

General Description

The MAX3372E-MAX3379E and MAX3390E-MAX3393E ±15kV ESD-protected level translators provide the level shifting necessary to allow data transfer in a multivoltage system. Externally applied voltages, VCC and VL, set the logic levels on either side of the device. A low-voltage logic signal present on the V_L side of the device appears as a high-voltage logic signal on the VCC side of the device, and vice-versa. The MAX3374E/MAX3375E/ MAX3376E/MAX3379E and MAX3390E-MAX3393E unidirectional level translators level shift data in one direction $(V_L \rightarrow V_{CC} \text{ or } V_{CC} \rightarrow V_L)$ on any single data line. The MAX3372E/MAX3373E and MAX3377E/MAX3378E bidirectional level translators utilize a transmission-gatebased design (Figure 2) to allow data translation in either direction ($V_L \leftrightarrow V_{CC}$) on any single data line. The MAX3372E-MAX3379E and MAX3390E-MAX3393E accept VL from +1.2V to +5.5V and VCC from +1.65V to +5.5V, making them ideal for data transfer between lowvoltage ASICs/PLDs and higher voltage systems.

All devices in the MAX3372E-MAX3379E, MAX3390E-MAX3393E family feature a three-state output mode that reduces supply current to less than 1µA, thermal shortcircuit protection, and ±15kV ESD protection on the VCC side for greater protection in applications that route signals externally. The MAX3372E/MAX3377E operate at a guaranteed data rate of 230kbps. Slew-rate limiting reduces EMI emissions in all 230kbps devices. The MAX3373E-MAX3376E/MAX3378E/MAX3379E and MAX3390E-MAX3393E operate at a guaranteed data rate of 8Mbps over the entire specified operating voltage range. Within specific voltage domains, higher data rates are possible. (See *Timing Characteristics*.)

The MAX3372E-MAX3376E are dual level shifters available in 3 x 3 UCSP™ and 8-pin SOT23-8 packages. The MAX3377E/MAX3378E/MAX3379E and MAX3390E-MAX3393E are guad level shifters available in 3 x 4 UCSP and 14-pin TSSOP packages.

Applications

SPI™, MICROWIRE™, and I2C™ Level Translation

Low-Voltage ASIC Level Translation

Smart Card Readers

Cell-Phone Cradles

Portable POS Systems

Portable Communication Devices

Low-Cost Serial Interfaces

Cell Phones

GPS

Telecommunications Equipment

Features

♦ Guaranteed Data Rate Options

230kbps

8Mbps $(+1.2V \le V_L \le V_{CC} \le +5.5V)$

10Mbps (+1.2V \leq V_L \leq V_{CC} \leq +3.3V)

16Mbps (+1.8V \leq V_L \leq V_{CC} \leq +2.5V and +2.5V \leq

 $V_L \le V_{CC} \le +3.3V$ **♦** Bidirectional Level Translation

(MAX3372E/MAX3373E and MAX3377E/MAX3378E)

- ♦ Operation Down to +1.2V on V_L
- ♦ ±15kV ESD Protection on I/O Vcc Lines
- ♦ Ultra-Low 1µA Supply Current in Three-State **Output Mode**
- ♦ Low-Quiescent Current (130µA typ)
- ♦ UCSP, SOT, and TSSOP Packages
- **♦ Thermal Short-Circuit Protection**

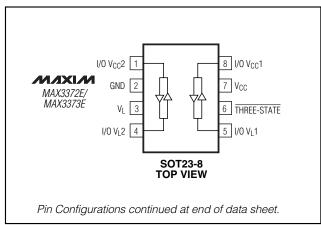
Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE
MAX3372EEKA-T	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23-8

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet. Selector Guide appears at end of data sheet.

UCSP is a trademark of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc. SPI is a trademark of Motorola, Inc. I²C is a trademark of Phillips Corp. MICROWIRE is a trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.

Pin Configurations



MIXIM

Maxim Integrated Products 1

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

All Voltages Referenced to GND	
Vcc	0.3V to +6V
I/O V _{CC}	0.3V to $(V_{CC} + 0.3V)$
I/O V _L	0.3V to $(V_L + 0.3V)$
THREE-STATE	0.3V to $(V_L + 0.3V)$
Short-Circuit Duration I/O VL, I/O VCC to	GNDContinuous
Short-Circuit Duration I/O VL or I/O VCC to	o GND
Driven from 40mA Source	
(except MAX3372E and MAX3377E)	Continuous

Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$)	
8-Pin SOT23 (derate 8.9mW/°C above +70°C)	
3 x 3 UCSP (derate 4.7mW/°C above +70°C)	379mW
3 x 4 UCSP (derate 6.5mW/°C above +70°C)	579mW
14-Pin TSSOP (derate 9.1mW/°C above +70°C)	727mW
Operating Temperature Range40	0°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range65°	°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = +1.65 \text{V to } +5.5 \text{V}, \ V_L = +1.2 \text{V to } (V_{CC} + 0.3 \text{V}), \ \text{GND} = 0, \ \text{I/O V}_L \ \text{and I/O V}_{CC} \ \text{unconnected}, \ T_A = T_{MIN} \ \text{to } T_{MAX}, \ \text{unless otherwise noted}. \ \text{Typical values are at V}_{CC} = +3.3 \text{V}, \ V_L = +1.8 \text{V}, \ T_A = +25 ^{\circ} \overline{C}.) \ \ \text{(Notes 1, 2)}$

PARAMETER SYMBOI		CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
POWER SUPPLIES								
V _L Supply Range	VL		1.2		5.5	V		
V _{CC} Supply Range	Vcc		1.65		5.50	V		
Supply Current from VCC	IQVCC			130	300	μΑ		
Supply Current from V _L	IQVL			16	100	μΑ		
V _{CC} Three-State Output Mode Supply Current	ITHREE-STATE-VCC	T _A = +25°C, THREE-STATE = GND		0.03	1	μΑ		
V _L Three-State Output Mode Supply Current	ITHREE-STATE-VL	T _A = +25°C, THREE-STATE = GND		0.03	1	μΑ		
Three-State Output Mode Leakage Current I/O VL_ and I/O VCC_		T _A = +25°C, THREE-STATE = GND		0.02	1	μА		
THREE-STATE Pin Input Leakage		T _A = +25°C		0.02	1	μΑ		
ESD PROTECTION								
		IEC 1000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge		±8				
I/O V _{CC} (Note 3)		IEC 1000-4-2 Contact Discharge		±8		kV		
		Human Body Model		±15				
LOGIC-LEVEL THRESHOLDS (MAX3372E/MAX337	77E)						
I/O V _{L_} Input Voltage High	V _{IHL}		V _L - 0.	2		V		
I/O V _{L_} Input Voltage Low	V _{ILL}				0.15	V		

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +1.65 \text{V to } +5.5 \text{V}, \ V_L = +1.2 \text{V to } (V_{CC} + 0.3 \text{V}), \ \text{GND} = 0, \ \text{I/O V}_L \ \text{and I/O V}_{CC} \ \text{unconnected}, \ T_A = T_{MIN} \ \text{to } T_{MAX}, \ \text{unless otherwise noted}. \ \text{Typical values are at V}_{CC} = +3.3 \text{V}, \ V_L = +1.8 \text{V}, \ T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C}.) \ \text{(Notes 1, 2)}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN TYP	MAX	UNITS
I/O V _{CC} _ Input Voltage High	VIHC		V _{CC} - 0.4		V
I/O V _{CC} _ Input Voltage Low	VILC			0.15	V
I/O V _{L_} Output Voltage High	V _{OHL}	I/O V _L source current = 20μ A, I/O V _C \geq V _C C - 0.4V	0.67 × V _L		V
I/O V _{L_} Output Voltage Low	V _{OLL}	I/O V_L sink current = 20 μ A, I/O $V_{CC} \le 0.15V$		0.4	V
I/O V _{CC} Output Voltage High	VOHC	I/O V _{CC} source current = 20μ A, I/O V _L \geq V _L - 0.2 V	0.67 × V _{CC}		٧
I/O V _{CC} _ Output Voltage Low	V _{OLC}	I/O V_{CC} sink current = 20 μ A, I/O $V_{L} \le 0.15V$		0.4	V
THREE-STATE Input Voltage High	VIL-THREE-STATE		V _L - 0.2		V
THREE-STATE Input Voltage Low	VIL-THREE-STATE			0.15	V
LOGIC-LEVEL THRESHOLDS (MAX3373E-MAX33	76E/MAX3378E/MAX3379E and MAX3	3390E-MAX3393E)		
I/O V _{L_} Input Voltage High	VIHL		V _L - 0.2		V
I/O V _L Input Voltage Low	V _{ILL}			0.15	V
I/O V _{CC} _ Input Voltage High	VIHC		V _{CC} - 0.4		V
I/O V _{CC} _ Input Voltage Low	V _{ILC}			0.15	V
I/O V _{L_} Output Voltage High	Vohl	I/O V _L source current = 20μA, I/O V _{CC} ≥ V _{CC} - 0.4V	0.67 × V _L		V
I/O V _{L_} Output Voltage Low	Voll	I/O V _L sink current = 1mA, I/O V _{CC} ≤ 0.15V		0.4	V
I/O V _{CC} _ Output Voltage High	Vohc	I/O V_{CC} source current = $20\mu A$, I/O $V_{L} \ge V_{L} - 0.2V$	0.67 × V _{CC}		V
I/O V _{CC} _ Output Voltage Low	Volc	I/O V _{CC} _ sink current = 1mA, I/O V _L _ ≤ 0.15V		0.4	V
THREE-STATE Input Voltage High	VIH-THREE-STATE		V _L - 0.2		V
THREE-STATE Input Voltage Low	VIL-THREE-STATE			0.15	V

TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = +1.65 \text{V to} +5.5 \text{V}, V_L = +1.2 \text{V to} (V_{CC} + 0.3 \text{V}), \text{ GND} = 0, \text{R}_{LOAD} = 1 \text{M}\Omega$, I/O test signal of Figure 1, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $V_{CC} = +3.3 \text{V}, V_L = +1.8 \text{V}, T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	IDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
MAX3372E/MAX3377E (CLOAI	o = 50pF)						
I/O V _{CC} _ Rise Time (Note 4)	trvcc				1100		ns
I/O V _{CC} _ Fall Time (Note 5)	tFVCC				1000		ns
I/O V _L _ Rise Time (Note 4)	t _{RVL}				600		ns
I/O V _L Fall Time (Note 5)	t _{FVL}				1100		ns
Propagation Dalou	I/O _{VL-VCC}	Driving I/O V _L				1.6	- :
Propagation Delay	I/O _{VCC-VL}	Driving I/O V _{CC} _				1.6	μs
Channel-to-Channel Skew	tskew	Each translator equ	ally loaded			500	ns
Maximum Data Rate		C _L = 25pF		230			kbps
MAX3373E-MAX3376E/MAX337	78E/MAX3379E	and MAX3390E-MAX3	393E (C _{LOAD} = 15pF, Driv	er Output	Impedar	nce ≤ 50Ω	2)
$+1.2V \leq V_L \leq V_{CC} \leq +5.5V$							
I/O)/ Dies Time (Note 4)				7	25		
I/O V _{CC} _ Rise Time (Note 4)	tRVCC	Open-drain driving		170	400	ns	
1/O 1/					6	37	
I/O V _{CC} _ Fall Time (Note 5)	tFVCC	Open-drain driving		20	50	ns	
1/0 \/ Dia - Time - (Nata - 4)		Open-drain driving			8	30	ns
I/O V _L _ Rise Time (Note 4)	t _{RVL}				180	400	
I/O \/. Fall Times (Nate 5)	.				3	30	
I/O V _L Fall Time (Note 5)	tLFV	Open-drain driving			30	60	ns
	1/0	Driving 1/O V			5	30	
Draw a gration Dalay	I/O _{VL-VCC}	Driving I/O V _L _	Open-drain driving		210	1000	ns
Propagation Delay	1/0	Driving I/O V			4	30	
	I/Ovcc-vl	Driving I/O V _{CC} _	Open-drain driving		190	1000	
Change to Change Clean		Each translator				20	
Channel-to-Channel Skew	tskew	equally loaded	Open-drain driving			50	ns
Maximum Data Data				8			Mbps
Maximum Data Rate		Open-drain driving		500			kbps

TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +1.65 \text{V to} +5.5 \text{V}, V_L = +1.2 \text{V to} (V_{CC} + 0.3 \text{V}), \text{ GND} = 0, R_{LOAD} = 1 \text{M}\Omega$, I/O test signal of Figure 1, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $V_{CC} = +3.3 \text{V}, V_L = +1.8 \text{V}, T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
$+1.2V \le V_L \le V_{CC} \le +3.3V$								
I/O V _{CC} _ Rise Time (Note 4)	trvcc				25	ns		
I/O V _{CC} _ Fall Time (Note 5)	tFVCC				30	ns		
I/O V _L Rise Time (Note 4)	t _{RVL}				30	ns		
I/O V _L Fall Time (Note 5)	t _{FVL}				30	ns		
Propagation Delay	I/O _{VL-VCC}	Driving I/O V _L			20	ns		
1 Topagation Delay	I/Ovcc-vl	Driving I/O V _{CC} _			20	116		
Channel-to-Channel Skew	tskew	Each translator equally loaded			10	ns		
Maximum Data Rate			10			Mbps		
$\textbf{+2.5V} \leq \textbf{V}_{L} \leq \textbf{V}_{CC} \leq \textbf{+3.3V}$								
I/O V _{CC} _ Rise Time (Note 4)	trvcc				15	ns		
I/O V _{CC} _ Fall Time (Note 5)	tFVCC				15	ns		
I/O V _L _ Rise Time (Note 4)	t _{RVL}				15	ns		
I/O V _L Fall Time (Note 5)	t _{FVL}				15	ns		
Propagation Delay	I/O _{VL-VCC}	Driving I/O V _L			15	no		
Fropagation Delay	I/O _{VCC-VL}	Driving I/O V _{CC} _			15	ns		
Channel-to-Channel Skew	tskew	Each translator equally loaded			10	ns		
Maximum Data Rate			16			Mbps		
+1.8V \leq V _L \leq V _{CC} \leq +2.5V								
I/O V _{CC} _ Rise Time (Note 4)	tRVCC				15	ns		
I/O V _{CC} _ Fall Time (Note 5)	tFVCC				15	ns		
I/O V _L _ Rise Time (Note 4)	t _{RVL}				15	ns		
I/O V _L Fall Time (Note 5)	t _{FVL}				15	ns		
Propagation Daloy	I/O _{VL-VCC}	Driving I/O V _L _			15	20		
Propagation Delay	I/Ovcc-vl	Driving I/O V _{CC} _			15	ns		
Channel-to-Channel Skew	tskew	Each translator equally loaded			10	ns		
Maximum Data Rate			16			Mbps		

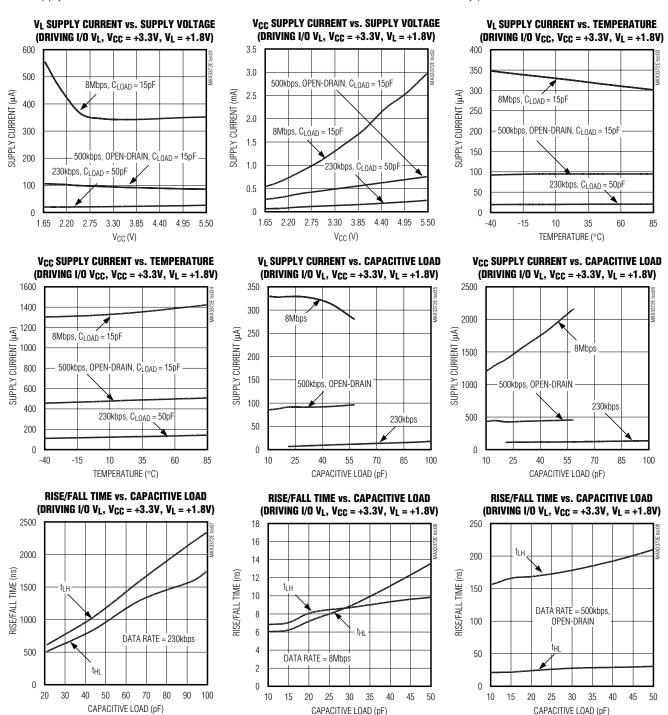
Note 1: All units are 100% production tested at T_A = +25°C. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design and not production tested.

Note 2: For normal operation, ensure $V_L < (V_{CC} + 0.3V)$. During power-up, $V_L > (V_{CC} + 0.3V)$ will not damage the device. **Note 3:** To ensure maximum ESD protection, place a 1µF capacitor between V_{CC} and GND. See *Applications Circuits*.

Note 4: 10% to 90% **Note 5:** 90% to 10%

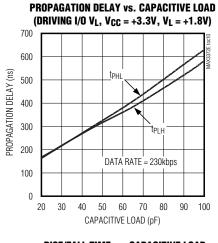
Typical Operating Characteristics

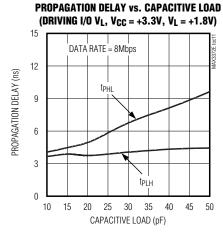
 $(R_L = 1M\Omega, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted. All 230kbps TOCs apply to MAX3372E/MAX3377E only. All 8Mbps and 500kbps TOCs apply to MAX3373E–MAX3376E/MAX3378E/MAX3379E and MAX3390E–MAX3393E only.)$

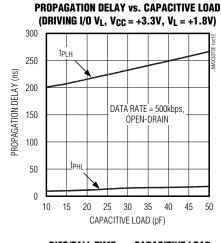


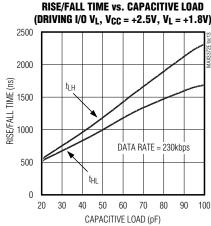
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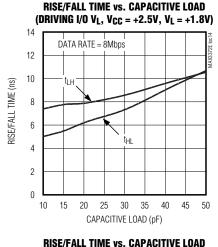
 $(R_L = 1M\Omega, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted. All 230kbps TOCs apply to MAX3372E/MAX3377E only. All 8Mbps and 500kbps TOCs apply to MAX3373E–MAX3376E/MAX3378E/MAX3379E and MAX3390E–MAX3393E only.)$

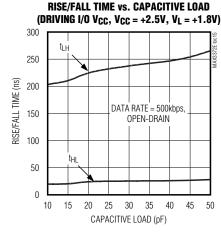


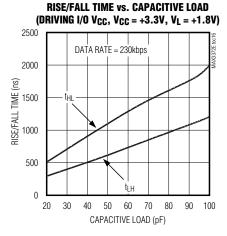


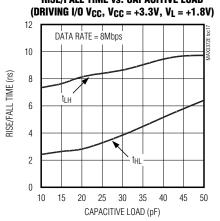


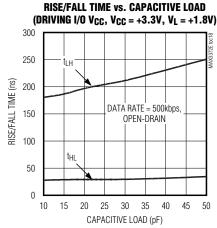






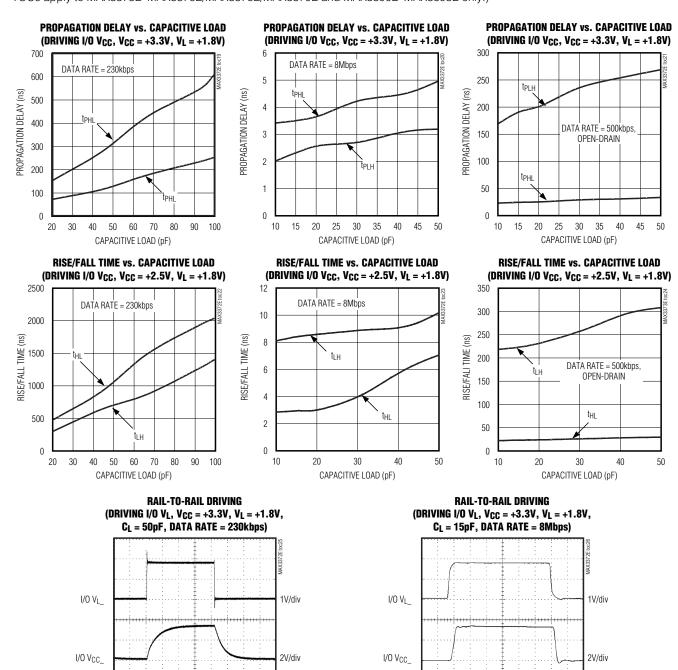






Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(R_L = 1M\Omega, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted. All 230kbps TOCs apply to MAX3372E/MAX3377E only. All 8Mbps and 500kbps TOCs apply to MAX3373E–MAX3376E/MAX3378E/MAX3379E and MAX3390E–MAX3393E only.)$



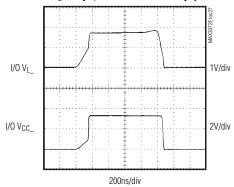
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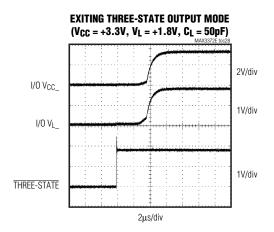
1µs/div

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(R_L = 1M\Omega, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted. All 230kbps TOCs apply to MAX3372E/MAX3377E only. All 8Mbps and 500kbps TOCs apply to MAX3373E–MAX3376E/MAX3378E/MAX3379E and MAX3390E–MAX3393E only.)$

OPEN-DRAIN DRIVING (DRIVING I/O V_L , V_{CC} = +3.3V, V_L = +1.8V, C_L = 15pF, DATA RATE = 500kbps)





Pin Description

PIN						
3 x 4 UCSP	TSSOP	SOT23-8	3 x 3 UCSP	NAME	FUNCTION	
A1	2	5	C2	I/O V _L 1	Input/Output 1. Referenced to V _L . (Note 6)	
A2	3	4	C3	I/O VL2	Input/Output 2. Referenced to V _L . (Note 6)	
А3	4	_	_	I/O V _L 3	Input/Output 3. Referenced to V _L . (Note 6)	
A4	5	_	_	I/O V _L 4	Input/Output 4. Referenced to V _L . (Note 6)	
B1	14	7	A1	Vcc	V _{CC} Input Voltage +1.65V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ +5.5V.	
B2	1	3	C1	VL	Logic Input Voltage +1.2V ≤ V _L ≤ (V _{CC} + 0.3V)	
В3	8	6	B1	THREE- STATE	Three-State Output Mode Enable. Pull THREE-STATE low to place device in three-state output mode. I/O V_{CC} and I/O V_{L} are high impedance in three-state output mode. NOTE: Logic referenced to V_{L} (for logic thresholds see <i>Electrical Characteristics</i>).	
B4	7	2	B3	GND	Ground	
C1	13	8	A2	I/O V _{CC} 1	Input/Output 1. Referenced to V _{CC} . (Note 6)	
C2	12	1	A3	I/O V _{CC} 2	Input/Output 2. Referenced to V _{CC} . (Note 6)	
C3	11	_	_	I/O V _{CC} 3	Input/Output 3. Referenced to V _{CC} . (Note 6)	
C4	10	_	_	I/O V _{CC} 4	Input/Output 4. Referenced to V _{CC} . (Note 6)	
_	6, 9	_	B2	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected.	

Note 6: For unidirectional devices (MAX3374E/MAX3375E/MAX3376E/MAX3379E and MAX3390E–MAX3393E) see *Pin Configurations* for input/output configurations.

Detailed Description

The MAX3372E-MAX3379E and MAX3390E-MAX3393E ESD-protected level translators provide the level shifting necessary to allow data transfer in a multivoltage system. Externally applied voltages, VCC and VL, set the logic levels on either side of the device. A low-voltage logic signal present on the VL side of the device appears as a highvoltage logic signal on the VCC side of the device, and vice-versa. The MAX3374E/MAX3375E/MAX3376E/ MAX3379E and MAX3390E-MAX3393E unidirectional level translators level shift data in one direction ($V_L \rightarrow$ VCC or $VCC \rightarrow VL$) on any single data line. The MAX3372E/MAX3373E and MAX3377E/MAX3378E bidirectional level translators utilize a transmission-gatebased design (see Figure 2) to allow data translation in either direction $(V_L \leftrightarrow V_{CC})$ on any single data line. The MAX3372E-MAX3379E and MAX3390E-MAX3393E accept V_L from +1.2V to +5.5V and V_{CC} from +1.65V to +5.5V, making them ideal for data transfer between lowvoltage ASICs/PLDs and higher voltage systems.

Vcc V_{CC} Vı MIXIM MAX3372E-MAX3379E AND MAX3390E-MAX3393E I/0 V_I GND RLOAD I/0 V_I_ (trise, t_{FALL} < 10ns) tpn-vcc-i h tPD-VCC-HL I/0 V_{CC_} trvcc trycc --

Figure 1a. Rail-to-Rail Driving I/O V_L Rail-to-Rail is a registered trademark of Nippon Motorola, Ltd.

All devices in the MAX3372E–MAX3379E, MAX3390E–MAX3393E family feature a three-state output mode that reduces supply current to less than 1µA, thermal short-circuit protection, and ±15kV ESD protection on the V_{CC} side for greater protection in applications that route signals externally. The MAX3372E/MAX3377E operate at a guaranteed data rate of 230kbps. Slew-rate limiting reduces EMI emissions in all 230kbps devices. The MAX3373E–MAX3376E/MAX3378E/MAX3379E and MAX3390E–MAX3393E operate at a guaranteed data rate of 8Mbps over the entire specified operating voltage range. Within specific voltage domains, higher data rates are possible. (See *Timing Characteristics*.)

Level Translation

For proper operation ensure that $+1.65V \le V_{CC} \le +5.5V$, $+1.2V \le V_L \le +5.5V$, and $V_L \le (V_{CC} + 0.3V)$. During power-up sequencing, $V_L \ge (V_{CC} + 0.3V)$ will not damage the device. During power-supply sequencing, when V_{CC} is floating and V_L is powering up, a current may be sourced, yet the device will not latch up. The speed-up

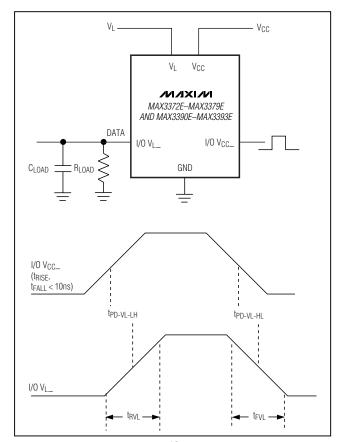


Figure 1b. Rail-to-Rail Driving I/O VCC

circuitry limits the maximum data rate for devices in the MAX3372E–MAX3379E, MAX3390E–MAX3393E family to 16Mbps. The maximum data rate also depends heavily on the load capacitance (see *Typical Operating Characteristics*), output impedance of the driver, and the operational voltage range (see *Timing Characteristics*).

Speed-Up Circuitry

The MAX3373E–MAX3376E/MAX3378E/MAX3379E and MAX3390E–MAX3393E feature a one-shot generator that decreases the rise time of the output. When triggered, MOSFETs PU1 and PU2 turn on for a short time to pull up I/O V_L and I/O V_{CC} to their respective supplies (see Figure 2b). This greatly reduces the rise time and propagation delay for the low-to-high transition. The scope photo of Rail-to-Rail Driving for 8Mbps Operation in the *Typical Operating Characteristics* shows the speed-up circuitry in operation.

Three-State Output Mode

Pull THREE-STATE low to place the MAX3372E–MAX3379E and MAX3390E–MAX3393E in three-state out-

VL VCC

MAX3372E-MAX3379E

AND MAX3390E-MAX3393E

I/O VL I/O VCC GND

TPD-VCC-LH

TPD-VCC-HL

TPVCC

Figure 1c. Open-Drain Driving I/O VCC

put mode. Connect THREE-STATE to V_L (logic high) for normal operation. Activating the three-state output mode disconnects the internal $10k\Omega$ pullup resistors on the I/O V_{CC} and I/O V_L lines. This forces the I/O lines to a high-impedance state, and decreases the supply current to less than 1µA. The high-impedance I/O lines in three-state output mode allow for use in a multidrop network. When in three-state output mode, do not allow the voltage at I/O V_L to exceed (V_L + 0.3V), or the voltage at I/O V_{CC} to exceed (V_{CC} + 0.3V).

Thermal Short-Circuit Protection

Thermal overload detection protects the MAX3372E–MAX3379E and MAX3390E–MAX3393E from short-circuit fault conditions. In the event of a short-circuit fault, when the junction temperature (T_J) reaches +152°C, a thermal sensor signals the three-state output mode logic to force the device into three-state output mode. When T_J has cooled to +142°C, normal operation resumes.

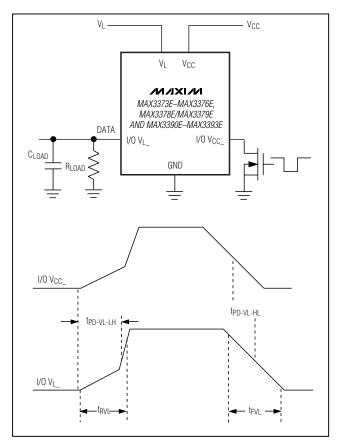


Figure 1d. Open-Drain Driving I/O VL

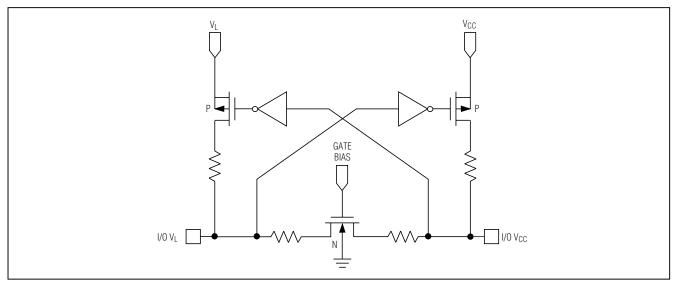


Figure 2a. Functional Diagram, MAX3372E/MAX3377E (1I/O line)

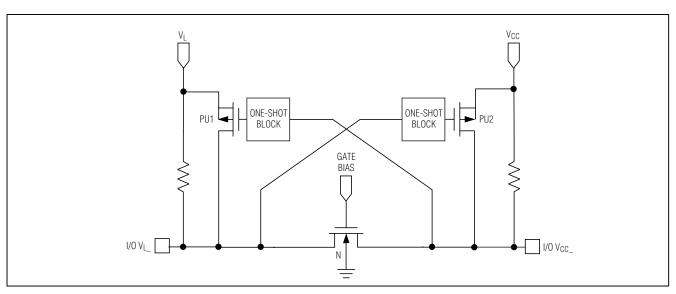


Figure 2b. Functional Diagram, MAX3373E/MAX3378E (1I/O line)

±15kV ESD Protection

As with all Maxim devices, ESD-protection structures are incorporated on all pins to protect against electrostatic discharges encountered during handling and assembly. The I/O V_{CC} lines have extra protection against static electricity. Maxim's engineers have developed state-of-the-art structures to protect these pins against ESD of ±15kV without damage. The ESD structures withstand high ESD in all states: normal operation, three-state output mode, and powered down. After an ESD event, Maxim's E versions keep working without latchup, whereas competing products can latch and must be powered down to remove latchup.

ESD protection can be tested in various ways. The I/O VCC lines of this product family are characterized for protection to the following limits:

- 1) ±15kV using the Human Body Model
- ±8kV using the Contact Discharge method specified in IEC 1000-4-2
- ±10kV using IEC 1000-4-2's Air-Gap Discharge method

ESD Test Conditions

ESD performance depends on a variety of conditions. Contact Maxim for a reliability report that documents test setup, test methodology, and test results.

Human Body Model

Figure 3a shows the Human Body Model and Figure 3b shows the current waveform it generates when discharged into a low impedance. This model consists of a 100pF capacitor charged to the ESD voltage of interest, which is then discharged into the test device through a $1.5 \mathrm{k}\Omega$ resistor.

$R_C 1M\Omega$ $R_D 1500\Omega$ $\Lambda \Lambda \Lambda$ CHARGE-CURRENT-DISCHARGE LIMIT RESISTOR RESISTANCE HIGH-DEVICE STORAGE C_S 100pF VOLTAGE UNDER CAPACITOR TEST SOURCE

Figure 3a. Human Body ESD Test Model

IEC 1000-4-2

The IEC 1000-4-2 standard covers ESD testing and performance of finished equipment; it does not specifically refer to integrated circuits. The MAX3372E–MAX3379E and MAX3390E–MAX3393E help to design equipment that meets Level 3 of IEC 1000-4-2, without the need for additional ESD-protection components.

The major difference between tests done using the Human Body Model and IEC 1000-4-2 is higher peak current in IEC 1000-4-2, because series resistance is lower in the IEC 1000-4-2 model. Hence, the ESD withstand voltage measured to IEC 1000-4-2 is generally lower than that measured using the Human Body Model. Figure 4a shows the IEC 1000-4-2 model, and Figure 4b shows the current waveform for the ±8kV, IEC 1000-4-2, Level 4, ESD contact-discharge test.

The air-gap test involves approaching the device with a charged probe. The contact-discharge method connects the probe to the device before the probe is energized.

Machine Model

The Machine Model for ESD tests all pins using a 200pF storage capacitor and zero discharge resistance. Its objective is to emulate the stress caused by contact that occurs with handling and assembly during manufacturing. Of course, all pins require this protection during manufacturing, not just inputs and outputs. Therefore, after PC board assembly, the Machine Model is less relevant to I/O ports.

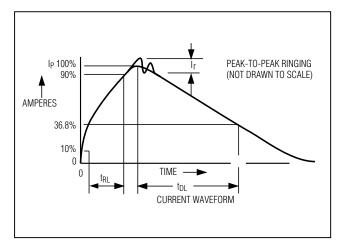


Figure 3b. Human Body Current Waveform

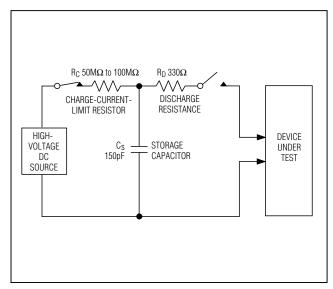


Figure 4a. IEC 1000-4-2 ESD Test Model

Applications Information

Power-Supply Decoupling

To reduce ripple and the chance of transmitting incorrect data, bypass VL and VCC to ground with a $0.1\mu F$ capacitor. See *Typical Operating Circuit*. To ensure full $\pm 15kV$ ESD protection, bypass VCC to ground with a $1\mu F$ capacitor. Place all capacitors as close to the power-supply inputs as possible.

I²C Level Translation

The MAX3373E–MAX3376E, MAX3378E/MAX3379E and MAX3390E–MAX3393E level-shift the data present on the I/O lines between +1.2V and +5.5V, making them ideal for level translation between a low-voltage

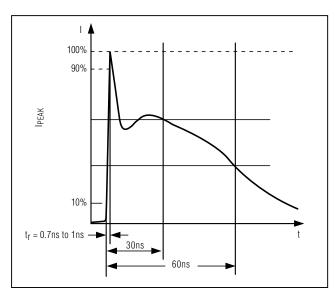


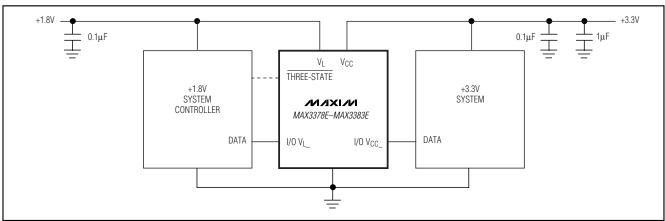
Figure 4b. IEC 1000-4-2 ESD Generator Current Waveform

ASIC and an I²C device. A typical application involves interfacing a low-voltage microprocessor to a 3V or 5V D/A converter, such as the MAX517.

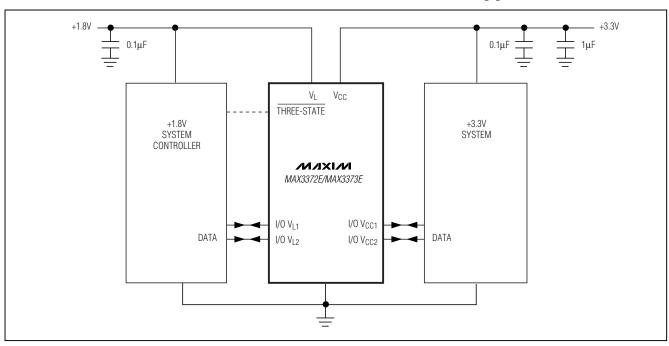
Push-Pull vs. Open-Drain Driving

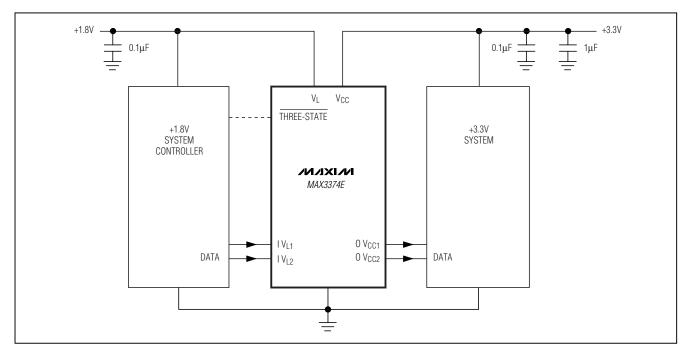
All devices in the MAX3372E–MAX3379E and MAX3390E–MAX3393E family may be driven in a push-pull configuration. The MAX3373E–MAX3376E/MAX3378E/MAX3379E and MAX3390E–MAX3393E include internal 10k Ω resistors that pull up I/O V_L and I/O V_{CC} to their respective power supplies, allowing operation of the I/O lines with open-drain devices. See *Timing Characteristics* for maximum data rates when using open-drain drivers.

Typical Operating Circuit

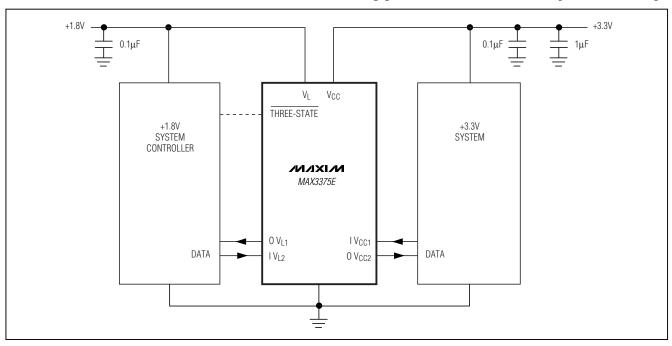


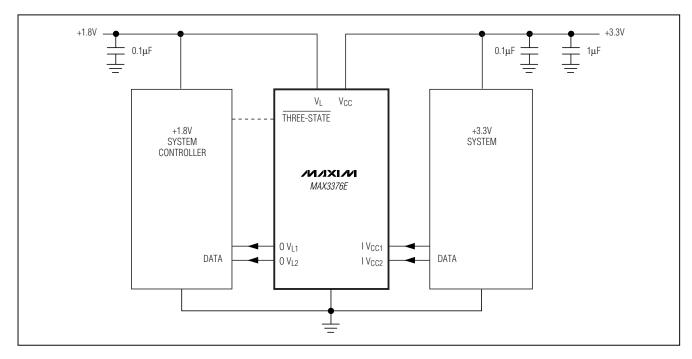
_Applications Circuits



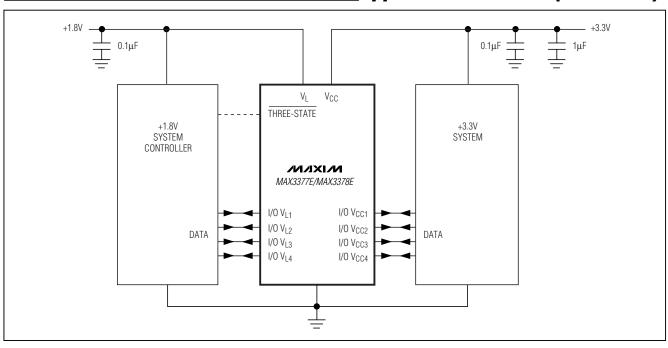


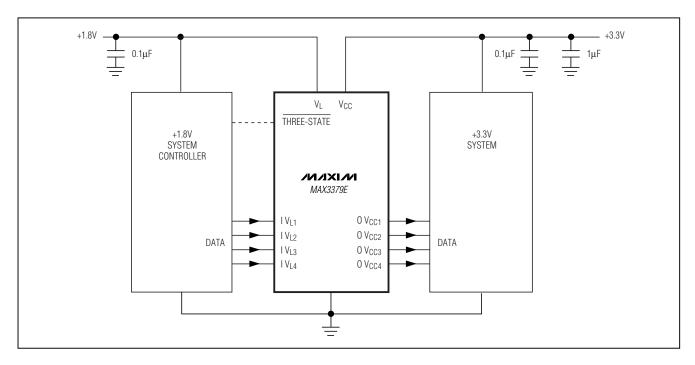
Applications Circuits (continued)



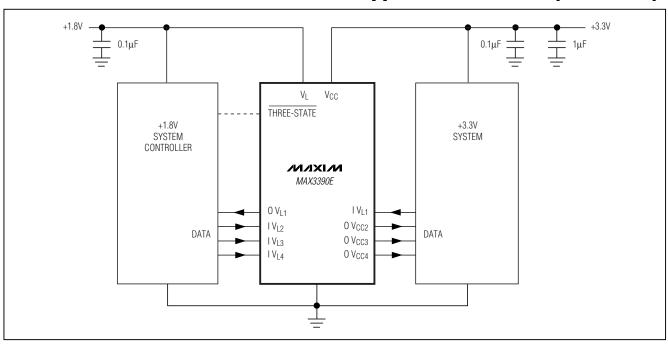


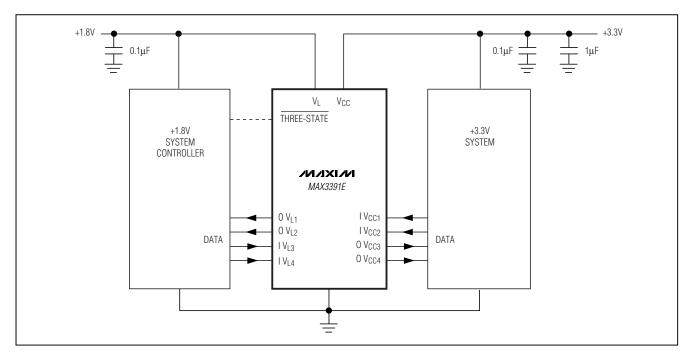
Applications Circuits (continued)



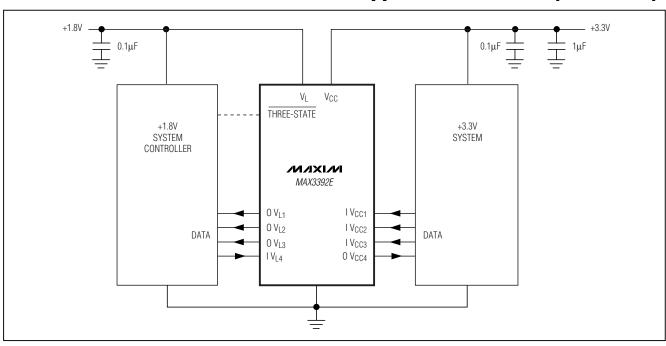


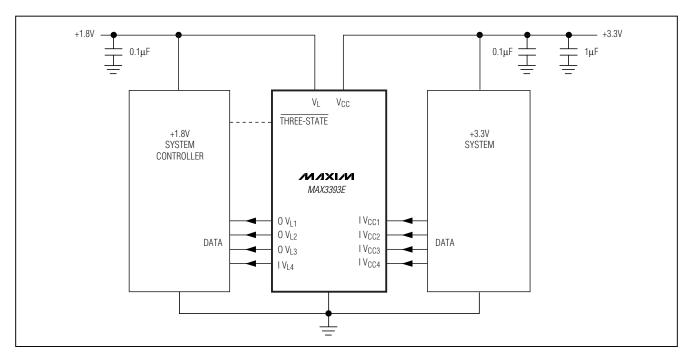
Applications Circuits (continued)





Applications Circuits (continued)





Selector Guide

PART NUMBER	LEVEL TRANS- LATION	Tx/ Rx [†]	DATA RATE	TOP MARK
MAX3372EEKA-T	√ Bi	2/2	000146.000	AAKO
MAX3372EEBL-T	√ Bi	2/2	230kbps	AAR
MAX3373EEKA-T	√ Bi	2/2		AAKS
MAX3373EEBL-T	√ Bi	2/2		AAZ
MAX3374EEKA-T	Uni	2/0		AALH
MAX3374EEBL-T	Uni	2/0	OMboo*	ABA
MAX3375EEKA-T	Uni	1/1	8Mbps*	AALI
MAX3375EEBL-T	Uni	1/1		ABB
MAX3376EEKA-T	Uni	0/2		AALG
MAX3376EEBL-T	Uni	0/2		AAV
MAX3377EEUD	√ Bi	4/4	0201/hpa	_
MAX3377EEBC-T	✓ Bi	4/4	230kbps	AAX
MAX3378EEUD	√ Bi	4/4		_
MAX3378EEBC-T	✓ Bi	4/4		AAY
MAX3379EEUD	Uni	4/0		_
MAX3379EEBC-T	Uni	4/0		AAZ
MAX3390EEUD	Uni	3/1		_
MAX3390EEBC-T	Uni	3/1	8Mbps*	ABA
MAX3391EEUD	Uni	2/2	Olvibbs	
MAX3391EEBC-T	Uni	2/2		ABB
MAX3392EEUD	Uni	1/3		
MAX3392EEBC-T	Uni	1/3		ABC
MAX3393EEUD	Uni	0/4		
MAX3393EEBC-T	Uni	0/4		ABD

 $^{^{\}dagger}Tx = V_L \rightarrow V_{CC}, Rx = V_{CC} \rightarrow V_L$

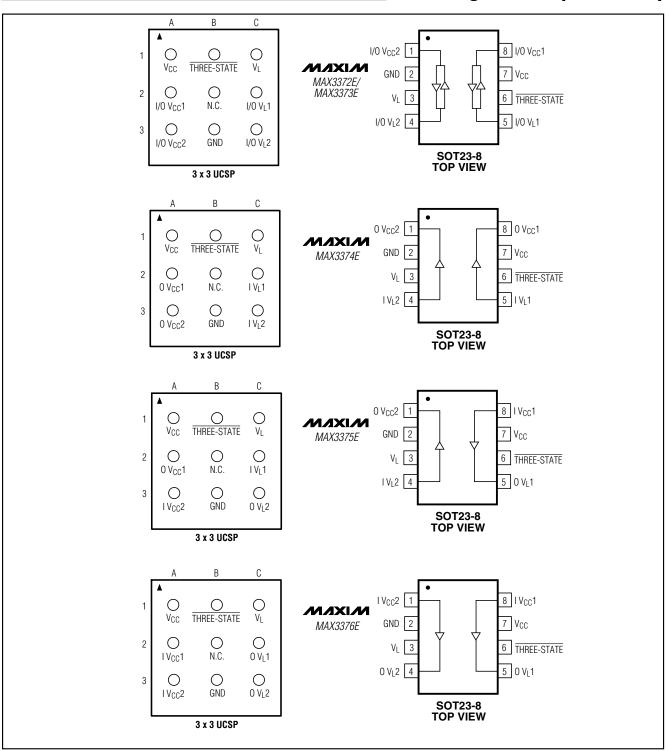
_Ordering Information (continued)

_	•	-
PART NUMBER	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE
MAX3372EEBL-T	-40°C to +85°C	3×3 UCSP
MAX3373EEKA-T	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23-8
MAX3373EEBL-T	-40°C to +85°C	3×3 UCSP
MAX3374EEKA-T	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23-8
MAX3374EEBL-T	-40°C to +85°C	3×3 UCSP
MAX3375EEKA-T	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23-8
MAX3375EEBL-T	-40°C to +85°C	3×3 UCSP
MAX3376EEKA-T	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23-8
MAX3376EEBL-T	-40°C to +85°C	3×3 UCSP
MAX3377EEUD	-40°C to +85°C	14 TSSOP
MAX3377EEBC-T	-40°C to +85°C	3×4 UCSP
MAX3378EEUD	-40°C to +85°C	14 TSSOP
MAX3378EEBC-T	-40°C to +85°C	3×4 UCSP
MAX3379EEUD*	-40°C to +85°C	14 TSSOP
MAX3379EEBC-T*	-40°C to +85°C	3×4 UCSP
MAX3390EEUD*	-40°C to +85°C	14 TSSOP
MAX3390EEBC-T*	-40°C to +85°C	3×4 UCSP
MAX3391EEUD*	-40°C to +85°C	14 TSSOP
MAX3391EEBC-T*	-40°C to +85°C	3×4 UCSP
MAX3392EEUD*	-40°C to +85°C	14 TSSOP
MAX3392EEBC-T*	-40°C to +85°C	3×4 UCSP
MAX3393EEUD*	-40°C to +85°C	14 TSSOP
MAX3393EEBC-T*	-40°C to +85°C	3×4 UCSP

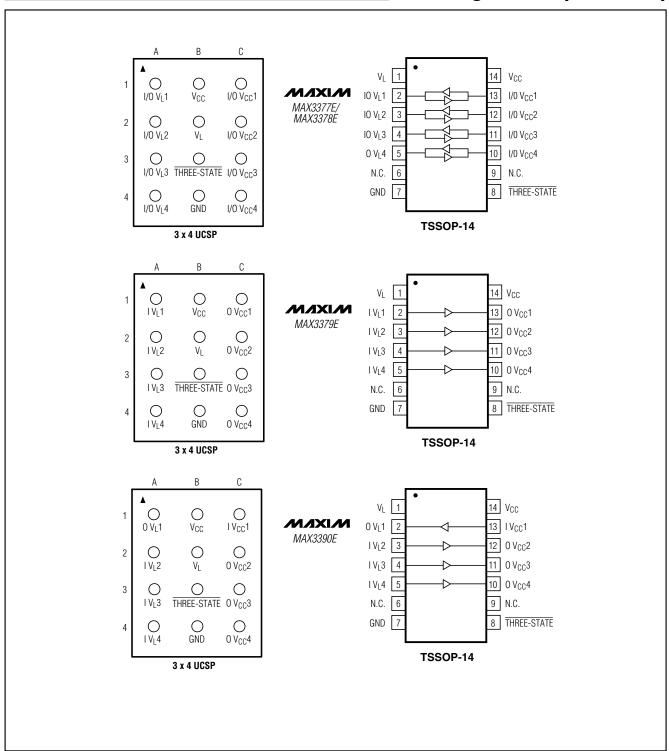
^{*}Future product—contact factory for availability.

^{*}Higher data rates are possible (see Timing Characteristics).

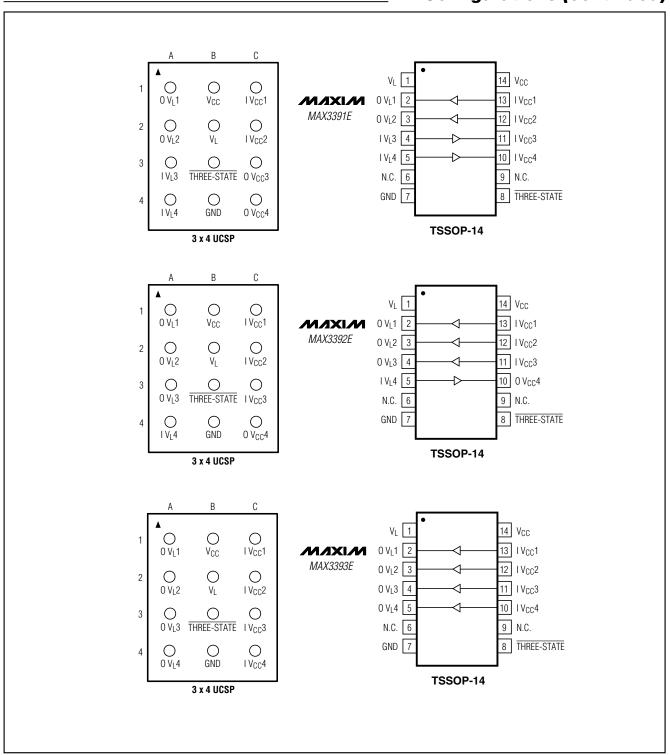
Pin Configurations (continued)



Pin Configurations (continued)



Pin Configurations (continued)



Chip Information

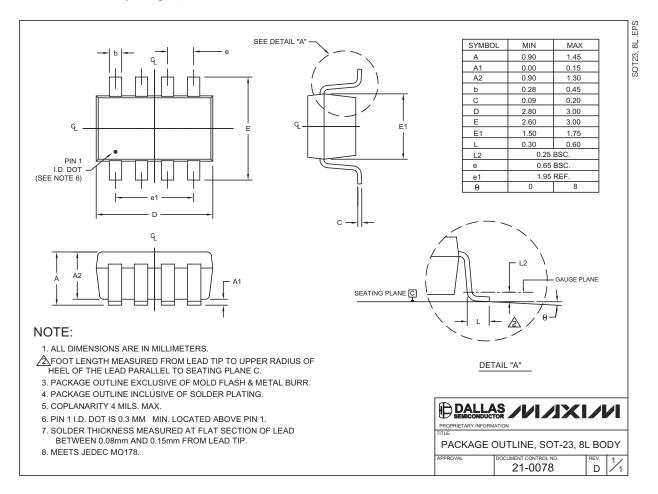
TRANSISTOR COUNT: MAX3372E-MAX3376E: 189

MAX3377E-MAX3379E, MAX3390E-MAX3393E: 295

PROCESS: BICMOS

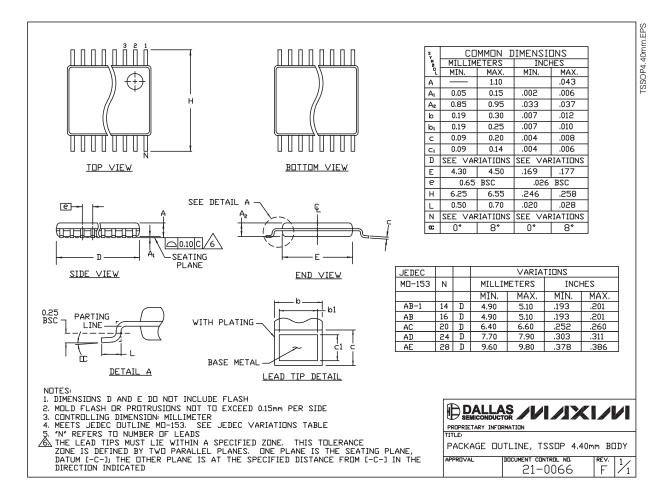
Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)



Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)



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