Assignment #2

MSAN 593

DUE: Friday, July 29, 23:45

Be sure to upload **both** an *.Rmd file as well as the compiled **pdf** to Canvas by the due date and time. Late submissions will receive a grade of zero.

Your *.Rmd file will be run on local machines by graders. If you file does not run, you will automatically lose 30% of the grade. If you resubmit your corrected homework by the last class of the module, it will be graded out of the remaining 70%. Failure to resubmit will result in a grade of zero.

Always use echo = TRUE so that I can see all your code, and include relevant results. You can also assume that the data file(s) being read into your *.Rmd file are in the current local directory, e.g., read.csv('myFile.csv') will work. Do not hard code a specific directory structure.

Question 1.1

- 1.1.1. Create 10,000,000 random variates $\sim \mathcal{U}\{4,6\}$ and store the result in a vector called myRunIfVec. Create a histogram.
- 1.1.2. Sample randomly 100,000 times from myRunIfVec and plot the sample histogram. Describe the shape of the sampling distribution and note if it is different from the population distribution.
- 1.1.3. Sample two random elements of myRunIfVec, take the mean of those two elements, and store the value in unifSampleMean_2. Repeat this step 100,000 times, so that you will have sample 200,000 elements from myRunIfVec and created 100,000 2-sample means in unifSampleMean_2. Plot a histogram of unifSampleMean_2, describe the shape of the sampling distribution of the mean, and note if it is different from the population distribution.
- 1.1.4. Repeat (1.1.3), but this time sample five random elements, take the mean, and store the value in unifSampleMean_5. Repeat this step 100,000 times. Plot a histogram of unifSampleMean_5, describe the shape of the sampling distribution of the mean, and note if it is different from the population distribution.
- 1.1.5. Repeat (1.1.4), but this time sample ten random elements, take the mean, and store the value in unifSampleMean_10. Repeat this step 100,000 times. Plot a histogram of unifSampleMean_10, describe the shape of the sampling distribution of the mean, and note if it is different from the population distribution.
- 1.1.5. Repeat (1.1.4), but this time sample thirty random elements, take the mean, and store the value in unifSampleMean_30. Repeat this step 100,000 times. Plot a histogram of unifSampleMean_30, describe the shape of the sampling distribution of the mean, and note if it is different from the population distribution.

Question 1.2

Repeat all steps of Question #1, but this time initializing the process with a sample of 10,000,000 random variates from a negative exponential distribution with $\lambda = 0.5$.

Question 1.3

1.3.1 Create a **single** vector with 5,000,000 random variates from a $\sim \mathcal{N}\{-3,1\}$, 5,000,000 random variates from a $\sim \mathcal{N}\{3,1\}$ and store these values in the vector myBdist. Create a histogram and describe the distribution.

1.3.2 Sample five random elements of myBdist, take the mean of those five elements, and store the value in myBdist_5. Repeat this step 100,000 times, so that you will have sample 200,000 elements from myBdist and created 100,000 5-sample means in myBdist_5. Plot a histogram of myBdist_5, describe the shape of the sampling distribution of the mean, and note if it is different from the population distribution.

1.3.3 Repeat 1.3.2 with sample means of 10, 20 and thirty, creating histograms of each as you go along.

1.3.4 Write a short summary of what you have observed, and relate it to the theory you have learned in MSAN 504. What is this behavior called?

Question 2

Import hw2.csv. Your job is is of a janitorial nature. This is a data set is loosely based on real data, and needs to be validated. I am not telling you what these fields mean (this happens more often that you would think), although some are self-explanatory. I am only interested in those observations that were created on or after September 01, 2015. Be vigilant in your work. There is a lot of nonsense in this messy data. Clean it to the best of your abilities and generate a short report of a few pages (graphs and tables included) discussing your findings. Do not be fooled, making sense of messy and unknown data is a very difficult and time consuming task. There is not right or wrong answer. Grades for this question will be assigned on a competitive basis, i.e., the students who offers the best insight and report sets the bar for a grade of A, and everyone else will get an inferior (but scaled) grade.