-0.0059</b>

d.

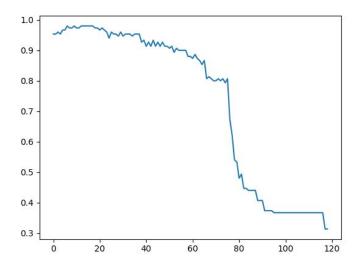
Weight or Bias	New Value
w <sub>35</sub>	-0.2 + 0.8(0.13)(0.65) = <b>-0.1324</b>
w <sub>45</sub>	-0.3 + 0.8(0.13)(0.38) = <b>-0.26</b>
$w_{13}$	-0.3 + 0.8(-0.0059)(0) = <b>-0.3</b>
$w_{14}$	0.2 + 0.8(-0.0092)(0) = <b>0.2</b>
w <sub>23</sub>	0.4 + 0.8(-0.0059)(1) = <b>0.395</b>
w <sub>24</sub>	-0.1 + 0.8(-0.0092)(1) = <b>0.107</b>
$\theta_5$	0.1 + 0.8(0.13) = <b>0.204</b>
$\theta_4$	-0.4 + 0.8(-0.0092) = <b>-0.407</b>
$\theta_3$	0.2 + 0.8(-0.0059) = <b>0.195</b>

e.

## 3. K Nearest Neighbors

a. K = 7

## b. K-Value vs Average Accuracy



c. We are performing cross validation and if K is large we overfit and are unable to classify other folds correctly. When K is smaller we have a model that is more general and so is more accurate.