

$$1) i. \quad T(n) = \begin{cases} c e_1 & n \leq 1 \\ c e_2 + T(n-1) & n > 1 \end{cases}$$

Suponiamo che $n > 1$

Paso ① $c e_2 + T(n-1)$

Paso ② $c e_2 + [c e_2 + T(n-2)] =$
 $= 2 c e_2 + T(n-2)$

Paso ③ $2 c e_2 + [c e_2 + T(n-3)] =$
 $= 3 c e_2 + T(n-3)$

Paso i (paso general)

$$T(n) = i \cdot c e_2 + T(n-i)$$

Caso base

$$\boxed{n-i \leq 1}$$

$$-i \leq 1-n$$

$$i \geq n-1$$

Reemplazo i

$$(n-1) \cdot c e_2 + T(n-(n-1)) =$$

$$= (n-1) c e_2 + c e_1 = T(n)$$

↓
 $O(n)$

ii.

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} \alpha e_1, & n \leq 1 \\ 2 * T(n-1) + \alpha e_2, & n > 1 \end{cases}$$

Suponiendo que $n > 1$

Paso ①

$$2 * T(n-1) + \alpha e_2$$

Paso ②

$$\begin{aligned} 2 * [2 * T(n-2) + \alpha e_2] + \alpha e_2 &= \\ = 4 T(n-2) + 3 \alpha e_2 \end{aligned}$$

Paso ③

$$\begin{aligned} 4 [2 * T(n-3) + \alpha e_2] + 3 \alpha e_2 &= \\ = 8 T(n-3) + 7 \alpha e_2 \end{aligned}$$

Paso ④

$$\begin{aligned} 8 [2 * T(n-4) + \alpha e_2] + 7 \alpha e_2 &= \\ = 16 T(n-4) + 15 \alpha e_2 \end{aligned}$$

Paso i (paso general)

$$2^i \cdot T(n-i) + (2^i - 1) \cdot \alpha e_2$$

Caso base

$$n-i \leq 1$$

$$-i \leq 1-n$$

$$i \geq n-1$$

reemplazo i

$$2^{n-1} \cdot T(n-(n-1)) + (2^{n-1} - 1) \alpha e_2 =$$

$$= \left(2^{n-1} \right) \cdot \sigma e_1 + \left(2^{n-1} - 1 \right) \sigma e_2 = \tau(n)$$

$$\frac{2^n}{2} \cdot \sigma e_1 + \left(\frac{2^n}{2} - 1 \right) \cdot \sigma e_2 = 2^n \cdot \frac{\sigma e_1}{2} + \left(\frac{2^n}{2} - 1 \right) \cdot \sigma e_2$$

↓

$O(2^n)$?

iii.

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} \sigma e_1 & n=0 \\ T(n)_2 = \begin{cases} \sigma e_2 & n=1 \\ 2 \cdot T(n-2) + \sigma e_3 & n > 1 \end{cases} & , n > 0 \end{cases}$$

suponiendo que $n > 1$ saca $T_2(n)$

paso ①

$$2 \cdot T(n-2) + \sigma e_3$$

paso ②

$$2 \cdot [2 \cdot T(n-4) + \sigma e_3] + \sigma e_3 =$$

$$= 4 \cdot T(n-4) + 2 \sigma e_3 + \sigma e_3 =$$

$$= 4 T(n-4) + 3 \sigma e_3$$

paso (3)

$$\begin{aligned} & 4 \left[2 \cdot T(n-6) + \alpha e_3 \right] + 3 \alpha e_3 \\ &= 8 \cdot T(n-6) + 4 \alpha e_3 + 3 \alpha e_3 = \\ &= 8 T(n-6) + 7 \alpha e_3. \end{aligned}$$

paso 1

$$2^i T(n-2i) + (2^i - 1) \cdot \alpha e_3$$

caso base

$$n - 2i = 1$$

$$n = 1 + 2i$$

$$n - 1 = 2i$$

$$\boxed{\frac{n-1}{2} = i}$$

reemplazo i

$$\begin{aligned} & 2^{\frac{n-1}{2}} T\left(n - 2\left(\frac{n-1}{2}\right)\right) + \left(2^{\frac{n-1}{2}} - 1\right) \cdot \alpha e_3 \\ &= 2^{\frac{n-1}{2}} T(1) + \left(2^{\frac{n-1}{2}} - 1\right) \cdot \alpha e_3 = \\ &= 2^{\frac{n-1}{2}} \cdot \alpha e_2 + \left(2^{\frac{n-1}{2}} - 1\right) \cdot \alpha e_3 = \\ &= \sqrt{2^{\frac{n-1}{2}}} \cdot \alpha e_2 + \left(\sqrt{2^{\frac{n-1}{2}}} - 1\right) \cdot \alpha e_3 = \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{2^n}{2}} \cdot \alpha e_2 + \left(\sqrt{\frac{2^n}{2}} - 1\right) \cdot \alpha e_3 = \\ &= \sqrt{2^n} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \alpha e_2 + \left(\sqrt{2^n} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} - 1\right) \cdot \alpha e_3 = \\ &= \sqrt{2^n} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \alpha e_2 + \sqrt{2^n} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \alpha e_3 - \alpha e_3 \end{aligned}$$

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} cre_1 & n = 0 \\ \sqrt{2^n} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot cre_2 + \sqrt{2^n} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot cre_3 - cre_3 & n < > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$cre <= \sqrt{2^n}.$$

como se trata de un if, el tiempo es el peor de los casos, que es que $n < > 0$ ya que

$\sqrt{2^n}$ crece mas rapido que cre , asi que

$$T(n) = \sqrt{2^n} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot cre_2 + \sqrt{2^n} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot cre_3 - cre_3$$

orden $\sqrt{2^n}$